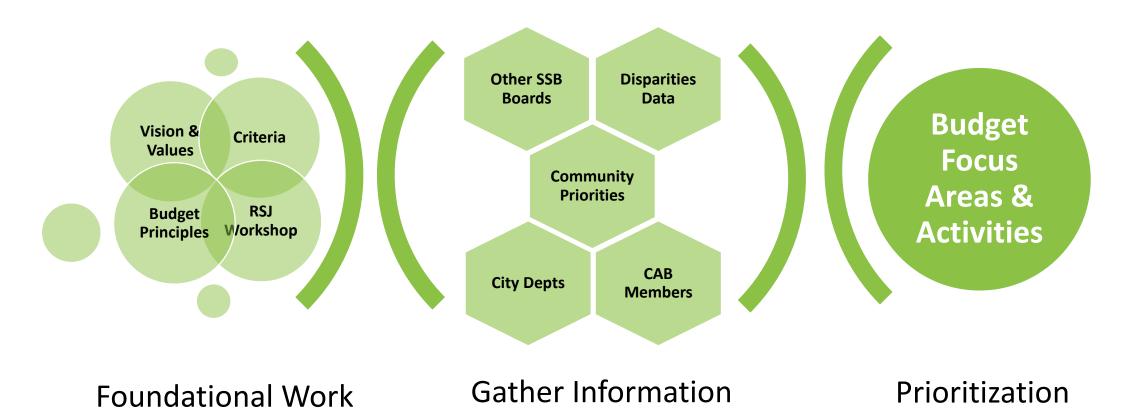
2018 and 2019 Budget Recommendations from the Sweetened Beverage Tax Community Advisory Board

Sustainability & Transportation Committee
September 7, 2018

Outline

- Community Advisory Board (CAB) Process
- 2018 Recommendations
- 2019 Recommendations
- RFP Recommendations
- Program Highlights

CAB Process



CAB Process 2018 Recommendations 2019 Recommendations RFP Recommendations Program Highlights

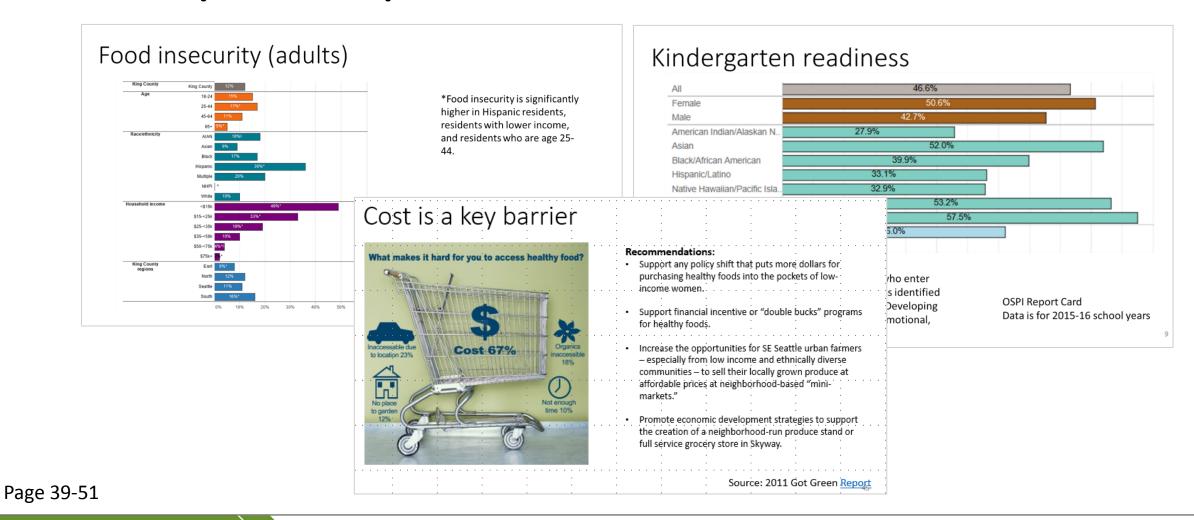


2018 and 2019 Budget Principles

- Priority populations
- Place-based focus areas
- Community-driven
- Culturally-responsive
- Prevention-oriented

