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1	CITY OF SEATTLE
2	ORDINANCE
3	COUNCIL BILL
4	title
5	AN ORDINANCE relating to land use and zoning, amending Sections 7.24.020, 7.24.030,
6	23.42.040, 23.44.030, 23.45.504, 23.45.506, 23.45.508, 23.45.536, 23.45.570, 23.46.002,
7	23.46.004, 23.46.022, 23.47A.004, 23.47A.006, 23.47A.032, 23.48.085, 23.48.205,
8	23.48.280, 23.48.605, 23.48.705, 23.49.019, 23.49.042, 23.49.044, 23.49.045, 23.49.046,
9	23.49.090, 23.49.094, 23.49.096, 23.49.142, 23.49.146, 23.49.148, 23.49.180, 23.49.322,
10	23.49.324, 23.49.338, 23.50.012, 23.51A.004, 23.54.015, 23.54.016, 23.54.020,
11	23.54.025, 23.54.030, 23.61.008, 23.66.122, 23.66.124, 23.66.320, 23.66.324, 23.66.342,
12	23.71.014, 23.74.008, 23.76.004, 23.76.006, 23.76.032, 23.84A.030, 23.84A.038, and
13	25.05.675 of the Seattle Municipal Code (SMC); repealing Section 23.71.016 of the
14	SMC; and adding new Sections 23.42.070, 23.54.026, and 23.54.027 to the SMC; in
15	order to promote transportation options, update the definition of "frequent transit
16	service," update bicycle parking requirements, update parking space standards, update
17 18	SEPA environmental review parking policies, and make clarifications. body
19	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:
20	Section 1. Section 7.24.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
21	125222, is amended as follows:
22	7.24.020 Definitions
23	As used in this ((chapter)) Chapter 7.24:
24	* * *
25	"Parking fee" means a periodic fee charged for the privilege of parking a motorized
26	vehicle.
27	"Person" means any individual, firm, corporation, association, governmental entity, or
28	partnership and its agents or assigns.
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Section 2. Section 7.24.030 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 125222, is amended as follows:

* * *

7.24.030 Rental agreement requirements

5 E. Any rental agreement entered into after the effective date of the ordinance introduced as Council Bill 118817 shall describe the terms and conditions of any monthly or periodic 6 7 payments required as a condition of tenancy, including but not limited to: rent, security deposits, 8 non-refundable move-in fee, last month's rent, utility payments, parking ((charges)) fees, late 9 fees authorized by the rental agreement, or other monthly or periodic payments required to be 10 made by the tenant to the landlord. When any monthly or periodic payment is made pursuant to 11 the rental agreement, the landlord shall first apply the payment to the rent due before applying it 12 to other payments due by the tenant to the landlord, except that if the payment is made in 13 response to a notice issued pursuant to RCW 59.12.030 during the period of that notice, the 14 landlord shall first apply the payment to the amount specified in that notice, before applying it to 15 the rent due or to other payments due by the tenant to the landlord.

<u>G. Parking charges separately documented. For housing units in multifamily or mixed</u>use structures that meet the threshold size requirement of Section 23.42.070.A:

* * *

<u>1. Any rental agreement entered into after the effective date of the ordinance</u>
 introduced as Council Bill 119173 shall specify in a rental agreement addendum or in a separate
 parking agreement the amount of any parking fee.

1	2. A tenant may elect not to rent or lease parking when renting or leasing a unit,
2	in which case the tenant is not required to sign a rental agreement addendum or a separate
3	parking agreement that requires the tenant to pay a parking fee.
4	Section 3. Section 23.42.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
5	124105, is amended as follows:
6	23.42.040 Intermittent, temporary, and interim uses
7	The Director may grant, deny, or condition applications for the following intermittent,
8	temporary, or interim uses not otherwise permitted or not meeting development standards in the
9	zone <u>:</u> ((.))
10	* * *
11	((G. Interim Use Parking.
12	1. Permitted use. A Master Use Permit may be issued for principal use surface
13	parking in all zones within the Station Area Overlay District within the area bounded by I-5 to
14	the west, I-90 to the north, Lake Washington to the east, and the Seattle corporate limits to the
15	south, except within the boundaries of the North Beacon Hill station area, and in any zone on
16	sites occupied or owned by established institutions within a quarter mile of a light rail station,
17	including the North Beacon Hill light rail station.
18	2. Eligibility. A site is eligible for interim principal use surface parking if there is
19	existing, legally established parking on the site, or if the site or a portion of the site was
20	interrupted at any time since January 1, 2001 by a government agency for construction staging
21	purposes, provided that no existing principal structures may be demolished to facilitate
22	establishment of interim principal use parking.

1	3. Requirements	
2	a. A permit for interim principal use surface parking may be issued for a	
3	period not to exceed three years. A permit for interim principal use surface parking may not be	
4	renewed or extended, and a new permit to reauthorize the principal use surface parking shall not	
5	be issued.	
6	b. A permit for interim principal use surface parking may not be issued for	
7	property that is located within a riparian corridor, a wetland, a wetland buffer, a steep slope, or a	
8	steep slope buffer pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 25.09, Regulations for Environmentally	
9	Critical Areas, or within priority freshwater habitat or priority saltwater habitat described in	
10	Section 23.60A.160.	
11	4. Standards. The following standards for interim principal use surface parking	
12	shall be met:	
13	a. Measures shall be incorporated to shield vehicle lights to minimize glare	
14	on nearby uses;	
15	b. The site shall, at a minimum, be improved with a crushed rock surface;	
16	c. If a barrier-free parking space is required pursuant to the Washington	
17	State Building Code, Chapter 11 or other applicable law, then the barrier-free space shall be	
18	located adjacent to a paved sidewalk or an area of the site sufficient to accommodate the barrier-	
19	free space shall be paved;	
20	d. In order to meet the landscaping requirements of the respective zone in	
21	which the parking use is to be located, temporary landscaping provided in planter boxes or	
22	similar containers may be substituted for required landscaping on site as determined by the	
23	Director;	

1	e. Lighting shall be provided by light poles or an equivalent substitute for
2	light poles that are between 10 feet and 30 feet in height from finished grade, but no higher than
3	the height limit of the zone in which the site is located, and placed at intervals sufficient to light
4	the entire parking lot with uniformity, provided that the lighting is shielded and directed away
5	from adjacent uses.
6	f. No more than 40 new parking spaces shall be established on any site
7	where interim light rail parking is permitted, except that institutions within a quarter mile of a
8	light rail station that are not within the boundaries of the Station Area Overlay District may
9	establish up to 100 spaces for interim rail parking.))
10	G. Reserved
11	* * *
12	Section 4. A new Section 23.42.070 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
13	23.42.070 Parking for rented or leased multifamily dwelling units and commercial uses
14	A. Parking for multifamily dwelling units
15	1. Off-street parking accessory to rented or leased multifamily dwelling units in
16	structures that include 10 dwelling units or more per lot shall not be included in any dwelling
17	unit rental agreement and shall be subject to a rental agreement addendum or in a separate rental
18	agreement.
19	2. Multifamily residential uses with rent and income criteria as described in Part
20	III of Table B for 23.54.015 shall be exempt from the requirement of subsection 23.42.070.A.1.
21	3. Multifamily dwelling units with individual garages that are functionally a part
22	of the dwelling unit, including but not limited to townhouses and rowhouses, shall be exempt
23	from the requirement of subsection 23.42.070.A.1.

1 B. Parking for commercial uses 1. Unless commercial uses are listed as exempt in subsection 23.42.070.B.2, off-2 3 street parking accessory to rented or leased commercial use spaces in structures that contain 4 10,000 square feet or more of gross floor area shall not be included in any new rental or lease 5 agreement and shall be subject to a separate rental or lease agreement. The measurement of gross 6 floor area in a structure shall be as described in Section 23.86.007 and shall include gross floor 7 area for non-exempt and exempt uses if uses are known, minus gross floor area in parking uses, 8 for determining if the structure exceeds the minimum floor area for this requirement. 9 2. Exempt uses include: 10 a. Lodging uses; 11 b. Sales and services, automotive; 12 c. Sales and services, heavy; and 13 d. Sales and services, marine. 14 Section 5. Section 23.44.030 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 15 124378, is amended as follows: 16 23.44.030 Park and ((pool lot)) ride facility 17 The Director may authorize a park and ((pool lot)) ride facility under the management of a public 18 agency responsible for commuter pooling efforts as an administrative conditional use. The 19 Director shall determine that: 20 A. It is to be located on an existing parking lot; 21 B. That parking proposed for the park and ((pool lot)) ride facility is not needed by the 22 principal use or its accessory uses during the hours proposed for park and ((pool)) ride use; and

C. The park and ((pool)) <u>ride</u> use shall not interfere or conflict with the peak-hour activities associated with the principal use and its accessory uses. The Director may control the number and location of parking spaces to be used.

Section 6. Section 23.45.504 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance

124843, is amended as follows:

23.45.504 Permitted and prohibited uses

A. All uses are permitted outright, prohibited, or permitted as a conditional use according

to Table A for 23.45.504 and this Section 23.45.504. Uses not referred to in Table A for

23.45.504 are prohibited, unless otherwise indicated in this Chapter 23.45 or Chapters 23.51A,

23.51B, or 23.57. Communication utilities and accessory communication devices, except as

1 exempted in Section 23.57.002, are subject to the regulations in this Chapter 23.45 and additional

regulations in Chapter 23.57. Public facilities are subject to the regulations in Section

23.51A.004.

B. All permitted uses are allowed as a principal use or as an accessory use, unless otherwise indicated in this Chapter 23.45.

Table A for 23.45.504 Permitted and Prohibited Uses		
Uses	Permitted and prol	nibited uses by zone
	LR1, LR2, and LR3	MR and HR
A. Residential use except as listed below	Р	Р
A.1. Congregate residence	X/P ¹	P/X ²
B. Institutions	P/CU ³	P/CU ³

Table A for 23.45.504Permitted and Prohibited Uses		
C. Uses in existing or former public schools		
C.1. Child care centers, preschools, public or private schools, educational and vocational training for the disabled, adult evening education classes, nonprofit libraries, community centers, community programs for the elderly, and similar uses in existing or former public schools	Р	Р
C.2. Other non-school uses in existing or former public schools	Permitted pursuant to procedures established in Chapter 23.78	Permitted pursuant to procedures established in Chapter 23.78
D. Park and ride facilities		
D. <u>1</u> Park ((and pool and park)) and ride <u>facilities on</u> <u>surface parking</u> lots	X/CU ⁴	X/CU ⁴
D.2 Park and ride facilities in parking garages	X/P^5	$\underline{X/P^5}$
E. Parks and playgrounds including customary uses	Р	Р
F. Ground floor commercial uses	RC	RC/P ((5)) <u>6</u>
G. Medical service uses other than permitted ground floor commercial uses	P/X ((6)) 7	P/CU/X ((6)) 7
H. Uses not otherwise permitted in landmark structures	CU	CU
I. Cemeteries	P/X ((7)) 8	P/X ((7)) 8
J. Community gardens	Р	Р
K. Parking, flexible-use	$\underline{X/P^9}$	<u>P</u> ⁹
((K)) <u>L.</u> All other uses	Х	Х

Footnotes to Table A for 23.45.504 ((:))

¹Congregate residences that are owned by a college or university; or are a sorority or fraternity; or are owned by a not-for-profit entity or charity; or are licensed by the State and provide on-site supportive services for seniors or persons with disabilities; are permitted outright. All others are prohibited. Supportive services include meal service, cleaning service, health services, or similar.

² Congregate residences that are owned by a college or university; or are a sorority or fraternity; or are owned by a not-for-profit entity or charity; or are licensed by the State and provide on-site supportive services for seniors or persons with disabilities; are permitted outright. All others are permitted only in locations within urban villages and urban centers. Supportive services include meal service, cleaning service, ((heal)) health services, or similar.

