



# SEATTLE CITY COUNCIL

## Legislative Summary

CB 118765

Record No.: CB 118765

Type: Ordinance (Ord)

Status: Passed

Version: 2

Ord. no: Ord 125135

In Control: City Clerk

File Created: 08/15/2016

Final Action: 09/29/2016

**Title:** AN ORDINANCE relating to employment in Seattle; adding a new Chapter 14.22 to the Seattle Municipal Code; establishing secure scheduling requirements for covered retail and food services establishments; prescribing remedies and enforcement procedures; amending Section 14.20.025 of the Seattle Municipal Code to add good faith estimates of work schedules to notice of employment information; amending Section 6.208.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code to condition business license registration on compliance with secure scheduling requirements; and amending Section 3.14.945 of the Seattle Municipal Code to add Chapter 14.22 to the list of ordinances administered and enforced by the Office of Labor Standards.

Notes:

Filed with City Clerk:

Date

Mayor's Signature:

Sponsors: Herbold, González

Vetoed by Mayor:

Veto Overridden:

Veto Sustained:

Attachments:

Drafter: adam.schaefer@seattle.gov

Filing Requirements/Dept Action:

### History of Legislative File

Legal Notice Published:

Yes

No

Version:	Acting Body:	Date:	Action:	Sent To:	Due Date:	Return Date:	Result:
1	Full Council	08/15/2016	referred	Civil Rights, Utilities, Economic Development, and Arts Committee			
1	Mayor	08/15/2016	Mayor's leg transmitted to Council	City Clerk			

Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was Mayor's leg transmitted to Council. to the City Clerk  
Notes:

- 1 City Clerk 08/15/2016 sent for review Council  
President's Office  
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was sent for review. to the Council President's Office  
Notes:
- 1 Council President's Office 08/15/2016 sent for review Civil Rights,  
Utilities, Economic  
Development, and  
Arts Committee  
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was sent for review. to the Civil Rights, Utilities, Economic Development, and  
Arts Committee  
Notes:
- 1 Full Council 08/15/2016 referred Civil Rights,  
Utilities, Economic  
Development, and  
Arts Committee  
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was referred. to the Civil Rights, Utilities, Economic Development, and Arts  
Committee  
Notes:
- 1 Civil Rights, Utilities, 08/16/2016  
Economic Development,  
and Arts Committee
- 1 Civil Rights, Utilities, 09/07/2016 discussed  
Economic Development,  
and Arts Committee  
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was discussed.
- 1 Civil Rights, Utilities, 09/13/2016 pass as amended Pass  
Economic Development,  
and Arts Committee  
Action Text: The Committee recommends that Full Council pass as amended the Council Bill (CB).  
In Favor: 5 Chair Herbold, Vice Chair Sawant, Member O'Brien, González , Burgess  
Opposed: 0
- 1 Full Council 09/19/2016 passed Pass  
Action Text: The Council Bill (CB) was passed by the following vote, and the President signed the Bill:  
In Favor: 9 Councilmember Bagshaw, Councilmember Burgess, Councilmember  
González , Council President Harrell, Councilmember Herbold,  
Councilmember Johnson, Councilmember Juarez, Councilmember  
O'Brien, Councilmember Sawant  
Opposed: 0
- 2 City Clerk 09/23/2016 submitted for Mayor  
Mayor's signature
- 2 Mayor 09/29/2016 Signed
- 2 Mayor 09/29/2016 returned City Clerk
- 2 City Clerk 09/29/2016 attested by City  
Clerk  
Action Text: The Ordinance (Ord) was attested by City Clerk.  
Notes:
-

**CITY OF SEATTLE**

**ORDINANCE** 125135

**COUNCIL BILL** 118765

AN ORDINANCE relating to employment in Seattle; adding a new Chapter 14.22 to the Seattle Municipal Code; establishing secure scheduling requirements for covered retail and food services establishments; prescribing remedies and enforcement procedures; amending Section 14.20.025 of the Seattle Municipal Code to add good faith estimates of work schedules to notice of employment information; amending Section 6.208.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code to condition business license registration on compliance with secure scheduling requirements; and amending Section 3.14.945 of the Seattle Municipal Code to add Chapter 14.22 to the list of ordinances administered and enforced by the Office of Labor Standards.

WHEREAS, businesses need an appropriate level of staffing to provide services and sell goods; however, the appropriate level of staffing cannot always be precisely estimated or can change due to numerous factors, such as weather conditions and local and national events; and

WHEREAS when an employer pays per hour, its labor costs are determined by the number of hours an employee works, as compared to the fixed cost of a salaried employee, and it has an economic incentive to be able to respond to changing business needs by reducing and adding employee hours; and

WHEREAS, when an employee's hours are reduced, it changes the amount of income an employee will earn that pay period; and

WHEREAS, when an employee is asked to work additional hours or an employee's hours are changed with minimal notice, such changes often create conflicts with an employee's other responsibilities such as child care, other jobs, or school schedules; and

1 WHEREAS, when an employee is required to remain available to come in to work if needed, but  
2 is not compensated if not needed, the employee is therefore not compensated for  
3 foregoing the opportunity to tend to other responsibilities or pursue other interests; and

4 WHEREAS, if employers maintain a large pool of part-time employees to draw on when extra  
5 staff are needed, employees in that pool might work fewer and more variable hours than  
6 employees who are not part-time; and

7 WHEREAS, in *Schedule Unpredictability among Early Career Workers in the US Labor*  
8 *Market: a National Snapshot*, using data from a national survey of early career adults  
9 aged 26-32 years, Professor Susan Lambert of the University of Chicago, found that 40  
10 percent of hourly workers knew their work schedule less than one week in advance, and  
11 74 percent had fluctuating hours during a single month, with 50 percent having  
12 fluctuations of more than eight hours or one day's pay; and

13 WHEREAS, Professor Lonnie Golden of Pennsylvania State University found that, by income  
14 level, nationally the lowest income workers face the most irregular schedules and that 43  
15 percent of part-time workers were working fewer hours per week than they preferred; and

16 WHEREAS, part-time work has a correlation with national poverty levels; for example, the  
17 poverty rate for households with children is 11.2 percent with one full-time worker in the  
18 household and 27.5 percent with a part-time worker, the poverty rate for Hispanics is 9.4  
19 percent with one full-time worker in the household and 44.1 percent with a part-time  
20 worker, and the poverty rate for African-Americans is 6.9 percent with one full-time  
21 worker in the household and 55.5 percent with a part-time worker; and

22 WHEREAS, the City contracted with Vigdor Measurement and Evaluation to provide data on  
23 scheduling practices in Seattle; and

1 WHEREAS, as discussed in *Scheduling in Seattle: Current State of Practice and Prospects for*  
2 *Intervention*, Seattle scheduling practices are not dissimilar to national scheduling  
3 practices: while many respondents were satisfied with their schedules, 30 percent of part-  
4 time workers want to work more hours, 31 percent reported working both a closing and  
5 opening shift consecutively, nearly half of the survey respondents would sacrifice a 20  
6 percent pay premium in order to have one week's advance notice of their schedule; and  
7 African-American and Latino respondents reported significantly higher rates of  
8 scheduling-related hardship and were more likely to receive short notice of their  
9 schedules, to work on-call shifts, and to have their hours reduced; and

10 WHEREAS, 1930s federal labor laws, such as the Fair Labor Standards Act that limited the  
11 number of work hours in a day and week, addressed the manufacturing industry that was  
12 the predominant employer at the time but are inadequate to address the conditions that  
13 have arisen in the service and retail industries in which an ever-increasing number of U.S.  
14 employees are employed; and

15 WHEREAS, several jurisdictions across the country, including Oregon, California, New York,  
16 North Carolina, Connecticut, Washington D.C., and Illinois are considering scheduling  
17 legislation to address the issues faced by employees with unpredictable work schedules  
18 and consequently unpredictable income; and

19 WHEREAS, the City and County of San Francisco recently enacted two ordinances, the Hours  
20 and Retention Protections for Formula Retail employees, and Predictable Scheduling and  
21 Fair Treatment for Formula Retail Employees, commonly referred to together as the  
22 Formula Retail Workers Bill of Rights, that require a two-week advance notice of work  
23 schedules, additional compensation for certain changes to an employee's work schedule,

1 equal treatment of part-time employee in wages, time off and promotion opportunities,  
2 offering additional hours of work to existing employees before hiring new employees,  
3 and certain protections if a business is sold; and

4 WHEREAS, to gain a fuller understanding of scheduling practices in Seattle the Mayor and  
5 Seattle City Council convened stakeholder meetings with both business owners and  
6 worker advocates who met 17 times over six months and the Mayor and Council's staff  
7 met individually with businesses and workers; and

8 WHEREAS, the Seattle City Council's Civil Rights, Utilities, Economic Development, and Arts  
9 (CRUEDA) committee heard reports from these stakeholders at ten meetings over six  
10 months and from researchers in the field and the San Francisco Office of Labor Standards  
11 Enforcement; and

12 WHEREAS, clearer communication between employers and employees, at time of hire and  
13 periodically, about the employer's scheduling needs and employee's availability and  
14 preference of hours would establish a stronger basis of understanding between employers  
15 and employees; and

16 WHEREAS, the Seattle City Council, in recognition of the growing income inequality in the  
17 city, enacted a new minimum wage and minimum compensation in recognition that the  
18 federal minimum wage was inadequate and that local governments must act in the  
19 absence of action by the federal government; and

20 WHEREAS, increased wages will not help decrease the income inequality gap if employees can  
21 not work sufficient hours to support themselves and their dependents or know what hours  
22 and therefore what income they can count on that week; NOW, THEREFORE,

23 **BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:**

1 Section 1. A new Chapter 14.22 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

2 **14.22 SECURE SCHEDULING**

3 **14.22.005 Short title**

4 This Chapter 14.22 shall constitute the "Secure Scheduling Ordinance" and may be cited as such.

5 **14.22.010 Definitions**

6 For purposes of this Chapter 14.22:

7 "Adverse action" means denying a job or promotion, demoting, terminating, failing to  
8 rehire after a seasonal interruption of employment, threatening, penalizing, engaging in unfair  
9 immigration-related practices, filing a false report with a government agency, changing an  
10 employee's status to a nonemployee, or otherwise discriminating against any person for any reason  
11 prohibited by Section 14.22.035. "Adverse action" for an employee may involve any aspect of  
12 employment, including pay, work hours, responsibilities, or other material change in the terms and  
13 condition of employment.

