subsection 11.50.570.A, net revenues will be spent for safety, including traffic, student, bicycle,

and pedestrian safety and directly related infrastructure projects; operational and maintenance investments; transportation improvements that support equitable access and mobility for persons with disabilities; transportation projects designed to reduce vehicle speeds, as well as pedestrian, bicyclist, and driver education campaigns.

((3. Block the box and obstruction camera revenue: Funding in an amount equal to the local revenue generated annually by fines and civil penalties for obstruction or blocked traffic camera violations will be spent for transportation improvements that support equitable access and mobility for persons with disabilities and installation, administrative, enforcement, operations, and maintenance costs associated with the obstruction or blocked traffic automated cameras.

4. Lane restriction camera revenue: Funding in an amount equal to the local revenue generated annually by fines and civil penalties for restricted lane camera violations will be spent for transportation improvements that support equitable access and mobility for persons with disabilities and installation, administrative, enforcement, operations, and maintenance costs associated with the restricted lane automated cameras.

5. Speed enforcement camera revenue: Funding in an amount equal to the local revenue generated annually by fines and civil penalties for speed enforcement cameras other than school zone cameras described in subsection 5.82.010.A.1 will be spent on transportation improvements that support traffic safety, bicycle safety, and pedestrian safety and installation, administrative, enforcement, operations, and maintenance costs associated with the speed enforcement cameras.

B. Annual budget revenues and appropriations:))

<u>C.</u> The Executive will propose appropriations for the items in subsections 5.82.010.A and 5.82.010.B in its annual budget submittal to the City Council based on the amount of automated traffic safety camera fines and civil penalties projected to be received in the prior budget year.

((C. Year end report: The Executive will provide a year end report to the City Council on automated traffic safety camera revenue receipts, appropriations, and expenditures by March 1 each year)) D. Consistent with state requirements, by July each year, the Executive will post an annual report on the City's website showing the number of traffic crashes that occurred at each location where an automated traffic safety camera is located, as well as the number of notices of infraction issued for each camera, the percentage of revenues received from fines issued from automated traffic safety camera infractions that were used to pay for the costs of the automated traffic safety camera program, and a description of the uses of revenues that exceeded the costs of operation and administration of the automated traffic safety camera program.

((D. True up of revenues and expenditures:)) <u>E.</u> To the extent that actual annual revenues from automated traffic safety cameras differ from the appropriations made through the annual budget, the Executive will propose appropriation changes in supplemental legislation to ensure that sufficient funding is spent consistent with ((subsection 5.82.010.A and RCW 46.63.170)) this Chapter 5.82.

Section 2. Section 11.31.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 127056, is amended as follows:

## 11.31.020 Notice of traffic infraction—Issuance((-))

- A. A peace officer has the authority to issue a notice of traffic infraction:
  - 1. ((when)) When the infraction is committed in the officer's presence;

	Bill LaBorde SDOT Automated Traffic Enforcement Camera Updates ORD D1b
1	2. When the officer is acting upon the request of a law enforcement officer in
2	whose presence the traffic infraction was committed;
3	((2. if)) 3. If an officer investigating at the scene of a motor vehicle accident has
4	reasonable cause to believe that the driver of a motor vehicle involved in the accident has
5	committed a traffic infraction;
6	((3. when)) 4. When a ((violation of Section 11.50.140, 11.50.150, 11.52.040, or
7	11.52.100)) <u>traffic infraction</u> is detected through the use of an automated traffic safety camera <u>or</u>
8	an automated school bus safety camera as authorized pursuant to ((RCW 46.63.170)) chapter
9	46.63 RCW and Section 11.50.570. A trained and authorized civilian employee of the Seattle
10	Police Department, or a trained and authorized civilian employee of the Seattle Department of
11	Transportation performing under the supervision of a qualified traffic engineer, has the authority
12	to review infractions detected through the use of an automated traffic safety camera or automated
13	school bus safety camera to issue notices of infraction. These employees must be sufficiently
14	trained and certified in reviewing infractions and issuing notices of infraction by qualified peace
15	officers or by traffic engineers employed in the Seattle Police Department or the Seattle
16	Department of Transportation; or
17	((4. if)) 5. If an officer is investigating a violation of Section 11.58.440.
18	B. A court may issue a notice of traffic infraction upon receipt of a written statement of
19	the officer that there is reasonable cause to believe that an infraction was committed. (((RCW
20	46.63.030)))
21	Section 3. Section 11.31.090 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
22	126892, is amended as follows:

## 2 camera

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

A. A notice of infraction based on evidence detected through the use of an automated traffic safety camera must be mailed to the registered owner of the vehicle within 14 days of the violation, or to the renter of a vehicle within 14 days of establishing the renter's name and address under subsection 11.31.090.C.1. The peace officer, or other City employee authorized to review citations under RCW 46.63.030, issuing the notice of infraction shall include with it a certificate or facsimile thereof, based upon inspection of photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images produced by an automated traffic safety camera, stating the facts supporting the notice of infraction. This certificate or facsimile is prima facie evidence of the facts contained in it and is admissible in a proceeding charging a violation of Section 11.50.070, Section 11.50.140, Section 11.50.150, Section 11.50.250, Section 11.50.260, Section 11.52.040, Section 11.52.100, Section 11.53.190, Section 11.53.230, Section 11.58.272, Section 11.58.295, Section 11.72.040, Section 11.72.080, or Section 11.72.210 or a restricted lane violation. The photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images evidencing the violation must be available for inspection and admission into evidence in a proceeding to adjudicate the liability for the infraction.

11.31.090 Traffic infractions detected through the use of an automated traffic safety

\* \* \*

C. If the registered owner of the vehicle is a rental car business, the peace officer, or other City employee authorized to review citations under RCW 46.63.030, shall, before such a notice of infraction is issued, provide a written notice to the rental car business that a notice of infraction may be issued to the rental car business if the rental car business does not, within 18 days of receiving the written notice, provide to the peace officer by return mail:

- 1. A statement under oath stating the name and known mailing address of the individual driving or renting the vehicle when the infraction occurred; or
- 2. A statement under oath that the business is unable to determine who was driving or renting the vehicle at the time the infraction occurred; or
- 3. In lieu of identifying the vehicle operator, the rental car business may pay the applicable penalty.

Timely mailing of this statement to the peace officer, or other City employee authorized to review citations under RCW 46.63.030, relieves a rental car business of any liability under this Chapter 11.31 for the notice of infraction.

10 \*\*\*

E. In a traffic infraction case involving an infraction detected through the use of an automated traffic safety camera, proof that the particular vehicle described in the notice of traffic infraction was in violation of Section 11.50.070, Section 11.50.140, Section 11.50.150, Section 11.50.250, Section 11.50.260, Section 11.52.040, Section 11.52.100, Section 11.53.190, Section 11.53.230, Section 11.58.272, Section 11.58.295, Section 11.72.040, Section 11.72.080, or Section 11.72.210 or a restricted lane violation, together with proof that the person named in the notice of traffic infraction was at the time of the violation the registered owner of the vehicle, constitutes in evidence a prima facie presumption that the registered owner of the vehicle was the person in control of the vehicle at the point where, and for the time during which, the violation occurred. This presumption may be overcome only if the registered owner states, under oath, in a written statement to the court or in testimony before the court that the vehicle involved was, at the time, stolen or in the care, custody, or control of some person other than the registered owner.

- Section 4. Section 11.31.121 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
- 2 | 127141, is amended as follows:

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

## 11.31.121 Monetary penalties—Parking infractions

- 4 The base monetary penalty for violation of each of the numbered provisions of the Seattle
- 5 Municipal Code listed in the following table is as shown, unless and until the penalty shown
- 6 | below for a particular parking infraction is modified by Local Rule of the Seattle Municipal
- 7 | Court adopted pursuant to the Infraction Rules for Courts of Limited Jurisdiction ("IRLJ") or
- 8 successor rules to the IRLJ:

<b>Municipal Code</b>	Parking infraction	Base penalty		
reference	short description	amount		
	* * *			
11.50.150	RED ARROW CAMERA VIOLATIONS	\$139		
11.50.250	SIGNAL INDICATING APPROACH OF TRAIN	<u>\$139</u>		
	<u>VIOLATION</u>			
11.50.260	STOP RAILROAD GRADE CROSSING	<u>\$139</u>		
	VIOLATION			
* * *				
11.53.230	HIGH OCCUPANCY VEHICLE LANE VIOLATION	\$75		
	CAMERA VIOLATION			
11.58.272	APPROACHING EMERGENCY OR WORK ZONE	<u>\$237</u>		
	VIOLATION			
11.58.295	FERRY QUEUE VIOLATIONS	<u>\$75</u>		
	* * *			

