	James Kenny LAW 2025 Criminal ORD D1b
1	under Section 12A.06.090, Interfering with the Reporting of Domestic Violence under Section
2	12A.06.187, Property Destruction under Section 12A.08.020, Criminal Trespass First Degree
3	under Section 12A.08.040, and Criminal Trespass Second Degree under Section 12A.08.040;
4	and two years in all other cases. All civil and criminal proceedings in Municipal Court, and
5	judgments rendered therein, shall be subject to review in the Superior Court by writ of review or
6	on appeal. Costs in civil and criminal cases may be taxed as provided by law.
7	Section 2. Section 12A.06.045 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
8	126691, is repealed:
9	((12A.06.045 Cyberstalking
10	A. A person is guilty of cyberstalking if he or she, without lawful authority and under
11	circumstances not amounting to a felony attempt of another crime:
12	1. Knowingly and without consent:
13	a. Installs or monitors an electronic tracking device with the intent to track
14	the location of another person; or
15	b. Causes an electronic tracking device to be installed, placed, or used
16	with the intent to track the location of another person; and
17	2.
18	a. Knows or reasonably should know that knowledge of the installation or
19	monitoring of the tracking device would cause the other person reasonable fear;
20	b. Has notice that the other person does not want to be contacted or
21	monitored by him or her; or
22	c. The other person has a protective order in effect protecting him or her
23	from the defendant.

James Kenny
LAW 2025 Criminal ORD
D1b

B. It is not a defense to the crime of cyberstalking that the person was not given actual notice that the other person did not want the defendant to contact or monitor him or her. It is not a defense to the crime of cyberstalking that the defendant did not intend to frighten, intimidate, or harass the other person.

C. The provisions of this Section 12A.06.045 do not apply to the installation, placement, or use of an electronic tracking device by any of the following:

- 1. A law enforcement officer, judicial officer, probation or parole officer, or other public employee when any such person is engaged in the lawful performance of official duties and in accordance with state or federal law;
- 2. The installation, placement, or use of an electronic tracking device authorized by an order of a municipal, state, or federal court;
- 3. A legal guardian for a disabled adult or a legally authorized individual or organization designated to provide protective services to a disabled adult when the electronic tracking device is installed, placed, or used to track the location of the disabled adult for which the defendant is a legal guardian or the individual or organization is designated to provide protective services;
- 4. A parent or legal guardian of a minor when the electronic tracking device is installed, placed, or used to track the location of that minor unless the parent or legal guardian is subject to a court order that orders the parent or legal guardian not to assault, threaten, harass, follow, or contact that minor;
- 5. An employer, school, or other organization, who owns the device on which the tracking device is installed and provides the device to a person for use in connection with the

	James Kenny LAW 2025 Criminal ORD D1b
1	person's involvement with the employer, school, or other organization and the use of the device
2	is limited to recovering lost or stolen items; or
3	6. The owner of fleet vehicles, when tracking such vehicles. For the purposes of
4	this Section 12A.06.045, "fleet vehicle" means any of the following:
5	a. One or more motor vehicles owned by a single entity and operated by
6	employees or agents of the entity for business or government purposes;
7	b. Motor vehicles held for lease or rental to the general public; or
8	c. Motor vehicles held for sale, or used as demonstrators, test vehicles, or
9	loaner vehicles, by motor vehicle dealers.))
10	Section 3. A new Section 12A.06.095 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
11	12A.06.095 Hazing
12	A. No student, or other person in attendance at any public or private institution of higher
13	education, or any other postsecondary educational institution, may intentionally haze another.
14	B. As used in this Section 12A.06.095, "hazing" includes any act committed as part of a
15	person's recruitment, initiation, pledging, admission into, or affiliation with a student
16	organization, athletic team, or living group, or any pastime or amusement engaged in with
17	respect to such an organization, athletic team, or living group that causes, or is likely to cause,
18	bodily danger or physical harm, or serious psychological or emotional harm, to any student or
19	other person attending a public or private institution of higher education or other postsecondary
20	educational institution in this City, including causing, directing, coercing, or forcing a person to
21	consume any food, liquid, alcohol, drug, or other substance which subjects the person to risk of
22	such harm, regardless of the person's willingness to participate. "Hazing" does not include
23	customary athletic events or other similar contests or competitions.

