Mandatory Housing Affordability Citywide Implementation

a program of the Housing Affordability and Livability Agenda





Seattle City Council
Select Committee
on Citywide MHA

Special Meeting April 16, 2018 | 6:00 p.m.

Mandatory Housing Affordability

Creating more **affordable housing** through growth

We are enacting zoning changes so that new development will create income-restricted affordable housing.

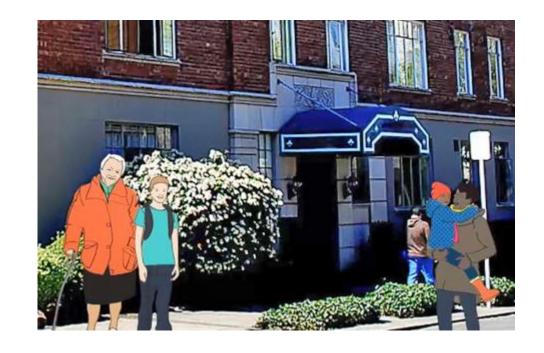
MHA lays the framework for how Seattle grows equitably and sustainably.



How MHA Works Affordable Housing Outcomes

10-Year Goal: 6000+ units affordable to households at <60% of AMI

- Two ways to comply with MHA:
 - Performance: create new affordable homes on-site
 - Payment: contribute to affordable housing fund to create high-quality affordable units throughout the city

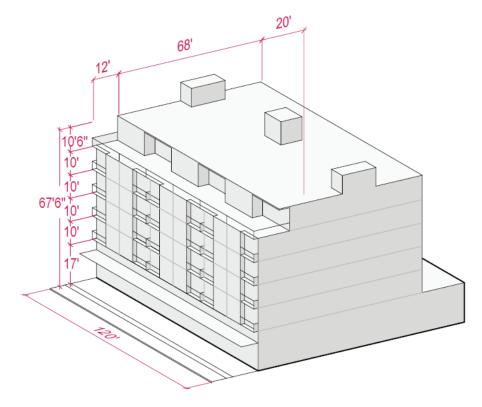




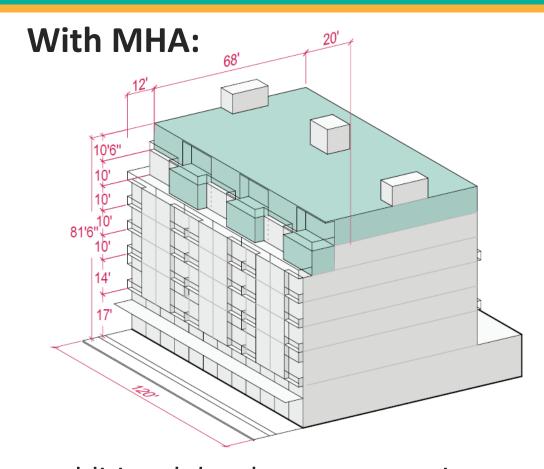
How MHA Works

Requirements + Rezones

Without MHA:



market rate building with current code NO affordability requirement



- + additional development capacity
- + affordable housing contribution through payment or performance