14 "Agency" means the Office for Civil Rights and any division therein.

15 "Aggrieved party" means the employee or other person who suffers tangible or intangible  
16 harm due to the employer or other person's violation of this Chapter 14.22.

17 "At time of hire" means the period after offer and acceptance of employment, and on or  
18 before the commencement of employment.

19 "Bona fide business reason" means:

20 1. An action that would cause the employer to violate a law, statute, ordinance,  
21 code and/or governmental executive order; or

22 2. A significant and identifiable burden of additional costs to the  
23 employer; or

1                                   3. A significant and identifiable detrimental effect on the employer's  
2                                   ability to meet organizational demands, including:

3                                   a. A significant inability of the employer, despite best efforts, to  
4                                   reorganize work among existing employees;

5                                   b. A significant detrimental effect on business performance;

6                                   c. A significant inability to meet customer needs or demands; or

7                                   d. A significant insufficiency of work during the periods the  
8                                   employee proposes to work.

9                                   "City" means the City of Seattle.

10                                  "Career-related educational or training program" means

11                                  1. An educational or training program;

12                                  2. A pre-apprenticeship or apprenticeship program; or

13                                  3. A program of study offered by a public, private, or nonprofit career and  
14                                  technical education school, institution of higher education, or other entity that provides academic  
15                                  education, career and technical education, or training, including but not limited to remedial  
16                                  education or English as a second language, as appropriate.

17                                  "Caregiver" means an employee who has the responsibility of providing

18                                  1. Ongoing care or education, including responsibility for securing the ongoing  
19                                  care or education of a child;

20                                  2. Ongoing care, including the responsibility for securing the ongoing care of

21                                  a. An individual with a serious health condition who is in a family  
22                                  relationship with the employee; or

23                                  b. A parent of the individual.



1           “Child” means a biological, adopted, or foster child, a stepchild, a legal ward, or a child  
2 of an individual standing in loco parentis who is:

- 3           1. Under 18 years of age; or  
4           2. 18 years of age or older, and incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical  
5 disability.

6           “Director” means the Division Director of the Office of Labor Standards within the  
7 Office for Civil Rights or the Division Director's designee.

8           “Employ” means to suffer or permit to work.

9           “Employee” means any individual employed by the employer, including but not limited  
10 to full-time employees, part-time employees, and temporary workers. An alleged employer bears  
11 the burden of proof that the individual is, as a matter of economic reality, in business for oneself  
12 (i.e. independent contractor) rather than dependent upon the alleged employer.

13           “Employer” means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust, or  
14 any entity, person or group of persons, or a successor thereof, that employs another person and  
15 includes any such entity or person acting directly or indirectly in the interest of the employer in  
16 relation to the employee. More than one entity may be the “employer” if employment by one  
17 employer is not completely disassociated from employment by the other employer.

18           “Family relationship” means a relationship with

19           1. A child, spouse, parent, grandchild, grandparent, sibling, or parent of a spouse  
20 of the employee; or

21           2. Any individual related to the employee involved by blood or affinity, whose  
22 close association with the employee is the equivalent of a family relationship as described in  
23 subsection 1 of this definition.

1           “Food services establishment” means the fixed point of sale location for food services  
2 contractors; caterers; mobile food services; drinking places (alcoholic beverages); full service  
3 restaurants; limited-service restaurants; cafeterias, grill buffets, and buffets; and snack and  
4 nonalcoholic beverage bars, as defined under the 2012 North American Industry Classification  
5 System (“NAICS”) 722.

6           “Franchise” means a written agreement by which:

7                   1. A person is granted the right to engage in the business of offering, selling, or  
8 distributing goods or services under a marketing plan prescribed or suggested in substantial part  
9 by the grantor or its affiliate;

10                   2. The operation of the business is substantially associated with a trademark,  
11 service mark, trade name, advertising, or other commercial symbol; designated, owned by, or  
12 licensed by the grantor or its affiliate; and

13                   3. The person pays, agrees to pay, or is required to pay, directly or indirectly, a  
14 franchise fee.

15           “Franchisee” means a person to whom a franchise is offered or granted.

16           “Franchisor” means a person who grants a franchise to another person.

17           “Front pay” means the compensation the employee would earn or would have earned if  
18 reinstated to the employee’s former position.

19           “Grandchild” means the child of a child of the employee.

20           “Grandparent” means a parent of a parent of the employee.

21           “Hearing Examiner” means the official appointed by the City Council and designated as  
22 the Hearing Examiner, under Chapter 3.02 or that person's designee (e.g., Deputy Hearing  
23 Examiner or Hearing Examiner Pro Tem).

1           “Interactive process” means a timely, good faith process that includes a discussion  
2 between the employer and the employee for the purpose of arriving at a mutually beneficial  
3 arrangement for a work schedule that meets the needs of the employee and the employer. The  
4 discussion may include the proposal of alternatives by the employee and the employer.

5           “Major life event” means a major event related to the employee’s access to the workplace  
6 due to changes in the employee’s transportation or housing; the employee’s own serious health  
7 condition; the employee’s responsibilities as a caregiver; the employee’s enrollment in a career-  
8 related educational or training program; or the employee’s other job or jobs.

9           “On-call shift” means any time that the employer requires the employee to be available to  
10 work, contact the employer or the employer’s designee, or wait to be contacted by the employer  
11 or the employer’s designee, for the purpose of determining whether the employee must report to  
12 work. During such time, on-call status applies regardless of whether the employee is located on  
13 or off the employer’s premises.

14           “Parent” means a biological or adoptive parent, a stepparent, or a person who stood in  
15 loco parentis to the employee when the employee was a child.

16           “Rate of inflation” means 100 percent of the annual average growth rate of the bi-  
17 monthly Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton Area Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and  
18 Clerical Workers, termed CPI-W, for the 12 month period ending in August, provided that the  
19 percentage increase shall not be less than zero.

20           “Regular rate of pay” means the hourly rate that is used to determine the employee’s  
21 overtime premium (i.e. one and one-half times the regular rate of pay) for all hours worked in  
22 excess of forty per work week.

1           “Respondent” means the employer or any person who is alleged or found to have  
2 committed a violation of this Chapter 14.22.

3           “Retail establishment” means the fixed point-of-sale location of a store retailer, as  
4 defined under the 2012 North American Industry Classification System (“NAICS”) 441 through  
5 453998.

6           “Scheduled rate of pay” means the hourly rate that the employee is entitled to earn for an  
7 hour worked in a particular work shift.

8           “Seasonal employment” means a period of employment that is cyclical in nature, occurs  
9 at approximately the same time each year, often to accommodate a seasonal increase in business,  
10 and lasts for a duration of less than twelve months during any year.

11           “Serious health condition” means an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental  
12 condition that involves:

13                   1. Inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility,  
14 including any period of incapacity; or

15                   2. Continuing treatment by a health care provider.

16           “Sibling” means a brother or sister, whether related by half blood, whole blood, or  
17 adoption, or as a stepsibling. Where necessary to implement this Chapter 14.22, gender-specific  
18 terms such as brother and sister used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be  
19 gender-neutral.

20           “Spouse” means husband, wife, or domestic partner. For purposes of this Chapter 14.22  
21 the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, and family shall be interpreted as applying  
22 equally to city or state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in city or state registered  
23 domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons to the extent that

1 such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this  
2 Chapter 14.22, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other  
3 law shall be construed to be gender-neutral and applicable to individuals in city or state  
4 registered domestic partnerships.

5 “Successor” means any person to whom the employer quitting, selling out, exchanging,  
6 or disposing of a business sells or otherwise conveys in bulk and not in the ordinary course of the  
7 employer’s business, a major part of the property, whether real or personal, tangible or  
8 intangible, of the employer’s business. For purposes of this definition, “person” means an  
9 individual, receiver, administrator, executor, assignee, trustee in bankruptcy, trust, estate, firm,  
10 corporation, business trust, partnership, limited liability partnership, company, joint stock,  
11 company, limited liability company, association, joint venture, or any other legal or commercial  
12 entity.

13 “Wage” means compensation due to the employee by reason of employment, payable in  
14 legal tender of the United States or checks on banks convertible into cash on demand at full face  
15 value, subject to such deductions, charges, or allowances as may be permitted by rules of the  
16 Director.

17 “Work schedule” means the hours, days and times, including regular and on-call shifts,  
18 when the employee is required by the employer to perform duties of employment for which the  
19 employee will receive compensation for a given period of time.

20 “Work schedule change” means any employer-requested modification to the employee’s  
21 work schedule that occurs after the advance notice required in Section 14.22.040, including but  
22 not limited to: the addition or reduction of hours; cancellation of a work shift or portion of a

1 work shift; a change in the date or time of a work shift by the employer; or scheduling the  
2 employee for an on-call shift for which the employee does not need to report to work.

3 “Work shift” means the specific and consecutive hours the employer requires the  
4 employee to work or to be on call to work.

5 “Work week” means a fixed and regularly recurring period of 168 hours or seven  
6 consecutive 24 hour periods; it may begin on any day of the week and any hour of the day, and  
7 need not coincide with a calendar week.

8 “Written” or “writing” means a printed or printable communication in physical or  
9 electronic format including a communication that is transmitted through email, text message or a  
10 computer system, or is otherwise sent and maintained electronically.

