Tom Mikesell/Andrew Myerberg LEG B&O Tax ORD 1 CITY OF SEATTLE ORDINANCE _____ 2 3 COUNCIL BILL _____ 4 ..title 5 AN ORDINANCE relating to the business and occupation tax; requesting that a special election 6 be held concurrent with the November 4, 2025 general election for submission to the 7 qualified electors of the City a proposition to lift the limit on business and occupation tax 8 rates under RCW 35.21.711, authorize the City to levy additional taxes for the purposes 9 of providing housing, human services, workforce, and small business support, increase 10 the business and occupation tax threshold, create a business and occupation tax standard 11 deduction, and revise the business license tax consistent with changes to the business and 12 occupation tax; amending Sections 5.45.050, 5.45.100, and 5.55.030, 5.55.040 of the 13 Seattle Municipal Code; proposing a ballot title; and ratifying and confirming certain 14 prior acts. 15 ..body 16 WHEREAS, the Office of Economic and Revenue Forecasts's April 2025 revenue forecast 17 projected a \$241 million reduction to revenues in 2025 and 2026, compared to amounts 18 used to balance the 2025 and 2026 budgets; and 19 WHEREAS, as presented at the May 7, 2025, Finance, Tribal Governments, and Native 20 Communities meeting, the combined financial plans of the City's General Fund and JumpStart Payroll Expense Tax Fund show a \$233 million average deficit in 2027 and 21 future years; and 22 WHEREAS, 2026 budget guidance provided by the Mayor's office requested, for all 23 24 departments supported by the General Fund and Payroll Expense Tax, a two percent 25 reduction targeted for homelessness, public safety, and public-safety related departments 26 and an eight percent target reduction for all other departments; and 27 WHEREAS, such reductions, if included in the Executive's 2026 Proposed Budget, could impact 28 the City's ability to provide critical services that support vulnerable workers and small 29 businesses, and that address food insecurity, gender-based violence, and homelessness; 30 and

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1	WHEREAS, according to a presentation at the April 23, 2025, Housing and Human Services
2	Committee, the federal government has already eliminated \$1.6 billion in funding for
3	food programs, not including any changes to the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
4	Program (SNAP); and
5	WHEREAS, the Continuing Resolution passed by the House in May 2025 would cut nearly \$300
6	billion from SNAP through 2034; and
7	WHEREAS, the Continuing Resolution passed by the House in May 2025 would reduce
8	Continuum of Care (CoC) funding, a critical source of funding for homelessness services
9	for Seattle, and change eligibility criteria so that Permanent Supportive Housing projects
10	that rely on \$20 million in annual CoC grants may no longer be eligible for them; and
11	WHEREAS, the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) provided
12	Emergency Housing Vouchers (EHVs) to households experiencing homelessness during
13	COVID, with a commitment to fund the EHVs through 2030, but HUD has recently
14	announced funding will end early, leaving hundreds of households at risk of
15	homelessness in 2026; and
16	WHEREAS, affordable housing providers are financially stressed by rising operating costs and
17	other factors, placing their long-term ability to provide affordable housing to low-income
18	tenants at risk; and
19	WHEREAS, Seattle benefits tremendously from the large number of diverse immigrants and
20	refugees who contribute to the development of a culturally and economically diverse and
21	enriched community, with immigrant-owned businesses in Washington State generating
22	over \$2.3 billion in annual revenue and creating thousands of jobs; and
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1	WHEREAS, The City of Seattle adopted Resolution 32168 reaffirming Seattle as a Welcoming
2	City to immigrants and refugees in May 2025, in which council committed to the
3	consideration of maintaining funding for programs and policies that support immigrants
4	and refugees, low-wage workers, communities at risk of displacement, as well as
5	supporting the City's diverse business community and balancing the City's budget in a
6	way that minimizes harm to women-and-minority-owned business enterprises, the
7	LGBTQ business community, and the Office of Economic Development's community
8	wealth building strategies; and
9	WHEREAS, rising inflation and the potential loss of federal support in critical service areas will
10	leave a gap in the level of services that can be provided to the community by non-City
11	partners; and
12	WHEREAS, Seattle is home to over 100,000 businesses, 75 percent of which have annual
13	revenues under \$100,000; and
14	WHEREAS, according to a comparative analysis ¹ , starting a business in Seattle is expensive,
15	time-consuming, and complex; and
16	WHEREAS, businesses also face challenges from rising inflation, public safety concerns, and
17	housing, construction and insurance costs, which together put additional pressure on their
18	ability to survive and thrive in the city; and
19	WHEREAS, while downtown Seattle shows promising signs of recovery, retail space vacancies
20	remain high at nine percent as of late 2024, and the Downtown Seattle Association
21	reports that there are over 500 vacant street-level storefronts in downtown
22	neighborhoods, many of which formerly were filled by small businesses; and