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT OVERVIEW

How we engaged community*





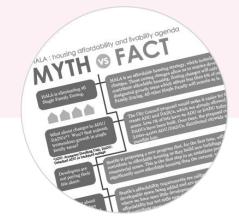
IN-PERSON TALKS



GOING WHERE YOU ARE



SPEAKING YOUR LANGUAGE



ANSWERING YOUR QUESTIONS



YOUR INPUT SHAPED OUTCOMES

* Deliberate efforts to engage under-represented communities

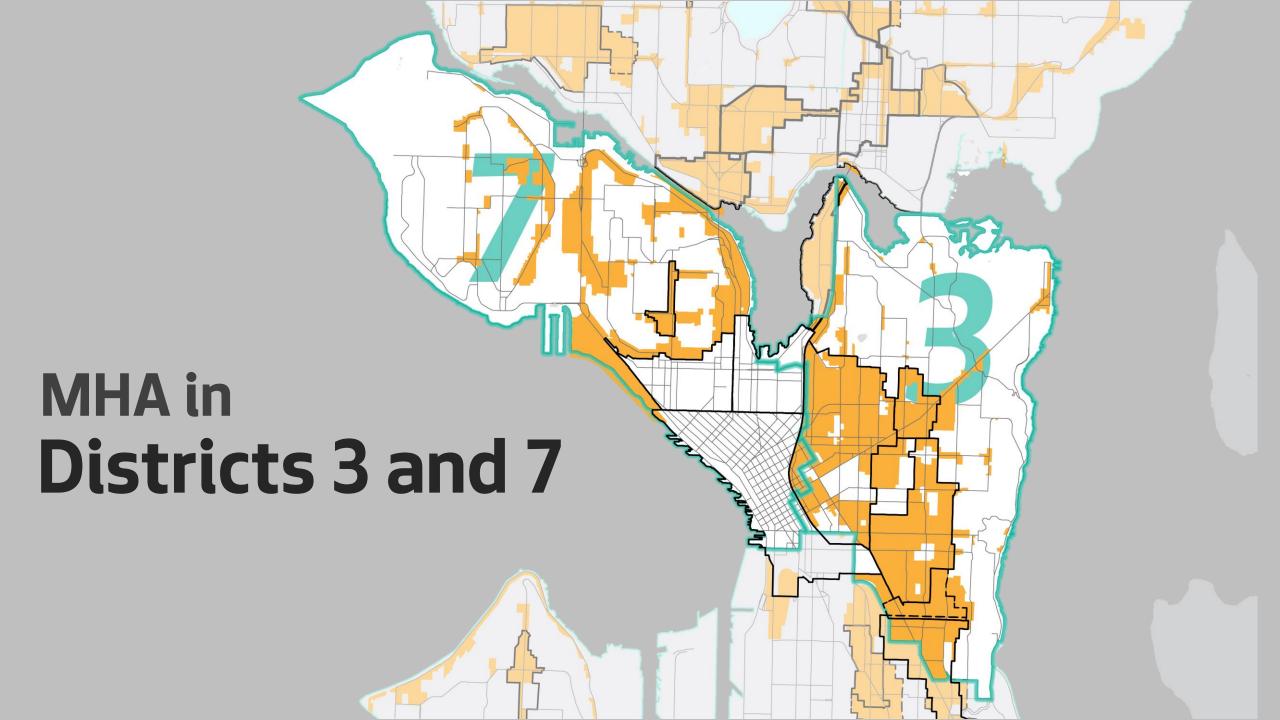
COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT OVERVIEW

How engagement shaped the proposal





- Create more housing for people at all income levels
- Minimize displacement of current residents
- Create housing choices, including homeownership and family-size units
- Create more opportunities to live near parks, schools, and transportation
- Strengthen urban design and sense of place in urban villages
- Promote environmental sustainability, including supporting transit use and having space for trees

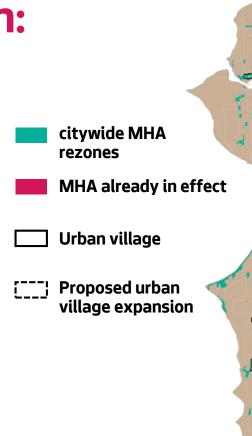


Comprehensive rezones

shaped by community

Propose comprehensive MHA rezones and new affordability requirements in:

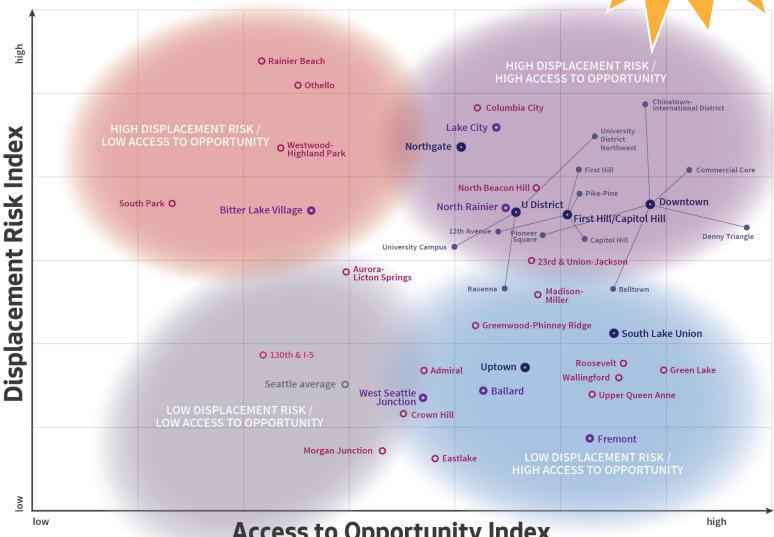
- all urban villages and urban village expansion areas
- all areas outside urban villages with multifamily and commercial zoning



