

### SEATTLE CITY COUNCIL

#### **Public Safety Committee**

#### Agenda

Tuesday, May 27, 2025

9:30 AM

Council Chamber, City Hall 600 4th Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

Robert Kettle, Chair Rob Saka, Vice-Chair Joy Hollingsworth, Member Cathy Moore, Member Sara Nelson, Member

Chair Info: 206-684-8807; Robert.Kettle@seattle.gov

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#### SEATTLE CITY COUNCIL Public Safety Committee Agenda May 27, 2025 - 9:30 AM

#### Meeting Location:

Council Chamber, City Hall , 600 4th Avenue , Seattle, WA 98104

#### **Committee Website:**

https://www.seattle.gov/council/committees/public-safety

This meeting also constitutes a meeting of the City Council, provided that the meeting shall be conducted as a committee meeting under the Council Rules and Procedures, and Council action shall be limited to committee business.

Members of the public may register for remote or in-person Public Comment to address the Council. Details on how to provide Public Comment are listed below:

Remote Public Comment - Register online to speak during the Public Comment period at the meeting at <u>https://www.seattle.gov/council/committees/public-comment</u> Online registration to speak will begin one hour before the meeting start time, and registration will end at the conclusion of the Public Comment period during the meeting. Speakers must be registered in order to be recognized by the Chair.

In-Person Public Comment - Register to speak on the Public Comment sign-up sheet located inside Council Chambers at least 15 minutes prior to the meeting start time. Registration will end at the conclusion of the Public Comment period during the meeting. Speakers must be registered in order to be recognized by the Chair.

Pursuant to Council Rule VI.C.10, members of the public providing public comment in Chambers will be broadcast via Seattle Channel.

Please submit written comments to all Councilmembers four hours prior to the meeting at <u>Council@seattle.gov</u> or at Seattle City Hall, Attn: Council Public Comment, 600 4th Ave., Floor 2, Seattle, WA 98104.

Please Note: Times listed are estimated

#### A. Call To Order

- B. Approval of the Agenda
- C. Public Comment

#### D. Items of Business

1. <u>CB 120977</u> AN ORDINANCE relating to oversight of the police; revising the process for investigating complaints naming the Chief of Police; adding new Sections 3.29.515 and 3.29.590 to the Seattle Municipal Code; and amending Sections 3.29.510, 3.29.520, 3.29.530, 3.29.560, and 3.29.570 of the Seattle Municipal Code.

#### <u>Supporting</u>

<u>Documents:</u> <u>Summary and Fiscal Note</u> <u>Central Staff Presentation</u> <u>Central Staff Memo</u> <u>Amendment 1</u>

Briefing, Discussion, and Possible Vote (30 minutes)

Presenter: Karina Bull, Council Central Staff

2.

#### Hiring, Overtime, and Performance Metrics Report

#### <u>Supporting</u> <u>Documents:</u> <u>Central Staff Presentation</u>

**Briefing and Discussion** (45 minutes)

**Presenters:** Angela Socci, Executive Director of Budget and Finance, Seattle Police Department; Greg Doss, Council Central Staff

#### E. Adjournment



Legislation Text

#### File #: CB 120977, Version: 1

#### **CITY OF SEATTLE**

#### ORDINANCE

COUNCIL BILL

AN ORDINANCE relating to oversight of the police; revising the process for investigating complaints naming the Chief of Police; adding new Sections 3.29.515 and 3.29.590 to the Seattle Municipal Code; and amending Sections 3.29.510, 3.29.520, 3.29.530, 3.29.560, and 3.29.570 of the Seattle Municipal Code. WHEREAS, in 2017, Ordinance 125315 (Accountability Ordinance) established the City's three-pronged

police oversight system to ensure the delivery of police services to the people of Seattle in a manner that

fully complies with the Constitution and laws of the United States and the State of Washington,

effectively ensure public and officer safety, and promote public confidence in the Seattle Police

Department (SPD); and

- WHEREAS, the Accountability Ordinance strengthened elements of the City's existing system, clarifying and establishing the roles of the Office of Police Accountability (OPA) as an independent, civilian-led investigative office organizationally within SPD, the Office of Inspector General for Public Safety (OIG) as an independent office separate from the Executive, and the Community Police Commission (CPC) as a strong community-based oversight commission; and
- WHEREAS, the OPA ensures that the actions of SPD employees are lawful and in compliance with SPD policies by initiating, receiving, classifying, investigating, and making findings related to misconduct complaints involving SPD employees; and
- WHEREAS, the OIG provides civilian auditing of the management, practices, and policies of SPD and OPA by reviewing OPA's handling of misconduct complaints and any activities that could involve potential conflicts of interest; actions of possible fraud, waste, abuse, inefficiency, or ineffectiveness; undermine

accountability or be unethical, or otherwise compromise the public's trust in the criminal legal system; and

- WHEREAS, the CPC engages the community to develop recommendations on the police accountability system, including but not limited to reviewing closed OPA investigations to identify opportunities for systemic improvements; and
- WHEREAS, the Accountability Ordinance established standards and procedures for investigating misconduct complaints involving SPD employees, but did not contemplate a process for ensuring that misconduct complaints naming the Chief of Police would be handled in a fair and transparent manner, free of potential conflicts of interest; and
- WHEREAS, in 2022, Ordinance 126628 established a specific process for OPA's handling of complaints naming the Chief of Police, including but not limited to (1) conducting comprehensive intake investigations (intakes) for every complaint; (2) requiring civilian supervisors to conduct intakes; (3) recommending classification determinations on whether and how to proceed with investigations; (4) determining whether a City entity (i.e., OPA or the Seattle Department of Human Resources) or non-City entity will perform investigations depending on the presence of real or potential conflicts of interest and type of allegation(s); and (5) assigning civilian staff to perform investigations; and
- WHEREAS, Ordinance 126628 also established an oversight role for OIG in the handling of complaints naming the Chief of Police, including but not limited to (1) receiving notice of complaints; (2) reviewing and auditing intakes and investigations; (3) finalizing classification determinations; and (4) providing notifications to identified City entities and the complainant; and
- WHEREAS, a lasting police oversight system benefits from an ongoing practice of re-examining and improving internal processes; and
- WHEREAS, since Ordinance 126628 went into effect in August 2022, the OPA has received over 70 complaints naming the Chief of Police; and

- WHEREAS, the current process for handling these complaints challenges OPA's ability to operate in an efficient and timely manner by restricting intake staff to two supervisors and requiring a full examination of all complaints regardless of the content or allegations, and also includes limited reporting requirements; and
- WHEREAS, the City Council intends to streamline and clarify this process to provide staffing flexibility, support procedural efficiency, and increase transparency to strengthen the City's oversight system of SPD and obtain the trust and confidence of the community; NOW, THEREFORE,

#### BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Section 3.29.510 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 126628, is amended as follows:

#### 3.29.510 OPA intake, classification, and investigation scoping

A. If the Chief of Police is named in a complaint, the initial screening process shall include the immediate creation of a case file and the immediate notification of the OPA Director or the OPA Director's <u>civilian</u> appointed designee.

