

September 17, 2018

MEMORANDUM

To: Planning, Land Use and Zoning Committee

From: Yolanda Ho, Council Central Staff

Subject: Amended SDCI Curb Ramp ORD (Council Bill 119333)

Background

On August 15, 2018, the Planning, Land Use and Zoning Committee (Committee) introduced Council Bill (CB) 119333, regarding the installation of curbs, curb ramps, and accessible crossings for certain types of new development. The Committee will hold a public hearing for this legislation on September 19, 2018.

The Seattle Department of Construction and Inspections (SDCI) drafted this bill to increase accessibility for all users of pedestrian corridors. Currently, the Seattle Municipal Code (SMC) requires that certain types of development install sidewalks adjacent to the lot but does not require curb ramps or accessible crossings. This legislation will require the following:

- Installation of curbs, curb ramps, and accessible crossings where sidewalks are already required; and
- Within Urban Centers and Urban Villages, if existing sidewalks, curbs, curb ramps, and accessible crossings do not meet the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual, they will need to be installed if missing or reconfigured if non-conforming

Projects currently exempt from installing sidewalks are also exempt from these new requirements.

Proposed amendments

SDCI requested to amend the legislation to clarify that the requirements apply to subdivision for the purposes of new development, thus excluding unit lot subdivision. The amended bill also corrects some typographical errors and inconsistencies with other sections of the SMC. Attachment A provides a detailed description of the changes. Attachment B is the amended bill.

Recommendation

The Committee should approve the amendments as proposed.

cc: Kirstan Arestad, Central Staff Director Ketil Freeman, Supervising Analyst

Attachment A: Detailed description of amendments to SDCI Curb Ramp ORD (CB 119333)

Location	Amendment
(Page #, Line #)	
2, 12	Added "other than unit lots"
2, 18	Added "other than unit lots"
3, 4	Added "other than unit lots"
3, 14	Added "other than unit lots"
3, 23	Added "a," removed "s"
4, 1	Added "other than unit lots"
4, 13	Added "a"
6, 16	Replaced "impractical" with "impracticable" to match American with Disabilities
	Act (ADA) language
6, 20	Replaced "impractical" with "impracticable" to match ADA language
7, 6	Replaced 20 percent with 15 as maximum driveway slope, as per SMC
	23.54.030.D.3
14, 9	Removed underline from "curb installation"
27, 9	Replaced 20 percent with 15 as maximum driveway slope, as per SMC
	23.54.030.D.3

Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15 CITY OF SEATTLE 1 2 ORDINANCE _____ 3 COUNCIL BILL ____ 4 ..title 5 AN ORDINANCE relating to land use and zoning; amending Sections 11.14.150, 23.53.006, 6 23.53.015, 23.53.020, 23.84A.002, 23.84A.006, and 23.84A.030 of the Seattle Municipal 7 Code for pedestrian access and circulation and to make corrections. 8 ..body 9 BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS: 10 Section 1. Section 11.14.150 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 11 108200, is amended as follows: 12 11.14.150 Curb ramp ((.))"Curb ramp" means that portion of the sidewalk ((area which)) that provides a direct connection 13 14 between the roadway level and the constructed sidewalk level, for the purpose of allowing 15 persons and persons operating wheeled devices to have ((convenient)) access between the 16 roadway and sidewalk according to Standards for Accessible Design, 28 Code of Federal 17 Regulations ("C.F.R.") § 35.151 and 36 C.F.R. Part 1191, and Appendices B and D. Section 2. Section 23.53.006 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 18 19 125272, is amended as follows: 20 23.53.006 Pedestrian access and circulation 21 A. General requirements. Pedestrian access and circulation are required on all streets in 22 all zones as set forth in this Section 23.53.006. 23 1. Pedestrian access and circulation improvements shall meet the standards in the 24 Right-of-Way Improvements Manual for sidewalks, ((and)) pedestrian walkways, curbs, curb 25 ramps, and accessible crossings.

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	2. Curb ramps are required when: the proposed development is on or creates a
2	corner lot; or when the Director as a Type I decision and in consultation with the Director of
3	Transportation finds a potential for a pedestrian connection exists due to unique lot conditions,
4	including but not limited to a "T" intersection. Curb ramps shall meet Americans with
5	Disabilities Act (ADA) standards.
6	3. The regulations in this Section 23.53.006 are not intended to preclude the use
7	of Chapter 25.05 ((, the Seattle SEPA Rules,)) to mitigate adverse environmental impacts.
8	B. Dedication of ((New Streets)) new streets. Sidewalks, ((and)) curbs, and curb ramps
9	are required when new streets are dedicated.
10	C. Within urban centers and urban villages ((-))
11	1. Within urban centers and urban villages, sidewalks, curbs, and curb ramps are
12	required ((whenever)) when new lots, other than unit lots, are created through the full or short
13	subdivision platting process ((, including full and short subdivisions and unit lot subdivisions,))
14	or ((whenever)) when development is proposed on a lot that abuts any existing street without a
15	sidewalk ((5)) in any zone, except as specified in subsection 23.53.006.F.
16	2. Within urban centers and urban villages, if the existing sidewalks, curbs, curb
17	ramps, and accessible crossings do not comply with the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual,
18	they shall be brought into compliance when new lots, other than unit lots, are created through the
19	full or short subdivision process or when development is proposed that abuts any existing street
20	in any zone, except as specified in subsection 23.53.006.F.
21	D. Outside ((Urban Centers)) urban centers and ((Urban Villages)) urban villages.
22	Outside of ((Urban Centers)) urban centers and ((Urban Villages)) urban villages, sidewalks,