³ Institutions meeting development standards are permitted outright; all others are administrative conditional uses pursuant to Section 23.45.506. The provisions of this Chapter 23.45 shall apply to Major Institution uses as provided in Chapter 23.69.

Table A for 23.45.504Permitted and Prohibited Uses

Permitted and Prohibited Uses
⁴ Prohibited in Station Area Overlay Districts (SAODs); otherwise, permitted as an
administrative conditional use pursuant to Section 23.45.506 on surface parking existing as of
January 1, 2017. ⁵ Prohibited in LP1 and LP2 zones, including LP1/PC and LP2/PC. Permitted outright in LP3
⁵ Prohibited in LR1 and LR2 zones, including LR1/RC and LR2/RC. Permitted outright in LR3, MR, HR, and LR3/RC zones, except prohibited in the SAOD.
$\frac{((5))}{6}$ Subject to subsection 23.45.504.E except in zones that include an RC designation.
((6)) ⁷ Subject to subsection 23.45.504.G and 23.45.506.F.
$^{((7))\underline{8}}$ Subject to subsection 23.45.504.F.
⁹ Prohibited in LR1 and LR2 zones. Permitted outright in all other multifamily zones as surface
parking on surface parking lots existing as of January 1, 2017; permitted outright in garages;
subject to Section 23.54.026.
P = Permitted outright
CU = Permitted as an Administrative Conditional Use
RC = Permitted in areas zoned Residential Commercial (RC), and subject to the provisions of
the RC zone, Chapter 23.46
X = Prohibited
* * *
Section 7. Subsection 23.45.506.E of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was last
amended by Ordinance 123495, is amended as follows:
23.45.506 Administrative conditional uses
* * *
E. Park and ride ((or park and pool)) facilities on surface parking lots may be permitted
as a Type II decision subject to the following:
1. ((A park and ride or park and pool lot)) The facility may be permitted only ((on
parking lots existing at least 5 years prior to the establishment of the park and ride or park and
pool lot that have)) where there is direct vehicular access to an arterial street improved to City
standards in subsection 23.53.015.B.
2. ((If the proposed park and ride or park and pool lot)) The facility is located on a
lot containing required accessory parking for other uses, and there must be no substantial conflict

1	in the principal operating hours of the ((park and ride or park and pool lot)) facility and other
2	uses on the lot.
3	3. The Director may require ((landscaping and screening in addition to that
4	required for surface parking areas,)) noise mitigation, vehicular access control, signage
5	restrictions, landscaping and screening in addition to that required for surface parking areas, and
6	other measures to provide comfort and safety for pedestrians and bicyclists. ((and)) The purpose
7	of these measures is to help ensure the compatibility of the ((park and ride or park and pool lot))
8	facility with the surrounding area.
9	* * *
10	Section 8. Subsection 23.45.508.B of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was last
11	amended by Ordinance 124843, is amended as follows:
12	23.45.508 General provisions
13	* * *
14	B. Off street parking shall be provided pursuant to Section 23.54.015, and as permitted by
15	provisions of Sections 23.45.504 and 23.45.506, if applicable.
16	* * *
17	Section 9. Section 23.45.536 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
18	125272, is amended as follows:
19	23.45.536 Parking location, access, and screening
20	A. Off-street parking spaces are required to the extent provided in Chapter 23.54. ((,
21	Quantity and Design Standards for Access, Off Street Parking, and Solid Waste Storage.))

1	B. Location of parking
2	1. If parking is required, it shall be located on the same lot as the use requiring the
3	parking, except as otherwise provided in this subsection 23.45.536.B.
4	2. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection 23.45.536.B, surface parking
5	may be located anywhere on a lot except:
6	a. ((between)) Between a principal structure and a street lot line;
7	b. ((in)) In the required front setback or side street side setback; and
8	c. ((within)) Within 7 feet of any street lot line.
9	3. Parking in a structure. Parking may be located in a structure or under a
10	structure, provided that no portion of a garage that is higher than 4 feet above existing or finished
11	grade, whichever is lower, shall be closer to a street lot line than any part of the street-level,
12	street-facing facade of the structure in which it is located;
13	4. On a through lot, parking may be located between the structure and one front
14	lot line. The front setback in which the parking may be located will be determined by the
15	Director based on the prevailing character and setback patterns of the block.
16	5. On waterfront lots in the Shoreline District, parking may be located between
17	the structure and the front lot line, if necessary to prevent blockage of view corridors or to keep
18	parking away from the edge of the water, as required by Chapter 23.60A, Shoreline District.
19	6. Parking that is required and accessory to a residential or non-residential use
20	may be located on a lot within $((800))$ <u>one-quarter mile (1,320</u> feet) of the lot where the
21	((residential)) use that requires the parking is located, provided that:
22	a. ((the)) The lot is not located in a single-family zone; and

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1	b. ((the)) The requirements of Section 23.54.025 for required parking are
2	met.
3	7. In Midrise and Highrise zones, surface parking for up to three car-sharing
4	program vehicles, including vehicles used for free-floating car sharing as defined in Section
5	11.14.237, may be located in a side or front setback including between a principal or accessory
6	structure and a street lot line.
7	C. Access to parking
8	1. Alley access required. Except as otherwise expressly required or permitted in
9	subsections 23.45.536.C or 23.45.536.D, access to parking shall be from the alley if the lot abuts
10	an alley and one of the conditions in this subsection 23.45.536.C.1 is met.
11	a. The alley is improved to the standards of subsection 23.53.030.C;
12	b. The development gains additional FAR pursuant to subsection
13	23.45.510.C; or
14	c. The Director determines that alley access is feasible and desirable to
15	mitigate parking access impacts, improve public safety, and/or maintain on-street parking
16	capacity.
17	2. Street access required. Access to parking shall be from the street if:
18	a. The lot does not abut an alley.
19	b. The lot abuts an alley, and the Director determines that the alley should
20	not be used for access for one or more of the following reasons:
21	1) Due to the relationship of the alley to the street system, use of
22	the alley for parking access would create a significant safety hazard;
23	2) Topography makes alley access infeasible; or

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1	3) The alley is on the uphill side of a steeply sloping lot, and the
2	following conditions are met:
3	a) Access from the street is to a common parking garage in
4	or under the structure, located a maximum of 4 feet above grade.
5	b) The siting of development results in an increased Green
6	Factor score, larger ground-level amenity areas, and/or reduced surface parking area than if alley
7	access is used.
8	3. On corner lots, if street access is permitted pursuant to subsection
9	23.45.536.C.2, the applicant may determine the street from which access is taken, unless the
10	Director determines that the use of the street chosen by the applicant would create a significant
11	safety hazard.
12	4. On steeply sloping lots, the Director may permit the use of both an alley and a
13	street for access, provided that the following conditions are met:
14	a. Access from the street is to a common parking garage in or under the
15	structure, that is underground or extends no more than 4 feet above grade.
16	b. The siting of development results in an increased Green Factor score,
17	larger ground-level amenity areas, and/or reduced surface parking area than if alley access alone
18	is used.
19	c. In LR zones, if the project uses both the alley and street for access to
20	parking other than required barrier-free parking spaces, the project does not qualify for the
21	higher FAR limit in subsection 23.45.510.B.

1	5. Access to required barrier-free parking spaces that meet the standards in the
2	Seattle Residential Code, Section (($R322$)) <u>R320</u> , or the Seattle Building Code, Chapter 11, may
3	be from either the street or alley, or both.
4	6. If the alley is used for access, the alley shall be improved according to the
5	standards in subsections 23.53.030.E and 23.53.030.F, except that if a development gains
6	additional FAR pursuant to subsection 23.45.510.C, the alley shall be paved rather than
7	improved with crushed rock, even for lots containing fewer than ten units.
8	7. If the lot does not abut an improved alley or street, access may be permitted
9	from an easement that meets the provisions of Chapter 23.53, Requirements for Streets, Alleys,
10	and Easements.
11	8. If street access is required, either:
12	a. ((driveways)) Driveways that provide access from the street to garages
13	opening on a street-facing facade of individual townhouse or rowhouse units shall be paved with
14	permeable materials; or
15	b. ((access)) Access to a majority of garages opening on street-facing
16	facades of individual townhouse or rowhouse units shall be provided by shared driveways.
17	9. Access to surface parking for car-sharing program vehicles provided under
18	subsection 23.45.536.B.7 may be from the street, alley, or both. Provision of access to this type
19	of parking does not alter other access requirements or limitations in this subsection 23.45.536.C,
20	except that a curb cut allowed by this subsection 23.45.536.C may be widened to jointly
21	accommodate this type of parking.

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1	D. Screening of parking
2	1. ((Parking)) Except for parking allowed by subsection 23.45.536.B.7, parking
3	shall be screened from direct street view by:
4	a. ((the)) The street-facing facade of a structure;
5	b. ((garage)) <u>Garage</u> doors;
6	c. ((\mathbf{a})) <u>A</u> fence or wall; or
7	d. ((landscaped)) Landscaped areas, including bioretention facilities or
8	landscaped berms.
9	2. Screening provided by a fence, wall, or vegetation in a landscaped area shall
10	not be located within any required sight triangle and shall meet the following conditions:
11	a. The fence, wall, or vegetation in the landscaped area shall be at least
12	3 feet tall measured from the elevation of the curb, or from the elevation of the street if no curb is
13	present. If the elevation of the ground at the base of the fence, wall, or landscaped area is higher
14	than the finished elevation of the parking surface, the difference in elevation may be measured as
15	a portion of the required height of the screen, so long as the fence, wall, or vegetation in the
16	landscaped area is at least 3 feet in height. If located in a setback, the fence or wall shall meet the
17	requirements of subsection 23.45.518.J.7.
18	b. The fence, wall, or vegetation in the landscaped area shall be set back at
19	least 3 feet from the lot line.
20	3. Screening by garage doors. If parking is provided in a garage in or attached to a
21	principal structure and garage door(s) face a street, the garage door(s) may be no more than 75
22	square feet in area.
23	* * *

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1	Section 10. Subsection 23.45.570.G of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was
2	last amended by Ordinance 125272, is amended as follows:
3	23.45.570 Institutions
4	* * *
5	G. Parking
6	1. Parking ((Quantity)) quantity. Parking and loading is required pursuant to
7	Section 23.54.015, except as modified by Section 23.54.020.
8	2. Location of ((Parking)) parking. Parking areas and facilities may be located
9	anywhere on the lot except in the required front setback or side street side setback.
10	* * *
11	Section 11. Section 23.46.002 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
12	124843, is amended as follows:
13	23.46.002 Scope of provisions
14	A. This Chapter 23.46 details those authorized commercial uses which are or may be
15	permitted in Residential-Commercial (RC) zones.
16	B. All RC zones are assigned a residential zone classification on the Official Land Use
17	Map. The development standards of the designated residential zone for apartments apply to all
18	principal structures in the RC zone. The development standards of the designated residential
19	zone shall apply to all structures in the RC zone, except as otherwise specified for commercial
20	uses in this Chapter 23.46, and except that parking quantity is required as provided in Chapter
21	23.54 and as permitted by Section 23.45.504 and Section 23.45.506.
22	* * *

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1	Section 12. Section 23.46.004 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
2	123046, is amended as follows:
3	23.46.004 Uses
4	A. All uses, except commercial uses, ((and)) live-work units, flexible-use parking, and
5	park and ride facilities, which are permitted outright or by conditional use in the applicable
6	residential zone shall be regulated by the residential zone provisions, including provisions
7	relating to accessory uses.
8	B. ((Live work units and the)) The following ((commercial)) uses are permitted outright:
9	1. Sales and services, general;
10	2. Medical services;
11	3. Restaurants;
12	4. Business support services;
13	5. Offices;
14	6. Food processing and craft work; ((and))
15	7. Retail sales, major durables; ((-))
16	8. Live-work units;
17	9. Flexible-use parking; and
18	10. Park and ride facilities in garages, if located in LR3/RC zones.
19	* * *