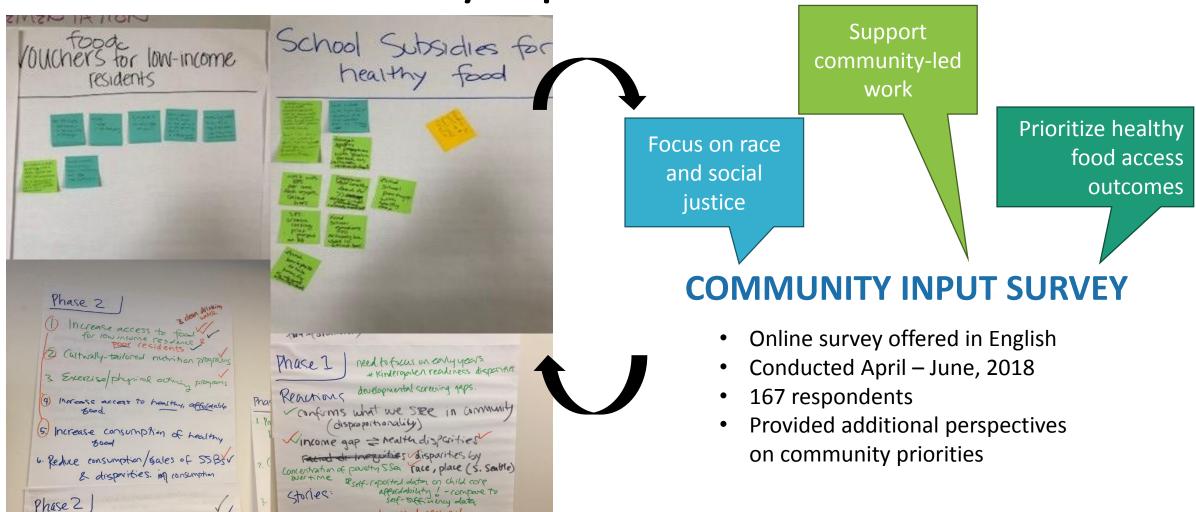
"Investments supported by the beverage tax revenues should prioritize allocation of funds to communities disproportionately affected by health and education inequities, especially those related to the adverse health effects of sugary drinks."

Analyzed Disparities Data



CAB Process

CAB & Community Input



Department Briefings

- DEEL (February 2018)
- HSD (March 2018)
- OSE (May 2018)
- CBO (June 2018)

Materials from the department briefings are available on the <u>Board webpage</u> under "Past Meeting Materials"



Networking with other CABs







OAKLAND SODA TAX NEWS



Scheduled SSB Community Advisory Board

CAB Process 2018 Recommendations 2019 Recommendations RFP Recommendations Program Highlights

2019 Community-based programs + activities to Evaluation support for community-Support good nutrition + phy. activity based org. to evaluate activities Funded by 2018's 2.8 mil. 9%2 11. Healthy backpack/good food bag 20% programs in schools in childcare 1. Evaluate community-based activities funded by SBT in childre good food bag program better, 20 Support for people w/ obesity s diabetes. Support should max a level 13. Community - based meal providers prevention + be delivered in culturally appropriate ways, 9% agrows + and programs 14. Encouragement of healthy choices 28 Wing providing low-cost in food banks/pantries nealthy toods to people w/condition 15. Translation services in food banks/pu -thru vochers, etc thru clinics+ other Community-based touchpoints ning sty 16. Community food + nutrition edu. D Keep tocus on the common go 17. Food : nutrition services a Coordination 18. Community-based physical activity Early learning ? Kinde Healthy food : Bev. access programs Little volkhers, incentives 1. Healthy food vouchers for people in DTBD the food security gap" 2. Community-led promotion of healthy (5) Public awareness can food vouchers about sugary drinks, in B Subsidies to schools to provide more fresh 4 4 7 fruits and veg engagement 4. Healthy food partries in schools 1. Counter-marketing co 5 Scrotch-cooking programs in school food service 5 3 (led by PR firm w/ c) 6. Subsidies to childcare to provide more of fresh fruits + veg imput **CAB Process** ▶ 018 Recommendations 2019 Recommendations RFP Recommendations **Program Highlights** . Urban agricultus

Investment Focus Areas

Healthy food and beverage access

Birth-to-Three Services and Kindergarten Readiness

Community-based programs and activities to support good nutrition and physical activity

Public awareness campaign about sugary drinks

Support for people with obesity and diabetes

Evaluation support for community-based organizations

CAB Process 2018 Recommendations 2019 Recommendations RFP Recommendations Program Highlights