¹ https://ij.org/report/barriers-to-business/city-profile/seattle/

amounts to be determined by application of rates against gross proceeds of sale, gross income of business, or value of products, including by-products, as the case may be, as follows:

A. Upon every person engaging within the City in business as an extractor; as to such

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persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the products, including by-products, extracted within the City for sale or for commercial or industrial use, multiplied by the rate of .00215 through December 31, 2016, and beginning January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2017, by the rate of .00219, ((and)) beginning January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2025, by the rate of .00222, and beginning January 1, 2026, by the rate of .00342. The measure of the tax is the value of the products, including by-products, so extracted, regardless of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries may be made to points outside the City.

B. Upon every person engaging within the City in business as a manufacturer; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the products, including by-products, manufactured or processed within the City, multiplied by the rate of .00215 through December 31, 2016, and beginning January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2017, by the rate of .00219, ((and)) beginning January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2025, by the rate of .00222, and beginning January 1, 2026, by the rate of .00342. The measure of the tax is the value of the products, including by-products, so manufactured or processed, regardless of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries may be made to points outside the City.

C. Upon every person engaging within the City in the business of making sales of retail services, or making sales at wholesale or retail; as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of such sales of the business without regard to the place of delivery of articles, commodities, or merchandise sold, multiplied by the rate of .00215 through December 31, 2016, and beginning January 1, 2017, through December

by the lessor, or by a person under the control of the lessor, to transport freight for hire.

transporting freight for hire includes the business of leasing or renting motor vehicles operated

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F. Upon every other person engaging within the City in any business activity other than or in addition to those enumerated in the above subsections; as to such persons, the amount of tax on account of such activities shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of .00415 through December 31, 2016, and beginning January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2017, by the rate of .00423, ((and)) beginning January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2025, by the rate of .00427, and beginning January 1, 2026, by the rate of .00658. This subsection includes, among others, and without limiting the scope hereof (whether or not title to material used in the performance of such business passes to another by accession, merger, or other than by outright sale), persons engaged in the business of developing or producing custom software or of customizing canned software, producing royalties or commissions, persons engaged in the business of freight brokering, and persons engaged in the business of rendering any type of service which does not constitute a sale at retail, a sale at wholesale, or a retail service.

Section 2. Subject to and contingent upon approval of the qualified voters of the City, Section 5.55.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Initiative 137, is amended as follows:

5.55.040 When due and payable—Reporting periods—Monthly, quarterly, and annual returns—Threshold provisions—Computing time periods—Failure to file returns

D.

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1. For purposes of the tax imposed by Chapter 5.45, any person whose gross proceeds of sales, gross income of the business, and value of products, including by-products, as the case may be, from all activities conducted within the city subject to tax after all allowable deductions, is less than the tax threshold amount defined in subsection 5.55.040.D.3 in the

current calendar year, shall complete and file a return, declare no tax due on their return, and submit the return to the Director. The gross receipts and deduction amounts shall be entered on the tax return even though no tax may be due.

2. Any person who reasonably estimates that the gross proceeds of sales, gross income of the business, and value of products, including by-products, as the case may be, from all activities conducted within the city subject to tax after all allowable deductions, will be less than the tax threshold amount defined in subsection 5.55.040.D.3 ((below,)) in the current calendar year may file a declaration so stating on a form supplied by the Director at the same time ((he or she)) the person files ((his or her)) an application for a business license tax certificate or a renewal. The Director may assign any person who files such declaration to an annual reporting period.

3. ((For calendar years prior to 2008, the Business and Occupation tax threshold amount shall remain at Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000) as established under Ordinance 116945. For calendar years 2008 and 2009, the Business and Occupation tax threshold amount shall be Eighty Thousand Dollars (\$80,000).)) For calendar years 2010 ((and thereafter,)) through 2025, the ((Business and Occupation)) business and occupation tax threshold amount ((shall be One Hundred Thousand Dollars ()) is \$100,000(())). For calendar years starting in 2026, the business and occupation tax threshold amount is \$2,000,000.