11 .  
12 “Year” means any fixed, consecutive 12 month period of time.

13 **14.22.012 Intent of secure scheduling**

14 The intent of this Chapter 14.22 is to establish predictable work schedules that advance race and  
15 social equity, promote greater economic security, further the health, safety and welfare of  
16 employees, create opportunity for employee input into scheduling practices, and create a  
17 mechanism for employees to obtain access to additional hours of work before the employer hires  
18 new employees from an external applicant pool or subcontractors, including hiring through the  
19 use of temporary services or staffing agencies.

20 **14.22.015 Employee coverage**

21 For the purposes of this Chapter 14.22, covered employees under this Chapter 14.22 are  
22 limited to those who:

23 A. Are defined under Section 12A.28.200;

1 B. Work at a fixed, point of sale location of a covered employer; and

2 C. Provide such employment services in a physical location that is within the  
3 geographic boundaries of the City at least 50 percent of the time.

4 **14.22.020 Employer coverage**

5 A. For the purposes of this Chapter 14.22, covered employers are limited to:

6 1. retail establishments that employ 500 or more employees worldwide regardless  
7 of where those employees are employed, including but not limited to chains, integrated  
8 enterprises, or franchises associated with a franchisor or network of franchises that employ more  
9 than 500 employees in aggregate.

10 2. food services establishments that employ 500 or more employees worldwide  
11 regardless of where those employees are employed, including but not limited to chains,  
12 integrated enterprises, or franchises associated with a franchisor or network of franchises that  
13 employ more than 500 employees in aggregate. In addition to employing 500 or more employees  
14 worldwide, “full service restaurants” also must have 40 or more full service restaurant locations  
15 worldwide, including but not limited to locations that are a part of a chain, integrated enterprise,  
16 or franchise where the franchisor owns or operates 40 or more such establishments in aggregate.

17 B. To determine the number of employees for the current calendar year, the calculation  
18 shall be based upon:

19 1. The average number per calendar week of employees who worked for  
20 compensation during the preceding calendar year for any and all weeks during which at least one  
21 employee worked for compensation. For employers that did not have any employees during the  
22 previous calendar year, the number of employee will be calculated based upon the average

1 number per calendar week of employees who worked for compensation during the first 90  
2 calendar days of the current year in which the employer engaged in business; and

3           2. All hours worked for compensation by all employees, including but not limited  
4 to:

5                   a. Work performed by employees who are not covered by this Chapter  
6 14.22;

7                   b. Work performed by employees inside the City;

8                   c. Work performed by employees outside the City; and

9                   d. Work performed by employees in full-time employment, part-time  
10 employment, joint employment, temporary employment, or through the services of a temporary  
11 services or staffing agency or similar entity.

12           C. Separate entities that form an integrated enterprise shall be considered a single  
13 employer under this Chapter 14.22. Separate entities will be considered an integrated enterprise  
14 and a single employer under this Chapter 14.22 where a separate entity controls the operation of  
15 another entity. The factors to consider include, but are not limited to:

16                   1. Degree of interrelation between the operations of multiple entities;

17                   2. Degree to which the entities share common management;

18                   3. Centralized control of labor relations; and

19                   4. Degree of common ownership or financial control over the entities.

20 **14.22.025 Good faith estimate of work schedule**

21           A. For new employees, the employer shall provide the employee with a written good faith  
22 estimate of the employee's work schedule at time of hire. The good faith estimate shall include



1 the median number of hours the employee can expect to work each work week, and whether the  
2 employee can expect to work on-call shifts.

3 1. For existing employees, the employer shall revise the good faith estimate once  
4 every year calculated from the point of the last good faith estimate, and when there is a  
5 significant change to the employee's work schedule due to changes in the employee's  
6 availability or to the employer's business needs.

7 2. The good faith estimate shall not constitute a contractual offer and the  
8 employer shall not be bound by the estimate. However, the employer shall initiate an interactive  
9 process with the employee to discuss any significant change from the good faith estimate, and if  
10 applicable state a bona fide business reason for the change.

11 3. The employer shall include the good faith estimate, in English and the  
12 employee's primary language, with the written notice of employment information required by  
13 subsection 14.20.025.D.

14 **14.22.030 Right to request input into the work schedule**

15 A. At time of hire and during employment, the employee may identify any limitations or  
16 changes in work schedule availability. The employee has the right to request not to be scheduled  
17 for work shifts during certain times or at certain locations and the right to identify preferences for  
18 the hours or locations of work.

19 B. The employer shall consider and respond to employee requests under subsection  
20 14.22.030A as follows:

21 1. If the employee's request is not due to a major life event, the employer shall  
22 engage in an interactive process with the employee to discuss the request. The employer may  
23 grant or deny the request for any reason that is not unlawful.

1                   2. If the employee's request is due to a major life event, the employer shall  
2 engage in an interactive process with the employee to discuss the request, and may require  
3 verifying information from the employee with adequate notice and reasonable time to respond.  
4 The employer shall grant the request unless the employer has a bona fide business reason for  
5 denial and shall provide a written response. In the event of a denial, the employer's written  
6 response shall provide an explanation of the complete or partial denial of the request, and the  
7 bona fide business reason for the decision.

8 **14.22.035 Right to rest between work shifts**

9           A. Unless the employee requests or consents to work such hours, the employer shall not  
10 schedule or require the employee to work:

- 11                   1. Less than ten hours after the end of the previous calendar day's work shift; or  
12                   2. Less than ten hours following the end of a work shift that spanned two calendar  
13 days.

14           B. The employer shall compensate the employee who works hours under subsection  
15 14.22.035.A at one and one-half times the employee's scheduled rate of pay for the hours  
16 worked that are less than ten hours apart.

17           C. The requirement for additional compensation in subsection 14.22.035.B shall not  
18 apply for work hours that constitute a split shift subject to rules issued by the Director.

19           D. An employee compensated for hours worked under subsection 14.22.035.B shall not  
20 be additionally compensated for those hours under Section 14.22.050.

21 **14.22.040 Advance notice of work schedule**

1           A. Subject to the provisions of subsection 14.22.040.B, the employer shall provide  
2 employees with a written work schedule at least 14 calendar days before the first day of the work  
3 schedule

4           B. For new employees at time of hire, and for existing employees returning to work after  
5 a leave of absence, the employer may provide the employee with a written work schedule that  
6 runs through the last date of the currently posted schedule. Thereafter, the employer shall include  
7 these employee(s) in the schedule for existing employees as described in subsection 14.20.040.B.

8           C. The written work schedule shall include all regular and on-call shifts for the work  
9 period.

10          D. The employer shall post the written work schedule in a conspicuous and accessible  
11 location, in English and in the primary language(s) of the employee(s) at the particular  
12 workplace.

13 **14.22.045 Notice of work schedule changes**

14          A. For employer-requested changes to the written work schedule that occur after the  
15 advance notice required in Section 14.22.040:

16               1. The employer shall provide the employee with timely notice of the change by  
17 in-person conversation, telephone call, email, text message, or other accessible electronic or  
18 written format; and

19               2. The employee may decline to work any hours not included in the employee's  
20 work schedule.

21          B. For employee-requested changes to the written work schedule that occur after the  
22 advance notice required in Section 14.22.040:

1                   1. The employee shall provide notice of the request per the employer's usual and  
2 customary notice and procedural requirements for foreseeable changes, or as soon as practicable  
3 for unforeseeable circumstances; and

4                   2. The employee shall comply with the employer's reasonable normal notification  
5 requirements and/or call-in procedures, provided that such requirements do not interfere with the  
6 purposes for which the work schedule change is needed if it is due to a reason covered by  
7 another local, state or federal law or is due to a major life event.

8                   3. The employer's ability to ask or require the employee to find a replacement  
9 employee for coverage of any hours during which the employee is unable to work a scheduled  
10 shift is as follows:

11                   a. The employer shall not ask or require the employee to find replacement  
12 coverage if the employee is unable to work the scheduled hours due to a reason covered by  
13 another local, state or federal law that prohibits asking such questions or protects the absence  
14 from employer interference, including but not limited to work schedule changes related to use of  
15 paid sick and safe time under Chapter 14.16.

16                   b. The employer may ask but not require the employee to find replacement  
17 coverage if the employee is unable to work scheduled hours due to an emergency or major life  
18 event that prevents the employee from working scheduled hours, unless the major life event is  
19 also covered by another local, state or federal law pursuant to subsection 14.22.045.B.3.a. The  
20 employer may require a written statement from the employee verifying that the employee is  
21 unable to work the scheduled hours due to an emergency or major life event. The employee shall  
22 not have to explain the nature of the emergency or major life event.

1 c. The employer may ask and require the employee to find replacement  
2 coverage if the employee is unable to work the scheduled hours due to a reason other than a  
3 reason covered by a local, state or federal law pursuant to subsection 14.22.045.B.3.a or an  
4 emergency or major life event pursuant to 14.22.045.B.3.b.

5 **14.22.050 Compensation for work schedule changes**

6 A. Subject to the provisions of this subsection 14.22.050.A, the employer shall  
7 compensate employees for each employer-requested change to the employee's written work  
8 schedule that occurs after the advance notice required in Section 14.22.040.

9 1. The employer shall compensate the employee with one hour of pay at the  
10 employee's scheduled rate of pay, in addition to wages earned, for the following reasons:

11 a. Adding hours of work; or

12 b. Changing the date or start or end time of a work shift with no loss of  
13 hours.

14 2. The employer shall compensate the employee with no less than one-half times  
15 the employee's scheduled rate of pay per hour for any scheduled hours the employee does not  
16 work for the following reasons:

17 a. Subtracting hours from a regular work shift before or after the employee  
18 reports for duty;

19 b. Changing the date or start or end time of a work shift resulting in a loss  
20 of hours;

21 c. Cancelling a work shift; or

22 d. Scheduling the employee for an on-call shift for which the employee  
23 does not need to report to work.