B. If the Chief of Police is named in a complaint, OPA shall notify OIG as soon as is practicable, but within 30 calendar days. OIG will ensure that OPA is pursuing its <u>intake</u> investigation <u>(intake)</u> without unnecessary delay. In the event that OIG determines that unnecessary delay is occurring, OIG shall promptly notify the President of the City Council, the Chair of the Council's public safety committee, and the complainant. Notification shall consist of: (1) the nature of the complaint, (2) the date the complaint was <u>initiated or</u> received, and (3) an explanation of why OIG has determined that unnecessary delay is occurring.

((C. A civilian investigator supervisor shall be assigned to complete the intake of the complaint, which shall consist of a thorough examination of the complaint and available information to determine whether an investigation should be conducted. This examination shall be designed to answer relevant factual questions and ensure the collection and preservation of time-sensitive evidence and, when possible, it will include an

interview with the complainant.))

<u>C. Following the initial screening and notification to OIG, OPA shall conduct an intake of the complaint</u> or, with OIG's agreement, close the complaint as a contact log.

D. If OPA opens an intake, the OPA Director shall assign a civilian of appropriate skill, training, and experience to complete the intake of the complaint, which shall consist of a thorough examination of the complaint and available information to determine whether an investigation should be conducted. The intake shall be designed to answer relevant factual questions and ensure the collection and preservation of time-sensitive evidence and, when possible, include an interview with the complainant.

((Đ.)) <u>E.</u> OPA shall consult with OIG ((when examining a complaint)) <u>during the intake</u>, with the goals of determining: (1) whether any laws or SPD policies would have been violated if the alleged actions are later proven to be true; and (2) whether criminal charges could result if the alleged actions are later proven to be true. ((This examination)) <u>The intake</u> shall result in OPA's classification of the complaint for investigation, or as a contact log, as appropriate.

 $((E_{-}))$  <u>F</u>. If the OPA Director determines, upon conclusion of the ((examination)) <u>intake</u>, that investigation is appropriate, they will determine:

1. Whether OPA, the Seattle Department of Human Resources (SDHR), or a non-City entity under subsection 3.29.540.C will perform the investigation. In making this determination OPA shall consider and document whether there are any conflicts of interest, real or potentially perceived, that could undermine the public trust if the investigation is conducted by OPA or SDHR; and

2. Whether the investigation could result in a finding of a violation or violations of local, state, or federal anti-discrimination laws and/or any applicable City and/or SPD policies that prohibit harassment and/or discrimination.

 $((F_{\cdot}))$  <u>G.</u> If the OPA Director or a designee of the Director determines that the intake warrants an investigation, then the Director or designee shall work with the ((assigned)) civilian ((investigator supervisor))

<u>assigned to the intake</u> to prepare an investigative plan that includes, at a minimum, information that will be necessary in the case that OIG must issue a request for proposal for an investigation by a non-City entity.

Section 2. A new Section 3.29.515 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

#### 3.29.515 OIG intake during an ongoing investigation

If a complaint arises against the Chief of Police or an unrepresented SPD employee during an ongoing investigation managed by OIG and there is a sufficient nexus to the ongoing investigation, OIG shall notify OPA as soon as is practicable, but within 30 calendar days. Notification shall consist of: (1) the nature of the complaint; (2) whether OIG has determined that OIG will manage the new case and initiate an investigation to maintain the integrity of the entirety of the matter; and, if applicable, (3) the OIG case number. OIG's determination for the complaint is definitive.

Section 3. Section 3.29.520 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 126628, is amended as follows:

#### 3.29.520 OIG review of OPA intake, classification, and investigation scoping

A. OIG shall conduct a review of OPA's intake investigation and classification to ensure that (1) the intake investigation was timely, thorough, and ((neutral)) objective, and (2) OIG concurs with the classification determination.

\* \* \*

C. If investigation is appropriate, OIG shall review the OPA recommendation on whether that investigation should be (1) conducted by either OPA or SDHR; or (2) conducted by a non-City entity under subsection 3.29.540.C. OIG shall then determine whether it concurs with OPA's recommendations. In making this determination, OIG shall consider the factors in subsection ((3.29.510.E.1)) 3.29.510.F.1. If OIG and OPA do not concur, the OIG determination shall prevail and shall be considered definitive for the complaint.

\* \* \*

E. If OPA has determined the investigation could result in a finding of a violation or violations of local,

state, or federal anti-discrimination laws and/or any applicable City and/or SPD policies that prohibit harassment and/or discrimination, then OIG shall review the OPA recommendation on whether the investigation should be conducted by SDHR or by a non-City entity under subsection 3.29.540.C. OIG shall then determine whether it concurs with OPA's recommendations. In making this determination, OIG shall consider the factors in subsection ((3.29.510.E.1)) 3.29.510.F.1. If OIG and OPA do not concur, the OIG determination shall prevail and shall be considered definitive for the complaint.

\* \* \*

Section 4. Section 3.29.530 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 126628, is amended as follows:

#### 3.29.530 ((Notification)) OIG notification and reporting on classification and investigation

A. Where the classification determination is a contact log, OIG shall include the finding in its annual report required under Subchapter II of this Chapter 3.29. No other notification or reporting is required <u>for this classification</u>.

B. When an investigation will be:

1. Conducted by OPA or SDHR, OIG shall ((immediately)) promptly notify the Mayor, the President of the City Council, the Chair of the Council's public safety committee, the Executive Director and Co-Chairs of the Community Police Commission, the City Attorney, the City Director of Human Resources, and the complainant. Notification shall consist of: (1) the classification type; (2) whether OPA or SDHR will conduct the investigation; and (3) the rationale for the determination as supported by the factors in subsection (( <u>3.29.510.E.1</u>)) <u>3.29.510.F.1</u>.