Section 5. Section 11.50.570 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 126892, is amended as follows:

## 11.50.570 Automated traffic safety cameras

A. Automated traffic safety cameras may be used to detect one or more of the following((: stoplight, railroad crossing, school speed zone violations, violations included in subsection 11.50.570.H for the duration of the pilot program authorized under subsection 11.50.570.H, maximum speed limit violations in school walk, park, and hospital zones as

	Bill LaBorde SDOT Automated Traffic Enforcement Camera Updates ORD D1b
1	property (a) consistent with hospital use; and (b) where signs are posted to indicate the location
2	is within a hospital speed zone, where "hospital" has the same meaning as in RCW 70.41.020;
3	(( <del>and</del> ))
4	7. ((Additional speed detection)) Speed violations at additional locations that
5	((meet any of the criteria in RCW 46.63.170(1)(d).)) experience higher crash risks due to
6	excessive vehicle speeds consistent with RCW 46.63.250(3);
7	8. Violations of designations by the Washington Department of Transportation,
8	the Director of Transportation, or the Traffic Engineer reserving all or any portion of a street or
9	highway, including any lane or ramp, for the exclusive or preferential use of transit coaches or
10	other public transportation vehicles or carpools, under Section 11.53.230. As used in this
11	subsection 11.50.570.A.8: "public transportation vehicle" means any motor vehicle, streetcar,
12	train, trolley vehicle, ferry boat, or any other device, vessel, or vehicle that is owned or operated
13	by a transit authority or an entity providing service on behalf of a transit authority that is used for
14	the purpose of carrying passengers and that operates on established routes; and "transit authority"
15	has the meaning provided in RCW 9.91.025;
16	9. Violations of one or more of Sections 11.50.070, 11.53.190, 11.72.040,
17	11.72.080, or 11.72.210;
18	10. Speed violations within roadway work zones, except that a notice of infraction
19	may only be issued if an automated traffic safety camera captures a speed violation when
20	workers are present;
21	11. Speed violations along state highways within city limits that are designated as
22	city streets under chapter 47.24 RCW; and

12. In consultation with the Washington Department of Transportation, ferry queue violations under RCW 46.61.735.

((B. Automated traffic safety cameras may be used to detect other violations as

C. Before adding additional automated traffic safety cameras or relocating any existing

3

authorized by and subject to the restrictions imposed by the Washington State Legislature.

5

6 camera, the City Council)) B. Consistent with RCW 46.63.220, before the City adds or relocates

7

8

must prepare an analysis of the locations within the City where automated traffic safety cameras

an automated traffic safety camera at a new location, the Seattle Department of Transportation

9

are proposed to be located((. Beginning June 7, 2013, an annual report must be posted on the

City's website of the number of traffic accidents that occurred at each location where an

11

10

automated traffic safety camera is located as well as the number of notices of infraction issued

12

13

for each camera and any other relevant information deemed appropriate. For automated traffic safety cameras authorized by RCW 46.63.170(1)(d)(i), the City must complete)) that includes an

14

equity analysis that evaluates the impact of the camera placement on livability, accessibility,

15

economics, education, and environmental health((<del>, and shall consider the outcome of that</del>

16

analysis when identifying where to locate an automated traffic safety camera)). The analysis

17

must show a demonstrated need for traffic cameras based on one or more of the following in the

18

<u>vicinity of the proposed camera location: travel by vulnerable road users, evidence of vehicles</u>

19

speeding, rates of collision, reports showing near collisions, and anticipated or actual

20

<u>ineffectiveness or infeasibility of other mitigation measures.</u>

2122

vehicle license plate and only while an infraction is occurring. The picture must not reveal the

((<del>D.</del>)) C. Automated traffic safety cameras may only take pictures of the vehicle and

23

face of the driver or of passengers in the vehicle. The primary purpose of camera placement is to

take pictures of the vehicle and vehicle license plate when an infraction is occurring. Cameras should be installed in a manner that minimizes the impact of camera flash on drivers.

 $((E_7))$  <u>D.</u> Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images, prepared under this Section 11.50.570 are for the exclusive use of law enforcement in the discharge of duties under this Section 11.50.570 and are not open to the public and may not be used in a court in a pending action or proceeding unless the action or proceeding relates to a violation under this Section 11.50.570. No photograph, microphotograph, or electronic image( $(_7)$ ) may be used for any purpose other than enforcement of violations under this Section 11.50.570 nor retained longer than necessary to enforce this Section 11.50.570.