1 B. The requirements for additional compensation in subsection 14.22.050.A shall not  
2 apply under the following circumstances:

3 1. Mutually agreed upon work shift swaps or coverage among employees. The  
4 employer may require that it pre-approve work shift swaps or coverage and may assist  
5 employees in finding such arrangements. Assistance shall be limited to helping an employee  
6 identify other employees who may be available to provide coverage or shift swap and does not  
7 include the employer arranging the shift swap or coverage.

8 2. Additional hours that the employee volunteers to work in response to a mass  
9 communication, in writing from the employer, about the availability of additional hours,  
10 provided that the mass communication is

11 a. Only used for additional hours that are the result of another employee  
12 being unable to work scheduled hours, and

13 b. Is clear that accepting such hours is voluntary and the employee has the  
14 right to decline such hours;

15 3. Additional hours that an employer requests employees who are currently working,  
16 through an in-person group communication, to work in order to address present and  
17 unanticipated customer needs, so long as the hours are consecutive to the hours the employee is  
18 currently working and the employee consents to take the hours.

19 4. Additional hours that the employee consents to work as the result of accepting  
20 an offer of work pursuant to Section 14.22.055;

21 5. Employee-requested changes including additional or subtracted hours that the  
22 employee voluntarily makes to the employee's work schedule and documents in writing;

1                   6. Employee hours that are subtracted due to disciplinary reasons, provided the  
2 employer documents in writing the incident leading to discipline;

3                   7. Operations cannot begin or continue due to threats to employees or property, or  
4 due to the recommendation of a public official that work cannot begin or continue;

5                   8. Operations cannot begin or continue because public utilities fail to supply  
6 electricity, water, or gas, or there is a failure in the public utilities, or sewer system; or

7                   9. Operations cannot begin or continue due to natural disaster or other cause not  
8 within the employer's control pursuant to rules issued by the Director.

9 **14.22.052 Pattern or practice of underscheduling**

10 The employer shall not engage in a systemic pattern or practice of significant underscheduling  
11 where the hours that employees actually work are significantly above the hours in the written  
12 work schedule required by Section 14.22.040.

13 **14.22.055 Access to hours for existing employees**

14                   A. Before hiring new employees from an external applicant pool or subcontractors,  
15 including hiring through the use of temporary services or staffing agencies, an employer must  
16 offer additional hours of work to existing employees-when those hours become available at their  
17 place of work as defined by the employers usual and customary business practice.

18  
19                   B. Except as provided in this subsection 14.22.055.B, the employer must post written  
20 notice of available hours of work for at least three consecutive calendar days.

21                   1. The notice must contain the following information:

22                               a. Description and title of the position;

23                               b. Required qualifications for the position;

- 1 c. Total hours of work being offered;  
2 d. Schedule of available work shifts;  
3 e. Whether the available work shifts will occur at the same time each  
4 week; and  
5 f. Length of time the employer anticipates requiring coverage of the  
6 additional hours.

7 2. The employer must post the notice in a conspicuous and accessible location  
8 where employee notices are customarily posted. If the employer posts the notice in electronic  
9 format, all employees in the workplace must have access to it on-site.

10 3. The employer must post the notice in English and the primary language(s) of  
11 the employee(s) at the particular workplace. The Agency shall create and distribute a model  
12 notice in English, Spanish and other languages that are necessary for employers to comply with  
13 this subsection 14.20.055.B.3.

14 4. The employer may post the notice concurrently to external candidates.

15 C. The employer shall offer additional hours of work to an existing employee who has  
16 responded to the offer of work, and who, to a reasonable employer acting in good faith is  
17 qualified with the skills and experience to perform the work.

18 1. The employer shall give the employee at least two consecutive calendar days,  
19 running from the date of the employer's offer, to accept the additional hours of work.

20 2. If more than one qualified employee responds to the offer of additional hours of  
21 work, the employer may distribute the hours among interested employees-or may offer all of the  
22 available hours to one qualified employee. The employer may limit distribution of hours to full



1 work shifts rather than parceling hours among employees. The employer may choose among  
2 qualified internal candidates following the employer's usual and customary hiring procedures.

3 3. If the employee accepts additional hours of work for seasonal employment, the  
4 employer may reasonably delay scheduling such hours and permit new employees to start  
5 working for training purposes, provided that the employer follows the employer's usual and  
6 customary practices for training new employees and the employer provides the existing  
7 employee with a prospective start date for the additional hours.

8 4. The employer is encouraged to make reasonable efforts to offer employees  
9 training opportunities to gain the skills and experience to perform work for which the employer  
10 typically has additional needs.

11 D. If no employee responds to the written notice of additional hours of work following  
12 the three consecutive calendar day posting requirement, or accepts an offer of additional hours  
13 during the two consecutive calendar day acceptance period, the employer may immediately  
14 proceed with hiring new employees from an external applicant pool or subcontractors to work  
15 the additional hours.

16 E. This Section 14.22.055 shall not apply, in whole or in part, as follows:

17 1. If the employer provides notice of additional hours to all employees and  
18 receives written confirmation from all such employees that they are not interested in accepting  
19 additional hours of work, the employer may immediately proceed with hiring new employees  
20 from an external applicant pool or subcontractors to work the additional hours.

21 2. If the employer chooses to maintain a written access to hours list, the  
22 requirement to offer additional hours of work in subsection 14.022.055 A. may be limited to  
23 employees on the access to hours list.

1 a. At time of hire, the employer shall notify the employee of the ability to  
2 ~~be on~~ the access to hours list for written notice of additional hours.

3 b. The employer shall place the employee on the access to hours list,  
4 identifying their availability for additional hours.

5 c. The employee may opt out of the availability list.

6 d. The employee may choose to be added or removed from the access to  
7 hours list by notifying the employer at any time during employment.

8 e. When being added to the access to hours list, each employee shall, to  
9 the extent possible, identify those days and times that they are available for additional work.

10 f. The employer shall make the access to hours list accessible to  
11 employees for viewing upon request.

12 g. The employer's written notice of additional hours of work shall contain  
13 the items described in subsection 14.22.055.B.1 and shall be posted for each employee on the  
14 access to hours list in a conspicuous and accessible format, including but not limited to  
15 placement where employee notices are customarily posted, in-person delivery, telephone call,  
16 email, text message, or other electronic or written format, in English and the primary language(s)  
17 of the employee(s) at the particular workplace.

18 h. If the employer provides notice of additional hours of work to all  
19 employees on the access to hours list and receives written confirmation from all such employees  
20 that they are not interesting in accepting the additional hours of work, the employer may  
21 immediately proceed with hiring new employees from an external applicant pool or  
22 subcontractors to work the additional hours.

1                   3. If additional hours become available, the employer must first attempt to use the  
2 access to hours list before hiring externally.

3                   a.       The employer may limit the distribution of hours to full shifts.

4                   b.       If the employer makes a good faith effort to contact-employees on the  
5 access to hours list and the employees decline or do not respond to the offer, the employer may  
6 then hire externally.

7                   c.       Employers may use an online or computer based scheduling system and  
8 notify the employee through the scheduling system when hours that match their availability from  
9 the access to hours list become available.

10                  d.       For purposes of this section 14.22.055 E, an employee may not qualify for  
11 the additional hours under the following circumstances:

12                               i. Overtime or predictability pay would be required if the employee  
13 received the additional hours;

14                               ii. The employee is not currently in good standing due to a bona  
15 fide employer documented discipline or improvement plan;

16                               iii. The employee is barred by other laws from conducting the  
17 work required in the available hours.

18                   4. Section 14.22.050 does not apply when an employee consents to work  
19 additional hours, on less than 14 days' notice, when the employee is accepting a long-term  
20 schedule change based on an access to hours posting.

21                   5. This Section 14.22.055 shall not apply to additional hours of work that the  
22 employer has designated for hiring programs, including but not limited to diversity, supported

1 employment hiring programs or young adult hiring programs, affiliated with a government entity  
2 or external non-profit organization that has been approved subject to the rules of the Director or  
3 is a program that meets the eligibility criteria for the Work Opportunity Tax Credit as defined by  
4 the Department of Labor.

5           6. This Section 14.22.055 shall not be construed to require the employer to offer  
6 employees work hours paid at the overtime premium (i.e. one and one-half times the regular rate  
7 of pay) nor to prohibit any employer from offering such work hours.

8 **14.22.060 Notice and posting**

9           A. The Agency shall create and distribute a poster giving notice of the rights afforded by  
10 Chapter 14.22. The Agency shall create and distribute the poster in English, Spanish, and any  
11 other languages that are necessary for employers to comply with subsection 14.22.060.B. The  
12 poster shall give notice of the following rights under this Chapter 14.22:

13           1. The right to a good faith estimate of work schedules; the right to request input  
14 into the work schedule; the right to advance notice of work schedules; the right to rest between  
15 work shifts; the right to notice of work schedule changes; the right to compensation for work  
16 schedule changes; the right to access additional hours of work;

17           2. The right to be protected from a pattern or practice of underscheduling;

18           3. The right to be protected from retaliation for exercising in good faith the rights  
19 protected by this Chapter 14.22; and

20           4. The right to file a complaint with the Agency or bring a civil action for  
21 violation of the requirements of this Chapter 14.22, including the employer's failure to pay all  
22 compensation owed by reason of employment, and the employer or other person's retaliation  
23 against an employee or other person for engaging in an activity protected by this Chapter 14.22.

1 B. Employers shall display the poster in a conspicuous and accessible place at any  
2 workplace or job site where any of their employees work. Employers shall display the poster in  
3 English and in the primary language(s) of the employee(s) at the particular workplace. If display  
4 of the poster is not feasible, including situations when the employee works remotely or does not  
5 have a regular workplace or job site, employers may provide the poster on an individual basis in  
6 an employee's primary language in physical or electronic format that is reasonably conspicuous  
7 and accessible.