CITYWIDE MHA PROPOSAL

Use Growth & Equity Analysis

Vary scale of zoning changes based on displacement risk and access to opportunity

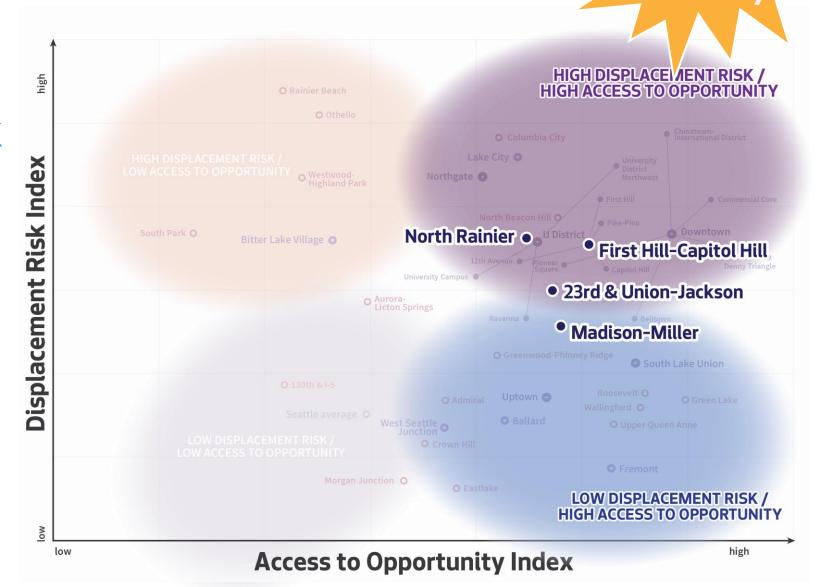


District 3: Growth & Equity Analysis

shaped by community

Most District 3 urban villages have high risk of displacement.