* * *

Section 3. Subject to and contingent upon approval of the qualified voters of the City, Section 5.45.100 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124089, is amended as follows:

5.45.100 Deductions.

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1	In computing the license fee or tax, the following may be deducted from the measure of tax:
2	* * *
3	W. Standard deduction. In computing tax, there may be deducted from the measure of the
4	tax an amount equal to the tax threshold amount defined in subsection 5.55.040.D.3. Taxpayers
5	reporting multiple business activity types may choose the business activities to which they apply
6	the standard deduction. This deduction is available to taxpayers for tax years beginning January
7	<u>1, 2026.</u>
8	* * *
9	Section 4. Subject to and contingent upon approval of the qualified voters of the City,
10	Section 5.55.030 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 126880, is amended
11	as follows:
12	5.55.030 License requirements – Minimum license threshold
13	A.
14	1. No person, unless specifically exempted, shall engage in any business activity,
15	profession, trade, or occupation in the City without having first obtained and being the holder of
16	a valid and subsisting license to do so, to be known as a "business license tax certificate."
17	2. Effective January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019, the fee for the business
18	license tax certificate shall be:
19	((1-)) <u>a.</u> Fifty-five dollars for persons with taxable gross income of the
20	business and value of products of less than \$20,000 in the most recent complete calendar year
21	that engage in any business activity, profession, trade, or occupation in the City prior to July 1
22	and \$27.50 for such persons beginning their activity on or after July 1;

((2.)) <u>b.</u> One hundred ten dollars for persons with taxable gross income of the business and value of products of \$20,000 or more but less than \$500,000 in the most recent complete calendar year that engage in any business activity, profession, trade, or occupation in the City prior to July 1 and \$55 for such persons beginning their activity on or after July 1;

((3-)) <u>c.</u> Five hundred dollars for persons with taxable gross income of the business and value of products of \$500,000 or more but less than \$2,000,000 in the most recent complete calendar year that engage in any business activity, profession, trade, or occupation in the City prior to July 1 and \$250 for such persons beginning their activity on or after July 1;

((4.)) <u>d.</u> One thousand two hundred dollars for persons with taxable gross income of the business and value of products of \$2,000,000 or more but less than \$5,000,000 in the most recent complete calendar year that engage in any business activity, profession, trade, or occupation in the City prior to July 1 and \$600 for such persons beginning their activity on or after July 1.

((5,-)) <u>e.</u> Two thousand four hundred dollars for persons with taxable gross income of the business and value of products of \$5,000,000 or more in the most recent complete calendar year that engage in any business activity, profession, trade, or occupation in the City prior to July 1 and \$1,200 for such persons beginning their activity on or after July 1.

3. On January 1, 2020 and on January 1 of every year thereafter, the fees for the business license tax certificate shall be increased for all persons consistent with the rate of growth of the prior year's June-to-June Consumer Price Index (CPI-U) for the Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue area as published by the United States Department of Labor. To calculate the new annual fees, each prior year's fee will be multiplied by the sum of one and the annual percent change in the CPU-U. If the annual change in the CPI-U is negative, no adjustment shall be

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made for the year. The amount of the fees so calculated will be rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

4. For the 2026 business license tax certificate fee computation and every year thereafter, the fees in subsections 5.55.030.A.2 and 5.55.030.A.3 shall be based on the taxable gross income of the business prior to the taking of the standard deduction under subsection 5.45.100.W.

5. The fee shall accompany the application for the license. Persons who did not engage in business in the City in the most recent complete calendar year shall pay the minimum full or partial year fee amount at the time of application and the Director shall bill the person after the conclusion of the calendar year of the application for any remaining amount based on the fee schedule in this subsection 5.55.030.A and the person's taxable gross income of the business and value of products during the calendar year of the application.

6. The business license tax certificate shall expire at the end of the calendar year for which it is issued. The business license tax certificate shall be personal and nontransferable except as provided in subsection 5.55.030.F. Applications for the business license tax certificate shall be made to the Director of Finance and Administrative Services on forms provided by the Director. Each business license tax certificate shall be numbered, shall show the name, place, and character of the business of the licensee, and such other information as the Director deems necessary, and shall at all times be conspicuously posted in the place of business for which it is issued.