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	curbs, and curb ramps are required on an existing street in any of the following circumstances,
2	except as provided in subsection 23.53.006.F.
3	1. In any zone with a pedestrian designation, sidewalks, curbs, and curb ramps are
4	required ((if)) when new lots, other than unit lots, are created through the full or short
5	<u>subdivision</u> platting process ((, including full and short subdivisions)) or ((if)) <u>when</u> development
6	is proposed.
7	2. ((On)) In industrial zones, on streets designated on Map A for 23.50.016,
8	sidewalks, curbs, and curb ramps are required ((if)) when new lots are created through the full or
9	short subdivision platting process ((, including full and short subdivisions)) or ((if)) when
10	development is proposed. Sidewalks, curbs, and curb ramps are required only for the portion of
11	the lot that abuts the designated street.
12	3. On arterials, except in IG1 and IG2 zones and on lots in IB zones that are not
13	directly across the street from or abutting a lot in a residential or commercial zone, sidewalks,
14	curbs, and curb ramps are required ((if)) when new lots, other than unit lots, are created through
15	the <u>full or short subdivision</u> platting process ((, including full and short subdivisions)) or ((if))
16	when development is proposed. Sidewalks, curbs, and curb ramps are required only for the
17	portion of the lot that abuts the arterial.
18	4. In SF and LR1 zones, sidewalks, curbs, and curb ramps are required ((if)) when
19	ten or more lots are created through the <u>full subdivision</u> platting process ((, including full and
20	short subdivisions and unit lot subdivisions,)) or ((if)) when ten or more dwelling units are
21	developed.
22	5. Outside of SF and LR1 zones, except in IG1 and IG2 zones and on lots in IB
23	zones that are not directly across the street from or abutting $\underline{\underline{a}}$ lot $\underline{\underline{s}}$ in a residential or commercial

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD
1	zone, sidewalks, curbs, and curb ramps are required ((if)) when six or more lots, other than unit
2	<u>lots</u> , are created through the <u>full or short subdivision</u> platting process ((, including full and short
3	subdivisions, unit lot subdivisions,)) or ((if)) when six or more dwelling units are developed.
4	6. In all zones, except IG1 and IG2 zones and on lots in IB zones that are not
5	directly across the street from or abutting a lot in a residential or commercial zone, sidewalks,
6	<u>curbs</u> , and <u>curb ramps</u> are required ((if)) <u>when</u> the following nonresidential uses are developed:
7	a. 750 square feet or more of gross floor area of major and minor vehicle
8	repair uses and multipurpose retail sales; or
9	b. 4,000 square feet or more of nonresidential uses not listed in subsection
10	23.53.006.D.6.a.
11	E. Requirements for ((Pedestrian Walkways)) pedestrian walkways in ((Certain Industrial
12	Zones)) central industrial zones. In IG1 and IG2 zones, and on lots in IB zones that are not
13	directly across the street from or abutting $\underline{\underline{a}}$ lot in a residential or commercial zone, ((whenever))
14	when development is proposed on existing streets that do not have curbs, a pedestrian walkway
15	with accessible crossings is required, except as provided in subsection 23.53.006.F.
16	F. Exceptions. The following exceptions to pedestrian access and circulation
17	requirements and standards apply:
18	1. Projects exempt from requirements. Pedestrian access and circulation
19	improvements are not required for the following types of projects:
20	a. ((ehange)) <u>Change</u> of use;
21	b. ((alterations)) Alterations to existing structures;
22	c. ((additions)) Additions to existing structures that are exempt from
23	environmental review;

Attachment B
Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho
SDCI Curb Ramp ORD
D15

	SDCI Curb Ramp ORD
1	d. ((construction)) Construction of a detached structure accessory to a
2	single-family dwelling unit ((located)) in any zone, if the property owner enters into a no-
3	protest agreement, as authorized by chapter 35.43 RCW, ((35.43,)) to future pedestrian access
4	and circulation improvements and that agreement is recorded with the King County Recorder;
5	e. ((construction)) Construction of a single-family dwelling unit on a lot
6	in any zone, if the property owner enters into a no-protest agreement, as authorized by <u>chapter</u>
7	35.43 RCW, ((35.43,)) to future pedestrian access and circulation improvements and that
8	agreement is recorded with the King County Recorder, and if at least one of the following
9	conditions is met:
10	1) ((the)) The lot is ((located)) on a block front where there are no
11	existing pedestrian access and circulation improvements within 100 feet of the lot; or
12	2) ((construction)) Construction of pedestrian access and
13	circulation improvements is not necessary because, for example, the existing right-of-way has
14	suitable width and surface treatment for pedestrian use; or the existing right-of-way has a
15	limited amount of existing and potential vehicular traffic; or the Director anticipates limited, if
16	any, additional development near the lot because the development near the lot is at or near
17	zoned capacity under current zoning designations; ((-))
18	f. ((expansions)) Expansions of surface parking, outdoor storage, outdoor
19	sales and outdoor display of rental equipment of less than 20 percent of the parking, storage,
20	sales or display area, or number of parking spaces; ((and))
21	g. ((in)) In IG1 and IG2 zones, and on lots in IB zones that are not
22	directly across the street from or abutting a lot in a residential or commercial zone, the addition
23	of:

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	1) ((fewer)) <u>Fewer</u> than ten artist's studio dwellings;
2	2) ((less)) <u>Less</u> than 750 square feet of gross floor area of major
3	and minor vehicle repair uses and multipurpose retail sales; and
4	3) Less than 4,000 square feet of gross floor area of non-
5	residential uses not listed in subsection 23.53.006.F.1.g.2; and
6	h. ((construction)) Construction of a new non-residential structure of up
7	to 4,000 square feet of gross floor area if the structure is at least 50 feet from any lot line
8	abutting an existing street that does not have pedestrian access and circulation improvements.
9	2. Waiver or ((Modification)) modification of ((Pedestrian Access)) pedestrian
10	access and ((Circulation Requirements)) circulation requirements.
11	a. The Director, in consultation with the Director of Transportation, may
12	waive or modify pedestrian access and circulation requirements when one or more of the
13	following conditions are met. The waiver or modification shall provide the minimum relief
14	necessary to accommodate site conditions while maximizing pedestrian access and circulation.
15	1) Location in an environmentally critical area or buffer makes
16	installation of a sidewalk, curb, and/or curb ramp structurally ((impractical)) impracticable or
17	((undesirable)) technically infeasible;
18	2) The existence of a bridge, viaduct, or structure such as a
19	substantial retaining wall in proximity to the project site makes installation of a sidewalk, curb,
20	and/or curb ramp structurally ((impractical)) impracticable or ((undesirable)) technically
21	infeasible;

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD
1	3) Sidewalk, curb, and/or curb ramp construction would result in
2	undesirable disruption of existing drainage patterns, or disturbance to or removal of natural
3	features such as significant trees or other valuable and character-defining mature vegetation; or
4	4) Sidewalk, curb, and/or curb ramp construction would preclude
5	vehicular access to the lot, for example on project sites where topography would render
6	driveway access in excess of the maximum $((\frac{20}{20}))$ 15 percent slope.
7	3. Deviation from ((Sidewalk Standards)) sidewalk, curb, and curb ramp
8	standards. The Director of Transportation may grant a deviation from sidewalk, curb, and curb
9	ramp standards specified in the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual through the Deviation
10	Request Process ((in order)) to address environmental, ((and)) sustainability, or accessibility
11	issues ((through the use of an)) if the deviation provides access to the maximum extent feasible
12	with a substantially equivalent alternative ((sidewalk)) design ((and/or)) or materials.
13	4. Notwithstanding any provision of Section 23.76.026, the applicant for a Master
14	Use Permit or a building permit to which the Land Use Code in effect prior to ((the effective date
15	of the ordinance enacting this subsection F.4)) October 30, 2009 applies may, by written
16	election, use the exemptions in subsections 23.53.006.F.1, <u>23.53.006.</u> F.2, and <u>23.53.006.</u> F.3.
17	Section 3. Section 23.53.015 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
18	125603, is amended as follows:
19	23.53.015 Improvement requirements for existing streets in residential and commercial
20	zones
21	A. General requirements
22	1. If new lots are proposed to be created, or if any type of development is
23	proposed in residential or commercial zones, existing streets abutting the lot(s) are required to be

Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD 1 improved in accordance with this Section 23.53.015 and Section 23.53.006. ((, Pedestrian access 2 and circulation.)) A setback from the lot line, or dedication of right-of-way, may be required to 3 accommodate the improvements. One or more of the following types of improvements may be 4 required under this Section 23.53.015: 5 a. Pavement; ((b. Curb installation;)) 6 ((e)) b. Drainage; 7 8 ((d)) c. Grading to future right-of-way grade; 9 ((e)) d. Design of structures to accommodate future right-of-way grade; 10 ((f)) e. No-protest agreements; and 11 ((g)) f. Planting of street trees and other landscaping. 12 2. Subsection 23.53.015.D contains exceptions from the standard requirements for 13 street improvements, including exceptions for streets that already have curbs, projects that are 14 smaller than a certain size, and for special circumstances, such as location in an environmentally 15 critical area or buffer. 3. Off-site improvements, such as provision of drainage systems or fire access 16 17 roads, shall be required pursuant to the authority of this Code or other ordinances to mitigate the 18 impacts of development. 19 4. Detailed requirements for street improvements are ((located)) in the Right-of-20 Way Improvements Manual. 21 5. The regulations in this Section 23.53.015 are not intended to preclude the use 22 of Chapter 25.05 ((of the Seattle Municipal Code, the Seattle SEPA Ordinance,)) to mitigate 23 adverse environmental impacts.

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	lot is located shall be provided in the portion of the street right-of-way abutting the lot, as
2	specified in the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual.
3	2. If necessary to accommodate the right-of-way and roadway widths specified in
4	the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual, dedication of right-of-way is required. If an existing
5	arterial street has less than the minimum right-of-way width established in subsection
6	23.53.015.A.6, dedication of additional right-of-way equal to half the difference between the
7	current right-of-way width and the minimum right-of-way width established in subsection
8	23.53.015.A.6 is required.
9	* * *
10	D. Exceptions
11	1. Streets with existing curbs
12	a. Streets with right-of-way greater than or equal to the minimum right-of-
13	way width. If a street with existing curbs abuts a lot and the existing right-of-way is greater than
14	or equal to the minimum width established in subsection 23.53.015.A.6, but the roadway width is
15	less than the minimum established in the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual, the following
16	requirements shall be met:
17	1) All structures on the lot shall be designed and built to
18	accommodate the grade of the future street improvements.
19	2) A no-protest agreement to future street improvements is
20	required, as authorized by chapter 35.43 RCW. The agreement shall be recorded with the King
21	County Recorder.
22	3) Pedestrian access and circulation ((is)) are required as specified
23	in Section 23.53.006.