1	Section 13. Section 23.46.022 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
2	112777, is amended as follows:
3	23.46.022 Parking requirements ((.))
4	A. Parking Quantity. Each permitted commercial use shall provide a minimum number of
5	off-street parking spaces according to the requirements of Section 23.54.015. ((, Required
6	parking.))
7	B. Location of Parking. ((Parking)) Required parking for commercial uses may be
8	located:
9	1. On the same lot, according to the locational requirements of the designated
10	residential zone; or
11	2. Within ((eight hundred (800))) one-quarter mile (1,320 feet) of the lot on which
12	the commercial use is located, when either:
13	a. The parking is located in a commercial zone; or
14	b. The parking is part of the joint use of existing parking in an RC zone.
15	3. ((When)) <u>If required</u> parking is provided on a lot other than the lot of the use to
16	which it is accessory, the provisions of Section 23.54.025 ((, Parking covenants,)) shall apply.
17	Section 14. Section 23.47A.004 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
18	Ordinance 125272, is amended:
19	23.47A.004 Permitted and prohibited uses
20	A. All uses are permitted outright, prohibited, or permitted as a conditional use according
21	to Table A for 23.47A.004 and this Section 23.47A.004, except as may be otherwise provided
22	pursuant to ((subtitle)) Subtitle III, Division 3, Overlay Districts, of this Title 23.
23	* * *

E. Changes from accessory to ((principal use)) flexible-use parking may occur, subject to 1 2 Section 23.54.026. ((On a lot where principal use parking is permitted outright, legally established accessory parking may be converted to principal use parking without a use permit or 3 4 approval when the use served by the accessory parking has been discontinued. Any lawfully 5 existing nonconformities as to development standards may be maintained.)) 6 F. ((Use)) Public use of accessory parking is subject to Section 23.54.027. ((Where 7 principal use parking is permitted outright, legally established accessory parking may be made 8 available to the general public as short-term parking without a separate use permit or approval.)) 9 * * * 10 I. The terms of Table A for 23.47A.004 are subject to any applicable exceptions or

11 contrary provisions expressly provided for in this Title 23.

Table A for 23.47A.004Uses in Commercial zones					
Uses	PERMIT	TED AND P	ROHIBIT	TED USES	BY ZONE ¹
	NC1	NC2	NC3	C1	C2
	* *	*			
L. TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES					
L.1. Cargo terminals	X	Х	Х	S	Р
L.2. Parking and moorage					
L.2.a. Boat moorage	S	S	S	S	S
L.2.b. Dry boat storage	Х	25	Р	Р	Р
L.2.c. Parking, ((principal use, except as listed below ¹⁹)) <u>flexible-use¹⁹</u>	X	25	Р	Р	Р
((L.2.c.i Park and pool lots ¹⁹))	((₽ ²⁰))	((P))	((<u>P</u>))	((P))	((P))
((L.2.c.ii.)) <u>L.2.d.i.</u> Park and ride ((lots¹⁹)) <u>facilities on surface</u> parking lots ²⁰	X	((X)) <u>CU-</u> <u>25</u>	CU	CU	CU
L.2.d.ii. Park and ride facilities in parking garages	X	<u>P²¹</u>	<u>P²¹</u>	<u>P²¹</u>	<u>P²¹</u>
((L.2.d.)) <u>L.2.e.</u> Towing services	Х	X	Х	Р	Р

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		23.47A.004 nercial zone			
L.3. Passenger terminals	Х	X	25	Р	Р
L.4. Rail transit facilities	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
L.5. Transportation facilities, air					
L.5.a. Airports (land-based)	Х	X	X	X	Х
L.5.b. Airports (water-based)	Х	X	X	X	S
L.5.c. Heliports	Х	Х	X	Х	X
L.5.d. Helistops	Х	X	CCU	CCU	CCU
L.6. Vehicle storage and maintenance					
L.6.a. Bus bases	Х	X	X	CCU	CCU
L.6.b. Railroad switchyards	Х	X	X	Х	X
L.6.c. Railroad switchyards with a mechanized hump	Х	X	X	X	X
L.6.d. Transportation services, personal	Х	X	Р	Р	Р
M. UTILITY USES					
M.1. Communication utilities, major ²² ((21))	Х	X	X	CCU	CCU
M.2. Communication utilities, minor $\frac{22}{(21)}$	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
M.3. Power plants	Х	X	X	X	Х
M.4. Recycling	Х	X	X	Р	$P/CU^{\underline{23}((\underline{22}))}$
M.5. Sewage treatment plants	Х	X	X	Х	X
M.6. Solid waste management	Х	X	X	Х	X
M.7. Utility services uses	10	25	Р	Р	Р

Table A for 23.47A.004Uses in Commercial zones

KEY

A = Permitted as an accessory use only

CU = Administrative Conditional Use (business establishment limited to the multiple of 1,000 square feet of any number following a hyphen, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010)

CCU = Council Conditional Use (business establishment limited to the multiple of 1,000 square feet of any number following a hyphen, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010)

P = Permitted

S = Permitted in shoreline areas only

X = Prohibited

 $\underline{CU-25} = \underline{Conditionally permitted}$; use is limited to 25,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010

10 = Permitted, business establishments limited to 10,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010

20 = Permitted, business establishments limited to 20,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010

25 = Permitted, business establishments limited to 25,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010

35 = Permitted, business establishments limited to 35,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010

40 = Permitted, business establishments limited to 40,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010

50 = Permitted, business establishments limited to 50,000 square feet, pursuant to Section 23.47A.010

Footnotes to Table A for 23.47A.004

¹ In pedestrian-designated zones, a portion of the street-level street-facing facade of a structure along a designated principal pedestrian street may be limited to certain uses as provided in subsection 23.47A.005.D. In pedestrian-designated zones, drive-in lanes are prohibited (Section 23.47A.028).

² In addition to the provisions in this Chapter 23.47A, uses that entail major marijuana activity are subject to the requirements of Section 23.42.058.

³ For commercial uses with drive-in lanes, see Section 23.47A.028.

⁴ Subject to subsection 23.47A.004.H.

⁵ Permitted at Seattle Center.

⁶Bed and breakfasts in existing structures are permitted outright with no maximum size limit.

⁷ Medical services over 10,000 square feet within 2,500 feet of a medical Major Institution Overlay boundary require conditional use approval, unless they are included in a Major Institution Master Plan or dedicated to veterinary services.

⁸ Medical service uses that are located in an urban center or urban village, which are in operation at such location before August 1, 2015, and that routinely provide medical services on a reduced fee basis to individuals or families having incomes at or below 200 percent of the poverty guidelines updated periodically in the Federal Register by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services under the authority of 42 USC 9902(2), are limited to 20,000 square feet. This

Table A for 23.47A.004Uses in Commercial zones

provision does not apply to medical service uses that are subject to a Major Institution Master Plan. ⁹ Office uses in C1 and C2 zones are permitted up to the greater of 1 FAR or 35,000 square feet as provided in subsection 23.47A.010.D. Office uses in C1 and C2 zones are permitted outright with no maximum size limit if they meet the standards identified in subsection 23.47A.010.D. ¹⁰Gas stations and other businesses with drive-in lanes are not permitted in pedestriandesignated zones (Section 23.47A.028). Elsewhere in NC zones, establishing a gas station may require a demonstration regarding impacts under Section 23.47A.028. ¹¹Grocery stores meeting the conditions of subsection 23.47A.010.E are permitted up to 23.000 square feet in size. ¹²Subject to subsection 23.47A.004.G. ¹³ Permitted pursuant to subsection 23.47A.004.D.7. ¹⁴ Residential uses may be limited to 20 percent of a street-level street-facing facade pursuant to subsection 23.47A.005.C. ¹⁵ Residential uses are conditional uses in C2 zones under subsection 23.47A.006.A.3, except as otherwise provided above in Table A for 23.47A.004 or in ((that)) subsection 23.47A.006.A.3. ¹⁶Congregate Residences that are owned by a college or university, or are a sorority or fraternity, or are owned by a not-for-profit entity or charity, or are licensed by the State and provide supportive services; are permitted outright. All others are prohibited. Supportive services include meal service, cleaning service, health services or similar. ¹⁷Congregate Residences that are owned by a college or university, or are a sorority or fraternity, or are owned by a not-for-profit entity or charity, or are licensed by the State and provide supportive services; are permitted outright. All others are permitted only in locations within urban villages and urban centers. Supportive services include meal service, cleaning service, health services or similar. ¹⁸ Permitted at Seattle Center; ((,)) see Section 23.47A.011. ¹⁹ Flexible-use parking is subject to Section 23.54.026. In pedestrian-designated zones, surface parking is prohibited adjacent to principal pedestrian streets pursuant to subsection 23.47A.032.B.2. ((19)) 20 Permitted as surface parking only on surface parking lots existing as of January 1, 2017. In pedestrian-designated zones, surface parking is prohibited adjacent to principal pedestrian streets pursuant to subsection 23.47A.032.B.2. ((²⁰Permitted only on parking lots existing at least five years prior to the establishment of the park and pool lot.)) ²¹ Permitted outright, except prohibited in the SAOD. ((24)) 22 See Chapter 23.57, Communications regulations, for regulation of communication utilities. ((22)) 23 A recycling use that is located on the same development site as a solid waste transfer station may be permitted by administrative conditional use, subject to the requirements of

subsection 23.47A.006.A.7.

1	Section 15. Section 23.47A.006 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
2	Ordinance 123872, is amended as follows:
3	23.47A.006 Conditional uses
4	A. The following uses, where identified as administrative conditional uses on Table A for
5	23.47A.004, or other uses identified in this Section 23.47A.006, may be permitted by the
6	Director when the provisions of both Section 23.42.042 and this subsection 23.47A.006.A are
7	met:
8	* * *
9	2. Park and ride ((lots)) facilities. ((Park-and-ride lots)) Park and ride facilities on
10	surface parking lots in NC2, NC3, C1, and C2 zones may be permitted as conditional uses in a
11	Type II decision, subject to the following:
12	a. The park and ride ((lot)) <u>facility</u> shall have direct vehicular access to a
13	designated arterial improved to City standards in subsection 23.53.015.B.
14	b. If the proposed ((park-and-ride lot)) park and ride facility is located on a
15	lot containing <u>required</u> accessory parking for other uses, there must be no substantial conflict in
16	the principal operating hours of the ((park-and-ride lot)) park and ride facility and other uses on
17	the lot.
18	c. The Director may require ((landscaping and screening in addition to that
19	required for surface parking areas,)) noise mitigation, vehicular access control, signage
20	restrictions, landscaping and screening in addition to that required for surface parking areas, and
21	other measures to provide comfort and safety for pedestrians and bicyclists. ((and)) The purpose
22	of these measures is to ensure the compatibility of the park and ride ((lot)) <u>facility</u> with the
23	surrounding area.

1	* * *
2	Section 16. Section 23.47A.032 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
3	Ordinance 124843, is amended as follows:
4	23.47A.032 Parking location and access
5	A. Access to parking
6	1. NC zones. The following rules apply in NC zones, except as provided under
7	subsections 23.47A.032.A.2 and 23.47A.032.D:
8	a. Access to parking shall be from the alley if the lot abuts an alley
9	improved to the standards of subsection 23.53.030.C, or if the Director determines that alley
10	access is feasible and desirable to mitigate parking access impacts. If alley access is infeasible,
11	the Director may allow street access.
12	b. If access is not provided from an alley and the lot abuts only one street,
13	access is permitted from the street, and limited to one two-way curb cut.
14	c. If access is not provided from an alley and the lot abuts two or more
15	streets, access is permitted across one of the side street lot lines pursuant to subsection
16	23.47A.032.C, and curb cuts are permitted pursuant to subsection 23.54.030.F.2.a.1.
17	d. For each permitted curb cut, street-facing facades may contain one
18	garage door, not to exceed the maximum width allowed for curb cuts.
19	e. Access to surface parking for car-sharing program vehicles provided
20	under subsection 23.47A.032.D.5 may be from the street, alley, or both. Provision of access to
21	this type of parking does not alter other access requirements or limitations in subsection
22	23.45.536.C, except that a curb cut for a garage door allowed by this subsection 23.47A.032.A
23	may be widened to jointly accommodate this type of parking.