8 **14.22.065 Employer records**

9 A. Each employer shall retain records that document compliance with this Chapter 14.22  
10 including:

11 1. Written good faith estimates of employee work schedules pursuant to Section  
12 14.22.025;

13 2. Written documentation regarding the employer's bona fide reason for denying  
14 the employee's request for a limitation or change in work schedule due to a major life event  
15 pursuant to Section 14.22.030;

16 3. Work schedules, including but not limited to work schedules created pursuant  
17 to Section 14.22.040;

18 4. Payroll records, including documentation of additional compensation paid to  
19 each employee pursuant to Section 14.22.035 and Section 14.22.050;

20 5. Written documentation of employee-requested changes to the employee's work  
21 schedule that do not incur additional compensation pursuant to Section 14.22.050;

1                   6. Written employer mass communications, provided to employees about the  
2 availability of additional hours, that do not incur additional compensation pursuant to Section  
3 14.22.050;

4                   7. Written documentation of the incident leading to employee discipline that  
5 results in hours subtracted from the employee's work schedule but does not incur additional  
6 compensation pursuant to Section 14.22.050;

7                   8. Written notices for additional hours of work available for employees pursuant  
8 to Section 14.22.055;

9                   9. Written records of employees who have opted out of receiving written notice of  
10 additional hours of work (i.e. access to hours list) pursuant to Section 14.22.055;

11                   10. Written confirmation from all employees, or employees on the access to hours  
12 list, that they are not interested in accepting additional hours of work if the employer elects to  
13 reduce the notice requirements for access to hours pursuant to Section 14.22.055; and

14                   11. Pursuant to rules issued by the Director, other records that are material and  
15 necessary to effectuate the terms of this Chapter 14.22.

16                   12. Upon request, the Office of Labor Standards, in partnership with business and  
17 community organizations contracting with the City, will provide technical assistance to  
18 employers on implementation of this Chapter 14.22, including but not limited to review of  
19 employer record-keeping systems for documenting compliance. The intent of technical  
20 assistance is to support employers and employees with methods or procedures for  
21 implementation that are effective, efficient and not unreasonably burdensome or impractical.

22                   B. Records required by this Section 14.22.065 shall be retained for a period of three  
23 years.

1 C. If the employer fails to retain adequate records required under subsection 14.22.065.A,  
2 there shall be a presumption, rebuttable by clear and convincing evidence, that the employer  
3 violated this Chapter 14.22 for the periods and for each employee for whom records were not  
4 retained.

5 D. Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City Auditor  
6 access to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's enforcement  
7 efforts. Before requesting records from such a respondent, the Office of City Auditor shall first  
8 consult the Agency's respondent records on file and determine if additional records are  
9 necessary. The City Auditor may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form allowed under  
10 RCW 9A.72.085 to the Hearing Examiner for the issuance of subpoenas under this subsection  
11 14.22.065.D. The Hearing Examiner shall issue such subpoenas upon a showing that the records  
12 are required to fulfill the purposes of this subsection 14.22.065.D.

13 **14.22.070 Retaliation prohibited**

14 A. No employer or any other person shall interfere with, restrain, deny, or attempt to  
15 deny the exercise of any right protected under this Chapter 14.22.

16 B. No employer or any other person shall take any adverse action against any person  
17 because the person has exercised in good faith the rights protected under this Chapter 14.22.  
18 Such rights include but are not limited to the right to make inquiries about the rights protected  
19 under this Chapter 14.22; the right to inform others about their rights under this Chapter 14.22;  
20 the right to inform the person's employer, union, or similar organization, and/or the person's  
21 legal counsel or any other person about an alleged violation of this Chapter 14.22; the right to  
22 file an oral or written complaint with the Agency or bring a civil action for an alleged violation  
23 of this Chapter 14.22; the right to cooperate with the Agency in its investigations of this Chapter

1 14.22; the right to testify in a proceeding under or related to this Chapter 14.22; the right to  
2 refuse to participate in an activity that would result in a violation of city, state or federal law; and  
3 the right to oppose any policy, practice, or act that is unlawful under this Chapter 14.22.

4 C. No employer or any other person shall communicate to a person exercising rights  
5 protected under this Section 14.22.070, directly or indirectly the willingness to inform a  
6 government employee that the person is not lawfully in the United States, or to report, or to make  
7 an implied or express assertion of a willingness to report, suspected citizenship or immigration  
8 status of an employee or a family member of the employee to a federal, state, or local agency  
9 because the employee has exercised a right under this Chapter 14.22.

10 D. It shall be considered a rebuttable presumption of retaliation if the employer or any  
11 other person takes an adverse action against a person within 90 calendar days of the person's  
12 exercise of rights protected in this Section 14.22.070. However, in the case of seasonal  
13 employment that ended before the close of the 90 calendar day period, the presumption also  
14 applies if the employer fails to rehire a former employee at the next opportunity for work in the  
15 same position. The employer may rebut the presumption with clear and convincing evidence that  
16 the adverse action was taken for a permissible purpose.

17 E. Standard of proof. Proof of retaliation under this Section 14.22.070 shall be sufficient  
18 upon a showing that the employer or any other person has taken an adverse action against a  
19 person and the person's exercise of rights protected in Section 14.22.070 was a motivating factor  
20 in the adverse action, unless the employer can prove that the action would have been taken in the  
21 absence of such protected activity.

22 F. The protections afforded under this Section 14.22.070 shall apply to any person who  
23 mistakenly but in good faith alleges violations of this Chapter 14.22.



1 G. A complaint or other communication by any person triggers the protections of this  
2 Section 14.22.070 regardless of whether the complaint or communication is in writing or makes  
3 explicit reference to this Chapter 14.22.

4 **14.22.075 Enforcement power and duties**

5 A. The Agency shall have the power to investigate violations of this Chapter 14.22, as  
6 defined herein, and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as  
7 are defined in this Chapter 14.22 and otherwise necessary and proper in the performance of the  
8 same and provided for by law.

9 B. The Agency shall be authorized to coordinate implementation and enforcement of this  
10 Chapter 14.22 and shall promulgate appropriate guidelines or rules for such purposes.

11 C. The Director of the Agency is authorized and directed to promulgate rules consistent  
12 with this Chapter 14.22 and Chapter 3.02. Any guidelines or rules promulgated by the Director  
13 shall have the force and effect of law and may be relied on by employers, employees, and other  
14 parties to determine their rights and responsibilities under this Chapter 14.22.

15 **14.22.080 Violation**

16 The failure of any respondent to comply with any requirement imposed on the respondent under  
17 this Chapter 14.22 is a violation.

18 **14.22.085 Investigation**

19 A. The Agency shall have the power to investigate any violations of this Chapter 14.22  
20 by any respondent. The Agency may initiate an investigation pursuant to rules issued by the  
21 Director including, but not limited to, situations when the Director has reason to believe that a  
22 violation has occurred or will occur, or when circumstances show that violations are likely to  
23 occur within a class of businesses because the workforce contains significant numbers of

1 workers who are vulnerable to violations of this Chapter 14.22 or the workforce is unlikely to  
2 volunteer information regarding such violations. An investigation may also be initiated through  
3 the receipt by the Agency of a report or complaint filed by an employee or any other person.

4 B. An employee or other person may report to the Agency any suspected violation of this  
5 Chapter 14.22. The Agency shall encourage reporting pursuant to this Section 14.22.085 by  
6 taking the following measures:

7 1. The Agency shall keep confidential, to the maximum extent permitted by  
8 applicable laws, the name and other identifying information of the employee or person reporting  
9 the violation. However, with the authorization of such person, the Agency may disclose the  
10 employee's or person's name and identifying information as necessary to enforce this Chapter  
11 14.22 or for other appropriate purposes.

12 2. The employer must post or otherwise notify its employees that the Agency is  
13 conducting an investigation, using a form provided by the Agency and displaying it on-site, in a  
14 conspicuous and accessible location, and in English and the primary language(s) spoken by the  
15 employee(s) at the particular workplace. If display of the form is not feasible, including  
16 situations when the employee works remotely or does not have a regular workplace, employers  
17 may provide the form on an individual basis in physical or electronic format that is reasonably  
18 conspicuous and accessible.

19 3. The Agency may certify the eligibility of eligible persons for "U" visas under  
20 the provisions of 8 U.S.C. § 1184(p) and 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(15)(U). The certification is subject  
21 to applicable federal law and regulations, and rules issued by the Director.

22 C. The Agency's investigation must commence within three years of the alleged  
23 violation. To the extent permitted by law, the applicable statute of limitations for civil actions is

1 tolled during any investigation under this Chapter 14.22 and any administrative enforcement  
2 proceeding under this Chapter 14.22 based upon the same facts. For purposes of this Chapter  
3 14.22:

4 1. The Agency's investigation begins on the earlier date of when the Agency  
5 receives a complaint from a person under this Chapter 14.22, or the Agency opens an  
6 investigation under this Chapter 14.22.

7 2. The Agency's investigation ends when the Agency issues a final order  
8 concluding the matter and any appeals have been exhausted; the time to file any appeal has  
9 expired; or the Agency notifies the respondent in writing that the investigation has been  
10 otherwise resolved.

11 D. The Agency's investigation shall be conducted in an objective and impartial manner.

12 E. The Director may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form allowed under RCW  
13 9A.72.085 to the Hearing Examiner for the issuance of subpoenas requiring the employer to  
14 produce the records identified in subsection 14.22.065.A, or for the attendance and testimony of  
15 witnesses, or for the production of documents required to be retained under subsection  
16 14.22.065.A, or any other document relevant to the issue of whether any employee or group of  
17 employees has been or is afforded proper amounts of compensation under this Chapter 14.22  
18 and/or to whether the employer has violated any provision of this Chapter 14.22. The Hearing  
19 Examiner shall conduct the review without hearing as soon as practicable and shall issue  
20 subpoenas upon a showing that there is reason to believe that a violation has occurred if a  
21 complaint has been filed with the Agency, or that circumstances show that violations are likely to  
22 occur within a class of businesses because the workforce contains significant numbers of

1 workers who are vulnerable to violations of this Chapter 14.22 or the workforce is unlikely to  
2 volunteer information regarding such violations.