2. Conducted by a non-City entity, OIG shall ((immediately)) promptly notify the entities listed in subsection 3.29.530.B.1. Notification by OIG pursuant to <u>this</u> subsection 3.29.530.B.2 shall consist of: (1) the classification type; (2) the non-City entity by whom OIG has determined, either solely or with the concurrence of OPA, that the investigation be conducted; and (3) the rationale for the determination as

supported by the factors in subsections ((3.29.510.E.1 and 3.29.510.E.2)) 3.39.510.F.1 and 3.29.510.F.2.

C. Notification pursuant to this Section 3.29.530 shall include no more information than would otherwise be available to the public on the OPA website, so as not to compromise the integrity of the investigation.

Section 5. Section 3.29.560 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 126628, is amended as follows:

## **3.29.560** OIG review <u>and notification</u> of the intake investigation, classification, and investigation <u>standards</u>

A. OIG shall ((immediately)) promptly notify the entities listed in subsection 3.29.530.B.1 if it: (1) is unable to determine whether the OPA intake was timely, thorough, and ((neutral)) objective or if it determines that the OPA intake was not timely, thorough, and objective; or (2) disagrees with the OPA Director's classification decision.

B. OIG shall conduct a review of any completed investigation, consistent with the requirements of Section 3.29.260, to determine whether the investigation was timely, thorough, and ((neutral)) objective.

C. To determine whether any completed investigation was timely, thorough, and ((neutral)) <u>objective</u>, OIG shall retain the authority to access any investigative materials that will support making the determination.

D. OIG shall ((immediately)) promptly notify the entities listed in subsection 3.29.530.B.1 if it is unable to determine whether an investigation was timely, thorough, and ((neutral)) objective or if it determines that an investigation was not timely, thorough, and ((neutral)) objective. In such case, OIG shall choose a new non-City entity to perform a new investigation.

Section 6. Section 3.29.570 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 126628, is amended as follows:

#### 3.29.570 Transmittal of investigative results

A. For any investigation completed by OPA, upon determination by OIG that the investigation was

timely, thorough, and ((neutral)) objective, OPA will transmit the investigation file and findings to the Mayor.

B. For any investigation completed by SDHR, upon determination by OIG that the investigation was timely, thorough, and ((neutral)) objective, OIG will transmit the investigation and findings, as determined by SDHR, to the Mayor.

C. For any investigation conducted by a non-City entity, upon determination by OIG that the investigation was timely, thorough, and ((neutral)) objective, OIG will transmit the investigation and findings, as determined by the non-City entity, to the Mayor

Section 7. A new Section 3.29.590 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

#### 3.29.590 OIG reporting

A. OIG shall include information on complaints, intakes, and/or investigations naming the Chief of Police in quarterly reports to the Mayor, the President of the Council, and the Chair of the Council's public safety committee. The reports shall include information for the prior quarter and year to date, as follows:

1. The number of complaints initiated or received by the OPA and OIG;

- 2. The number of complaints closed as a contact log;
- 3. The number of complaints with completed intakes;
- 4. The number of complaints remaining open;
- 5. The number of opened and completed investigations; and

6. The number and percentage of intakes and investigations that OIG was unable to determine were timely, thorough, and objective, or that OIG determined were not timely, thorough, and objective.

B. OIG shall include information on complaints, intakes, and/or investigations naming the Chief of Police in its annual report, required under Subchapter II of this Chapter 3.29. The annual report shall include information listed in subsection 3.29.590.A.1 through 3.29.590.A.6 for the prior calendar year.

Section 8. This ordinance shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Sections 1.04.020 and 1.04.070.

Passed by the City Council the	day of	,	2025, and signed by
ne in open session in authentication of its	passage this	day of	, 2025.
		of the City Counci	- 1
Approved / returned unsigned /		day of	_, 2025.
	Bruce A. Har	rell, Mayor	
Filed by me this <u></u> day of		, 2025.	
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	Scheereen De	edman, City Clerk	
Seal)			

#### SUMMARY and FISCAL NOTE

Department:	Dept. Contact:	CBO Contact:
LEG	Karina Bull/ 206-715-2460	N/A

#### **1. BILL SUMMARY**

**Legislation Title:** AN ORDINANCE relating to oversight of the police; revising the process for investigating complaints naming the Chief of Police; adding new Sections 3.29.515 and 3.29.590 to the Seattle Municipal Code; and amending Sections 3.29.510, 3.29.520, 3.29.530, 3.29.560, and 3.29.570 of the Seattle Municipal Code.

**Summary and Background of the Legislation:** In 2017, Ordinance 125315 (Accountability Ordinance) established the City's three-pronged police oversight system to (1) ensure that police services are delivered to the people of Seattle in a manner that fully complies with the Constitution and laws of the United States and the State of Washington; (2) ensure public and officer safety; and (3) promote public confidence in the Seattle Police Department (SPD).

In this system, the roles of the three accountability agencies, the Office of Police Accountability (OPA), the Office of Inspector General for Public Safety (OIG), and the Community Police Commission (CPC), are as follows:

- The OPA is an independent, civilian-led office within SPD that investigates misconduct complaints involving SPD employees to ensure that the actions of SPD employees are lawful and in compliance with SPD policies;
- The OIG is an independent office separate from the Executive that reviews and audits the management, practices, and policies of SPD and OPA, including OPA's handling of misconduct complaints; and
- The CPC is a community-based oversight commission that reviews closed OPA investigations and engages the community to develop recommendations on the police accountability system and identify opportunities for systemic improvements.

Although the Accountability Ordinance established standards and procedures for investigating misconduct complaints involving SPD employees, the ordinance did not contemplate a process for ensuring that misconduct complaints naming the Chief of Police would be handled in a fair and transparent manner, free of potential conflicts of interest.

In 2022, Ordinance 126628 created a specific process for OPA's investigation of complaints naming the Chief of Police, including but not limited to: (1) conducting comprehensive intake investigations (intakes) for every complaint; (2) requiring civilian supervisors to conduct intakes; (3) recommending classification determinations on whether and how to proceed with investigations; (4) determining whether a City entity (i.e., OPA or the Seattle Department of Human Resources) or non-City entity would perform investigations depending on the presence

of real or potential conflicts of interest and type of allegation(s); and (5) assigning civilian staff to perform investigations.

