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CITY OF SEATTLE

RESOLUTION	32113
RESOLUTION	SZII.

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A RESOLUTION endorsing the Philippine Human Rights Act.

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WHEREAS, on January 30, 2017, the Seattle City Council unanimously passed Resolution 31730, affirming The City of Seattle as a Welcoming City that promotes policies and programs to foster inclusion for all, and serves its residents regardless of their

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immigration or refugee status, race, color, creed, religion, ancestry, national origin, age,

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disability, homelessness, or low-income or veteran status, and reaffirming the City's

sex, marital status, parental status, sexual orientation, gender identity, political ideology,

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continuing commitment to advocate and support the well-being of all residents; and

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WHEREAS, on July 3, 2020, then-President of the Philippines Rodrigo Duterte signed the Anti-

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Terrorism Act ("Act") into law; and

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WHEREAS, the Act gives authority to the Philippine National Police (PNP) and the Armed

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detain suspects for 14 days, which can be extended by ten more days, and to place

Forces of the Philippines (AFP) to extrajudicially conduct arrests without warrants and

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suspects under surveillance by the police or military for 60 days, which can also be

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extended by up to 30 days; and

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WHEREAS, Section 49 of the Act outlines the scope of extraterritorial applications of the Anti-

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Terrorism Act by stating that it applies to "a Filipino citizen or national who commits any

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of the acts defined and penalized under ... this Act outside the territorial jurisdiction of

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the Philippines" and "individual persons who, although physically outside the territorial

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limits of the Philippines, commit any of the crimes mentioned ... inside the territorial

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limits of the Philippines"; and

1 WHEREAS, the extraterritorial applications of the Act define "foreign terrorist" as anyone who 2 travels to the Philippines and is suspected by the Anti-Terror Council of the intent to commit "terrorist acts"; and 3 4 WHEREAS, the Philippine Government has employed red-tagging, a term used to describe 5 accusing individuals and/or organizations of being left-leaning, subversives, communists, 6 or terrorists, to target individuals or groups such as activists, critics, and political 7 opponents and resulted in surveillance, detention, torture, and killings after targets were 8 labeled as "terrorists"; and 9 WHEREAS, in 2019 and 2020 Philippines and United States dual citizen Maria Ressa, Rappler 10 CEO, Fulbright Scholar, 2018 *Time* magazine Person of the Year, and 2021 Nobel Peace 11 Prize recipient, was accused of and convicted for cyber libel and supporting independent 12 journalism on then-President Duterte's War on Drugs; and 13 WHEREAS, on August 6, 2019, U.S. citizen Brandon Lee, an indigenous and environmental 14 activist from San Francisco, was shot in front of his family's home in the Philippines 15 during an exposition to defend indigenous land; and 16 WHEREAS, the Act threatens the safety of residents and families here in Seattle, both Filipino 17 and non-Filipino, who exercise their constitutionally protected freedom of speech and 18 speak out against these injustices; and 19 WHEREAS, since the beginning of President Duterte's administration in 2016, over \$700 20 million of U.S. tax dollars was sent as monetary aid to the Philippines according to the 21 Philippine Embassy in Washington, D.C., with part of the funding going directly to 22 Philippine security forces; and

	Teresa Mosqueda OIRA Philippine Human Rights Act RES D1c
1	WHEREAS, the Duterte administration's allocation of those funds resulted in systemic human
2	rights violations on the War on Drugs, and expanding the National Task Force to End the
3	Local Communist Armed Conflict (NTF-ELCAC) which is used to systematically red-
4	tag, target, arrest, and kill political opponents, political dissidents, and those critical of the
5	government; and
6	WHEREAS, U.S. Representative Susan Wild (PA-07) sponsored House Bill 1433, the Philippine
7	Human Rights Act, which will suspend the U.S. security assistance to the Philippines
8	until human rights violations by Philippine security officials have ceased and responsible
9	state forces are held accountable; and
10	WHEREAS, according to Amnesty International, the Act "contains dangerous provisions and
11	risks further undermining human rights in the country" and defines, by law, acts of
12	dissent and opposition to the Philippine government as acts of terrorism;
13	NOW, THEREFORE,
14	BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SEATTLE, THE
15	MAYOR CONCURRING, THAT:
16	Section 1. The Seattle City Council stands in solidarity with Filipino human rights
17	defenders and their supporters, both in the Philippines and here in Seattle, and seeks to uphold
18	their constitutionally protected right to freedom of speech.
19	Section 2. The City of Seattle acknowledges the ethnic, cultural, socioeconomic,
20	religious, and political diversity of Seattle and upholds its protections to its citizens and their
21	political liberties.
22	Section 3. The City of Seattle urges each member of the United States House of
23	Representatives representing Seattle and the United States Senators from Washington to stand in