3 F. The employer that fails to comply with the terms of any subpoena issued under  
4 subsection 14.22.085.E in an investigation by the Agency under this Chapter 14.22 prior to the  
5 issuance of a Director's Order issued pursuant to subsection 14.22.090.C may not use such  
6 records in any appeal to challenge the correctness of any determination by the Agency of  
7 damages owed or penalties assessed.

8 G. In addition to other remedies, the Director may refer any subpoena issued under  
9 subsection 14.22.085.E, to the City Attorney to seek a court order to enforce any subpoena.

10 H. Where the Director has reason to believe that a violation has occurred, the Director  
11 may order any appropriate temporary or interim relief to mitigate the violation or maintain the  
12 status quo pending completion of a full investigation or hearing, including but not limited to a  
13 deposit of funds or bond sufficient to satisfy a good-faith estimate of compensation, interest,  
14 damages and penalties due. A respondent may appeal any such order in accordance with Section  
15 14.22.100.

16 **14.22.090 Findings of fact and determination**

17 A. Except when there is an agreed upon settlement, the Director shall issue a written  
18 determination with findings of fact resulting from the investigation and statement of whether a  
19 violation of this Chapter 14.22 has or has not occurred based on a preponderance of the evidence  
20 before the Director.

21 B. If the Director determines that there is no violation of this Chapter 14.22, the Director  
22 shall issue a "Determination of No Violation" with notice of an employee or other person's right  
23 to appeal the decision, subject to the rules of the Director.

1 C. If the Director determines that a violation of this Chapter 14.22 has occurred, the  
2 Director shall issue a "Director's Order" that shall include a notice of violation identifying the  
3 violation or violations. The Director's Order shall state with specificity the amounts due under  
4 this Chapter 14.22 for each violation, including payment of unpaid compensation, liquidated  
5 damages, civil penalties, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, fines, and interest pursuant to  
6 Section 14.22.095. The Director's Order may specify that civil penalties and fines due to the  
7 Agency can be mitigated for respondent's timely payment of remedy due to an aggrieved party  
8 under subsection 14.22.095.A.2. The Director's Order may direct the respondent to take such  
9 corrective action as is necessary to comply with the requirements of this Chapter 14.22,  
10 including, but not limited to, monitored compliance for a reasonable time period. The Director's  
11 Order shall include notice of the respondent's right to appeal the decision, pursuant to Section  
12 14.22.100.

13 **14.22.095 Remedies**

14 A. The payment of unpaid compensation, liquidated damages, civil penalties, penalties  
15 payable to aggrieved parties, fines, and interest provided under this Chapter 14.22 are cumulative  
16 and are not intended to be exclusive of any other available remedies, penalties, fines, and  
17 procedures.

18 1. The amounts of all civil penalties, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, and  
19 fines contained in this Section 14.22.095 shall be increased annually to reflect the rate of  
20 inflation and calculated to the nearest cent on January 1 of each year. The Agency shall  
21 determine the amounts and file a schedule of such amounts with the City Clerk.

22 2. If there is a remedy due to an aggrieved party, the Director may waive the total  
23 amount of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency if the Director determines that the

1 respondent paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved party within ten days of service of the  
2 Director's Order. The Director may waive half the amount of civil penalties and fines due to the  
3 Agency if the Director determines that the respondent paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved  
4 party within 15 days of service of the Director's Order. The Director shall not waive any amount  
5 of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency if the Director determines that the respondent has  
6 not paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved party after 15 days of service of the Director's  
7 Order.

8           3. When determining the amount of liquidated damages, civil penalties, penalties  
9 payable to aggrieved parties, and fines due under this Section 14.22.095, for a Settlement  
10 Agreement or Director's Order, including but not limited to the mitigation of civil penalties and  
11 fines due to the Agency for timely payment of remedy due to an aggrieved party under  
12 subsection 14.22.095.A.2, the Director shall consider the total amount of unpaid compensation,  
13 liquidated damages, penalties, fines, and interest due; the nature and persistence of the violations;  
14 the extent of the respondent's culpability, the substantive or technical nature of the violations;  
15 the size, revenue, and human resources capacity of the respondent; the circumstances of each  
16 situation; the amounts of penalties in similar situations; and other factors pursuant to rules issued  
17 by the Director.

18           B. A respondent found to be in violation of this Chapter 14.22 shall be liable for full  
19 payment of unpaid compensation plus interest in favor of the aggrieved party under the terms of  
20 this Chapter 14.22, and other equitable relief. For a first violation of this Chapter 14.22, the  
21 Director may assess liquidated damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid  
22 compensation. For subsequent violations of this Chapter 14.22, the Director shall assess an  
23 amount of liquidated damages in an additional amount of twice the unpaid compensation. If the

1 violation is ongoing when the Agency receives a complaint or opens an investigation, the  
2 Director may order payment of amounts that accrue after receipt of the complaint or after the  
3 investigation opens and before the date of the Director's Order. Interest shall accrue from the  
4 date the unpaid compensation was first due at 12 percent per annum, or the maximum rate  
5 permitted under RCW 19.52.020. For purposes of establishing a first and subsequent violation  
6 for this Section 14.22.095, the violation must have occurred within ten years of the Director's  
7 Order.

8 C. A respondent found to be in violation of this Chapter 14.22 for retaliation under  
9 Section 14.22.070 shall be subject to any appropriate relief at law or equity including, but not  
10 limited to reinstatement of the aggrieved party, front pay in lieu of reinstatement with full  
11 payment of unpaid compensation plus interest in favor of the aggrieved party under the terms of  
12 this Chapter 14.22, and liquidated damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid  
13 compensation. The Director also shall order the imposition of a penalty payable to the aggrieved  
14 party of up to \$5,000.

15 D. A respondent who willfully violates the notice and posting requirements of subsection  
16 14.22.060.B shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$750 for the first violation and \$1,000 for  
17 subsequent violations.

18 E. A respondent who willfully hinders, prevents, impedes, or interferes with the Director  
19 or Hearing Examiner in the performance of their duties under this Chapter 14.22 shall be subject  
20 to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000.

21 F. For a first violation of this Chapter 14.22, the Director may assess a civil penalty of up  
22 to \$500 per aggrieved party. For a second violation of this Chapter 14.22, the Director shall  
23 assess a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 per aggrieved party, or an amount equal to ten percent of

1 the total amount of unpaid compensation, whichever is greater. For a third or any subsequent  
2 violation of this Chapter 14.22, the Director shall assess a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per  
3 aggrieved party, or an amount equal to ten percent of the total amount of unpaid compensation,  
4 whichever is greater. The maximum civil penalty for a violation of this Chapter 14.22 shall be  
5 \$20,000 per aggrieved party, or an amount equal to ten percent of the total amount of unpaid  
6 compensation, whichever is greater. For purposes of this Section 14.22.095, a violation is a  
7 second, third, or subsequent violation if the respondent has been a party to one, two or more than  
8 two Settlement Agreements, respectively, stipulating that a violation has occurred; and/or one,  
9 two, or more than two Director's Orders, respectively, have issued against the respondent in the  
10 ten years preceding the date of the violation; otherwise, it is a first violation.

11 G. For the following violations, the Director may assess a fine in the amounts set forth  
12 below:

Violation	Fine
Failure to provide a good faith estimate of work schedule under Section 14.22.025	\$500
Failure to provide a written response for denial of the employee's request for a limitation or change in work schedule due to a major life event under subsection 14.22.030	\$500
Failure to compensate employee at one and one-half times pay for working hours that are separated by less than ten hours from the previous shift under Section 14.22.035	\$500



Failure to provide at least 14 calendar days of advance notice of work schedule under Section 14.22.040	\$500
Failure to provide notice of work schedule changes under Section 14.22.045	\$500
Failure to comply with prohibitions against asking or requiring an employee to find coverage for scheduled hours if the employee is unable to work for a reason covered by other laws or a major life event under Section 14.22.045	\$500
Failure to compensate employee with additional compensation for work schedule changes under Section 14.22.050	\$500
Failure to comply with prohibition against systemic pattern or practice of significant underscheduling under Section 14.22.052	\$500
Failure to offer additional hours of work to existing employees under Section 14.22.055	\$500
Failure to provide employees with written notice of rights under subsection 14.22.060	\$500
Failure to maintain records for three years under Section 14.22.065	\$500 per missing record

Failure to comply with prohibitions against retaliation for exercising rights protected under Section 14.22.070	\$1,000 per aggrieved party
Failure to provide notice of investigation to employees under subsection 14.22.085.B.2	\$500
Failure to provide notice of failure to comply with final order to the public under Section 14.22.115.A.1	\$500

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The fine amounts shall be increased cumulatively by 50 percent of the fine for each preceding violation for each subsequent violation of the same provision by the same employer or person within a ten year period. The maximum amount that may be imposed in fines in any one year period for each type of violation listed above is \$5,000 unless a fine for retaliation is issued, in which case the maximum amount is \$20,000.

H. In addition to the unpaid compensation, penalties, fines, liquidated damages, and interest, the Agency may assess against the respondent in favor of the City reasonable costs incurred in enforcing this Chapter 14.22, including but not limited to reasonable attorneys' fees.

I. The employer that is the subject of a settlement agreement stipulating that a violation shall count for debarment, or final order for which all appeal rights have been exhausted shall not be permitted to bid, or have a bid considered, on any City contract until such amounts due under the final order have been paid in full to the Director. If the employer is the subject of a final order two times or more within a five-year period, the contractor or subcontractor shall not be allowed to bid on any City contract for two years. This subsection 14.22.095.I shall be construed

1 to provide grounds for debarment separate from, and in addition to, those contained in Chapter  
2 20.70 and shall not be governed by that chapter provided that nothing in this subsection  
3 14.22.095.I shall be construed to limit the application of Chapter 20.70. The Director shall  
4 notify the Director of Finance and Administrative Services of all employers subject to debarment  
5 under this subsection 14.22.095.I.