This process also created an oversight role for the OIG including but not limited to: (1) receiving notice of complaints; (2) reviewing and auditing intakes and investigations to ensure compliance with certain standards, (3) finalizing classification determinations; and (4) providing notifications to City entities and the complainant.

Since Ordinance 126628 went into effect in July 2022, OPA has received over 70 complaints naming the Chief of Police. After almost three years of implementation, several aspects of the investigative process have emerged as limiting the ability of OPA and OIG to operate in a timely, efficient, and accountable manner. For example:

- OPA must conduct a comprehensive intake for every complaint regardless of the content or allegations, including complaints that do not allege a plausible violation or present issues that have already been reviewed or adjudicated;
- OPA supervisors must conduct intakes although there are other qualified staff members (e.g., four civilian investigators) who could perform this work;
- There is not an established procedure for handling new complaints that arise during ongoing investigations managed by OIG; and
- There are limited reporting requirements.

This legislation would amend Ordinance 126628 with the intention of streamlining and clarifying the intake and investigation process to provide staffing flexibility, support procedural efficiency, and increase transparency.

These amendments would:

- Allow OPA, with OIG's agreement, to close certain complaints as a *contact log* after an initial screening;<sup>1</sup>
- Allow OPA to assign non-supervisory, civilian staff to intakes;
- Allow OIG to initiate and manage the investigation of a new complaint that arises during an ongoing investigation managed by OIG if there is a sufficient nexus between the new complaint and the ongoing investigation;
- Establish a consistent requirement for OIG to *promptly* provide notifications to City entities and the complainant;<sup>2</sup>
- Clarify that investigations must be timely, thorough, and *objective*;<sup>3</sup> and
- Require OIG to provide information on complaints, intakes, and investigations in quarterly reports for the Mayor, the President of the Council, and the Chair of the Council's public safety committee, and in its annual report for the general public.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Under Ordinance 126628, a *contact log* is a type of classification that resolves a complaint without an investigation. This classification includes circumstances when: (a) the complaint does not involve a potential policy violation by an SPD employee; (b) there is insufficient information to proceed with further inquiry; (c) the complaint has already been reviewed or adjudicated by OPA and/or OIG; or (d) the complaint presents fact patterns that are clearly implausible or incredible, and there are no indicia of other potential misconduct.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The current process has varying requirements for *prompt* or *immediate* notification, depending on the type of notification.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The current process requires intakes and investigations to be timely, thorough, and *neutral*.

#### 2. CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

Does this legislation create, fund, or amend a CIP Project?	🗌 Yes 🖂 No	
3. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS		
Does this legislation have financial impacts to the City?	🗌 Yes 🖂 No	
3.d. Other Impacts		

Does the legislation have other financial impacts to The City of Seattle, including direct or indirect, one-time or ongoing costs, that are not reflected above? If so, please describe these financial impacts.  $N\!/\!A$ 

If the legislation has costs, but they can be absorbed within existing operations, please describe how those costs can be absorbed. The description should clearly describe if the absorbed costs are achievable because the department had excess resources within their existing budget or if by absorbing these costs the department is deprioritizing other work that would have used these resources.  $\rm N/A$ 

**Please describe any financial costs or other impacts of** *not* **implementing the legislation.** This legislation is intended to improve the City's process of investigating complaints naming the Chief of Police. Not implementing this legislation could limit the City's ability to efficiently conduct investigations and result in inconsistent reporting practices, potentially undermining the public trust in the City's police accountability system.

#### 4. OTHER IMPLICATIONS

- a. Please describe how this legislation may affect any departments besides the originating department. This legislation proposes changes to policies and procedures that would impact OPA and OIG. These impacts are intended to improve operations and accountability; and are not forecasted to result in incremental changes to department budgets or FTE counts.
- b. Does this legislation affect a piece of property? If yes, please attach a map and explain any impacts on the property. Please attach any Environmental Impact Statements, Determinations of Non-Significance, or other reports generated for this property. N/A

- c. Please describe any perceived implication for the principles of the Race and Social Justice Initiative.<sup>4</sup>
  - i. How does this legislation impact vulnerable or historically disadvantaged communities? How did you arrive at this conclusion? In your response, please consider impacts within City government (employees, internal programs) as well as in the broader community. This legislation is intended to strengthen the City's civilian oversight of misconduct complaints naming the Chief of Police by instituting a more efficient and transparent process for intakes and investigations. An ongoing practice of re-examining and revising the City's internal processes, including the handling of misconduct complaints naming the Chief of Police, is critical for building a lasting police accountability system that is responsive and accountable to vulnerable or historically disadvantaged communities.
  - ii. Please attach any Racial Equity Toolkits or other racial equity analyses in the development and/or assessment of the legislation. N/A
  - iii. What is the Language Access Plan for any communications to the public? N/A
- d. Climate Change Implications
  - i. Emissions: How is this legislation likely to increase or decrease carbon emissions in a material way? Please attach any studies or other materials that were used to inform this response. N/A
  - ii. Resiliency: Will the action(s) proposed by this legislation increase or decrease Seattle's resiliency (or ability to adapt) to climate change in a material way? If so, explain. If it is likely to decrease resiliency in a material way, describe what will or could be done to mitigate the effects. N/A
- e. If this legislation includes a new initiative or a major programmatic expansion: What are the specific long-term and measurable goal(s) of the program? How will this legislation help achieve the program's desired goal(s)? What mechanisms will be used to measure progress towards meeting those goals? N/A

#### **5. CHECKLIST**

Please click the appropriate box if any of these questions apply to this legislation.

**Is a public hearing required?** 

Is publication of notice with *The Daily Journal of Commerce* and/or *The Seattle Times* required?