((F-)) E. All locations where an automated traffic safety camera is used must be clearly marked by placing signs at least 30 days prior to activation of the camera ((by placing signs)) in locations that clearly indicate to a driver that either((:-(i) That the)): (a) the driver is within ((a school walk area, public park speed zone, or hospital speed zone)) an area where automated traffic safety cameras are authorized; or (((ii) that he or she)) (b) the driver is entering ((a zone where traffic laws)) an area where violations are enforced by an automated traffic safety camera. The signs must be readily visible to a driver approaching an automated traffic safety camera. Signs placed in automated traffic safety camera locations after June 7, 2012, must follow the specifications and guidelines under the ((manual of uniform traffic control devices))Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for streets and highways as adopted by the Washington Department of Transportation under chapter 47.36 RCW.

((G.)) <u>F.</u> The compensation paid to the manufacturer or vendor of automated traffic safety camera program equipment used must be based only upon the value of the equipment and

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

SDOT Automated Traffic Enforcement Camera Updates ORD

services provided or rendered in support of the system, and may not be based upon a portion of the fine or civil penalty imposed or the revenue generated by the equipment.

1. The Seattle Department of Transportation is authorized to create a pilot program authorizing automated traffic safety cameras to be used to detect a violation of one or more of Sections 11.50.070, 11.53.190, 11.53.230, 11.72.040, 11.72.080, or 11.72.210 or a restricted lane violation. Under the pilot program, violations relating to stopping at intersections or crosswalks may only be enforced at the 20 intersections where the Seattle Department of Transportation would most like to address safety concerns related to stopping at intersections or

2. Except where specifically exempted, all of the rules and restrictions applicable to the use of automated traffic safety cameras in this Section 11.50.570 and Section 11.31.090 apply to the use of automated traffic safety cameras in the pilot program established in this subsection 11.50.570.H.

3. As used in this subsection 11.50.570.H, "public transportation vehicle" means any motor vehicle, streetcar, train, trolley vehicle, ferry boat, or any other device, vessel, or vehicle that is owned or operated by a transit authority or an entity providing service on behalf of a transit authority that is used for the purpose of carrying passengers and that operates on established routes. "Transit authority" has the meaning provided in RCW 9.91.025.

4. Use of automated traffic safety cameras as authorized in this subsection 11.50.570.H is restricted to the following locations only: locations authorized in subsection 11.50.570.A; and midblock on arterials. Additionally, the use of automated traffic safety cameras as authorized in this subsection 11.50.570.H is further limited to the following:

c. An area within the city limits designated by ordinance as a zone subject to specified restrictions and penalties on racing and race attendance.

4 p

7. Beginning on the effective date of this ordinance, a warning notice with no penalty shall be issued to the registered owner of the vehicle for a violation generated through the use of an automated traffic safety camera authorized in this subsection 11.50.570.I, if the registered owner of the vehicle has no prior infractions generated under this subsection 11.50.570.I.

8. For automated traffic safety cameras used to detect speed violations on

roadways identified in a school walk area, speed violations in public park speed zones, speed violations in hospital speed zones, or other speed violations in this subsection 11.50.570.I, the City shall remit monthly to the state 50 percent of the noninterest money received for infractions issued by those cameras in excess of the cost to administer, install, operate, and maintain the automated traffic safety cameras, including the cost of processing infractions. Money remitted under this subsection 11.50.570.I to the state treasurer shall be deposited in the state Cooper Jones Active Transportation Safety Account. This subsection 11.50.570.I.8 does not apply to automated traffic safety cameras authorized for stoplight, railroad crossing, or school speed zone violations.))