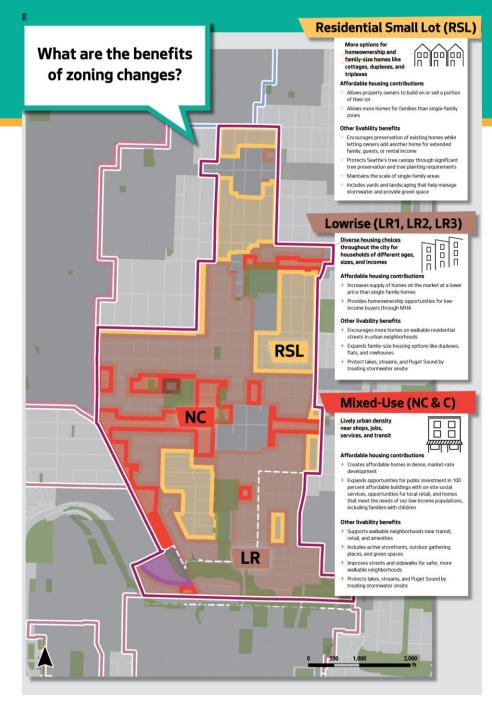
All have high access to opportunity



shaped by community

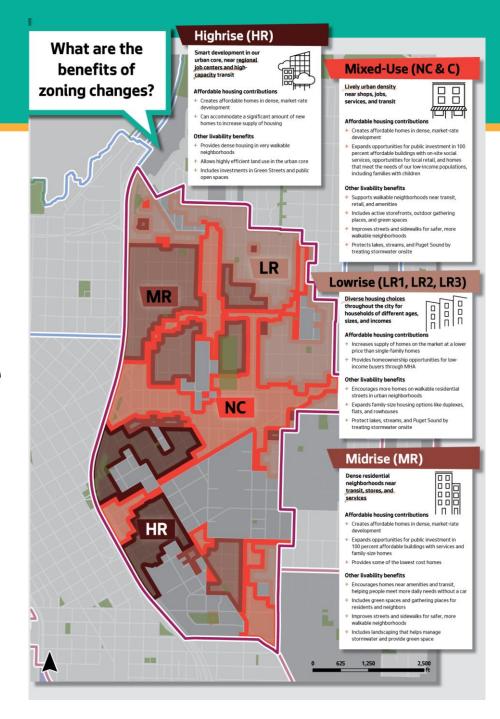
Primary principles:

- ► In communities with high risk of displacement, propose (M) increases throughout urban village, except near frequent transit
- Expand urban village to include 10 minute walkshed to frequent transit
- ► Rezones for nodes at 23rd & Union, Cherry, Jackson adopted in 2017
- Existing single-family proposed to RSL
- ► Support larger rezones for known 100% affordable projects



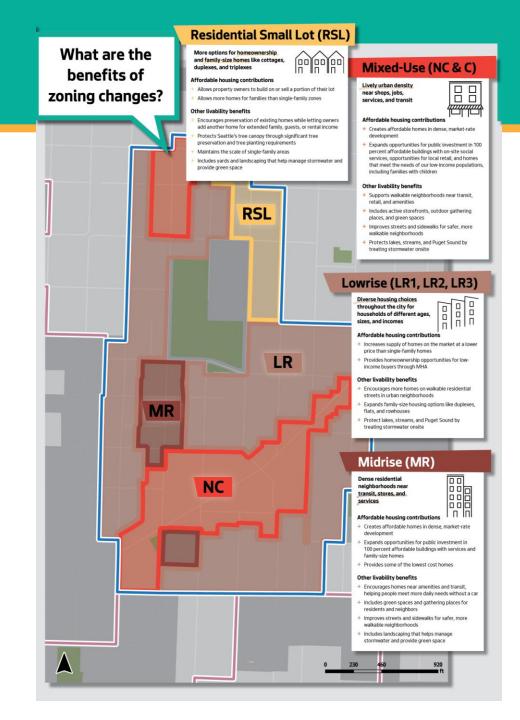
shaped by community

- Primary principle: In communities with high risk of displacement, propose (M) increases throughout urban village, except near frequent transit
- ► No single-family zoning in urban village
- ▶ No changes to institutional overlays
- Proposed development standards to encourage slender towers in HR zone
- Current proposal replaces existing voluntary First Hill incentive zoning program with MHA



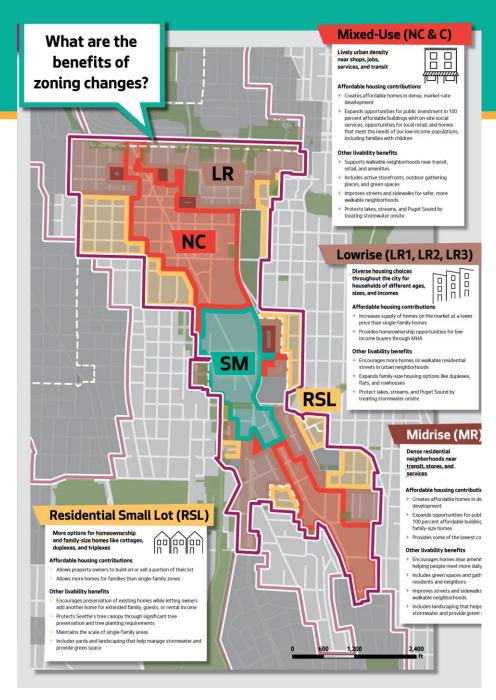
Primary principle: In communities with high access to opportunity and low risk of displacement, propose more (M1/M2) to support transit and other community principles

- Support mixed-use node at future Madison BRT stations
- ► Encourage more housing choices along 19th Ave corridor between Madison and community center, park



Primary principles:

- ▶ In communities with high risk of displacement, propose (M) increases throughout urban village, except near frequent transit
- Expand urban village to include 10 minute walkshed to frequent transit
- Existing single-family proposed to RSL
- ► Minimize increases within 500′ of I-90
- Support mixed-use nodes at Mt. Baker and future Judkins Park light rail stations



CITYWIDE MHA PROPOSAL

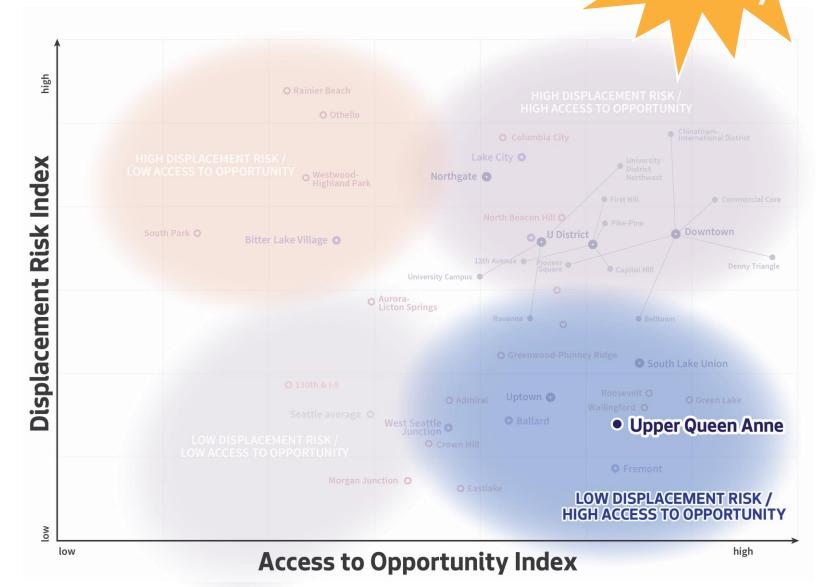
District 7: Growth & Equity Analysis

shaped by '

community,

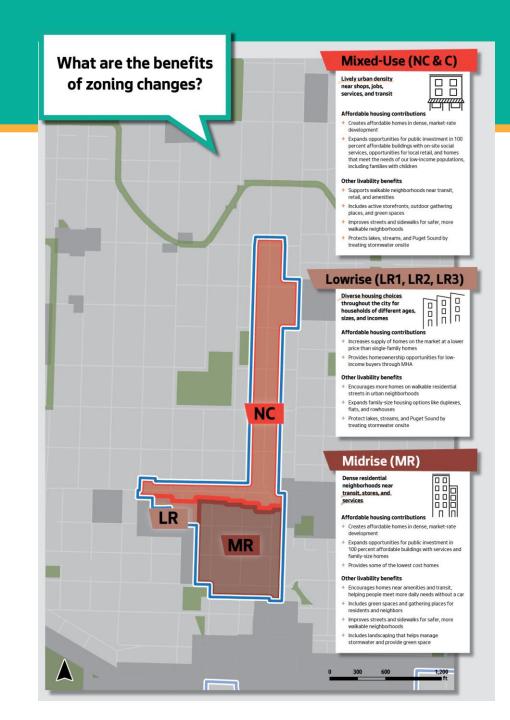
Council adopted rezones for D7 Urban Centers (Downtown, South Lake Union, and Uptown) in 2017.

District 7 has one urban village, Upper Queen Anne, where risk of displacement is low and access to opportunity is high.



Primary principle: In communities with high access to opportunity and low risk of displacement, propose more (M1/M2) to support transit and other community principles

- No single-family zoning in urban village currently
- No proposed urban village expansion because Upper Queen Anne did not meet frequent transit threshold at time of EIS



INCREASE DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY

How new capacity will look and feel

New development (gold) would have incrementally greater scale or density than if MHA were not implemented — and would contribute to affordable housing.



Responding to community engagement

Proposed development standards responds to community engagement to enhance livability, promote sustainability, and improve design.



Mandatory Housing Affordability



Creating more **affordable housing** as we grow 6,000+ new affordable homes by 2025

thank you.