2019 Evaluation support for communitybased org. to evaluate activities funded by 2018's 2.8 mil. 9%-1. Evaluate community-based activities funded by SET Detter, 20 Support for people w/ obesity ! diabetes. Support should make a level prevention + be delivered in y ageous + culturally appropriate ways. wer dy 10 18 Using providing lowcost 15. Translation services in food banks/pu -thru wichers, etc thru climist box other Community-based touch point ning sty D keep tocus on the common go Recommendations Public awareness can about sugary drinks, in B Subsidies to schools to provide more firsh I Fruits and veg engagement 1. Counter-marketing co 5 Scrotch-cooking programs in School God swin 5 1 (led by PR firm w/ CI 2. Counter marketing (led by CBO w youth 9 Urban agriculture

Community-based programs + activities to Support good nutrition + phy. activity 11. Healthy backpack/ good food bag programs in schoolsin childcare

- in childrane good tood bag vingam 3. Community - based meal providers
- and programs 14. Encouragement of healthy choices in food banks pantries
- 16. Community food 1 nutrition edu. 17. Food & nutrition services a coordination
- 18. Community-based physical activity programs Light vouchers, Incentives

SBT Programs in 2018 Adopted Budget

Table 1: SBT Programs in the 2018 Adopted Budget

Area of Expenditure	One-time/time-limited	Ongoing	Total
Tax Administration (FAS) ¹	\$1,082,000	\$179,711	\$1,261,711
Job Retraining Reserve (Installment) ²	\$500,000	-	\$500,000
Tax Evaluations (Auditor) ³	\$20,000	\$500,000	\$520,000
Board Administration (OSE)	-	\$147,589	\$147,589
Subtotal	\$1,602,000	\$827,300	\$2,429,300
Early Learning Programs (DEEL)	-	\$2,735,000	\$2,735,000
13th Year (Installment) (DEEL) ⁴	\$1,381,885	-	\$1,381,885
High School Programs (DEEL)	-	\$1,004,500	\$1,004,500
Our Best (DEEL)	-	\$189,000	\$189,000
Parent-Child Home Program (DEEL)	-	\$525,000	\$525,000
Subtotal - Education Programs	\$1,381,885	\$4,453,500	\$5,835,385
Fresh Bucks (OSE)	-	\$2,098,143	\$2,098,143
Food Action Plan (OSE)	-	\$158,627	\$158,627
Farm to Table (HSD)	-	\$423,576	\$423,576
Fresh Bucks to Go (HSD)	-	\$551,359	\$551,359
Food Banks (HSD)	-	\$369,910	\$369,910
Out-of-School Nutrition Time (HSD)	-	\$194,544	\$194,544
Subtotal Food Programs	-	\$3,796,159	\$3,796,159
Reserve funds for CAB	-	\$2,775,156	\$2,775,156
Subtotal – CAB Reserve runus		\$2,775,156	\$2,775,156
Total	\$2,983,885	\$11,852,115	\$14,836,000

\$2,775,156 set-aside for CAB's recommendations

Focus Areas and Activities for 2018 setaside funds (\$2.77M)

	2018 funds	2019 funds
Provide fresh fruit and vegetable snacks program at schools	\$368,000	\$368,000
Subsidies to schools to provide more fresh fruits and vegetables		\$308,000
Expand Fresh Bucks programming	\$300,000*	\$520,700*
*To supplement Fresh Bucks' 2019 baseling SDT funding		

To supplement Fresh Bucks' 2018 baseline SBT funding.

CAB Process

Healthy food and beverage access	33%	\$915,801
Activities (in order of priority):		
1) Healthy food vouchers for people in the "food security gap"		
2. Safe, high-quality water and water bottles		
3 Subsidies to schools to provide more fresh fruits and vegetables		
4. Scratch-cooking programs in school food services		
5. "Pop-up" and small, mobile food retailers and food pantries		
Community-based programs and activities to support good nutrition and		4
physical activity	20%	\$555,031
Activities (in order of priority):		
6. Community-based food and nutrition education		
7. Good food bag/voucher programs in schools and childcare		
8. Community-based meal providers and programs		
9. Physical activity vouchers, incentives, and scholarship programs		
Birth-to-Three Services and Kindergarten Readiness	20%	\$555,031
Activities (in order of priority):	•	
10. Home visiting programs		
11. Resource support for families from birth-to-three		
12. Support for children with developmental delays		
13. Social support and peer learning for families		
Public awareness campaign about sugary drinks	9%	\$249,764
Activities (coordinated and complementary):		
14. Mass media counter-marketing campaign led by a community-based org	anizatio	n
15. Youth-led counter-marketing campaign led by a community-based organ	ization	
Support for people with obesity and diabetes		\$249,764
Activities		
16. Provision of healthy foods to people with diabetes or obesity		
17. Community-based education and support for people with diabetes or ob	esity	
Evaluation support for community-based organizations		\$249,764
Total 2018 set-aside funds	100%	\$2,775,156*
		L

