1 WHEREAS, creating a misdemeanor special allegation for hate crimes in Seattle would allow for 2 hate and bias crimes that are prosecuted as misdemeanors to be designated and identified 3 as hate crimes; and 4 WHEREAS, removing malice from the elements to be proven in the special allegation allows 5 prosecution of hate or bias crimes at the misdemeanor level for protected classes 6 currently covered by the state felony law and City-level protected classes, which are race, 7 color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, mental handicap, 8 physical handicap, and sensory handicap, homelessness, marital status, political ideology, 9 age, or parental status; NOW, THEREFORE, 10 BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS: 11 Section 1. Section 12A.06.115 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 12 123395, is amended as follows: 13 12A.06.115 ((Malicious harassment.)) Hate crime motivation 14 ((A. A person is guilty of malicious harassment if he or she)) In a prosecution for assault 15 under Section 12A.06.010, harassment under Section 12A.06.040, or property destruction under Section 12A.08.020 any misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor under the Seattle Municipal Code, 16 17 the City Attorney may file a special allegation of hate crime motivation when the defendant 18 ((maliciously and)) intentionally commits ((one (1) of the following acts)) the act because of 19 ((his or her)) the defendant's perception of another person's race, color, religion, ancestry, 20 national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender expression or identity, mental handicap 21 disability, physical handicap disability, sensory handicap disability, homelessness, marital status, political ideology, age, or parental status. Such a special allegation must be proved beyond a 22 23 reasonable doubt, with either the court making a finding of fact as to this special allegation if it

	John Schochet LAW Hate Crime Motivation ORD D2
1	finds the defendant guilty of the crime or, if a jury trial is had, the jury finding a special verdict
2	as to this special allegation if it finds the defendant guilty of the crime. ((÷
3	1. Causes physical injury to another person; or
4	2. By threat places another person in reasonable fear of harm to his or her person
5	or property or harm to the person or property of a third person; provided however, that it shall
6	not constitute malicious harassment for a person to speak or act in a critical, insulting, or
7	deprecatory way so long as his or her words or conduct do not constitute a threat of harm to the
8	person or property of another person; or
9	3. Causes physical damage to or the destruction of the property of another person.
10	B. "Threat" means to communicate, directly or indirectly, the intent to:
11	1. Cause bodily injury immediately or in the future to another; or
12	2. Cause damage immediately or in the future to the property of another; or
13	3. Subject another person to physical confinement or restraint.
14	C.)) For purposes of this ((section: "Homelessness")) Section 12A.06.115,
15	"homelessness" means the status or condition of being without a home, including, but not limited
16	to, the state of living in the streets.
17	((D. Every person who, in the commission of malicious harassment, shall commit any
18	other crime, may be punished therefor as well as for the malicious harassment, and may be
19	prosecuted for each crime separately.))
20	D. When sentencing or imposing conditions on a person convicted of or given a
21	<u>deferred sentence or a deferred prosecution or who has entered into a statutory or non-statutory</u>
22	diversion agreement on a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor with a special allegation of hate
23	crime motivation, the court must require, as part of the sentence or conditions, that the person

	John Schochet LAW Hate Crime Motivation ORD D2
1	<u>fulfill the terms of a program, attend a training, or perform community service designed to</u>
2	educate persons committing the offense about the negative consequences of hate crimes or bias
3	crimes committed against the protected class of the victim of the offense. The court may waive
4	this requirement where such a program, training, or community service opportunity is
5	unavailable or impractical or upon a finding of good cause by the court.
6	E. The City Attorney's Office shall provide an annual report to the City Council each
7	year on the special allegations filed under this Section 12A.06.115. This report shall include
8	data on the demographics of defendants and the protected class status of victims.
9	Section 2. The provisions of this ordinance are declared to be separate and severable. The
10	invalidity of any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, or portion of this ordinance,
11	or the invalidity of its application to any person or circumstance, does not affect the validity of
12	the remainder of this ordinance or the validity of its application to other persons or
13	<u>circumstances.</u>