1	2. In addition to the provisions governing NC zones in subsection
2	23.47A.032.A.1, the following rules apply in pedestrian-designated zones, except as may be
3	permitted under subsection 23.47A.032.D:
4	a. If access is not provided from an alley and the lot abuts two or more
5	streets, access to parking shall be from a street that is not a principal pedestrian street.
6	b. If access is not provided from an alley and the lot abuts only a principal
7	pedestrian street or streets, access is permitted from the principal pedestrian street, and limited to
8	one two-way curb cut.
9	3. In C1 and C2 zones, access to off-street parking may from a street, alley, or
10	both when the lot abuts an alley. However, structures in C zones with residential uses, structures
11	in C zones with pedestrian designations, and structures in C zones across the street from
12	residential zones shall meet the requirements for parking access for NC zones as provided in
13	subsection 23.47A.032.A.1. If two or more structures are located on a single site, then a single
14	curb cut shall be provided according to the standards in Sections 23.47A.032.A.1,
15	23.47A.032.A.2, and 23.54.030.F.2.
16	4. In the event of conflict between the standards for curb cuts in this subsection
17	23.47A.032.A and the provisions of subsection 23.54.030.F, the standards in subsection
18	23.54.030.F shall control.
19	B. Location of parking
20	1. The following rules apply in NC zones, except as provided in subsection
21	23.47A.032.D <u>:</u> ((-))
22	a. Parking shall not be located between a structure and a street lot line
23	(Exhibit A for 23.47A.032).

Exhibit A for 23.47A.032

1

2 Parking Not Permitted Between a Structure and Street in NC Zones



3 4

5

6

7

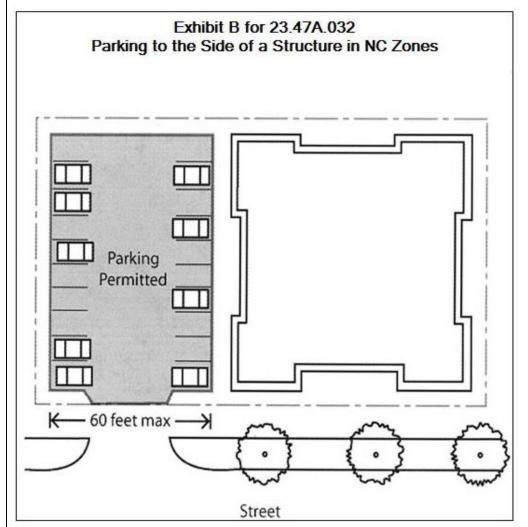
8

b. Within a structure, street-level parking shall be separated from streetlevel, street-facing facades by another permitted use. This requirement does not apply to access to parking meeting the standards of subsection 23.47A.032.A.

c. Parking to the side of a structure shall not exceed 60 feet of street frontage (Exhibit B for 23.47A.032).

1 Exhibit B for 23.47A.032

Parking to the Side of a Structure in NC Zones



3 4

5

2. In pedestrian designated zones, surface parking is prohibited abutting the street lot line along a principal pedestrian street.

3. Off-street parking may be located anywhere on a lot in C1 and C2 zones,
except that structures with residential uses in C zones, structures in C zones with pedestrian
designations, and structures in C zones across the street from residential zones shall meet the
requirements for parking location for NC zones as provided in subsection 23.47A.032.B.1,
except that if a lot in a C zone is bordered by streets on all sides, then parking may be provided
between a street and a structure, but only on sides facing other commercially ((-)) zoned lots.

1	4. Required parking shall be located no farther than ((800)) one-quarter mile
2	(1,320 feet) from the lot with the use to which it is accessory, and <u>off-site parking</u> shall comply
3	with the provisions of Section 23.54.025. ((, Off-site parking.))
4	C. When a lot fronts on two or more streets, the Director will determine which of the
5	streets will be considered the front lot line, for purposes of this section only. In making a
6	determination, the Director will consider the following criteria:
7	1. The extent to which each street's pedestrian-oriented character or commercial
8	continuity would be disrupted by curb cuts, driveways, or parking adjacent to the street;
9	2. The potential for pedestrian and automobile conflicts; and
10	3. The relative traffic capacity of each street as an indicator of the street's role as
11	a principal commercial street.
12	D. Exceptions to parking location and access requirements ((-))
13	1. Access to off-street parking may be from a street if, due to the relationship of
14	an alley to the street system, use of the alley for parking access would create a significant safety
15	hazard as determined by the Director.
16	2. If a lot borders an unopened right-of-way, the Director may apply the parking
17	access and location requirements as if that street did not border the lot if, after consultation with
18	the Director of Transportation, the Director determines that the street is unlikely to be opened or
19	improved.
20	3. On waterfront lots in the Shoreline District, parking may be located between
21	the structure and the front lot line, if necessary to prevent blockage of view corridors or to keep
22	parking away from the edge of the water as required by the Shoreline Master Program.

to parking based upon needs of emergency and other vehicles and the configuration of the site.
5. In NC2, NC3, C1, and C2 zones, surface parking for up to three car-sharing
program vehicles, including vehicles used for free-floating car sharing as defined in Section
11.14.237, may be located in a side or front setback including between a principal structure and a
street lot line, except this type of parking shall not be permitted along a principal pedestrian
street in a pedestrian-designated zone.
* * *
Section 17. Subsection 23.48.085.A of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was
last amended by Ordinance 125432, is amended as follows:
23.48.085 Parking and loading location, access, and curb cuts
A. Parking accessory to non-residential uses may be provided on-site ((and/or)) or within
((800)) <u>one-quarter mile (1,320 feet)</u> of the lot to which it is accessory, according to the
provisions of Section 23.54.025. ((, Off-site parking.))
* * *
Section 18. Subsection 23.48.205.B of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was
enacted by Ordinance 124883, is amended as follows:
23.48.205 Uses for South Lake Union
* * *
B. Prohibited uses. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use parking.
* * *

1	Section 19. Section 23.48.280 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance	
2	124883, is amended as follows:	
3	23.48.280 Required parking in South Lake Union Urban Center	
4	A. Off-street parking spaces and bicycle parking are required according to Section	
5	23.54.015 ((, Required parking)) unless modified by this Section 23.48.280.	
6	B. Maximum parking ((limit for non-residential uses)) limits	
7	1. Except as provided in subsections 23.48.280.B.2 and 23.48.280.B.3, the	
8	amount of parking reserved for or accessory to non-residential uses is limited to one parking	
9	space per every 1,000 square feet of gross floor area in non-residential use minus gross floor area	
10	in parking uses.	
11	2. If, on or before September 1, 2012, a lot is providing legal off-site parking for	
12	another lot, by means such as a recorded parking easement or off-site accessory parking	
13	covenant on the subject lot, then the number of such off-site parking spaces is allowed on the off-	
14	site lot in addition to one space per 1,000 square feet for non-residential uses minus gross floor	
15	area in parking uses on the subject lot.	
16	3. A lot in the SM-SLU 85/65-160 zone may exceed the maximum parking	
17	((limit)) limits in this subsection 23.48.280.B without approval of a special exception pursuant to	
18	subsection 23.48.280.B.2 when, prior to issuance of a Master Use Permit for the lot that exceeds	
19	the maximum parking limit, the fee owners of both the property subject to the Master Use Permit	
20	for the lot that exceeds the maximum parking limit and the fee owners of the property subject to	
21	the Master Use Permit execute a restrictive covenant that is recorded in the King County real	
22	property records that limits the amount of parking that can be provided on other lot(s), such that	
23	the total quantity of parking provided as part of the Master Use Permit together with the parking	

1	to be provided on the other lot(s) subject to the restrictive covenant does not exceed the	
2	maximum parking ((limit)) limits in subsection 23.48.280.B.	
3	* * *	
4	Section 20. Section 23.48.605 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance	
5	125267, is amended as follows:	
6	23.48.605 Uses in SM-U zones	
7	A. Conditional uses. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use parking garages shall only be	
8	permitted as an administrative conditional use if the provisions of subsection 23.48.605.B are	
9	met.	
10	B. To approve a ((principal use)) flexible-use parking garage as an administrative	
11	conditional use, the Director shall, after consulting with the Director of Transportation, find that:	
12	1. Traffic from the garage will not have substantial adverse effects on peak hour	
13	traffic flow to and from Interstate 5 or on traffic circulation in the area around the garage;	
14	2. The vehicular entrances and exits to the garage are located so that they will not	
15	disrupt traffic, pedestrian circulation, bicycle circulation, or transit routes;	
16	3. The garage will be operated by a parking company whose primary purpose is to	
17	support the University Community Urban Center business community by providing and	
18	managing parking facilities for its customers, business owners, and employees.	
19	* * *	
20	Section 21. Section 23.48.705 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance	
21	125432, is amended as follows:	
22	23.48.705 Uses in SM-UP zones	
23	((Principal use)) Flexible-use parking is prohibited in SM-UP zones.	

1	Section 22. Section 23.49.019 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance	
2	125291, is amended as follows:	
3	23.49.019 Parking quantity, location, and access requirements, and screening and	
4	landscaping of parking areas	
5	The regulations in this Section 23.49.019 do not apply to the Pike Market Mixed zones.	
6	A. Parking quantity requirements	
7	1. No parking, either long-term or short-term, is required for uses on lots in	
8	Downtown zones, except as follows:	
9	a. In the International District Mixed and International District Residential	
10	zones, parking requirements for restaurants, motion picture theaters, and other entertainment uses	
11	are as prescribed by Section 23.66.342.	
12	b. In the International District Mixed and International District Residential	
13	zones, the Director of the Department of Neighborhoods, upon the recommendation of the	
14	International District Special Review District Board, may waive or reduce required parking	
15	according to the provisions of Section 23.66.342, Parking and access.	
16	c. Bicycle parking is required as specified in subsection ((23.49.019.E.1))	
17	<u>23.54.015.K</u> .	
18	2. Reduction or elimination of parking required by permits. A property owner	
19	may apply to the Director for the reduction or elimination of parking required by any permit	
20	issued under this Title 23 or Title 24, except for a condition contained in or required pursuant to	
21	any Council conditional use, contract rezone, planned community development, or other Type IV	
22	decision. The Director may grant reduction or elimination of required parking as a Type I	
23	decision, either as part of a Master Use Permit for the establishment of any new use or structure,	

	D4a	
1	or as an independent application for reduction or elimination of parking required by permit.	
2	Parking for bicycles may not be reduced or eliminated under this subsection 23.49.019.A.2. Any	
3	Transportation Management Plan (TMP) required by permit for the development for which a	
4	parking reduction or elimination is proposed shall remain in effect, except that the Director may	
5	change the conditions of the TMP to reflect current conditions and to mitigate any parking and	
6	traffic impacts of the proposed changes. If any bonus floor area was granted for the parking, then	
7	reduction or elimination shall not be permitted except in compliance with applicable provisions	
8	regarding the elimination or reduction of bonus features. If any required parking that is allowed	
9	to be reduced or eliminated under this subsection 23.49.019.A.2 is the subject of a recorded	
10	parking covenant, the Director may authorize modification or release of the covenant.	
11	* * *	
12	C. Maximum parking limits ((for non-residential uses))	
13	1. Except as provided in subsections 23.49.019.C.2 ((, 23.49.019.C.3,)) and	
14	23.66.342.B, parking for non-residential uses is limited to a maximum of one parking space per	
15	1,000 square feet.	
16	((2. Parking for non-residential uses in excess of the maximum quantities	
17	identified in subsections 23.49.019.C.1 and 23.49.019.C.3 may be permitted as a special	
18	exception pursuant to Chapter 23.76. When deciding whether to grant a special exception, the	
19	Director shall consider evidence of parking demand and alternative means of transportation,	
20	including but not limited to the following:	
21	a. Whether the additional parking will substantially encourage the use of	
22	single occupancy vehicles;	