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	b. Streets with less than the minimum right-of-way width. If a street with
2	existing curbs abuts a lot and the existing right-of-way is less than the minimum width
3	established in subsection 23.53.015.A.6, the following requirements shall be met:
4	1) Setback requirement. A setback equal to half the difference
5	between the current right-of-way width and the minimum right-of-way width established in
6	subsection 23.53.015.A.6 is required; provided, however, that if a setback has been provided
7	under this provision, other lots on the block shall provide the same setback. In all residential
8	zones except Highrise zones, an additional 3-foot setback is also required. The area of the
9	setback may be used to meet any development standard, except that required parking may not be
10	((located)) in the setback. Underground structures that would not prevent the future widening and
11	improvement of the right-of-way may be permitted in the required setback by the Director after
12	consulting with the Director of Transportation. Encroachments into this setback shall not be
13	considered structural building overhangs, but the encroachment is limited to the standards set
14	forth in Section 23.53.035.
15	2) Grading requirement. If a setback is required, all structures on
16	the lot shall be designed and built to accommodate the grade of the future street, as specified in
17	the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual.
18	3) No-protest agreement requirement. A no-protest agreement to
19	future street improvements is required, as authorized by chapter 35.43 RCW. The agreement
20	shall be recorded with the King County Recorder.
21	4) Pedestrian access and circulation ((is)) are required as specified

in Section 23.53.006.

22

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD
1	2. Projects with reduced improvement requirements((-,))
2	a. One or two dwelling units. If no more than two new dwelling units are
3	proposed to be constructed, or no more than two new single-family zoned lots are proposed to be
4	created, the following requirements shall be met:
5	1) If there is no existing hard-surfaced roadway, a crushed-rock
6	roadway at least 16 feet in width is required, as specified in ((Director's Rule 22-2005,)) the
7	Right-of-Way Improvements Manual.
8	2) All structures on the lot(s) shall be designed and built to
9	accommodate the grade of the future street improvements.
10	3) A no-protest agreement to future street improvements is
11	required, as authorized by ((RCW Chapter)) chapter 35.43 RCW. The agreement shall be
12	recorded with the King County Recorder.
13	4) Pedestrian access and circulation ((is)) are required as specified
14	in ((by)) Section 23.53.006.
15	b. Other projects with reduced requirements. The types of projects listed in
16	this subsection 23.53.015.D.2.b are exempt from right-of-way dedication requirements and are
17	subject to the street improvement requirements of this subsection 23.53.015.D.2.b, except as
18	waived or modified pursuant to subsection 23.53.015.D.3:
19	1) Types of projects ((-))
20	a) Proposed developments that contain more than two but
21	fewer than ten units in SF, RSL, and LR1 zones, or fewer than six residential units in all other
22	zones, or proposed short plats in which no more than two additional lots are proposed to be
23	created, except as provided in ((Section)) subsection 23.53.015.D.2.a;

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	b) The following uses if they are smaller than 750 square
2	feet of gross floor area: major and minor vehicle repair uses, and multipurpose retail sales uses;
3	c) Non-residential structures that have less than 4,000
4	square feet of gross floor area and that do not contain uses listed in subsection
5	23.53.015.D.2.b.1.b that are larger than 750 square feet;
6	d) Structures containing a mix of residential uses and either
7	nonresidential uses or live-work units, if there are fewer than ten units in SF, RSL, and LR1
8	zones, or fewer than six residential units in all other zones, and the square footage of
9	nonresidential use is less than specified in subsections ((23.53.D.2.b.1).b) and D.2.b.1).c)))
10	23.53.015.D.2.b.1.b and 23.53.015.D.2.b.1.c;
11	e) Remodeling and use changes within existing structures;
12	f) Additions to existing structures that are exempt from
13	environmental review; and
14	g) Expansions of surface parking, outdoor storage, outdoor
15	sales, or outdoor display of rental equipment of less than 20 percent of the parking, storage,
16	sales, or display area or number of parking spaces.
17	2) Paving requirement. For the types of projects listed in
18	subsection 23.53.015.D.2.b.1, the streets abutting the lot shall have a hard-surfaced roadway at
19	least 18 feet wide. If there is not an 18-foot-wide hard-surfaced roadway, the roadway shall be
20	paved to a width of at least 20 feet from the lot to the nearest hard-surfaced street meeting this
21	requirement, or 100 feet, whichever is less. Streets that form a dead end at the property to be
22	developed shall be improved with a cul-de-sac or other vehicular turnaround as specified in the
23	Right-of-Way Improvements Manual. As a Type 1 decision, the Director, after consulting with

Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD the Director of Transportation, shall determine whether the street has the potential for being 1 2 extended or whether it forms a dead end because of topography ((and/or)) or the layout of the 3 street system. 4 3) Other requirements. The requirements of subsection 5 23.53.015.D.1.b shall also be met. 3. Exceptions from required street improvements. As a Type 1 decision, the 6 7 Director, in consultation with the Director of Transportation, may waive or modify the 8 requirements for paving and drainage, dedication, setbacks, grading, no-protest agreements, and 9 landscaping $((\frac{1}{2})$ and curb installation)) if one or more of the following conditions are met. The 10 waiver or modification shall provide the minimum relief necessary to accommodate site 11 conditions while maximizing access and circulation. 12 a. Location in an environmentally critical area or buffer, disruption of 13 existing drainage patterns, or removal of natural features such as significant trees or other 14 valuable and character-defining mature vegetation makes widening ((and/or)) or improving the 15 right-of-way impractical or undesirable. 16 b. The existence of a bridge, viaduct, or structure such as a substantial 17 retaining wall in proximity to the project site makes widening ((and/or)) or improving the right-18 of-way impractical or undesirable. 19 c. Widening the right-of-way ((and/or)) or improving the street would 20 adversely affect the character of the street, as it is defined in an adopted neighborhood plan or 21 adopted City plan for green streets, boulevards, or other special rights-of-way, or would 22 otherwise conflict with the stated goals of such a plan.

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	d. Widening ((and/or)) or improving the right-of-way would preclude
2	vehicular access to an existing lot.
3	e. Widening ((and/or)) or improving the right-of-way would make
4	building on a lot infeasible by reducing it to dimensions where development standards cannot
5	reasonably be met.
6	f. One or more substantial principal structures on the same side of the
7	block as the proposed project are ((located)) in the area needed for future expansion of the right-
8	of-way and the structure(s)' condition and size make future widening of the remainder of the
9	right-of-way unlikely.
10	g. Widening ((and/or)) or improving the right-of-way is impractical
11	because topography would preclude the use of the street for vehicular access to the lot, for
12	example due to an inability to meet the required 15 percent maximum driveway slope.
13	h. Widening ((and/or)) or improving the right-of-way is not necessary
14	because it is adequate for current and potential vehicular traffic, for example, due to the limited
15	number of lots served by the development or because the development on the street is at zoned
16	capacity.
17	Section 4. Section 23.53.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
18	123649, is amended as follows:
19	23.53.020 Improvement requirements for existing streets in industrial zones
20	A. General ((Requirements.)) requirements
21	1. If new lots are created or any type of development is proposed in an industrial
22	zone, existing streets abutting the lot(s) are required to be improved in accordance with this

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD
1	Section 23.53.020 and Section 23.53.006((, Pedestrian access and circulation)). One or more of
2	the following types of improvements may be required by this ((section)) Section 23.53.020:
3	a. Pavement;
4	((b. Curb installation;))
5	((e)) <u>b</u> . Drainage;
6	((d)) <u>c</u> . Grading to future right-of-way grade;
7	((e)) <u>d</u> . Design of structures to accommodate future right-of-way grade;
8	((f)) e. No-protest agreements; and
9	((g)) <u>f</u> . Planting of street trees and other landscaping.
10	A setback from the property line, or dedication of right-of-way, may be required
11	to accommodate the improvements.
12	2. Subsection 23.53.020.E ((of this section)) contains exceptions from the
13	standard requirements for street improvements, including exceptions for streets that already have
14	curbs, projects that are smaller than a certain size, and for special circumstances, such as location
15	in an environmentally critical area.
16	3. Off-site improvements such as provision of drainage systems or fire access
17	roads $((,))$ shall be required pursuant to the authority of this Code or other ordinances to mitigate
18	the impacts of development.
19	4. Detailed requirements for street improvements are ((located)) in the Right-of-
20	Way Improvements Manual.
21	5. The regulations in this Section 23.53.020 are not intended to preclude the use
22	of Chapter 25.05 ((of the Seattle Municipal Code, the Seattle SEPA Ordinance,)) to mitigate
23	adverse environmental impacts.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

6. Minimum ((Right-of-way Widths.)) right-of-way widths

a. Arterials. The minimum right-of-way widths for arterials designated on the Arterial street map, Section 11.18.010, are as specified in the Right-of-Way Improvements

b. Non-arterials((-))

1) The minimum right-of-way width for an existing street that is not an arterial designated on the Arterial street map, Section 11.18.010, is as shown on Table A

Table A for 23.53.020

Minimum ((Right-of-way Widths)) right-of-way widths for ((Existing Nonarterial Streets)) existing nonarterial streets

Zone ((Category)) category	((Right-of-Way Widths)) <u>Required Right-of-way widths (in feet)</u>
1. IB, IC	52 ((feet))
2. IG1, IG2	56 ((feet))

2) If a block is split into more than one zone, the zone category with the most frontage shall determine the minimum width on Table A for 23.53.020. If the zone categories have equal frontage, the one with the wider requirement shall be used to determine the minimum right-of-way width.

- B. Improvements on ((Designated Streets)) designated streets in ((All Industrial Zones)) all industrial zones. In all industrial zones, except as provided in subsection 23.53.020.E, if a lot abuts a street designated on ((the Industrial Streets Landscaping Map,)) Map A for 23.50.016, the following on-site improvements shall be provided:
- 1. Dedication ((Requirement)) requirement. If the street right-of-way is less than the minimum width established in subsection 23.53.020.A.6, dedication of additional right-ofway equal to half the difference between the current right-of-way and the minimum right-of-way