	James Kenny LAW 2025 Criminal ORD D1b
1	C. Hazing is a gross misdemeanor.
2	Section 4. Section 12A.06.187 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
3	118107, is amended as follows:
4	12A.06.187 Interfering with the reporting of domestic violence((-))
5	A. A person commits the crime of interfering with the reporting of domestic violence if
6	the person:
7	1. Commits a crime of domestic violence, as defined in Section ((12A.06.120))
8	<u>12A.09.020</u> ; and
9	2. Prevents or attempts to prevent the victim of or a witness to that domestic
10	violence from calling a 911 emergency communication system, obtaining medical assistance or
11	making a report to any law enforcement official.
12	B. Commission of a crime of domestic violence under subsection ((A of this section))
13	12A.06.187.A is a necessary element of the crime of interfering with the reporting of domestic
14	violence.
15	C. Interfering with the reporting of domestic violence is a gross misdemeanor.
16	Section 5. Section 12A.06.195 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
17	125881, is amended as follows:
18	12A.06.195 Court order requiring surrender of firearm, dangerous weapon, or concealed
19	pistol license
20	* * *
21	B. When entering an order authorized under Section ((12A.06.130, 12A.06.165, or
22	12A.06.170)) 12A.09.020 or RCW 7.105.450, 7.105.455, 9A.46.040, 9A.46.050, 9A.46.080,
23	((or)) 9A.46.085, 10.99.040, or 10.99.050 and upon a showing by either clear and convincing

evidence or a preponderance of the evidence, but not by clear and convincing evidence, that a party has used, displayed, or threatened to use a firearm or other dangerous weapon in a felony, that a party has previously committed any offense making the party ineligible to possess a firearm under the provisions of RCW 9.41.040 or that a party's possession of a firearm or other dangerous weapon presents a serious and imminent threat to public health or safety or to the health or safety of any person, the court shall:

- 1. Require the party to surrender any firearm or other dangerous weapon;
- Require the party to surrender any concealed pistol license issued under RCW
 9.41.070;
- 3. Prohibit the party from obtaining or possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon;
 - 4. Prohibit the party from obtaining or possessing a concealed pistol license.

C. During any period of time a person is subject to a court order issued under Section ((12A.06.130, 12A.06.165, or 12A.06.170)) 12A.09.020 or RCW 7.105.450, 7.105.455, 9A.46.040, 9A.46.050, 9A.46.080, ((ex)) 9A.46.085, 10.99.040, or 10.99.050 after a hearing of which the person received actual notice and at which the person had an opportunity to participate, that restrains the person from harassing, stalking, or threatening an intimate partner of the person or child of the intimate partner or person, or engaging in other conduct that would place an intimate partner in reasonable fear of bodily injury to the partner or child, that includes a finding that the person represents a credible threat to the physical safety of the intimate partner or child, and, that, by its terms, explicitly prohibits the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the intimate partner or child that would reasonably be expected to cause bodily injury, the court shall:

	James Kenny LAW 2025 Criminal ORD D1b
1	1. Require the party to surrender any firearm or other dangerous weapon;
2	2. Require the party to surrender any concealed pistol license issued under RCW
3	9.41.070;
4	3. Prohibit the party from obtaining or possessing a firearm or other dangerous
5	weapon; and
6	4. Prohibit the party from obtaining or possessing a concealed pistol license.
7	* * *
8	Section 6. Section 12A.08.120 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
9	108567, is repealed:
10	((12A.08.120 Vehicle Prowling
11	A person is guilty of vehicle prowling if, with intent to commit a crime against a person or
12	property therein, he enters or remains unlawfully in a vehicle.))
13	Section 7. Section 12A.08.130 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
14	122789, is repealed:
15	((12A.08.130 Criminal impersonation.
16	A. A person is guilty of criminal impersonation if the person:
17	1. claims to be a law enforcement officer or creates an impression that he or she is
18	a law enforcement officer, does an act with intent to convey the impression that he or she is
19	acting in an official capacity and a reasonable person would believe the person is a law
20	enforcement officer; or
21	2. falsely assumes the identity of a veteran or active duty member of the armed
22	forces of the United States with intent to defraud for the purpose of personal gain or to facilitate
23	any unlawful activity.