^{*}Includes a maximum of \$277,515 (10%) for capital projects

Focus Areas and Activities for 2019

- Recommendations for <u>all</u> 2019 revenues, excluding 20% for one-time expenditures, tax evaluation, and administrative support for the CAB
- 2018 and 2019 focus areas are the same, but the percent budget allocation is different

Healthy food and beverage access	32.5%
Activities (in order of priority): 1. Healthy food vouchers for people in the "food security gap" 2. Fresh Bucks (OSE) 3. Safe, high-quality water and water bottles	
 Subsidies to schools to provide more fresh fruits and vegetables Scratch-cooking programs in school food services "Pop-up" and small, mobile food retailers and food pantries Food banks (HSD) 	
Birth-to-Three Services and Kindergarten Readiness	30.0%
Activities (in order of priority): 8. Home visiting programs (includes Parent Child Home Program) 9. Resource support for families from birth-to-three 10. Support for children with developmental delays 11. Social support and peer learning for families 12. Birth-to-Three services (DEEL)	
Community-based programs and activities to support good nutrition and physical activity	15.0%
Activities (in order of priority): 13. Community-based food and nutrition education 14. Physical activity vouchers, incentives, and scholarship programs 15. Good food bag/voucher programs in schools and childcare 16. Fresh Bucks to Go (HSD) 17. Out-of-School Time Nutrition Programs (HSD) 18. Farm to Table (HSD) 19. Community-based meal providers and programs	
Public awareness campaign about sugary drinks	9.5%
Activities (coordinated and complementary): 20. Mass media counter-marketing campaign led by a community-based organization 21. Youth-led counter-marketing campaign led by a community-based organization	
Support for people with obesity and diabetes	10.0%
Activities 22. Provision of healthy foods to people with diabetes or obesity 23. Community-based food and nutrition education	
Evaluation support for community-based organizations	3.0%
2019 SBT Revenues*	100.0%
Excludes the 20 percent set aside for one-time expenditures in the first five years of the tax, t	he tax

evaluation, and the administrative support for the CAB.

Pages 17-22

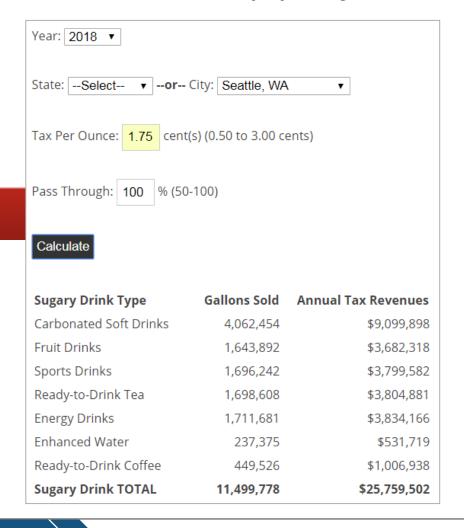
CAB Process

SBT will generate more revenue than the City projected



REVENUE CALCULATOR FOR SUGARY DRINK TAXES

Note: Recommended to reduce estimate by 10-20% to account for non-compliance and variation across jurisdictions. **Revised estimate would be \$21-22M.**



Recommendations on City RFP processes to advance race and social justice

Sweetened Beverage Tax Community Advisory Board

Date: August 21, 2018

To: Mayor Jenny Durkan

From: Sweetened Beverage Tax Community Advisory Board (CAB)

cc: Councilmember Bagshaw, Councilmember González, Councilmember Harrell,

Councilmember Herbold, Councilmember Johnson, Councilmember Juarez,
Councilmember Mosqueda, Councilmember O'Brien, Councilmember Sawant, Dwane

Chappelle, Jessica Finn Coven, Patty Hayes, Jason Johnson, Ben Noble

Subject: Recommendations for Request for Proposals funded by Sweetened Beverage Tax

revenues

Dear Mayor Durkan.

Please accept this letter as an integral supplement to our 2018 and 2019 budget recommendations, transmitted on July 5, 2018. The Sweetened Beverage Tax Community Advisory Board (CAB) believes that the people and communities most impacted by health and other disparities should be at the forefront when it comes to designing and implementing activities and services supported by the Sweetened Beverage Tax (SBT) revenues. This is why the CAB has spent considerable time and energy to develop additional recommendations focused not just on what should be funded with SBT dollars, but the processes for how funds are granted and contracted to community-based organizations.