	D4a	
1	b. Characteristics of the work force and employee hours, such as multiple	
2	shifts that end when transit service is not readily available;	
3	c. Proximity of transit lines to the lot and headway times of those lines;	
4	d. The need for a motor pool or large number of fleet vehicles at the site;	
5	e. Proximity to existing long term parking opportunities downtown which	
6	might eliminate the need for additional parking on the lot;	
7	f. Whether the additional parking will adversely affect vehicular and	
8	pedestrian circulation in the area;	
9	g. Potential for shared use of additional parking as residential or short-	
10	term parking;	
11	h. The need for additional short-term parking to support shopping in the	
12	retail core or retail activity in other areas where short-term parking is limited;	
13	i. Whether the area is located at the edge of the Downtown Urban Center	
14	where available short-term parking and transit service is limited.	
15	3)) $\underline{2}$. In the area east of Interstate 5, parking for general sales and service uses	
16	and for eating and drinking establishments is limited to a maximum of two parking spaces per	
17	1,000 square feet.	
18	* * *	
19	E. Bicycle parking is required according to subsection 23.54.015.K.	
20	((1. The minimum number of off street spaces for bicycle parking required for	
21	specific use categories is set forth in Table A for 23.49.019 below. In the case of a use not shown	
22	on Table A for 23.49.019, there is no minimum bicycle parking requirement. After the first 50	
23	spaces for bicycles are provided for a use, additional spaces are required at 0.5 times the ratio	

1 shown in Table A for 23.49.019. Spaces within dwelling units or on balconies do not count

2 toward the bicycle parking requirement.))

((Table A for 23.49.019 Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirement				
Use	Bicycle parking required			
Office	1 space per 5,000 square feet of gross floor area of office use			
Hotel	.05 spaces per hotel room			
Retail use over 10,000 square feet	1 space per 5,000 square feet of gross floor area of retail use			
Residential	1 space for every 2 dwelling units))			

3

((2. Required bicycle parking shall be provided in a safe, accessible and

4 convenient location. Bicycle parking hardware shall be installed according to its manufacturer's

5 instructions, and the Seattle Department of Transportation design criteria, allowing adequate

6 clearance for bicycles and their riders. Directional signage shall be installed if bicycle parking

7 facilities are not clearly visible from the street or sidewalk. If any covered automobile parking is

8 provided, all required long-term bicycle parking shall be covered. If located off-street, bicycle

9 and automobile parking areas shall be separated by a barrier or painted lines.

3. Bicycle parking facilities for non-residential uses shall be located on the lot or
 in a shared bicycle parking facility within 100 feet of the lot, except as provided in subsection
 23.49.019.E.6.

4. Bicycle parking for residential uses shall be located on site.
 5. Co-location of bicycle parking facilities by more than one use is encouraged.
 6. For non-residential uses, the applicant may make a payment to the City to fund
 public bicycle parking in the public right of way in lieu of providing required bicycle parking
 on- or off-site, if the Director determines that:

	D4a	
1	a. Safe, accessible and convenient bicycle parking accessory to a non-	
2	residential use cannot be provided on site or in a shared bicycle parking facility within 100 feet	
3	of the lot, without extraordinary physical or financial difficulty;	
4	b. The payment is comparable to the cost of providing the equivalent	
5	bicycle parking on site, and takes in consideration the cost of materials, equipment and labor for	
6	installation; and	
7	c. The bicycle parking funded by the payment is located within sufficient	
8	proximity to serve the bicycle parking demand generated by the project.	
9	d. Any such payment shall be placed in a dedicated fund or account and	
10	used within five years of receipt to provide the bicycle parking.	
11	F. Bicycle commuter shower facilities. Structures containing 250,000 square feet or more	
12	of office gross floor area shall include shower facilities and clothing storage areas for bicycle	
13	commuters. One shower per gender shall be required for every 250,000 square feet of office use.	
14	Such facilities shall be for the use of the employees and occupants of the building, and shall be	
15	located where they are easily accessible to parking facilities for bicycles.))	
16	F. Reserved	
17	* * *	
18	Section 23. Section 23.49.042 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance	
19	124969, is amended as follows:	
20	23.49.042 Downtown Office Core 1, Downtown Office Core 2, and Downtown Mixed	
21	Commercial permitted uses	
22	The provisions of this Section 23.49.042 apply in DOC1, DOC2, and DMC zones.	

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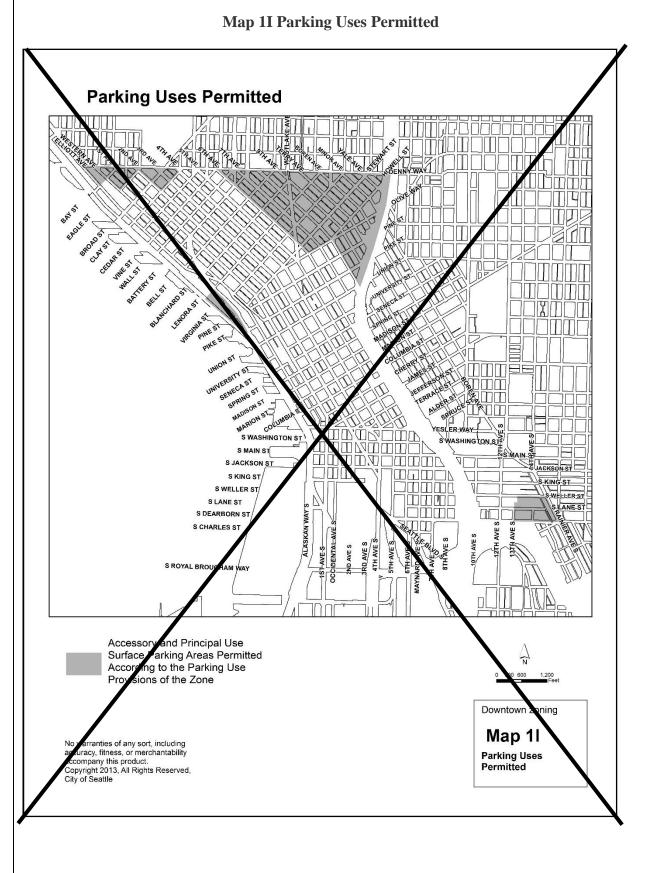
	D4a
1	A. All uses are permitted outright except those specifically prohibited by Section
2	23.49.044 and those permitted only as conditional uses by Section 23.49.046. Parking is allowed
3	pursuant to Section 23.49.019 and Section 23.49.045, and major marijuana activity is allowed
4	pursuant to Section 23.42.058.
5	B. All uses not prohibited shall be permitted as either principal or accessory uses.
6	* * *
7	Section 24. Section 23.49.044 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
8	123589, is amended as follows:
9	23.49.044 Downtown Office Core 1, Downtown Office Core 2, and Downtown Mixed
10	Commercial prohibited uses
11	The following uses are prohibited as both principal and accessory uses in DOC1, DOC2, and
12	DMC zones, or where a single zone classification is specified, in zones with that classification
13	only.
14	A. Drive-in businesses, except gas stations located in parking garages;
15	B. Outdoor storage;
16	C. All general and heavy manufacturing uses;
17	D. Solid waste management;
18	E. Recycling, except in DMC zones in South Downtown;
19	F. All high-impact uses;
20	G. In DMC zones, adult motion picture theaters and adult panorams; and
21	H. ((Principal-use)) Flexible-use parking garages for long-term parking.

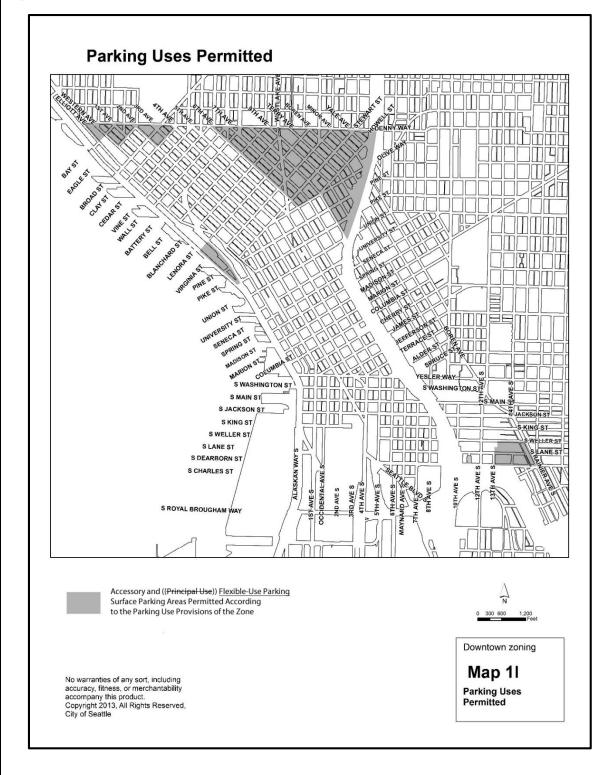
1	Section 25. Section 23.49.045 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
2	123589, is amended as follows:
3	23.49.045 Downtown Office Core 1, Downtown Office Core 2, and Downtown Mixed
4	Commercial ((principal)) flexible-use and accessory parking
5	The provisions of this Section 23.49.045 apply in DOC1, DOC2, and DMC zones. DMC zoned
6	areas within the International Special Review District are also subject to Chapter 23.66. If there
7	is any conflict between this Section 23.49.045 and Chapter 23.66, Chapter 23.66 applies.
8	A. ((Principal Use Parking.)) Flexible-use parking
9	1. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use parking garages for short-term parking may be
10	permitted as conditional uses, pursuant to Section 23.49.046.
11	2. In DOC1 zones, ((principal use)) flexible-use long-term and short-term surface
12	parking areas are prohibited. In DOC2 and DMC zones, ((principal-use)) flexible-use long-term
13	and short-term surface parking areas may be permitted as administrative conditional uses in areas
14	shown on Map 1I, pursuant to Section 23.49.046.
15	B. Accessory Parking.
16	1. Accessory parking garages for both long-term and short-term parking are
17	permitted outright, up to the maximum parking limit established by Section 23.49.019.
18	2. Accessory surface parking areas are:
19	a. Permitted outright in areas shown on Map 11 if they contain a total of 20
20	or fewer parking spaces on the lot; ((and))
21	b. Permitted outside South Downtown as administrative conditional uses
22	pursuant to Section 23.49.046 if located in areas shown on Map 1I on a lot containing more than
23	20 parking spaces; ((and))

1	c. Prohibited in areas not shown on Map 1I; and
2	d. Notwithstanding the maximum parking limit in Section 23.49.019,
3	permitted outright for replacement of a short-term surface parking area with more than 20
4	parking spaces in existence on December 31, 2009, if the original location and new location are
5	both located in a DMC zone in South Downtown, and if the existing and replacement parking are
6	accessory to the same principal use.
7	3. Temporary ((principal)) flexible-use and accessory surface parking areas may

8 be permitted as conditional uses pursuant to Section 23.49.046.