G. Beginning on the effective date of this ordinance, a warning notice with no penalty shall be issued to the registered owner of the vehicle for a first automated traffic safety camera violation listed under subsections 11.50.570.A.1 and 11.50.570.A.2 and subsections 11.50.570.A.4 through 11.50.570.A.12 within the first 30 days of operation of a newly located or relocated automated traffic safety camera. This requirement shall not apply to infractions relating

	Bill LaBorde SDOT Automated Traffic Enforcement Camera Updates ORD D1b
1	to speed restrictions within a school or playground speed zone as stated in subsection
2	11.50.570.A.3.
3	Section 6. Pursuant to ESHB 2384, enacted as Chapter 307, Laws of 2024, Section
4	11.50.580 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 126869, is repealed:
5	((11.50.580 Designation of restricted racing zones
6	Pursuant to RCW 43.63.170(1)(d)(i)(C), the following streets are designated as restricted racing
7	and race attendance zones subject to automated camera enforcement to detect maximum speed
8	limit violations:
9	A. Alki Ave SW between 63 <sup>rd</sup> Ave SW and Harbor Ave SW.
10	B. Harbor Ave SW between Alki Ave SW and SW Spokane St.
11	C. West Marginal Way SW between SW Spokane St and 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ave SW.
12	D. Sand Point Way NE between 38th Ave NE and NE 95th St.
13	E. NE 65 <sup>th</sup> St between Sand Point Way NE and Magnuson Park.
14	F. Roadways inside Magnuson Park including, but not limited to, NE 65 <sup>th</sup> St and Lake
15	Shore Dr NE.
16	G. Seaview Ave NW between Golden Gardens Park and 34 <sup>th</sup> Ave NW.
17	H. 3 <sup>rd</sup> Ave NW between Leary Way NW and N 145 <sup>th</sup> St.
18	I. Martin Luther King Jr Way S between S Massachusetts St and S Henderson St.
19	J. Rainier Ave S from S Jackson St south to the city limits.))
20	Section 7. Section 1 of Ordinance 124230, last amended by Ordinance 125206, is
21	amended as follows:
22	Section 1. A new ((Sehool Safety Traffic and Pedestrian Improvement))
23	Automatic Traffic Camera Safety Fund is ((hereby)) created in the City Treasury upon

Bill LaBorde SDOT Automated Traffic Enforcement Camera Updates ORD D1b
the effective ((January 1, 2016)) date of this ordinance, to which revenues may be
deposited, and from which associated expenditures may be paid including, but not limited
to, operating, maintenance, capital and City administration costs for the purposes
described in Section 2 ((below)) of this ordinance.
Section 8. Section 2 of Ordinance 124230, last amended by Ordinance 125206, is
amended as follows:
Section 2. The purpose of creating the ((School Safety Traffic and Pedestrian
Improvement)) Automatic Traffic Camera Safety Fund is to separately account for the
revenues generated by ((the school zone fixed automated cameras and automated traffic
safety cameras (also known as red light safety cameras))) automatic traffic safety camera
authorized under Section 11.50.570 of the Seattle Municipal Code.
Section 9. Section 3 of Ordinance 124230, last amended by Ordinance 125206, is
amended as follows:
Section 3. The new ((School Safety Traffic and Pedestrian Improvement))
Automatic Traffic Camera Safety Fund shall receive ((all revenues from fixed automated
school zone camera fines and civil penalties,)) 20 percent of revenues from ((automated
traffic safety cameras (also known as red light safety cameras),)) cameras that detect
stoplight violations in accordance with Section 11.50.130 of the Seattle Municipal Code,
all revenues from all other automatic traffic safety camera types authorized in Section
11.50.570 of the Seattle Municipal Code, and other monies as authorized by ordinance.
The Fund shall receive earnings on its positive balances and pay interest on its negative

balances.

22

Section 10. Section 4 of Ordinance 124230, last amended by Ordinance 125206, is amended as follows:

2345678

Section 4. The Director of the Seattle Department of Transportation shall have responsibility for administering the ((School Safety Traffic and Pedestrian Improvement)) Automatic Traffic Camera Safety Fund. The Director of Finance is authorized to create other ((Subfunds, Accounts, or Subaccounts)) other accounts within the Automatic Traffic Safety Fund as may be needed or appropriate to implement the Fund's purpose and intent as established by this ordinance as amended.

	SDOT Automated Traffic Enforcement Camera Updates ORD D1b
1	Section 11. This ordinance shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code
2	Sections 1.04.020 and 1.04.070.
3	Passed by the City Council the day of, 2025,
4	and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this day of
5	
6	
7	President of the City Council
	Approved / returned unsigned / vetoed this day of, 2025
8	
9	Bruce A. Harrell, Mayor
10	Filed by me this day of
11	
12	Scheereen Dedman, City Clerk
10	
13	(Seal)
	Template last revised December 9, 2024 22