Institutional practices often reinforce and perpetuate racial inequities. A November 2017 study by Equity Matters and commissioned by the City of Seattle Office of Sustainability & Environment/Equity & Environment Initiative reported the following about the City's current grantmaking processes and practices: City processes center the City over communities of color; are burdensome for communities of color; practice racial equity in name only; and while there is high trust in individuals working in City government, there is low trust for the institution.

We recognize that doing the work of structural change towards racial equity is complex, will take time to achieve, and it is something the City is working on. The CAB affirms the City's efforts and offers these

"Institutional practices often reinforce and perpetuate racial inequities."

Janky

James Krieger, MD, MPH Co-Chair Cu

Christina Wong, Co-Chair uest for Proposals / Request for Information funded by Sweetened Beverage Tax revenues

ns focus on the process for granting Sweetened Beverage Tax funds to ns and the role of the Sweetened Beverage Tax Community Advisory

rants

pplicants and ensure that organizations of a similar size and capacity are eanother, use two funding tiers. One tier should be designed for smaller, .g. grants that are \$25,000 to \$50,000 per year, use shorter and easier e fewer administrative requirements, etc.). The other tier should be for 0,000 per year and above) and intended for organizations with higher

for SBT grant funds to be used for general operating funds, so long as onstrate that their use of the operating funds is related to the activities d by the SBT grant. This is important from the perspective of equity and these are programmatic grants, organizations may under-fund their

5:

intees, grants should be two-year awards.

ants should be 2.5-year awards to enable a 6-month planning, training, g phase. Grantees that may not have the available cash flow to support ming (see *Contracting* section below) should be able to receive 6-12 ront.

ipped to provide—or contract with a consultant to provide—meaningful al assistance and support to the grantees during the planning phase (see an section below).

guide the RFP design, process, and investments:

Il programs and activities should focus on reaching communities of color, people with low income, and individuals with limited English proficiency. munities are also a priority and should be supported to participate in s. These are also populations that are disproportionately targeted by the

as: Programs and activities should focus on areas where communities of gees, people with low income and individuals with limited English

proficiency live.

Community-driven: Programs and activities should be led or guided by community-based organizations with authentic connections to the focus community. Include explicit requirements

Topics addressed in RFP recommendations

- Size, scale and duration of community grants
- Guiding principles for designing an RFP process
- Application materials and process
- Role of CAB in the RFP process
- Priority applicants
- Selection criteria
- Learning and evaluation

"You take the bad sugar in pop and turn it into good nutrition at the markets. That's a job well done. Thank you."

- Fresh Bucks customer who called the program office to say thanks

SBT Program Highlights

Fresh Bucks

'I am a diabetic and with Fresh Bucks I can eat a lot of vegetables, and I see improvements in my health. Now, I am telling others to also eat more fresh produce.' Trunesh, Fresh Bucks Customer **LEARN MORE:** FreshBuckSeattle.org BUCKS



Photos used with permission of the Fresh Bucks program

Fresh Bucks to Go





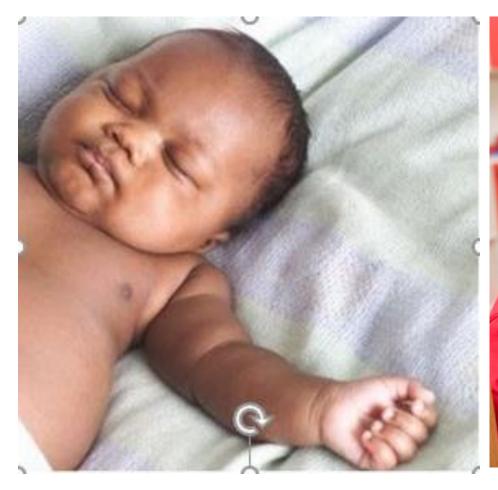
Photo credit: Marcela Gara, Resource Media

Farm to Table





Birth-to-Three Services





CAB Process

SBT Community Advisory Board

Member

Ahmed Ali, PharmD

Christina Wong

Dila K. Perera

Jen Hey, RD

James Krieger, MD, MPH

Laura Cantrell Flores

Leika Suzumura, RD

Lisa Chen

Mackenzie Chase

Yolanda Matthews

Affiliation*

Executive Director, Somali Health Board

Director of Public Policy & Advocacy, Northwest Harvest

Executive Director, Open Arms Perinatal Services

Healthy King County Coalition, WSU Extension SNAP-Ed

Executive Director, Healthy Food America; Clinical Professor of Medicine

& Public Health at University of Washington

Community Member

Community Nutrition Educator

Executive Director, FEEST

Save the Children Action Network

Got Green

*Affiliations provided for identification purposes only