☐ If this legislation changes spending and/or revenues for a fund, have you reviewed the relevant fund policies and determined that this legislation complies?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Principles: The City of Seattle Race and Social Justice Initiative.

https://www.seattle.gov/rsji/about/principles#:~:text=Our%20commitment%20to%20ending%20racial,those%20who%20need%20it%20most. Accessed online April 21, 2025

### **Does this legislation create a non-utility CIP project that involves a shared financial commitment with a non-City partner agency or organization?**

#### 6. ATTACHMENTS

List Summary Attachments (if any):



## **Council Bill 120977: Amendments to Chief of Police Investigations Process**

KARINA BULL, LEGISLATIVE ANALYST

PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE MAY 13, 2025

## Outline

- Background Accountability Ordinance and Chief of Police Investigations
- Policy Goals
- Summary of Council Bill (CB) 120977
- Next Steps

## Background – Accountability Ordinance (1/2)

- In 2017, Ordinance 125315 (Accountability Ordinance) established the City's three-pronged police oversight system:
  - **1. Office of Police Accountability** independent, civilian-led office within SPD that investigates misconduct complaints involving SPD employees
  - 2. Office of Inspector General for Public Safety independent office separate from the Executive that reviews and audits SPD and OPA
  - **3. Community Police Commission** community-based oversight commission that reviews closed OPA investigations
- This system did not include a process for investigating misconduct complaints naming the Chief of Police and ensuring that such complaints would be handled in a fair and transparent manner, free of potential conflicts of interest

## Background – Chief of Police Investigations (2/2)

- In 2022, Ordinance 126628 established a specific process for OPA's handling of complaints naming the Chief of Police that included an oversight role for OIG
- Since July 2022, OPA has received over 70 complaints
- Issues with the current investigation process that limit OPA and OIG's ability to address these complaints in a timely, efficient, and accountable manner:
  - Comprehensive intakes for all complaints
  - Staffing restrictions for conducting intakes
  - Inconsistent technical requirements
  - New complaints during an OIG-managed investigation
  - Limited reporting requirements

## **Policy Goals**

- Streamline and clarify the intake/investigation process for complaints naming the Chief of Police
- Provide staffing flexibility
- Support procedural efficiency
- Increase transparency

## Summary of CB 120977

Amendments to Chief of Police investigation process:

- Allow OPA, with OIG's agreement, to close qualifying complaints as a *contact log* after an initial screening
- Allow OPA to assign *non-supervisory, civilian staff* to intakes
- Clarify that investigations must be timely, thorough, and *objective*
- Establish a consistent requirement for OIG to *promptly* notify City entities and the complainant
- Allow OIG to initiate and manage the investigation of a new complaint that arises during an ongoing investigation managed by OIG
- Require OIG to include information on complaints in *quarterly reports* for the Mayor, the President of the Council, and the Chair of the Council's public safety committee, and in its *annual report* for the public

## **Next Steps**

- May 27 Committee discussion and possible vote
- June 3 Earliest possible date for Council action

# **Questions?**



May 9, 2025

#### MEMORANDUM

То:	Public Safety Committee
From:	Karina Bull, Analyst
Subject:	Chief of Police Investigation Process

On May 13, 2025, the Public Safety Committee (Committee) will discuss <u>Council Bill (CB)</u> <u>120977</u>, that would amend the City's process for investigating complaints naming the Chief of Police. This memo provides background on Chief of Police investigations, summarizes the legislation, and identifies next steps.

#### **Background on Chief of Police investigations**

In 2017, <u>Ordinance 125315</u> (Accountability Ordinance) established the City's three-pronged police oversight system to (1) ensure that police services are delivered to the people of Seattle in a manner that fully complies with the Constitution and laws of the United States and the State of Washington; (2) ensure public and officer safety; and (3) promote public confidence in the Seattle Police Department (SPD).

In this system, the roles of the three accountability agencies, the Office of Police Accountability (OPA), the Office of Inspector General for Public Safety (OIG), and the Community Police Commission (CPC), are as follows:

- The OPA is an independent, civilian-led office within SPD that investigates misconduct complaints involving SPD employees to ensure that the actions of SPD employees are lawful and in compliance with SPD policies;
- The OIG is an independent office separate from the Executive that reviews and audits the management, practices, and policies of SPD and OPA, including OPA's handling of misconduct complaints; and
- The CPC is a community-based oversight commission that reviews closed OPA investigations and engages the community to develop recommendations on the police accountability system and identify opportunities for systemic improvements.

Although the Accountability Ordinance established standards and procedures for investigating misconduct complaints involving SPD employees, the ordinance did not include a process for ensuring that misconduct complaints naming the Chief of Police would be handled in a fair and transparent manner, free of potential conflicts of interest.

In 2022, Ordinance 126628 created a specific process for OPA's handling of complaints naming the Chief of Police, including but not limited to: (1) conducting a comprehensive intake investigation (intake) for every complaint; (2) requiring civilian supervisors to conduct intakes; (3) recommending classification determinations on whether and how to proceed with investigations; (4) determining whether a City entity (i.e., OPA or the Seattle Department of Human Resources) or non-City entity would perform the investigation depending on the presence of real or potential conflicts of interest and type of allegation(s); and (5) assigning civilian staff to perform investigations.

This process also created an oversight role for OIG including but not limited to: (1) receiving notice of complaints; (2) reviewing and auditing intake and investigations, (3) finalizing classification determinations; (4) providing notifications to City entities and the complainant.

Since Ordinance 126628 went into effect in July 2022, OPA has received over 70 complaints naming the Chief of Police. After several years of implementation, OPA and OIG have signaled that certain aspects of the investigation process limit their ability to efficiently address these complaints. For example:

- Comprehensive intakes for all complaints OPA must conduct a full examination of every complaint regardless of the content or allegations, including complaints that do not allege a plausible violation or present issues that have already been reviewed or adjudicated;
- Staffing restrictions for conducting intakes Only two civilian supervisors are allowed to conduct intakes although there are potentially up to four civilian investigators who could also perform this work;
- Inconsistent technical requirements The investigation standard (i.e., timely, thorough, and *neutral*) is different than the standard established by the Accountability Ordinance (i.e., timely, thorough, and *objective*), and there are varying timeline requirements (i.e., promptly or immediately) for OIG's notifications to City entities and the complainant; and
- New complaints during an OIG-managed investigation There is not an established procedure for handling new complaints that arise during an ongoing investigation managed by OIG.