1	Section 26. Subsection 23.49.046.B of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was
2	last amended by Ordinance 124680, is amended as follows:
3	23.49.046 Downtown Office Core 1 (DOC1), Downtown Office Core 2 (DOC2), and
4	Downtown Mixed Commercial (DMC) conditional uses and Council decisions
5	* * *
6	B. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use parking garages for short-term parking may be permitted
7	as administrative conditional uses, if the Director finds that:
8	1. Traffic from the garage will not have substantial adverse effects on peak hour
9	traffic flow to and from Interstate 5 or on traffic circulation in the area around the garage; and
10	2. The vehicular entrances to the garage are located so that they will not disrupt
11	traffic or transit routes; and
12	3. The traffic generated by the garage will not have substantial adverse effects on
13	pedestrian circulation; and
14	4. In the DMC 160 zone, the following standards are met:
15	a. ((the)) The total gross floor area of all parking uses on the lot is less
16	than the total gross floor area of all non-parking uses on the lot, and
17	b. ((any)) Any short-term ((principal use)) flexible-use parking is provided
18	for the life of the structure and a covenant to that effect is recorded against the title with the King
19	County Recorder.
20	* * *

	D4a
1	Section 27. Section 23.49.090 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
2	124969, is amended as follows:
3	23.49.090 Downtown Retail Core, permitted uses
4	A. All uses are permitted outright except those which are specifically prohibited by
5	Section 23.49.092 and those which are permitted only as conditional uses by Section 23.49.096.
6	Parking is allowed subject to Section 23.49.019 and Section 23.49.094 and major marijuana
7	activity is allowed subject to Section 23.42.058.
8	B. All uses not prohibited shall be permitted as either principal or accessory uses.
9	* * *
10	Section 28. Section 23.49.094 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
11	122054, is amended as follows:
12	23.49.094 Downtown Retail Core, principal and accessory parking ((;))
13	A. ((Principal Use Parking.)) Flexible-use parking
14	1. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use parking garages for long-term parking are
15	prohibited.
16	2. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use parking garages for short-term parking may be
17	permitted as administrative conditional uses pursuant to Section 23.49.096.
18	3. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use surface parking areas for both long- and short-
19	term parking are prohibited, except that temporary ((principal use)) flexible-use surface parking
20	areas may be permitted as conditional uses pursuant to Section 23.49.096.
21	* * *

1	Section 29. Section 23.49.096 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
2	123046, is amended as follows:
3	23.49.096 Downtown Retail Core, conditional uses and Council decisions
4	* * *
5	C. ((Principal-use)) Flexible-use parking garages for short-term parking may be permitted
6	as conditional uses, if the Director finds that:
7	1. Traffic from the garage will not have substantial adverse effects on peak hour
8	traffic flow to and from Interstate 5, or traffic circulation in the area around the garage; and
9	2. The vehicular entrances to the garage are located so that they will not disrupt
10	traffic or transit routes; and
11	3. The traffic generated by the garage will not have substantial adverse effects on
12	pedestrian circulation.
13	* * *
14	Section 30. Section 23.49.142 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
15	124969, is amended as follows:
	124969, is amended as follows: 23.49.142 Downtown Mixed Residential, permitted uses
16	
16 17	23.49.142 Downtown Mixed Residential, permitted uses
16 17 18	23.49.142 Downtown Mixed Residential, permitted uses A. All uses are permitted outright except those specifically prohibited by Section
15 16 17 18 19 20	 23.49.142 Downtown Mixed Residential, permitted uses A. All uses are permitted outright except those specifically prohibited by Section 23.49.144 and those permitted only as conditional uses by Section 23.49.148. Parking is
16 17 18 19	 23.49.142 Downtown Mixed Residential, permitted uses A. All uses are permitted outright except those specifically prohibited by Section 23.49.144 and those permitted only as conditional uses by Section 23.49.148. Parking is permitted pursuant to Section 23.49.019 and Section 23.49.146, and major marijuana activity is
16 17 18 19 20	 23.49.142 Downtown Mixed Residential, permitted uses A. All uses are permitted outright except those specifically prohibited by Section 23.49.144 and those permitted only as conditional uses by Section 23.49.148. Parking is permitted pursuant to Section 23.49.019 and Section 23.49.146, and major marijuana activity is allowed pursuant to Section 23.42.058.
16 17 18 19 20 21	 23.49.142 Downtown Mixed Residential, permitted uses A. All uses are permitted outright except those specifically prohibited by Section 23.49.144 and those permitted only as conditional uses by Section 23.49.148. Parking is permitted pursuant to Section 23.49.019 and Section 23.49.146, and major marijuana activity is allowed pursuant to Section 23.42.058. B. All uses not prohibited are permitted as either principal or accessory uses.

1	Section 31. Section 23.49.146 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
2	123589, is amended as follows:
3	23.49.146 Downtown Mixed Residential, principal and accessory parking
4	A. ((Principal Use Parking.)) Flexible-use parking
5	1. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use parking garages for long-term and short-term
6	parking are prohibited in a DMR zone except that ((principal use)) flexible-use parking garages
7	for short-term parking may be permitted either as an administrative conditional use in South
8	Downtown outside the International Special Review District pursuant to Section 23.49.148, or
9	within the International Special Review District pursuant to Section 23.66.324.
10	2. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use surface parking areas are prohibited, except
11	that temporary ((principal use)) flexible-use surface parking areas in DMR/C areas may be
12	permitted as conditional uses pursuant to Section 23.49.148.
13	* * *
14	Section 32. Section 23.49.148 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
15	Ordinance 123589, is amended as follows:
16	23.49.148 Downtown Mixed Residential, conditional uses and Council decisions
17	A. All conditional uses shall meet the following criteria:
18	1. The use shall be determined not to be materially detrimental to the public
19	welfare or injurious to property in the zone or vicinity in which the property is located.
20	2. In authorizing a conditional use, adverse negative impacts may be mitigated
21	by imposing requirements or conditions deemed necessary for the protection of other
22	properties in the zone or vicinity and the public interest. The Director or Council shall deny

	D4a
1	the conditional use, if it is determined that the negative impacts cannot be mitigated
2	satisfactorily.
3	B. Parking garages providing accessory parking for residential uses located on another
4	lot, and ((principal use)) flexible-use parking garages providing short-term parking in South
5	Downtown outside of the International Special Review District, may be permitted as
6	conditional uses, if the Director finds that:
7	1. Unserved parking demand associated with existing or forecast future
8	development within 1,000 feet of the proposed parking facility is sufficient to warrant
9	construction of the facility; and
10	2. The garage will be operated in a manner such that substantial traffic
11	associated with uses not located within the DMR zone will not be generated; and
12	3. The vehicular entrances to the garage are located so that they will not disrupt
13	traffic or transit routes; and
14	4. The traffic generated by the garage will not have substantial adverse effects
15	on pedestrian circulation.
16	C. Accessory surface parking areas, where permitted as an administrative conditional
17	use by Section 23.49.146, and temporary ((principal)) flexible-use surface parking areas that
18	were in existence prior to January 1, 1985, or are located on lots vacant on or before January
19	1, 1985, or on lots that become vacant as a result of a City-initiated abatement action, may be
20	permitted as conditional uses in DMR/C areas if the Director finds that:
21	1. Traffic from the parking area will not have substantial adverse effects on
22	traffic circulation in the surrounding areas; and

1	2. The vehicular entrances to the parking area are located so that they will not
2	disrupt traffic or transit routes; and
3	3. The traffic generated by the parking area will not have substantial adverse
4	effects on pedestrian circulation; and
5	4. The parking area is screened and landscaped according to the provisions of
6	Section 23.49.019; ((, Parking quantity, access and screening/landscaping requirements;)) and
7	5. For temporary ((principal)) flexible-use surface parking areas, permits may
8	be issued for a maximum of two $(((2)))$ years. Renewal of a permit for a temporary surface
9	parking area shall be subject to the following:
10	a. Renewals are permitted only for those temporary surface parking
11	areas that were in existence on or before January 1, 1985, or located on lots vacant on or
12	before January 1, 1985. A permit for temporary surface parking on a lot that became vacant as
13	a result of a City-initiated abatement action shall not be renewed; and
14	b. Renewal shall be for a maximum of two $(((2)))$ years and shall be
15	granted only if, through an administrative conditional use process, the Director finds that the
16	temporary surface parking area continues to meet applicable criteria; and
17	c. The applicant shall post a bond in an amount adequate to cover the
18	costs of removing the physical evidence of the parking area, such as curbcuts, paving, and
19	parking space striping, when the permit expires. Landscaping need not be removed when the
20	permit expires, and
21	d. Signs at each entrance to the parking area stating the ending date of
22	the permit shall be required.
23	* * *

	D4a
1	Section 33. Section 23.49.180 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
2	125163, is amended as follows:
3	23.49.180 Additional height in the PSM 85-120 zone
4	* * *
5	E. Floor area ratio (FAR) ((-))
6	1. Base and ((Maximum)) maximum FAR. The base FAR for all uses on a lot,
7	except for those uses expressly exempted, is 4. The maximum FAR for all uses on a lot, except
8	for those uses expressly exempted, is 8.
9	2. Limit on non-residential FAR. Non-residential chargeable floor area on a lot
10	may not exceed an FAR of 4.
11	3. Affordable housing incentive program. Development that includes residential
12	use may exceed the base FAR to the extent the applicant qualifies for bonus floor area by
13	providing affordable housing according to Section 23.49.181, subject to the FAR limit in
14	subsection 23.49.180.E.1.
15	4. Exemptions and deductions from FAR calculations
16	a. The exemptions and deductions from FAR calculations specified in
17	subsection 23.49.011.B apply, except that residential use is not exempt and is considered
18	chargeable floor area.
19	b. In addition to the exemptions from floor area calculations for parking in
20	subsection 23.49.011.B.1.l, enclosed parking provided at or above grade as accessory parking for
21	non-residential uses or as ((principal use)) flexible-use parking replacing the surface spaces
22	existing on the lot on June 25, 1998, is exempt from FAR calculations if it is separated from all

1	streets abutting the lot by another use or is screened according to the provisions of subsection
2	23.49.180.G.9.
3	c. Street-level uses other than residential lobbies are exempt if they meet
4	the requirements of subsection 23.49.180.F.
5	* * *
6	Section 34. Subsection 23.49.322.A of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was
7	last amended by Ordinance 122235, is amended as follows:
8	23.49.322 Downtown Harborfront 2, ((principal)) <u>flexible-use parking</u> and accessory
9	parking ((-))
10	A. ((Principal Use Parking.)) Flexible-use parking
11	1. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use parking garages for both long-term and short-
12	term parking shall be conditional uses, according to Section 23.49.324.
13	2. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use surface parking areas shall be conditional uses in
14	areas shown on Map 1I, and shall be prohibited in other locations, except that temporary
15	((principal use)) flexible-use surface parking areas may be permitted as conditional uses pursuant
16	to Section 23.49.324.
17	* * *
18	Section 35. Section 23.49.324 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
19	123046, is amended as follows:
20	23.49.324 Downtown Harborfront 2, conditional uses
21	A. All conditional uses shall meet the following criteria:
22	1. The use shall be determined not to be materially detrimental to the public
23	welfare or injurious to property in the zone or vicinity in which the property is located.