6 **14.22.100 Appeal period and failure to respond**

7 A. An employee or other person who claims an injury as a result of an alleged violation  
8 of this Chapter 14.22 may appeal the Determination of No Violation Shown, pursuant to the  
9 rules of the Director.

10 B. A respondent may appeal the Director's Order, including all remedies issued pursuant  
11 to Section 14.22.095, by requesting a contested hearing before the Hearing Examiner in writing  
12 within 15 days of service of the Director's Order. If a respondent fails to appeal the Director's  
13 Order within 15 days of service, the Director's Order shall be final. If the last day of the appeal  
14 period so computed is a Saturday, Sunday, or federal or City holiday, the appeal period shall run  
15 until 5 p.m. on the next business day.

16 **14.22.105 Appeal procedure and failure to appear**

17 A. Contested hearings shall be conducted pursuant to the procedures for hearing contested  
18 cases contained in Section 3.02.090 and the rules adopted by the Hearing Examiner for hearing  
19 contested cases. The review shall be conducted de novo and the Director shall have the burden of  
20 proof by a preponderance of the evidence before the Hearing Examiner. Upon establishing such  
21 proof, the remedies and penalties imposed by the Director shall be upheld unless it is shown that  
22 the Director abused discretion. Failure to appear for a contested hearing will result in an order  
23 being entered finding that the employer committed the violation stated in the Director's order. For

1 good cause shown and upon terms the Hearing Examiner deems just, the Hearing Examiner may  
2 set aside an order entered upon a failure to appear.

3 B. In all contested cases, the Hearing Examiner shall enter an order affirming, modifying  
4 or reversing the Director's order.

5 **14.22.110 Appeal from Hearing Examiner order**

6 A. The respondent may obtain judicial review of the decision of the Hearing Examiner by  
7 applying for a Writ of Review in the King County Superior Court within 30 days from the date  
8 of the decision in accordance with the procedure set forth in chapter 7.16 RCW, other applicable  
9 law, and court rules.

10 B. The decision of the Hearing Examiner shall be final and conclusive unless review is  
11 sought in compliance with this Section 14.22.110.

12 **14.22.115 Failure to comply with final order**

13 A. If a respondent fails to comply within 30 days of service of any settlement agreement  
14 with the Agency, or with any final order issued by the Director or the Hearing Examiner for  
15 which all appeal rights have been exhausted, the Agency may pursue, but is not limited to, the  
16 following measures to secure compliance:

17 1. The Director may require the respondent to post public notice of the  
18 respondent's failure to comply in a form and manner determined by the Agency.

19 2. The Director may refer the matter to a collection agency. The cost to the City  
20 for the collection services will be assessed as costs, at the rate agreed to between the City and the  
21 collection agency, and added to the amounts due.

22 3. The Director may refer the matter to the City Attorney for the filing of a civil  
23 action in King County Superior Court, the Seattle Municipal Court, or any other court of

1 competent jurisdiction to enforce such order or to collect amounts due. In the alternative, the  
2 Director may seek to enforce a settlement agreement, Director's Order or a final order of the  
3 Hearing Examiner under Section 14.22.120.

4           4. The Director may request that the City's Department of Finance and  
5 Administrative Services deny, suspend, refuse to renew, or revoke any business license held or  
6 requested by the employer or person until such time as the employer complies with the remedy  
7 as defined in the settlement agreement or final order. The City's Department of Finance and  
8 Administrative Services shall have the authority to deny, refuse to renew, or revoke any business  
9 license in accordance with this subsection 14.22.115.A.4.

10           B. No respondent that is the subject of a settlement agreement or final order issued under  
11 this Chapter 14.22 shall quit business, sell out, exchange, convey, or otherwise dispose of the  
12 respondent's business or stock of goods without first notifying the Agency and without first  
13 notifying the respondent's successor of the amounts owed under the final order at least three  
14 business days prior to such transaction. At the time the respondent quits business, or sells out,  
15 exchanges, or otherwise disposes of the respondent's business or stock of goods, the full amount  
16 of the remedy, as defined in the settlement agreement or the final order issued by the Director or  
17 the Hearing Examiner, shall become immediately due and payable. If the amount due under the  
18 settlement agreement or final order is not paid by respondent within ten days from the date of  
19 such sale, exchange, conveyance, or disposal, the successor shall become liable for the payment  
20 of the amount due, provided that the successor has actual knowledge of the order and the  
21 amounts due or has prompt, reasonable, and effective means of accessing and verifying the fact  
22 and amount of the order and the amounts due. The successor shall withhold from the purchase  
23 price a sum sufficient to pay the amount of the full remedy. When the successor makes such

1 payment, that payment shall be deemed a payment upon the purchase price in the amount paid,  
2 and if such payment is greater in amount than the purchase price the amount of the difference  
3 shall become a debt due such successor from the employer.

4 **14.22.120 Debt owed The City of Seattle**

5 A. All monetary amounts due under the settlement agreement or Director's Order shall be  
6 a debt owed to the City and may be collected in the same manner as any other debt in like  
7 amount, which remedy shall be in addition to all other existing remedies, provided that amounts  
8 collected by the City for unpaid compensation, liquidated damages, penalties payable to  
9 aggrieved parties, or front pay shall be held in trust by the City for the aggrieved party and, once  
10 collected by the City, shall be paid by the City to the aggrieved party.

11 B. If a respondent fails to appeal a Director's Order to the Hearing Examiner within the  
12 time period set forth in subsection 14.22.100.B the Director's Order shall be final, and the  
13 Director may petition the Seattle Municipal Court to enforce the Director's Order by entering  
14 judgment in favor of the City finding that the respondent has failed to exhaust its administrative  
15 remedies and that all amounts and relief contained in the order are due. The Director's Order  
16 shall constitute prima facie evidence that a violation occurred and shall be admissible without  
17 further evidentiary foundation. Any certifications or declarations authorized under RCW  
18 9A.72.085 containing evidence that the respondent has failed to comply with the order or any  
19 parts thereof, and is therefore in default, or that the respondent has failed to appeal the Director's  
20 Order to the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.22.100.B and  
21 therefore has failed to exhaust the respondent's administrative remedies, shall also be admissible  
22 without further evidentiary foundation.

1 C. If a respondent fails to obtain judicial review of an order of the Hearing Examiner  
2 within the time period set forth in subsection 14.22.110.A, the order of the Hearing Examiner  
3 shall be final, and the Director may petition the Seattle Municipal Court to enforce the Director's  
4 Order by entering judgment in favor of the City for all amounts and relief due under the order of  
5 the Hearing Examiner. The order of the Hearing Examiner shall constitute conclusive evidence  
6 that the violations contained therein occurred and shall be admissible without further evidentiary  
7 foundation. Any certifications or declarations authorized under RCW 9A.72.085 containing  
8 evidence that the respondent has failed to comply with the order or any parts thereof, and is  
9 therefore in default, or that the respondent has failed to avail itself of judicial review in  
10 accordance with subsection 14.22.110.A, shall also be admissible without further evidentiary  
11 foundation.

12 D. In considering matters brought under subsections 14.22.120.B and 14.22.120.C, the  
13 Municipal Court may include within its judgment all terms, conditions, and remedies contained  
14 in the Director's Order or the order of the Hearing Examiner, whichever is applicable, that are  
15 consistent with the provisions of this Chapter 14.22.

16 **14.22.125 Private right of action**

17 A. Any person or class of persons that suffers financial injury as a result of a violation of  
18 this Chapter 14.22 or is the subject of prohibited retaliation under Section 14.22.070, may bring a  
19 civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction against the employer or other person violating  
20 this Chapter 14.22 and, upon prevailing, may be awarded reasonable attorney fees and costs and  
21 such legal or equitable relief as may be appropriate to remedy the violation including, without  
22 limitation, the payment of any unpaid compensation plus interest due to the person and  
23 liquidated damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid compensation; a penalty

1 payable to any aggrieved party of up to \$5,000 if the aggrieved party was subject to prohibited  
2 retaliation. Interest shall accrue from the date the unpaid compensation was first due at 12  
3 percent per annum, or the maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020.

4 B. For purposes of this Section 14.22.125, "person" includes any entity a member of  
5 which has suffered financial injury or retaliation, or any other individual or entity acting on  
6 behalf of an aggrieved party that has suffered financial injury or retaliation.

7 C. For purposes of determining membership within a class of persons entitled to bring an  
8 action under this Section 14.22.125, two or more employees are similarly situated if they:

- 9 1. Are or were employed by the same employer or employers, whether  
10 concurrently or otherwise, at some point during the applicable statute of limitations period,  
11 2. Allege one or more violations that raise similar questions as to liability, and  
12 3. Seek similar forms of relief.

13 D. For purposes of subsection 14.22.125.C, employees shall not be considered dissimilar  
14 solely because their

- 15 1. Claims seek damages that differ in amount, or  
16 2. Job titles or other means of classifying employees differ in ways that are  
17 unrelated to their claims.

18 **14.22.130 Study of application of secure scheduling requirements**

19 A. The Council shall request the City Auditor, in collaboration with the Agency, to  
20 contract with academic researchers who have a proven track record of rigorous analysis of the  
21 impacts of labor standards regulations to conduct an evaluation of the impacts of the ordinance  
22 introduced as Council Bill 118765 for the baseline, one-year, and two-year periods following  
23 implementation. Areas of evaluation shall include, but not be limited to the impacts to



1 businesses, including costs, and the impacts on employees of the requirements of this Chapter  
2 14.22, differences and challenges between limited and full service restaurants in implementing  
3 the ordinance, and the interplay of diversity programs and access to hours lists.