In addition, there are **limited reporting requirements**. While OIG must provide several notifications (e.g., notice of an open investigation) to City entities and the complainant, the only public reporting requirement is to include the number of complaints closed as a *contact log*<sup>1</sup> in OIG's annual report.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Under Ordinance 126628, a contact log is a type of classification that resolves a complaint without an investigation. This classification includes circumstances when: (a) the complaint does not involve a potential policy violation by an SPD employee; (b) there is insufficient information to proceed with further inquiry; (c) the complaint has already been reviewed or adjudicated by OPA and/or OIG; or (d) the complaint presents fact patterns that are clearly implausible or incredible, and there are no indicia of other potential misconduct.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> OPA included limited information on complaints naming the Chief of Police in its <u>2022 Annual Report</u> and <u>2023 Annual Report</u>.

#### Summary of CB 120977

CB 120977 would amend Ordinance 126628 with the intention of streamlining and clarifying the intake and investigation process to provide staffing flexibility, support procedural efficiency, and increase transparency. The bill would:

- Allow OPA, with OIG's agreement, to close qualifying complaints as a contact log after an initial screening;
- Allow OPA to assign non-supervisory, civilian staff to intakes;
- Allow OIG to initiate and manage the investigation of a new complaint that arises during an ongoing investigation managed by OIG;
- Clarify that all investigations must be timely, thorough and *objective*;
- Establish a consistent requirement for OIG to *promptly* notify City entities and the complainant; and
- Require OIG to include information on complaints, intakes, and investigations naming the Chief of Police in *quarterly reports* for the Mayor, the President of the City Council, and the Chair of the Council's public safety committee, and in its *annual report* for the public.

#### **Next Steps**

The Committee will continue discussing and may vote on CB 120977 at the next Committee meeting on May 27, 2025. If the Committee votes to make a recommendation on CB 120977 on that date, the City Council could vote on the legislation as early as June 3, 2025.

cc: Ben Noble, Director Lish Whitson, Supervising Analyst Karina Bull Public Safety Committee May 27, 2025 D1b

#### Amendment 1 Version 1 to CB 120977 – Chief of Police Investigations

#### Sponsor: Councilmember Kettle

#### Technical Changes and OIG Quarterly Reporting Requirements

Effect: This amendment would make the following changes to Council Bill 120977:

- Clarify the description of the Community Police Commission in the recitals;
- Clarify the three-part structure of the requirement for intakes and investigations to be timely, thorough, and objective; and
- Require OIG to provide quarterly reports on complaints naming the Chief of Police to the Executive Director of the Community Police Commission (in addition to the Mayor, the President of the Council, and the Chair of the Council's public safety committee).

Clarifying the description of the Community Police Commission and the requirements for intakes and investigations would be technical changes that would not modify existing or proposed requirements.

Requiring OIG to provide quarterly reports to the Executive Director of the Community Police Commission would expand notice of these reports.

Amend the recitals of CB 120977 as follows:

\* \* \*

WHEREAS, the Accountability Ordinance strengthened elements of the City's existing system,

clarifying and establishing the roles of the Office of Police Accountability (OPA) as an

independent, civilian-led investigative office organizationally within SPD, the Office of

Inspector General for Public Safety (OIG) as an independent office separate from the

Executive, and the Community Police Commission (CPC) as an independent office and a

strong community-based oversight commission; and

\* \* \*

WHEREAS, the CPC engages the community to develop recommendations on the police accountability system and works to ensure that the police accountability system is

responsive to community concerns, including but not limited to reviewing closed OPA investigations to identify opportunities for systemic improvements; and

\* \* \*

Amend Section 3 of CB 120977 as follows:

#### 3.29.520 OIG review of OPA intake, classification, and investigation scoping

A. OIG shall conduct a review of OPA's intake ((investigation)) and classification to ensure that (1) the intake ((investigation)) was timely, thorough, and ((neutral)) objective, and (2) OIG concurs with the classification determination.

\* \* \*

Amend Section 5 of CB 120977 as follows:

3.29.560 OIG review <u>and notification</u> of the intake ((investigation)), classification, and investigation<u>; and intake and investigation standards</u>

A. Each intake and investigation shall be: (1) timely, (2) thorough, and (3) objective. OIG shall determine that an intake or investigation is not timely, thorough, and objective if it fails to meet one or more of these three standards.

<u>B. After conducting the review required by Section 3.29.520</u>, OIG shall ((immediately)) promptly notify the entities listed in subsection 3.29.530.B.1 if it: (1) is unable to determine whether the OPA intake was timely, thorough, and ((neutral)) objective or if it determines that the OPA intake was not timely, thorough, and objective; or (2) disagrees with the OPA Director's classification decision.

 $((\underline{B}, \underline{)})$  <u>C.</u> OIG shall conduct a review of any completed investigation, consistent with the requirements of Section 3.29.260, to determine whether the investigation was timely, thorough, and  $((\underline{neutral}))$  <u>objective</u>.

Karina Bull Public Safety Committee May 27, 2025 D1b

 $((\bigcirc))$  <u>D</u>. To determine whether any <u>intake or</u> completed investigation was timely, thorough, and ((neutral)) <u>objective</u>, OIG shall retain the authority to access any <u>intake and</u> investigative materials that will support making the determination.

 $((\bigoplus)) \stackrel{E}{=} OIG \text{ shall } ((immediately)) promptly notify the entities listed in subsection 3.29.530.B.1 if it is unable to determine whether an investigation was timely, thorough, and <math>((neutral)) \stackrel{objective}{oticle}$  or if it determines that an investigation was not timely, thorough, and  $((neutral)) \stackrel{objective}{oticle}$ . In such case, OIG shall choose a new non-City entity to perform a new investigation.

Amend Section 7 of CB 120977 as follows:

#### 3.29.590 OIG reporting

A. OIG shall include information on complaints, intakes, and/or investigations naming the Chief of Police in quarterly reports to the Mayor, the President of the Council, ((and)) the Chair of the Council's public safety committee, and the Executive Director of the Community <u>Police Commission</u>. The reports shall include information for the prior quarter and year to date, as follows:

- 1. The number of complaints initiated or received by the OPA and OIG;
- 2. The number of complaints closed as a contact log;
- 3. The number of complaints with completed intakes;
- 4. The number of complaints remaining open;
- 5. The number of opened and completed investigations; and
- 6. The number and percentage of intakes and investigations that OIG was unable to determine were timely, thorough, and objective, or that OIG determined were not timely, thorough, and objective.