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD
1	width established in subsection 23.53.020.A.6 is required; provided, however, that if right-of-
2	way has been dedicated since 1982, other lots on the block are not required to dedicate more than
3	that amount of right-of-way.
4	2. Improvement ((Requirements)) requirements. A paved roadway with ((a
5	eoncrete curb,)) pedestrian access and circulation as required by Section 23.53.006 and drainage
6	facilities shall be provided in the portion of the street right-of-way abutting the lot, as specified
7	in the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual.
8	3. Street ((Trees.)) <u>trees</u>
9	a. Street trees shall be provided along designated street frontages. Street
10	trees shall be provided in the planting strip as specified in ((City Tree Planting Standards)) the
11	Street Tree Manual.
12	b. Exceptions to ((Street Tree Requirements.)) street tree requirements
13	1) Street trees required by subsection 23.53.020.B.3.a may be
14	located on the lot at least 2 feet from the street lot line instead of in the planting strip if:
15	a) Existing trees ((and/or)) or landscaping on the lot
16	provide improvements substantially equivalent to those required in this Section 23.53.020;
17	b) It is not feasible to plant street trees according to City
18	standards. A 5-foot-deep landscaped setback area is required along the street property lines and
19	trees shall be planted there. If an on-site landscaped area is already required, the trees shall be
20	planted there if they cannot be placed in the planting strip.
21	C. General Industrial 1 and 2 (IG1 and IG2) ((Zones)) zones. Except as provided in
22	subsection 23.53.020.E ((of this section)), the following improvements shall be required in IG1
23	and IG2 zones, in addition to the pedestrian access and circulation requirements of Section

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD
1	23.53.006. Further improvements may be required on streets designated in subsection
2	23.53.020.B ((of this section)).
3	1. Setback ((Requirement)) requirement. When the right-of-way abutting a lot has
4	less than the minimum width established in subsection 23.53.020.A.6 ((of this section)), a
5	setback equal to half the difference between the current right-of-way width and the minimum
6	right-of-way width established in subsection <u>23.53.020.</u> A _{.6} ((of this section)) is required;
7	provided, however, that if a setback has been provided under this provision, other lots on the
8	block shall provide the same setback. The area of the setback may be used to meet any
9	development standard, except that required parking may not be ((located)) in the setback.
10	Underground structures that would not prevent the future widening and improvement of the
11	right-of-way may be permitted in the required setback by the Director ((-,)) after consulting with
12	the Director of Transportation.
13	2. Grading ((Requirement)) requirement. When an existing street abutting a lot is
14	less than the width established in subsection 23.53.020.A.6 ((of this section)), all structures shall
15	be designed and built to accommodate the grade of the future street improvements.
16	3. Fire ((Access)) access. If the lot does not have vehicular access from a street or
17	private easement that meets the regulations for fire access roads in Chapter 10 of the Seattle Fire
18	Code, such access shall be provided. When an existing street does not meet these regulations, the
19	Chief of the Fire Department may approve an alternative that provides adequate emergency
20	vehicle access.
21	4. Dead-end ((Streets)) streets. Streets that form a dead end at the property to be
22	developed shall be improved with a cul-de-sac or other vehicular turnaround as specified in the
23	Right-of-Way Improvements Manual. The Director, after consulting with the Director of

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	Transportation, shall determine whether the street has the potential for being extended or whether
2	it forms a dead end because of topography and/or the layout of the street system.
3	5. No-protest ((Agreement Requirement)) agreement requirement. When a
4	setback is required by subsection 23.53.020.C.1, or a pedestrian walkway is required as specified
5	in Section 23.53.006, a no-protest agreement to future street improvements shall be required, as
6	authorized by ((RCW Chapter)) chapter 35.43 RCW. The agreement shall be recorded with the
7	King County Recorder ((Department of Records and Elections)).
8	D. Industrial Buffer (IB) and Industrial Commercial (IC) ((Zones)) zones. Except as
9	provided in subsection 23.53.020.E ((of this section)), the following improvements are required
10	in IB and IC zones, in addition to the pedestrian access and circulation requirements of Section
11	23.53.006. Further improvements may be required on streets designated in subsection
12	23.53.020.B ((of this section)).
13	1. The requirements of this subsection <u>23.53.020.</u> D.1 shall apply when projects
14	are proposed on lots in IB zones that are directly across a street from, or that abut, a lot in a
15	residential or commercial zone, and to all projects in IC zones:
16	a. Improvements to ((Arterials.)) arterials
17	((())1) When a street is designated as an arterial on ((Exhibit
18	23.53.015 A,)) the Arterial street map, Section 11.18.010, a paved roadway ((with a curb)),
19	pedestrian access and circulation as required by Section 23.53.006, drainage facilities, and any
20	landscaping required by the zone in which the lot is located shall be provided in the portion of
21	the street right-of-way abutting the lot, as specified in the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual.

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	$(((\cdot))^2)$ If necessary to accommodate the right-of-way widths
2	specified in the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual, dedication of right-of-way shall be
3	required.
4	b. Improvements to ((Nonarterial Streets.)) nonarterial streets
5	((())1) Non-arterial ((Streets With Right of way Greater Than or
6	Equal to the Minimum Right of Way Width.)) streets with right-of-way greater than or equal to
7	the minimum right-of-way width.
8	((i. Improvement Requirements.)) a) Improvement
9	requirements. When an existing non-arterial street right-of-way is greater than or equal to the
10	minimum right-of-way width established in subsection 23.53.020. A.6 ((of this section)), a paved
11	roadway with pedestrian access and circulation as required by Section 23.53.006 ((5)) drainage
12	facilities, and any landscaping required by the zone in which the lot is located shall be provided
13	in the portion of the street right-of-way abutting the lot, as specified in the Right-of-Way
14	Improvements Manual.
15	((ii. Fire Access.)) b) Fire access. If the lot does not have
16	vehicular access from a street or private easement that meets the regulations for fire access roads
17	in Chapter 10 of the Seattle Fire Code, such access shall be provided. When an existing street
18	does not meet these regulations, the Chief of the Fire Department may approve an alternative that
19	provides adequate emergency vehicle access.
20	((iii. Dead end Streets.)) c) Dead-end streets. Streets that
21	form a dead end at the property to be developed shall be improved with a cul-de-sac or other
22	vehicular turnaround as specified in the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual. The Director, after
23	consulting with the Director of Transportation, shall determine whether the street has the