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1	2. In authorizing a conditional use, adverse negative impacts may be mitigated by
2	imposing requirements or conditions deemed necessary for the protection of other properties in
3	the zone or vicinity and the public interest. The Director or Council shall deny the conditional
4	use, if it is determined that the negative impacts cannot be mitigated satisfactorily.
5	B. ((Principal-use)) Flexible-use parking garages for long-term or short-term parking may
6	be permitted as conditional uses, if the Director finds that:
7	1. Traffic from the garage will not have substantial adverse effects on traffic
8	circulation in the area around the garage; and
9	2. The entrances to the garages are located so that they will not disrupt traffic or
10	transit routes; and
11	3. The traffic generated by the garage will not have substantial adverse effects on
12	pedestrian circulation.
13	* * *
14	Section 36. Section 23.49.338 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
15	124969, is amended as follows:
16	
17	23.49.338 Pike Market Mixed, prohibited uses ((-))
	23.49.338 Pike Market Mixed, prohibited uses ((-))A. The following uses are prohibited as both principal and accessory uses in areas outside
18	
	A. The following uses are prohibited as both principal and accessory uses in areas outside
18 19 20	A. The following uses are prohibited as both principal and accessory uses in areas outside of the Pike Place Market Historical District, Map 1K:
19	 A. The following uses are prohibited as both principal and accessory uses in areas outside of the Pike Place Market Historical District, Map 1K: 1. Drive-in businesses, except gas stations located in parking garages;
19 20	 A. The following uses are prohibited as both principal and accessory uses in areas outside of the Pike Place Market Historical District, Map 1K: 1. Drive-in businesses, except gas stations located in parking garages; 2. Outdoor storage;
19 20 21	 A. The following uses are prohibited as both principal and accessory uses in areas outside of the Pike Place Market Historical District, Map 1K: Drive-in businesses, except gas stations located in parking garages; Outdoor storage; Adult motion picture theaters and adult panorams;

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1	6. All general manufacturing uses;
2	7. Solid waste management;
3	8. Recycling;
4	9. All industrial uses;
5	10. Jails;
6	11. Work-release centers; and
7	12. Major marijuana activity.
8	B. Within the Pike Place Market Historical District, Map 1K, uses may be prohibited by
9	the Pike Market Historical Commission pursuant to the Pike Place Market Historical District
10	Ordinance.
11	Section 37. Section 23.50.012 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
12	124969, is amended as follows:
13	23.50.012 Permitted and ((Prohibited Uses)) prohibited uses
14	A. All uses are permitted outright, prohibited or permitted as a conditional use, according
15	to Table A for 23.50.012 and this Section 23.50.012.
16	* * *

Uses PERMITTED AND PROHIBITED USES BY ZO				S BY ZONE	
	IB	IC		IG1 in the Duwamish M/I Center	Duwamish

L. TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES					
L.1. Cargo terminals	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
L.2. Parking and moorage					
L.2.a. Boat moorage	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
L.2.b. Dry boat storage	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р

Table A for 23.50.012Uses in Industrial zones

Uses	PERMITTED AND PROHIBITED USES BY ZONE					
	IB	IC		IG1 in the Duwamish M/I Center	Duwamish	
L.2.c. Parking, ((principal use, except as listed below)) flexible-use	Р	P or X(17)	Р	X(5)	X(5)	
((L.2.c.i.)) <u>L.2.d.</u> Park and ((Pool Lots)) <u>ride facilities</u>	P(18)	P(18)	P(18)	CU	CU	
((L.2.c.ii. Park and Ride Lots))	((CU))	((CU))	((CU))	((CU))	((CU))	
((L.2.d.)) <u>L.2.e.</u> Towing services	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
	* *	*				

KEY

CU = Administrative conditional use

CCU = Council conditional use

EB = Permitted only in a building existing on October 7, 1987.

EB/CU = Administrative conditional use permitted only in a building existing on October 7, 1987.

P = Permitted

X = Prohibited

Footnotes to Table A for 23.50.012

(1) In addition to the provisions in this Chapter 23.50, urban farms that entail major marijuana activity are regulated by Section 23.42.058.

(2) Except within designated manufacturing and industrial centers, where they are permitted only on rooftops and/or as agricultural uses within an enclosed building. Except for agricultural uses within an enclosed building operating prior to January 4, 2016, agricultural uses within an enclosed building are not permitted in the IG1 zone. Agricultural uses within an enclosed building within designated manufacturing and industrial centers (excluding associated office or food processing areas) shall not exceed:

(a) 5,000 square feet in IG1 zones for agricultural uses within an enclosed building established prior to January 4, 2016;

(b) 10,000 square feet in IB and IC zones; and

(c) 20,000 square feet in IG2 zones.

(3) Animal shelters and kennels maintained and operated for the impounding, holding, and/or disposal of lost, stray, unwanted, dead, or injured animals are permitted.

(4) Subject to subsection 23.50.012.E.

(5) Parking required for a spectator sports facility or exhibition hall is allowed and shall be permitted to be used ((for general parking purposes)) as flexible-use parking or shared with another such facility to meet its required parking. A spectator sports facility or exhibition hall within the Stadium Transition Area Overlay District may reserve parking. Such reserved non-required parking shall be permitted to be used ((for general parking purposes)) as flexible-use parking and is exempt from the one_space_per_650_square_feet ratio under the following circumstances:

Table A for 23.50.012 Uses in Industrial zones

Uses	PERMITTED AND PROHIBITED USES BY ZONE				
	IB	IC	IG1	IG1 in the	IG2 in the
			and IG2	Duwamish	Duwamish
			(general)	M/I Center	M/I Center

(a) The parking is owned and operated by the owner of the spectator sports facility or exhibition hall, and

(b) The parking is reserved for events in the spectator sports facility or exhibition hall, and

(c) The reserved parking is outside of the Stadium Transition Area Overlay District, and south of South Royal Brougham Way, west of 6th Avenue South and north of South Atlantic Street. Parking that is covenanted to meet required parking will not be considered reserved parking.
(6) Medical service uses over 10,000 square feet, within 2,500 feet of a medical Major Institution Overlay District boundary, require administrative conditional use approval, unless included in an adopted major institution master plan. See Section 23.50.014.

(7) The high-impact uses listed in subsection 23.50.014.B.10 may be permitted as conditional uses.

(8) High-impact uses may be permitted as conditional uses as provided in subsection 23.50.014.B.5.

(9) Research and education facilities that are a part of a college or university, and that are water-dependent or water-related, as defined by Section 23.60.944, are permitted in new and existing buildings in the Ballard/Interbay Northend Manufacturing & Industrial Center.
(10) A college or university offering a primarily vocational curriculum within the zone is permitted.

(11) Hospitals may be permitted as a conditional use where accessory to a research and development laboratory or an institute for advanced study pursuant to subsection 23.50.014.B.14.

(12) On IC zoned parcels within the Ballard Hub Urban Village and abutting Market Street, museums are allowed in new buildings or structures.

(13) Museums are prohibited except in buildings or structures that are designated City of Seattle landmarks.

(14) Transitional encampments accessory to religious facilities or to principal uses located on property owned or controlled by a religious organization are regulated by Section 23.42.054.
(15) The heavy manufacturing uses listed in subsection 23.50.014.B.9 may be permitted as a

conditional use. All other heavy manufacturing uses are prohibited.

(16) Heavy manufacturing uses may be permitted as a conditional use within the Queen Anne Interbay area as provided in subsection 23.50.014.C.

(17) Prohibited in an IC 85-160 zone for development that exceeds the base FAR limit.

(18) Park and ((pool lots)) <u>ride facilities</u> are not permitted within 3,000 feet of the Downtown Urban Center.

(19) Subject to subsection 23.50.014.B.7.e.

1

* * *

	D4a
1	Section 38. Subsection 23.51A.004.D of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was
2	last amended by Ordinance 125173, is amended as follows:
3	23.51A.004 Public facilities in multifamily zones
4	* * *
5	D. The following public facilities are prohibited in all multifamily zones:
6	1. Jails, except for youth service centers existing as of January 1, 2013, in public
7	facilities operated by King County within an Urban Center;
8	2. Work-release centers;
9	3. Bus bases;
10	((4. Park and ride lots;
11	(5)) <u>4</u> . Sewage treatment plants;
12	$((\Theta))$ <u>5</u> . Animal control shelters; and
13	((7)) $\underline{6}$. Post office distribution centers.
14	* * *
15	Section 39. Section 23.54.015 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
16	125272, is amended as follows:
17	23.54.015 Required parking and maximum parking limits
18	A. ((Minimum)) Required parking. ((requirements.)) The minimum number of off-street
19	motor vehicle parking spaces required for specific uses is set forth in Table A for 23.54.015 for
20	non-residential uses other than institutional uses, Table B for 23.54.015 for residential uses, and
21	Table C for 23.54.015 for institutional uses, except as otherwise provided in this ((Section
22	23.54.015 and Section 23.54.020)) Chapter 23.54. ((The minimum)) Required parking
23	((requirements are)) is based upon gross floor area of a use within a structure minus gross floor

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1	area in parking uses, and the square footage of a use when located outside of an enclosed
2	structure, or as otherwise specified. Maximum parking limits for specific uses and specific areas
3	are set forth in subsection 23.54.015.C. Exceptions to ((the)) motor vehicle parking requirements
4	set forth in this Section 23.54.015 are provided in: ((subsection)) subsections 23.54.015.B and
5	23.54.015.C; and in Section 23.54.020, Parking quantity exceptions, unless otherwise specified.
6	This Chapter 23.54 does not apply to parking for construction activity, which is regulated by
7	Section 23.42.044.
8	B. ((Parking requirements)) Required parking for specific zones and areas
9	1. Parking in downtown zones is regulated by ((Section 23.49.019)) Chapters
10	23.49 and 23.66, and not by this Section 23.54.015.
11	2. Parking in the MPC-YT zone is regulated by Section 23.75.180 and not by this
12	Section 23.54.015.
13	3. Parking for major institution uses in the Major Institution Overlay District is
14	regulated by Sections 23.54.015 and 23.54.016.
15	((4. Parking in the Northgate Overlay District is regulated by Chapter 23.54.
16	except as modified by Section 23.71.016.
17	5. No parking is required for single-family residential uses on lots in any
18	residential zone that are less than 3,000 square feet in size or less than 30 feet in width where
19	access to parking is permitted through a required yard or setback abutting a street according to
20	the standards of subsections 23.44.016.B.2, 23.45.536.C.2, or 23.45.536.C.3.
21	6. No parking is required for urban farms or community gardens in residential
22	zones.))

1	4. The Director shall adopt by rule a definition of frequent transit service and a
2	map of frequent transit service areas based on proximity to one or more transit stops providing
3	scheduled frequent transit service. The determination whether a proposed development site is in
4	a scheduled frequent transit service area shall be based on the frequent transit service area map
5	adopted by rule that exists on the date a project vests according to the standards of Section
6	23.76.026, provided that a rule that takes effect on a date after the project vests may be applied to
7	determine whether the site is in a scheduled frequent transit service area, at the election of the
8	project applicant in accordance with Section 23.76.026.G.
9	C. Maximum parking limits for specific zones or areas
10	1. In the Stadium Transition Area Overlay District certain uses are subject to a
11	maximum parking ratio pursuant to subsection 23.74.010.A.1.b. When there are multiple uses
12	on a lot, the total parking requirement for all uses subject to a maximum ratio cannot exceed
13	the aggregate maximum for those uses under Section 23.74.010.
14	2. In all commercial zones, except C2 zones outside of urban villages, no more
15	than 145 spaces per lot may be provided as surface parking or as flexible-use parking.
16	3. In all multifamily zones, commercial uses are limited to no more than ten
17	parking spaces per business establishment.
18	4. In the Northgate Overlay District, the Director may permit parking to exceed
19	applicable maximum parking limits as a Type I decision pursuant to Chapter 23.76 if:
20	a. The parking is provided in a structure according to a joint-use parking
21	agreement with King County Metro Transit; and
22	b. It can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Director through a
23	parking demand study that the spaces are only needed to meet evening and weekend demand or

3

as overflow on less than ten percent of the weekdays in a year, and the spaces shall otherwise be
 available for daytime use by the general public.