Karina Bull Public Safety Committee May 27, 2025 D1b

\* \* \*



Legislation Text

File #: Inf 2682, Version: 1

Hiring, Overtime, and Performance Metrics Report



## Seattle Police Department (SPD) 2025 Q1 Sworn Staffing, Overtime and Performance Metrics Report

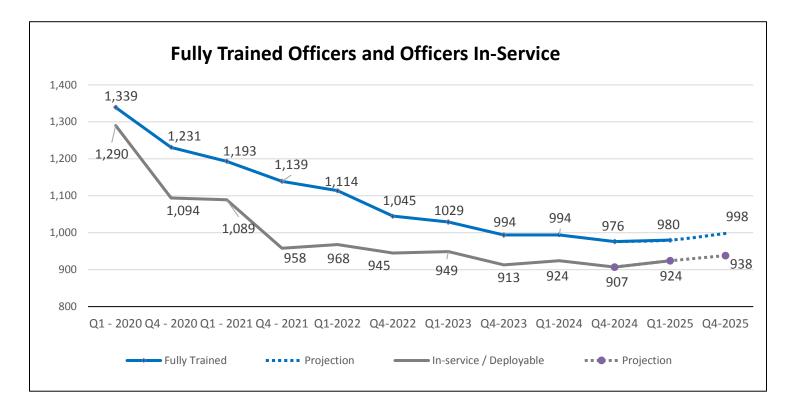
**GREG DOSS, ANALYST** 

PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE MAY 27, 2025

## 1. SPD Staffing

## Slides 3-7

SPD Staffing Plan – Actuals through March 2025 and projections through Dec 2025



#### 2025 Jan-Mar Actuals v. Original Staffing Plan

- Q1 Hires Planned: 31
  Q1 Actual Hires Achieved: 43
- Q1 Separations Planned: 27 Q1 Separations Realized: 20
- Net Change from Plan: +19 (12 more hires and 7 fewer separations)

#### 2025 SPD Annual Projections (Revised)

SPD Original Hiring Projection: 120SPD Original Separation Projection: 105

**SPD** Revised Hiring Projection: 132 (Low Projection) 169 (High Projection) **SPD** Revised Separation Projection: 98

Analysis of staffing and salary impacts

	Funded in 2025 Adopted Budget*	New Estimates for YE 2025	Difference
New Hires Projected in 2025	120	132 to 169	12 to 49
Assumed Separations in 2025	105	98	(7)

- SPD's original 2025 Staffing Plan assumed 120 hires and 105 separations, which are fully funded in the 2025 Adopted Budget. SPD is now planning for between 12 and 49 additional hires and seven fewer separations in 2025.
  - The low-end hiring projection (132) reflects changes through Mar 31 and is <u>not</u> adjusted for future months (April-Dec). Future months continue to reflect hiring and separation assumptions made last August. This is SPD's standard method for updating its staffing plan.
  - The high-end projection (169) is adjusted for future months and is a potentially more accurate projection given the current hiring trends. This method uses a straight-line projection based on the last six months of hiring.
- The FTE differences (2025 Adopted Budget vs high and low estimates above) will create unfunded salary costs that will reach \$6.8 million (low estimate) and could potentially reach up to \$10 million (high estimate) by year-end 2025. A part of this increase is due to than a higher-than-estimated number of new hires in Q4 of 2024.

SPD Sworn Hires 2023 – April 2025

	2023	2024	2025*
Sworn Hires	Male 54 Female 7	Male 72 Female 12	Male 53 Female 5 Not Specified 2

\*2025 data through April 18

- According to the DOJ, in 2022, eighty percent of all starting state and local police recruits were male and twenty percent were female.
- Historically, SPD recruit classes have not exceeded 13% women hires. The Executive and SPD are taking tangible steps to increase hiring of women, but changes will be incremental.

#### Steps in the application phase

- 1. Submit Application
- 2. Register and Complete Exam Components
- 3. Physical Agility Test
- 4. Interviewing / Backgrounding
- 5. Medical Evaluation
- 6. Psychological Exam
- 7. Polygraph Exam

Due to the time required to complete the police officer hiring process, applicants are often hired the year after they apply

Applicants who Passed Minimum Qualifications 2023 – May 2025

					20	25	Seattle Demographics	King County Demographics	
	20	23	20	24		5/9/25)	(2020)	(2020)	
Race	n	%	n	%	n %		%	%	
American Indian or Alaskan Native	27	1.4%	58	1.5%	25	1.7%	0.6%	1.1%	
Asian or Pacific Islander	280	15.0%	587	14.9%	224	15.0%	17.5%	23.1%	
Black (not of Hispanic origin)	469	25.2%	972	24.6%	348	23.2%	6.6%	7.4%	
Hispanic	341	18.3%	783	19.8%	272	18.2%	8.2%	11.1%	
White (not of Hispanic origin)	661	35.5%	1361	34.5%	566	37.8%	59.9%	53.7%	
Undisclosed/Prefer Not to Respond	85	4.6%	187	4.7%	62	4.1%			
Total	1863	100.0%	3948	100.0%	1497	100.0%			
Gender	n	%	n	%	n	%	%	%	
Female	253	13.6%	542	13.7%	232	15.5%	49.0%	49.3%	
Male	1576	84.6%	3341	84.6%	1244	83.1%	51.0%	50.7%	
Non Binary	11	0.6%	13	0.3%	4	0.3%			
Transgender	5	0.3%	15	0.4%	6	0.4%			
Undisclosed/Prefer Not to Respond	18	1.0%	37	0.9%	11	0.7%			
Total	1863	100.0%	3948	100.0%	1497	100.0%			

The demographic groups reported are based on the options provided in the NEOGOV applicant system. There are three differences between NEOGOV's

demographic options and those reported in the King County and Seattle data from the US Census:

1. The category "Two or More Races" is reflected in census data, but not in NEOGOV applicant data.

2. The categories "Asian alone" and "Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander alone" are presented separately in census data, but are combined in NEOGOV applicant data.