7. If the licensee changes the place of business, the licensee shall return the business license tax certificate to the Director and a new business license tax certificate shall be issued for the new place of business free of charge.

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Section 5. Subject to and contingent upon approval of the qualified voters of the City:

A. Proceeds of the business and occupation tax will continue to be deposited into the City's General Fund. The increases in business and occupation tax rates authorized in Section 1 of this ordinance shall be dedicated for the uses described in subsections 5.B and 5.C of this ordinance. At least three months prior to the Mayor submitting the annual budget, the Executive shall consult with the City Council on the impact of actual and anticipated revenue reductions and federal funding cuts on the programs identified in subsections 5.B and 5.C of this ordinance to inform how the new revenue generated by this ordinance is to be utilized. The Mayor shall submit to the City Council at the same time the budget is transmitted a written proposed plan outlining how the new revenue generated by this ordinance is to be utilized in these areas.

- B. The proceeds shall be used:
- 1. For the business and occupation tax threshold lift and deduction for small businesses.
 - 2. To fund City General Fund investments in the following program areas:
 - a. Food access;
 - b. Gender-based violence;
 - c. Small business supports;
 - d. Emergency shelter;
 - e. Homelessness prevention; and
 - f. Support for workers' rights and protections.
 - C. Up to \$30 million in proceeds may be used:
 - 1. For implementation costs and ongoing administration of the tax.

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1	2. To mitigate the impact of federal funding reductions in the following program
2	areas:
3	a. Housing stability for low-income tenants;
4	b. Food insecurity;
5	c, Financial stability for affordable housing providers and properties; and
6	d. Emergency shelters and homelessness.
7	Section 6. Subject to and contingent upon approval of the qualified voters of the City, this
8	ordinance shall be automatically repealed without subsequent City Council action on January 1,
9	2030, unless the City by July 31, 2029 passes an ordinance extending its effectiveness. The
10	duration of the extension may be no more than four years. This section does not limit the City's
11	ability to pass other ordinances that amend the business and occupation tax threshold in Seattle
12	Municipal Code Section 5.55.040, or the standard deduction in Seattle Municipal Code
13	subsection 5.45.100.W.
14	Section 7. Election – Ballot title. The City Council directs the City Clerk to file relevant
15	portions of this ordinance with the Director of Elections of King County, Washington, as ex
16	officio supervisor of elections, requesting the Director of Elections to call and conduct a special
17	election in the City in conjunction with the state general election to be held on November 4,
18	2025, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of the City the proposition set forth
19	in Sections 1 through 6 of this ordinance. The City Clerk is directed to certify to the King County
20	Director of Elections the ballot title approved by the City Attorney in accordance with their
21	responsibilities under RCW 29A.36.071. The following ballot title is submitted to the City
22	Attorney for consideration:
23	THE CITY OF SEATTLE

Tom Mikesell/Andrew Myerberg LEG B&O Tax ORD PROPOSITION NO. 2 1 2 Changes to the Business and Occupation Tax 3 The Seattle City Council adopted Ordinance No. XXXXXX concerning changes to the business 4 and occupation tax. 5 The City of Seattle's Proposition 2 would increase the threshold for payment of the 6 business and occupation tax from \$100,000 to \$2 million in gross receipts; create a \$2 million 7 standard deduction; and increase tax rates currently at .00222 and .00427 to .00342 and .00658, 8 respectively. The changes would end after four years, unless extended by ordinance for up to 9 four more years. Proceeds would support the general fund and critical city services threatened by 10 federal cuts. 11 Should this Proposition be approved? 12 Yes 13 No 14 Section 8. Any act consistent with the authority of this ordinance taken after its passage 15 and prior to its effective date is ratified and confirmed.

Tom Mikesell/Andrew Myerberg LEG B&O Tax ORD D6c Section 9. Sections 1 through 6 of this ordinance shall take effect subject to and contingent upon approval of the qualified voters of the City as authorized by RCW 35.21.711 and in accordance with applicable law. All other sections of this ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by the Mayor, but if this ordinance is not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, then those sections shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Sections 1.04.020 and 1.04.070. Passed by the City Council the _____ day of ______, 2025, and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this _____ day of , 2025. President ___ __ of the City Council Approved / returned unsigned / vetoed this ____ day of ______, 2025. Bruce A. Harrell, Mayor Filed by me this day of

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