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD
1	potential for being extended or whether it forms a dead end because of topography ((and/or)) or
2	the layout of the street system.
3	((())2) Non-arterial ((Streets With Less Than the Minimum Right of Way
4	Width.)) streets with less than the minimum right-of-way width
5	((i. Dedication Requirement.)) a) Dedication requirement.
6	When an existing non-arterial street has less than the minimum right-of-way established in
7	subsection <u>23.53.020.</u> A.6 ((of this section)), dedication of additional right-of-way equal to half
8	the difference between the current right-of-way width and the minimum right-of-way width
9	established in subsection 23.53.020.A.6 ((of this section)) is required; provided, however, that if
10	right-of-way has been dedicated since 1982, other lots on the block shall not be required to
11	dedicate more than that amount of right-of-way.
12	((ii. Improvement Requirement.)) b) Improvement
13	requirement. A paved roadway with pedestrian access and circulation as required by Section
14	23.53.006, drainage facilities, and any landscaping required by the zone in which the lot is
15	located shall be provided in the portion of the street right-of-way abutting the lot, as specified in
16	the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual.
17	((iii. Fire Access.)) c) Fire access. If the lot does not have
18	vehicular access from a street or private easement that meets the regulations for fire access roads
19	in Chapter 10 of the Seattle Fire Code, such access shall be provided. When an existing street
20	does not meet these regulations, the Chief of the Fire Department may approve an alternative that
21	provides adequate emergency vehicle access.
22	((iv. Dead-end Streets.)) d) Dead-end streets. Streets that
23	form a dead end at the property to be developed shall be improved with a cul-de-sac or other

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	vehicular turnaround as specified in the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual. The Director, after
2	consulting with the Director of Transportation, shall determine whether the street has the
3	potential for being extended or whether it forms a dead end because of topography ((and/or)) or
4	the layout of the street system.
5	2. When projects are proposed on lots in IB zones that are not directly across a
6	street from, and do not abut, a lot in a residential or commercial zone, the requirements of
7	subsection <u>23.53.020.</u> C ((of this section)) shall be met.
8	E. Exceptions((-))
9	1. Streets ((With Existing Curbs.)) with existing curbs
10	a. Streets ((With Right of way Greater Than or Equal to the Minimum
11	Right-of-way Width)) with right-of-way greater than or equal to the minimum right-of-way
12	width. When a street with existing curbs abuts a lot, and improvements would be required by
13	subsections <u>23.53.020.</u> B or <u>23.53.020.</u> D ((of this section)), and the existing right-of-way is
14	greater than or equal to the minimum width established in subsection 23.53.020.A.6 ((of this
15	section)), but the roadway width is less than the minimum established in the Right-of-Way
16	Improvements Manual, the following requirements shall be met:
17	((())1) All structures on the lot shall be designed and built to
18	accommodate the grade of the future street improvements.
19	((())2) A no-protest agreement to future street improvements is
20	required, as authorized by ((RCW Chapter)) chapter 35.43 RCW. The agreement shall be
21	recorded with the title to the property with the King County Recorder ((Department of Records
22	and Elections)).

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	$((\frac{1}{2}))$ 3) $((\frac{1}{2})$ 4 there is no sidewalk, a sidewalk, shall be constructed,
2	except when an exception set forth in Section 23.53.006 is applicable.)) Pedestrian access and
3	circulation are required as specified in Section 23.53.006.
4	b. Streets ((With Less Than the Minimum Right-of-way Width)) with less
5	than the minimum right-of-way width. When a street with existing curbs abuts a lot and the
6	existing right-of-way is less than the minimum width established in subsection <u>23.53.020.</u> A <u>.</u> 6
7	((of this section)), the following requirements shall be met:
8	((())1) Setback ((Requirement)) requirement. A setback equal to
9	half the difference between the current right-of-way width and the minimum right-of-way width
10	established in subsection 23.53.020. A.6 ((of this section)) is required; provided, however, that if
11	a setback has been provided under this provision, other lots on the block shall provide the same
12	setback. The area of the setback may be used to meet any development standard, except that
13	required parking may not be ((located)) in the setback. Underground structures that would not
14	prevent the future widening and improvements of the right-of-way may be permitted in the
15	required setback by the Director after consulting with the Director of Transportation.
16	(((i))2) Grading $((Requirement))$ requirement. When a setback is
17	required, all structures on the lot shall be designed and built to accommodate the grade of the
18	future street, as specified in the Right-of-Way Improvements Manual.
19	((())3) A no-protest agreement to future street improvements is
20	required, as authorized by ((RCW Chapter)) chapter 35.43 RCW. The agreement shall be
21	recorded with the title to the property with the King County Recorder ((Department of Records
22	and Elections)).