4  
5 B. The Council shall use the results of the evaluation to identify possible areas for  
6 revision to accomplish the goals of Council Bill 118765.

7 C. Efforts to identify whether other industries have scheduling practices that should be  
8 considered for coverage under SMC 14.22 et. seq. could be conducted under a separate study, by  
9 contracting with academic researchers who have a proven track record of rigorous analysis of  
10 labor standards regulations.

11 **14.22.135 Encouragement of more generous policies**

12 A. Nothing in this Chapter 14.22 shall be construed to discourage or prohibit the  
13 employer from the adoption or retention of scheduling policies more generous than the one  
14 required herein.

15 B. Nothing in this Chapter 14.22 shall be construed as diminishing the obligation of the  
16 employer to comply with any contract, collective bargaining agreement, employment benefit  
17 plan, or other agreement providing more generous scheduling policies to an employee than  
18 required herein.

19 C. Nothing in this Chapter 14.22 shall be construed as diminishing the rights of public  
20 employees regarding scheduling policies as provided under federal or Washington state law or  
21 the Seattle Municipal Code.

22 **14.22.140 Other legal requirements**

1 This Chapter 14.22 defines requirements for secure scheduling and shall not be construed to  
2 preempt, limit, or otherwise affect the applicability of any other law, regulation, requirement,  
3 policy, or standard that provides for greater requirements; and nothing in this Chapter 14.22 shall  
4 be interpreted or applied so as to create any power or duty in conflict with federal or state law.  
5 Nor shall this Chapter 14.22 be construed to preclude any person aggrieved from seeking judicial  
6 review of any final administrative decision or order made under this Chapter 14.22 affecting  
7 such person.

8 **14.22.145 Collective bargaining agreement for secure scheduling**

9 A. The requirements of this Chapter 14.22 shall not apply to any employees covered by a  
10 bona fide collective bargaining agreement to the extent that such requirements are expressly  
11 waived in the collective bargaining agreement, or in an addendum to an existing agreement  
12 including an agreement that is open for negotiation, in clear and unambiguous terms and the  
13 employees have ratified an alternative structure for secure scheduling that meets the public  
14 policy goals of this Chapter 14.22.

15 B. Any waiver by an individual employee of any provisions of this Chapter 14.22 shall  
16 be deemed contrary to public policy and shall be void and unenforceable.

17 **14.22.147 Effective date**

18 The provisions of this Chapter 14.22 shall take effect on July 1, 2017.

19 **14.22.150 Severability**

20 The provisions of this Chapter 14.22 are declared to be separate and severable. If any clause,  
21 sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, subsection, or portion of this Chapter 14.22, or the  
22 application thereof to any employer, employee, or circumstance, is held to be invalid, it shall not

1 affect the validity of the remainder of this Chapter 14.22, or the validity of its application to  
2 other persons or circumstances.

3 Section 2. Subsection 14.20.025.D of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was  
4 enacted by Ordinance 124960, is amended as follows:

5 **14.20.025 Notice and posting**

6 \* \* \*

7 D. Employers shall give written notice of employment information to employees that  
8 contains items listed in subsections 14.20.025.D.~~((+))~~4.a through 14.20.025.D.~~((7))~~4.i in English  
9 and in the primary language(s) of the employee(s) receiving the written information.

10 1. Employers shall give this written notice to employees at time of hire and to all  
11 employees who work for the employer as of that date and in the future.

12 2. Employers shall revise this written notice before any change to such  
13 employment information, or as soon as practicable for retroactive changes to such employment  
14 information, pursuant to rules issued by the Director. For the written good faith estimate of the  
15 employee's work schedule in subsection 14.20.025.4.h, the employer is required to revise the  
16 notice once every year and when there is a significant change to the work schedule due to  
17 changes in the employee's availability or to the employer's business needs, pursuant to Section  
18 14.22.025. ((Effective April 1, 2016, employers shall give this written notice to all employees  
19 who work for the employer as of that date and in the future.))

20 3. If an employer fails to give this written notice for the items listed in subsections  
21 14.20.025.D.4.a through 14.20.025.D.4.g, the failure shall constitute evidence weighing against  
22 the credibility of the employer's testimony regarding the agreed-upon rate of pay.

23 4. The written notice shall include the following items:



1           A. In addition to any other powers and authority provided under this Title 6, the  
2 Director, or the Director's designee, has the power and authority to deny, revoke, or refuse to  
3 renew any business license issued under the provisions of this Chapter 6.208. The Director,  
4 or the Director's designee, shall notify such applicant or licensee in writing by mail of the  
5 denial, revocation of, or refusal to renew, the license and on what grounds such a decision  
6 was based. The Director may deny, revoke or refuse to renew any license issued under this  
7 Chapter 6.208 on one or more of the following grounds:

- 8                   1. The license was procured by fraud or false representation of fact.
- 9                   2. The licensee has failed to comply with any provisions of this Chapter 6.208.
- 10                  3. The licensee has failed to comply with any provisions of Chapters 0, 5.35,  
11 5.40, 5.45, 5.46, 5.48, 5.50, or 5.52.
- 12                  4. The licensee is in default in any payment of any license fee or tax under Title  
13 5 or Title 6.
- 14                  5. The property at which the business is located has been determined by a court  
15 to be a chronic nuisance property as provided in Chapter 10.09.
- 16                  6. The applicant or licensee has been convicted of theft under subsection  
17 12A.08.060.A.4 within the last ten years.
- 18                  7. The applicant or licensee is a person subject within the last ten years to a  
19 court order entering final judgment for violations of chapters 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52 RCW, or  
20 29 U.S.C. 206 or 29 U.S.C. 207, and the judgment was not satisfied within 30 days of the later  
21 of either:
  - 22                   a. the expiration of the time for filing an appeal from the final judgment  
23 order under the court rules in effect at the time of the final judgment order; or

1                   b. if a timely appeal is made, the date of the final resolution of that  
2 appeal and any subsequent appeals resulting in final judicial affirmation of the findings of  
3 violations of chapters 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52 RCW, or 29 U.S.C. 206 or 29 U.S.C. 207.

4                   8. The applicant or licensee is a person subject within the last ten years to a final  
5 and binding citation and notice of assessment from the Washington Department of Labor and  
6 Industries for violations of chapters 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52 RCW, and the citation amount and  
7 penalties assessed therewith were not satisfied within 30 days of the date the citation became  
8 final and binding.

9                   9. Pursuant to subsections 14.16.100.A.4, 14.17.075.A, 14.19.100.A.4, (~~and~~)  
10 14.20.080.A.4, and 14.22.115.A.4, the applicant or licensee has failed to comply within 30  
11 days of service of any settlement agreement, any final order issued by the Division Director of  
12 the Office of Labor Standards within the Office for Civil Rights, or any final order issued by  
13 the Hearing Examiner under Chapters 14.16, 14.17, 14.19, (~~and~~) 14.20, and 14.22, for which  
14 all appeal rights have been exhausted, and the Division Director of the Office of Labor  
15 Standards within the Office for Civil Rights has requested that the Director deny, refuse to  
16 renew, or revoke any business license held or requested by the applicant or licensee. The  
17 denial, refusal to renew, or revocation shall remain in effect until such time as the violation(s)  
18 under Chapters 14.16, 14.17, 14.19, (~~and~~) 14.20, and 14.22 are remedied.

19                  10. The business is one that requires an additional license under this Title 6 and  
20 the business does not hold that license.

21                  11. The business has been determined under a separate enforcement process to  
22 be operating in violation of law.

23                                 \* \* \*

1 Section 4. Section 3.14.945 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance  
2 124643, is amended as follows:

3 **3.14.945 Office of Labor Standards**

4 There is established in the Office for Civil Rights an Office of Labor Standards, under the direction  
5 of the Mayor. There shall be a Division Director to manage the Office of Labor Standards. The  
6 Director of the Office for Civil Rights shall appoint the Division Director subject to the approval  
7 of the Mayor. The mission of the Office of Labor Standards is to protect workers' wages, working  
8 conditions, and safety and health, and to end barriers to workplace equity for women, communities  
9 of color, immigrants and refugees, and other vulnerable workers. The functions of the Office of  
10 Labor Standards are as follows:

11 A. Promoting labor standards by means of outreach and education and technical  
12 assistance and training;

13 B. Collecting and analyzing data on the city's work force and workplaces;

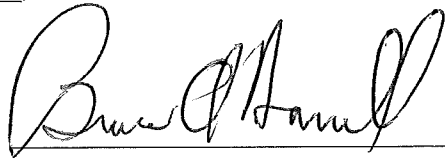
14 C. Administering and enforcing City of Seattle ordinances relating to minimum wage  
15 and minimum compensation (Chapter 14.19), paid sick and safe time (Chapter 14.16), use of  
16 criminal history in employment decisions (Chapter 14.17), ~~((and))~~ wage and tip compensation  
17 requirements (Chapter 14.20), and secure scheduling (Chapter 14.22).  
18  
19  
20

1 Section 5. Sections 2 through 4 of this ordinance shall take effect on July 1, 2017.

2 Section 6. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by  
3 the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it  
4 shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.

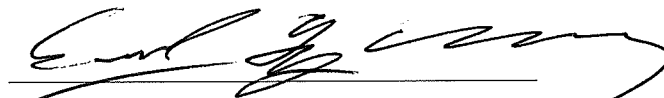
5 Passed by the City Council the 19<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2016, and  
6 signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this

7 19<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2016.

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9 \_\_\_\_\_

10 President \_\_\_\_\_ of the City Council

11  
12 Approved by me this 29<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2016.

13   
14 \_\_\_\_\_

15 Edward B. Murray, Mayor

16  
17 Filed by me this 29<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2016.

18   
19 \_\_\_\_\_

20 for Monica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk

21 (Seal)