3. The categories of Non Binary and Transgender are reflected in NEOGOV applicant data, but not census data.

## SPD Precinct Staffing (1/2)

As of March 31, 2025

	PRECINCT												
	Citywide		East North		South		Southwest		West				
Job Category	Sgt	Ofc	Sgt	Ofc	Sgt	Ofc	Sgt	Ofc	Sgt	Ofc	Sgt	Ofc	Total
911	4	17	11	71	19	96	10	70	11	54	20	95	478
Beats													
Bikes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	7	8
Seattle Center	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	1	3	4
Totals	4	17	11	71	19	96	10	70	11	54	22	105	490

## SPD Precinct Staffing (2/2)

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Recent History of 911 Response and Patrol Officer Staffing

		911 Response Only				
Date	All of Patrol (incl Seattle Center and Bike Squad)	Officers	Sergeants			
September 2020	694	591	77			
December 2020	605	511	77			
December 2021	541	463	71			
December 2023	500	415	74			
March 2024	490	407	72			
March 2025	490	403	75			

# 2. SPD Overtime Monitoring

### SPD Overtime Monitoring

#### **Overtime Spending Since 2022**

Year	Annual OT Budget	Q1 Spending*	Percent of Budget
2022	\$26,359,544	\$6,221,871	24%
2023	\$31,267,261	\$8,672,853	28%
2024	\$37,712,090	\$8,864,212	23%
2025	\$53,100,000	\$10,800,000	20%

- Between 2022 and 2025, SPD's overtime budget grew by \$26.8 million, a 102% increase. Much of this increase can be attributed to recent agreements with the Seattle Police Officer's Guild (SPOG):
  - 1. A three-year 23% salary adjustment made in the City's Interim Agreement (IA) with the Seattle Police Officer's Guild; and
  - 2. An MOU that provides a \$225 premium for each special events overtime shift.
- Last year, the department spent \$45.8 million on overtime. Salary savings from vacant sworn officer positions was used to cover the budget-spending deficit.
- Overtime is seasonal and Jan-March are the slowest months. Historically, first quarter spending accounts for approximately 19 to 20 percent of all overtime expenditures. At current spending levels, the department is not showing any signs of a year-end, budget-spending deficit due to overtime activity. Although, it is difficult to make accurate predictions with only three months of data.
- The \$225 special events overtime premium is currently budgeted at \$3.6 million. Last year, the department spent \$4.0 million for the premiums. This disparity is not a risk for the budget unless the department will need to staff more special events in 2025 or need to deploy more officers to each event.

# 3. Response Times and Call Triage

Slides 11 - 12

### Citywide Response Times and Z-Disposition Calls

#### Q1 2025 Response Time (in minutes)

	Q1 2	.024	Q1 2025		
PRIORITY	Avg. RT (minutes)			Median RT (minutes)	
1	11.4	7.9	10.3	7	
2	75.7	33.1	70.2	28.4	
3	154.5	81.8	152.5	75.3	

#### Q1 2025 "Z Disposition" Call Response

Calls that do not receive an in- person response from SPD	CALL VOLUME	%
Calls that receive no in-person response	50	0.1%
Did get a response	39,775	99.9%

- SPD's response time goal is a 7-minute median time.
- For Jan-March 2025, half of all Priority 1 calls received a response in less than seven minutes. This is an improvement from last year, in which 44% of all Priority 1 calls received a response in less than seven minutes.
- In May of 2024, SPD and the Community Assisted Response and Engagement (CARE) Department agreed to a new call prioritization protocol. As a result, some Priority 1 calls were moved into the Priority 2 and Priority 3 categories.



2025 Q1 1<sup>st</sup> Unit Response Time<sup>1</sup> (Jan-Mar, 2025)

#### 2022-2025 Q1 First Unit Response Time (in minutes)

		P1			P2		P3		
РСТ	Year	Avg. RT	Median RT	Avg. RT	Median RT	Avg. RT	Median RT		
EAST	2022	8.9	5.9	55.6	23.6	101.5	54.8		
	2023	9.8	6.2	83.9	35.6	159.3	80.6		
	2024	9.7	6.1	91.4	42.7	191.0	106.7		
	2025	8.0	5.5	62.6	28.0	128.6	66.8		
NORTH	2022	12.0	8.7	65.8	29.5	130.8	70.0		
	2023	13.8	9.9	87.7	40.6	181.5	92.4		
	2024	13.2	9.6	101.0	48.0	215.1	117.3		
	2025	12.6	9.2	88.6	40.7	190.5	99.4		
SOUTH	2022	11.1	7.5	54.8	23.9	93.2	50.5		
	2023	10.9	7.8	63.4	25.5	106.3	53.6		
	2024	10.6	7.9	71.7	30.1	126.6	67.8		
	2025	9.0	6.9	50.2	18.5	99.0	52.0		
sw	2022	11.0	8.3	45.9	20.6	79.0	44.5		
	2023	11.1	8.4	51.5	22.0	90.2	46.8		
	2024	10.5	8.1	51.2	22.6	97.3	52.9		
	2025	9.6	7.2	37.7	17.1	77.7	43.2		
WEST	2022	8.5	5.6	59.9	25.9	106.4	54.6		
	2023	9.5	6.1	66.8	26.7	133.2	63.8		
	2024	9.2	6.2	89.4	36.2	191.4	98.4		
	2025	8.9	6.2	78.1	32.3	179.0	93.6		

Response Time by Precinct (Jan-Mar 2021-2024)

#### **SPD Data-Driven Analysis:**

- In comparing the first quarter of 2025 against the same period last year, all five precincts saw improvements over their 2024 average response times for all call priority groups.
- The most significant improvements were in the East Precinct, which saw response time reductions of 18.5% for Priority 1, 31.5% for priority 2, and 32.7% for priority 3.
- The North precinct continues to have the slowest response times out of all the precincts for priority 1 calls.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Response time is the time taken from the CAD event queued until the first unit arrives. Only dispatched, fielded CAD events are included.



# Key Takeaways

- SPD is hiring at an unprecedented pace. The department expects to increase its sworn force by at least 34 officers (hires, less separations). Based on a straight-line projection, the department could add as many as 76 net new officers. SPD is not funded for this level of FTE and may need to request additional funding in the Mid-year Supplemental Budget, or find internal savings that are sufficient to fund the additional costs.
- SPD and the Mayor's Office staff are taking tangible steps to increase hiring of women, but changes are incremental and there is a delay before one can reasonably expect the data to reflect the impact of these efforts.
- SPD has spent 20% of its overtime budget through Q1. The department is not showing any signs of a year-end, budget—spending deficit due to overtime. Although due to seasonality in OT spending, it is difficult to make accurate predictions at this point in the year.
- SPD's 911 response times have improved, but it is difficult to determine how much of the change should be attributed to a department recategorization of Priority 1 calls. It's also possible that CARE responders are positively impacting response times.