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD
1	$(((\cdot))4)$ If there is no sidewalk, a sidewalk shall be constructed
2	except when an exception set forth in Section 23.53.006 is applicable.
3	2. Projects with ((Reduced Improvement Requirements)) reduced improvement
4	requirements. The following types of projects are exempt from all dedication and improvement
5	requirements of subsections 23.53.020.B, 23.53.020.C, and 23.53.020.D, but shall meet the
6	pedestrian access and circulation requirements specified in Section 23.53.006 and the
7	requirements of subsection 23.53.020.E.1.b if the street right-of-way abutting the lot has less
8	than the minimum right-of-way width established in subsection 23.53.020.A or does not meet the
9	grade of future street improvements.
10	a. Structures with fewer than ten artist's studio dwellings;
11	b. The following uses when they are smaller than 750 square feet of gross
12	floor area: major and minor vehicle repair uses, and multipurpose retail sales uses;
13	c. Nonresidential structures that have less than 4,000 square feet of gross
14	floor area and that do not contain uses listed in subsection 23.53.020.E.2.b that are larger than
15	750 square feet;
16	d. Structures containing a mix of artist's studio dwellings and
17	nonresidential uses, if there are fewer than ten artist's studio dwellings, and the square footage of
18	nonresidential use is less than specified in subsections 23.53.020.E.2.b and 23.53.020.E.2.c;
19	e. Remodeling and use changes within existing structures;
20	f. Additions to existing structures that are exempt from environmental
21	review; and

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD
1	g. Expansions of surface parking, outdoor storage, outdoor sales or
2	outdoor display of rental equipment of less than 20 percent of the parking, storage, sales or
3	display area, or number of parking spaces.
4	3. Exceptions from ((Street Improvement Requirements)) street improvement
5	requirements. The Director, in consultation with the Director of Transportation, may waive or
6	modify the requirements for paving, dedication, setbacks, grading, no-protest agreements, and
7	landscaping($(\frac{1}{2})$) or more of the
8	following conditions are met. The waiver or modification shall provide the minimum relief
9	necessary to accommodate site conditions while maximizing access and circulation.
10	a. Location in an environmentally critical area or buffer, disruption of
11	existing drainage patterns, or removal of natural features such as significant trees or other
12	valuable and character-defining mature vegetation makes widening ((and/or)) or improving the
13	right-of-way impractical or undesirable.
14	b. The existence of a bridge, viaduct, or structure such as a substantial
15	retaining wall in proximity to the project site makes widening ((and/or)) or improving the right-
16	of-way impractical or undesirable.
17	c. Widening the right-of-way ((and/or)) or improving the street would
18	adversely affect the character of the street, as it is defined in an adopted neighborhood plan or
19	adopted City plan for Green Streets, boulevards, or other special right-of-way, or would
20	otherwise conflict with the stated goals of such a plan.

d. Widening ((and/or)) or improving the right-of-way would make building on a lot infeasible by reducing it to dimensions where development standards cannot reasonably be met.

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	e. Widening ((and/or)) or improving the right-of-way would preclude
2	vehicular access to an existing lot.
3	f. One $(((1)))$ or more substantial principal structures on the same side of
4	the block as the proposed project are ((located)) in the area needed for future expansion of the
5	right-of-way and the structure(s)' condition and size make future widening of the remainder of
6	the right-of-way unlikely.
7	g. Widening ((and/or)) or improving the right-of-way is impractical
8	because topography would preclude the use of the street for vehicular access to the lot, for
9	example due to an inability to meet the required ((twenty (20))) $\underline{15}$ percent maximum driveway
10	slope.
11	h. Widening ((and/or)) or improving the right-of-way is not necessary
12	because it is adequate for current and potential vehicular traffic, for example, due to the limited
13	number of lots served by the development or because the development on the street is at zoned
14	capacity.
15	Section 5. Section 23.84A.002 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
16	125603, is amended as follows:
17	23.84A.002 "A"
18	* * *
19	"Accessible crossing" means that portion of the pedestrian walkway that provides a direct
20	connection between the roadway level and the constructed pedestrian walkway level for the
21	purpose of allowing persons and persons operating wheeled devices to have access between the
22	roadway and pedestrian walkway.
23	"Accessory dwelling unit." See "Residential use."

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD D15
1	* * *
2	Section 6. Section 23.84A.006 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
3	124503, is amended as follows:
4	23.84A.006 "C"
5	* * *
6	"Curb ramp" has the meaning in Section 11.14.150.
7	"Curbline" means the edge of a roadway, whether marked by a curb or not. When there is
8	not a curb, the curbline shall be established by the Director of Seattle Department of
9	Transportation.
10	* * *
11	Section 7. Section 23.84A.030 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
12	125558, is amended as follows:
13	23.84A.030 "P"
14	* * *
15	"Pedestrian walkway" means a <u>hard or compacted</u> surface((d)) walkway ((5)) separated
16	from the roadway ((, usually of crushed rock or asphaltic concrete and following the existing
17	ground surface (not at permanent grade))).
18	* * *

	Attachment B Eric Engmann/Yolanda Ho SDCI Curb Ramp ORD
1	Section 8. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by
2	the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it
3	shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.
4	Passed by the City Council the day of, 2018,
5	and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this day of
6	, 2018.
7	
8	President of the City Council
9	Approved by me this day of, 2018.
10	
11	Jenny A. Durkan, Mayor
10	
12	Filed by me this day of, 2018.
13	
14	Monica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk
17	Womea Wartinez Simmons, City Clerk
15	(Seal)