	James Kenny LAW 2025 Criminal ORD D1b
1	B. Criminal impersonation is a gross misdemeanor.))
2	Section 8. Section 12A.09.020 of the Seattle Municipal code, last amended by Ordinance
3	127056, is amended as follows:
4	12A.09.020 Adoption of RCW sections
5	The following RCW sections as amended are adopted by reference:
6	* * *
7	7.105.460 – Enforcement and penalties – Extreme risk protection orders – False petitions
8	9.41.010 – Definitions
9	9.41.368 – Firearm security and storage – Loss or theft – Owner or other person
10	9.41.390 – Assault weapons – Manufacturing, importing, distributing, selling prohibited
11	<u>– Exceptions – Penalty</u>
12	* * *
13	9A.50.900 – Construction
14	9A.52.100 – Vehicle prowling in the second degree
15	9A.60.010 – Definitions
16	9A.60.045 – Criminal impersonation in the second degree
17	9A.82.180(1), (2), (3)(a), (4), (7) – Catalytic converters – Marking requirements –
18	<u>Defense</u>
19	* * *
20	69.50.4018 – Sentencing considerations (except that these provisions apply to all
21	misdemeanors and gross misdemeanors for public use and possession of a controlled substance)
22	Chapter 116, Laws of 2025 – Traveling animal acts – Certain animals
23	* * *

	James Kenny LAW 2025 Criminal ORD D1b
1	Section 9. Section 12A.12.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
2	123191, is amended as follows:
3	12A.12.040 Disorderly conduct on buses
4	* * *
5	B. As used in this Section 12A.12.040:
6	1. "Transit station" or "transit facility" means all passenger facilities, structures,
7	stops, shelters, bus zones, properties, and rights-of-way of all kinds that are owned, leased, held,
8	or used by a transit authority for the purpose of providing public transportation services.
9	2. "Transit vehicle" means any motor vehicle, street car, train, trolley vehicle,
10	ferry boat, or any other device, vessel or vehicle that is owned or operated by a transit authority
11	or an entity providing service on behalf of a transit authority that is used for the purpose of
12	carrying passengers on a regular schedule.
13	3. "Transit authority" means a city transit system under RCW 35.58.2721 or
14	chapter 35.95A RCW, a county transportation authority under chapter 36.57 RCW, a
15	metropolitan municipal corporation transit system under chapter 36.56 RCW, a public
16	transportation benefit area under chapter 36.57A RCW, an unincorporated transportation benefit
17	area under RCW 36.57.100, a regional transportation authority under chapter 81.112 RCW, the
18	Washington state ferries, or any special purpose district formed to operate a public transportation
19	system.
20	* * *
21	Section 10. Section 12A.14.075 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by

Ordinance 124301, is amended as follows:

12A.14.075 Unlawful use of weapons to intimidate another

* * *

D. Effective May 1, 2027, a person convicted of unlawful use of weapons to intimidate another shall lose his or her permit to purchase firearms, if any, and the court shall send notice of the conviction to the Washington State Patrol firearms background check program.

Section 11. Section 12A.14.170 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 126691, is amended as follows:

12A.14.170 Weapons prohibited in certain places

A. It is unlawful for any person to enter the following places when he or she knowingly possesses or knowingly has under his or her control a weapon:

- 1. The restricted access areas of a jail, or of a law enforcement facility, or any place used for the confinement of a person (a) arrested for, charged with, or convicted of an offense((5)); (b) held for extradition or as a material witness((5)); or (c) otherwise confined pursuant to an order of a court, except an order under ((RCW Chapter)) chapter 13.32A or 13.34 RCW. Restricted access areas do not include common areas of egress or ingress open to the general public;
- 2. Those areas in any building which are used in connection with court proceedings, including courtrooms, jury rooms, judge's chambers, offices and areas used to conduct court business, waiting areas, and corridors adjacent to areas used in connection with court proceedings. The restricted areas do not include common areas of ingress and egress to the building that is used in connection with court proceedings, when it is possible to protect court areas without restricting ingress and egress to the building. The restricted areas shall be the minimum necessary to fulfill the objective of this subsection 12A.14.170.A.2. For purposes of

this subsection 12A.14.170.A.2, "weapon" means any firearm, explosive as defined in RCW 70.74.010, or any weapon of the kind usually known as slung shot, sand club, or metal knuckles, or any knife, dagger, dirk, or other similar weapon that is capable of causing death or bodily injury and is commonly used with the intent to cause death or bodily injury. In addition, the local legislative authority shall provide either a stationary locked box sufficient in size for pistols and key to a weapon owner for weapon storage, or shall designate an official to receive weapons for safekeeping, during the owner's visit to restricted areas of the building. The locked box or designated official shall be located within the same building used in connection with court proceedings. The local legislative authority shall be liable for any negligence causing damage to or loss of a weapon either placed in a locked box or left with an official during the owner's visit to restricted areas of the building. The local judicial authority shall designate and clearly mark those areas where weapons are prohibited, and shall post notices at each entrance to the building of the prohibition against weapons in the restricted areas;

- 3. The restricted access areas of a public mental health facility certified by the department of social and health services for inpatient hospital care and state institutions for the care of the mentally ill, excluding those facilities solely for evaluation and treatment. Restricted access areas do not include common areas of egress and ingress open to the general public;
- 4. That portion of an establishment classified by the state liquor control board as off-limits to persons under ((twenty-one ()) 21 (())) years of age; ((or))
- 5. The restricted access areas of a commercial service airport designated in the airport security plan approved by the federal transportation security administration, including passenger screening checkpoints at or beyond the point at which a passenger initiates the screening process. These areas do not include airport drives, general parking areas and

	James Kenny LAW 2025 Criminal ORD D1b
1	walkways, and shops and areas of the terminal that are outside the screening checkpoints and that
2	are normally open to unscreened passengers or visitors to the airport. Any restricted access area
3	shall be clearly indicated by prominent signs indicating that firearms and other weapons are
4	prohibited in the area ((-));
5	6. The premises of a library established or maintained pursuant to the authority of
6	chapter 27.12 RCW;
7	7. The premises of a zoo or aquarium accredited or certified by the Association of
8	Zoos and Aquariums or the Zoological Association of America or a facility with a current signed
9	memorandum of participation with an Association of Zoos and Aquariums Species Survival
10	Plan; or
11	8. The premises of a transit station or transit facility. For purposes of this
12	subsection 12A.14.170.A.8, "transit station" and "transit facility" have the same meaning as
13	defined in RCW 9.91.025. "Transit station" and "transit facility" do not include any "transit
14	vehicle" as that term is defined in RCW 9.91.025.
15	B. The perimeter of the premises of any specific location covered by subsection ((A of
16	this section)) 12A.14.170.A shall be posted at reasonable intervals to alert the public as to the
17	existence of any law restricting the possession of firearms on the premises.
18	* * *
19	D. Subsections 12A.14.170.A.1, 12A.14.170.A.2, 12A.14.170.A.3, ((and))
20	12A.14.170.A.5, 12A.14.170.A.6, 12A.14.170.A.7, and 12A.14.170.A.8 do not apply to
21	correctional personnel or community corrections officers, as long as they are employed as such,
22	who have completed government-sponsored law enforcement firearms training, except that
23	subsection 12A.14.170.A.2 does apply to a correctional employee or community corrections

James Kenny
LAW 2025 Criminal ORD
D1b

officer who is present at a courthouse building as a party to an antiharassment protection order
action or a domestic violence protection order action under chapter 7.105 or 10.99 RCW, or an
action under Title 26 RCW where any party has alleged the existence of domestic violence as
defined in RCW 7.105.010.

	James Kenny LAW 2025 Criminal ORD D1b	
1	Section 12. This ordinance shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code	
2	Sections 1.04.020 and 1.04.070.	
3	Passed by the City Council the <u>14th</u> day of <u>October</u> , 2025	,
4	and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this day of	
5		
6	President of the City Council	
1	President of the City Council	
8	Approved / D returned unsigned / D vetoed this 16th day of October, 20	25.
9	Bruce Q. Hanell	
10	Bruce A. Harrell, Mayor	
11	Filed by me this 16th day of October , 2025.	
12	Shall	
13	Scheereen Dedman, City Clerk	
14	(Seal)	
	Template last revised January 5, 2024	