* * *

K. Bicycle parking. The minimum number of off-street parking spaces for bicycles 4 5 required for specified uses is set forth in Table D for 23.54.015. Long-term parking for bicycles 6 shall be for bicycles parked four or more hours. Short-term parking for bicycles shall be for 7 bicycles parked less than four hours. In the case of a use not shown on Table D for 23.54.015, 8 ((there is no minimum bicycle parking requirement)) one bicycle parking space per 10,000 gross 9 square feet of either short- or long-term bicycle parking is required, except single-family 10 residential use is exempt from bicycle parking requirements. The minimum requirements are 11 based upon gross floor area of the use in a structure minus gross floor area in parking uses, or the square footage of the use when located outside of an enclosed structure, or as otherwise 12 13 specified. ((1. After the first 50 spaces for bicycles are provided, additional spaces are 14 15 required at ¹/₂ the ratio shown in Table D for 23.54.015, except for rail transit facilities; passenger 16 terminals; and park and ride lots.)) 17 1. Rounding. For long-term bicycle parking, calculation of the minimum 18 requirement shall round up the result to the nearest whole number. For short-term bicycle 19 parking, calculation of the minimum requirement shall round up the result to the nearest whole 20 even number. 21 2. Performance standards. ((Required bicycle parking shall be provided)) Provide 22 bicycle parking in a highly visible, safe, and accessible ((and convenient)) location, emphasizing

1	user convenience and theft deterrence, based on rules promulgated by the Director of the Seattle
2	Department of Transportation that address the considerations in this subsection 23.54.015.K.2.
3	a. Provide secure locations and arrangements of long-term bicycle
4	parking, with features such as locked rooms or cages and bicycle lockers. The bicycle parking
5	should be installed in a manner that avoids creating conflicts with automobile accesses and
6	driveways.
7	b. Provide pedestrian and bicycle access to long-term bicycle parking that
8	is separate from other vehicular entry and egress points.
9	c. Provide adequate lighting in the bicycle parking area and access routes
10	<u>to it.</u>
11	d. If bicycle parking facilities are not clearly visible from the street or
12	sidewalk, install directional signage in adequate amounts and in highly visible indoor and
13	outdoor locations in a manner that promotes easy wayfinding for bicyclists. Wayfinding signage
14	shall be visible from adjacent on-street bicycle facilities.
15	e. Long-term bicycle parking shall be located where bicyclists are not
16	required to carry bicycles on stairs to access the parking.
17	<u>f. Install</u> ((Bicycle)) bicycle parking hardware ((shall be installed)) so that
18	it can perform to its manufacturer's specifications and any design criteria promulgated by the
19	((Director of Transportation)) Director of the Seattle Department of Transportation, allowing
20	adequate clearance for bicycles and their riders. ((Directional signage shall be installed when
21	bike parking facilities are not clearly visible from the street or sidewalk.))

	D+a
1	g. ((If any covered automobile parking is provided,)) Provide full weather
2	protection for all required long-term bicycle parking. ((shall be covered. If located off street,
3	bicycle and automobile parking areas shall be separated by a barrier or painted lines.
4	3. Long-term parking for bicycles shall be for bicycles parked four hours or more.
5	Short term parking for bicycles shall be for bicycles parked less than four hours.
6	4)) <u>3</u> . Bicycle parking required for residential uses shall be located on-site.
7	((5)) <u>4</u> . Bicycle parking required for small efficiency dwelling units and
8	congregate residence sleeping rooms is required to be covered for <u>full</u> weather protection. If the
9	required, covered bicycle parking is located inside the building that contains small efficiency
10	dwelling units or congregate residence sleeping rooms, the space required to provide the required
11	bicycle parking shall be exempt from Floor Area Ratio (FAR) limits. Covered bicycle parking
12	that is provided beyond the required bicycle parking shall not be exempt from FAR limits.
13	((6)) 5. Bicycle parking facilities shared by more than one use are encouraged.
14	((7)) <u>6</u> . Bicycle parking facilities required for non-residential uses shall be located
15	on the lot or in a shared bicycle parking facility within $((100))$ <u>600</u> feet of the lot, except as
16	provided in subsection ((23.54.015.K.8)) <u>23.54.015.K.7</u> .
17	((8)) 7. Both long-term and short-term ((Bicycle)) bicycle parking for non-
18	<u>residential uses</u> may be located in ((a facility)) an off-site location within ((100)) $\underline{600}$ feet of the
19	lot, ((that is not a shared bicycle parking facility, or)) and short-term public bicycle parking may
20	be provided in ((the right of way)) a public place, subject to approval by the Director of the
21	Seattle Department of Transportation. ((, in lieu of providing required on site bicycle parking))
22	The Director of the Seattle Department of Transportation may consider whether bicycle parking

1	in the public place shall be sufficient in quality to effectively serve bicycle parking demand from				
2	the site. ((, if the Director determines that:				
3	a. Safe, accessible, and convenient bicycle parking accessory to a non-				
4	residential use cannot be provided on-site or in a shared bicycle parking facility within 100 feet				
5	of the lot, without extraordinary physical or financial difficulty;				
6	b. The bicycle parking in the right-of-way is equivalent to bicycle parking				
7	that would otherwise be required on-site, and takes into consideration the cost of materials,				
8	equipment and labor for installation;				
9	c. The bicycle parking in the right-of-way is located within sufficient				
10	proximity to serve the bicycle parking demand generated by the project; and				
11	d. Construction of the bicycle parking is completed before issuance of a				
12	certificate of occupancy for the development.))				
13	8. Bicycle commuter shower facilities. Structures containing 100,000 square feet				
14	or more of office use floor area shall include shower facilities and clothing storage areas for				
15	bicycle commuters. Two showers shall be required for every 100,000 square feet of office use.				
16	They shall be available in a manner that results in equal shower access for all users. The facilities				
17	shall be for the use of the employees and occupants of the building, and shall be located where				
18	they are easily accessible to bicycle parking facilities.				
19	9. Bicycle parking spaces within dwelling units, other than a private garage, or on				
20	balconies do not count toward the bicycle parking requirement.				
	Table A for 23.54.015 <u>Required</u> Parking for Non-residential Uses Other Than Institutions				
	Use Minimum parking required				
	I. General Non-residential Uses (other than institutions)				
	A. AGRICULTURAL USES ¹ 1 space for each 2,000 square feet				

		or 23.54 Parkin	4.015 g for Non-residential Uses Other T	Than Institutions		
B.	COM	MERCL	AL USES			
	B.1.	Animal	shelters and kennels	1 space for each 2,000 square feet		
	B.2.	Eating a	and drinking establishments	1 space for each 250 square feet		
	B.3.	noted below ² (((1)))		For public assembly areas: 1 space for each 8 fixed seats, or 1 space for each 100 square feet of public assembly area not containing fixed seats		
		B.3.a	Adult cabarets	1 space for each 250 square feet		
		B.3.b	Sports and recreation uses	1 space for each 500 square feet		
	B.4.	Food pr	ocessing and craft work	1 space for each 2,000 square feet		
	B.5.	Laborat	ories, research and development	1 space for each 1,500 square feet		
	B.6.	Lodging	g uses	1 space for each 4 rooms; For bed and breakfast facilities in single <u>-</u> family and multifamily zones, 1 space for each dwelling unit, plus 1 space for each 2 guest rooms		
	B.7.	Medica	l services	1 space for each 500 square feet		
	B.8.	Offices		1 space for each 1,000 square feet		
	B.9.	Sales ar	nd services, automotive	1 space for each 2,000 square feet		
	B.10.	. Sales and services, general, except as noted below		1 space for each 500 square feet		
		B.10.a.	Pet Daycare Centers ³ (((2)))	1 space for each 10 animals or 1 space for each staff member, whichever is greater, plus 1 loading and unloading space for each 20 animals ($(-)$)		
	B .11.	Sales ar	nd services, heavy	1 space for each 2,000 square feet		
-	B.12.	Sales ar	nd services, marine	1 space for each 2,000 square feet		
C.	HIGH	IMPAC	CT USES	1 space for each 2,000 square feet		
D.	LIVE-	WORK	UNITS	0 spaces for units with 1,500 square feet or less; 1 space for each unit greater than 1,500 square feet; 1 space for each unit greater than 2,500 square feet, plus the parking that would be required for any nonresidential activity classified as a principal use		
E.	MAN	UFACT	URING USES	1 space for each 2,000 square feet		
F.	STOR	AGE U	SES	1 space for each 2,000 square feet		

	TRANSITIONAL ENCAMPMENT INTERIM USE			1 space for every vehicle used as shelter; plus 1 space for each 2 staff members on-			
				site at peak staffing times			
H. 7	TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES						
]	H.1.	Cargo t	erminals	1 space for each 2,000 square feet			
]	H.2. Parking and moorage						
		H.2.a.	((Principal use)) <u>Flexible-use</u> parking	None			
		H.2.b.	Towing services	None			
		H.2.c.	Boat moorage	1 space for each 2 berths			
		H.2.d.	Dry storage of boats	1 space for each 2,000 square feet			
]			ger terminals	1 space for each 100 square feet of waiting area			
]	H.4. Rail transit facilities		nsit facilities	None			
]	H.5. Transportation facilities, air		ortation facilities, air	1 space for each 100 square feet of waiting area			
]	H.6.	Vehicle	storage and maintenance uses	1 space for each 2,000 square feet			
. 1	UTIL	ITIES		1 space for each 2,000 square feet			
II. N	I. Non-residential Use Requirements ((For)) <u>for</u> Specific Areas						
	Non-residential uses in urban centers or the Station Area Overlay District ⁴ (((3)))			No minimum requirement			
1 1 1 1 1 1	Non-residential uses in urban villages that are not within an urban center or the Station Area Overlay District, if the non-residential use is located within ((1,320 feet of a street with frequent transit service, measured as the walking distance from the nearest transit stop to the lot line of the lot containing the non-residential use. (3)) a frequent transit service area. ⁴			No minimum requirement			
			al uses permitted in MR and HR to Section 23.45.504.	No minimum requirement			
¹ No (((1) whe the p a scl expe)) ² R))) ² R n the perioc hedule ected	ing is red equired facility o l beginni ed event event ler	or exhibition hall is in use. A facility ing three hours before an event is scl is expected to end. For sports event igth shall be the average length of th	y gardens in residential zones. s or exhibition halls must be available y shall be considered to be "in use" during heduled to begin and ending one hour afte s of variable or uncertain duration, the he events of the same type for which the e past five years. During an inaugural			

Table A for 23.54.015 <u>Required</u> Parking for Non-residential Uses Other Than Institutions

season, or for nonrecurring events, the best available good faith estimate of event duration will be used. A facility will not be deemed to be "in use" by virtue of the fact that administrative or maintenance personnel are present. The Director may reduce the required parking for any event when projected attendance for a spectator sports facility is certified to be 50 percent or less of the facility's seating capacity, to an amount not less than that required for the certified projected attendance, at the rate of one space for each ten fixed seats of certified projected attendance. An application for reduction and the certification shall be submitted to the Director at least 15 days prior to the event. When the event is one of a series of similar events, such certification may be submitted for the entire series 15 days prior to the first event in the series. If the Director finds that a certification of projected attendance of 50 percent or less of the seating capacity is based on satisfactory evidence such as past attendance at similar events or advance ticket sales, the Director shall, within 15 days of such submittal, notify the facility operator that a reduced parking requirement has been approved, with any conditions deemed appropriate by the Director to ensure adequacy of parking if expected attendance should change. The parking requirement reduction may be applied for only if the goals of the facility's Transportation Management Plan are otherwise being met. The Director may revoke or modify a parking requirement reduction approval during a series, if projected attendance is exceeded.

 $(((2)))^{\frac{3}{2}}$ The amount of required parking is calculated based on the maximum number of staff or animals the center is designed to accommodate.

 $(((3)))^{4}$ The general <u>minimum</u> requirements of ((lines A through H)) <u>Part I</u> of Table A for 23.54.015 ((is)) <u>are</u> superseded to the extent that a use, structure, or development qualifies for either a greater or a lesser <u>minimum</u> parking requirement (which may include no requirement) under any other provision. To the extent that a non-residential use fits within more than one line in Table A for 23.54.015, the least of the applicable <u>minimum</u> parking requirements applies. The different parking requirements listed for certain categories of non-residential uses shall not be construed to create separate uses for purposes of any requirements related to establishing or changing a use under this Title 23.

Table B for 23.54.015 <u>Required</u> Parking for Residential Uses				
Use		Minimum parking required		
I. General residential uses				
A.	Adult family homes	1 space for each dwelling unit		
В.	Artist's studio/dwellings	1 space for each dwelling unit		
C.	Assisted living facilities	1 space for each 4 assisted living units; plus 1 space for each 2 staff members on-site at peak staffing time; plus 1 barrier-free passenger loading and unloading space		
D.	Caretaker's quarters	1 space for each dwelling unit		
E.	Congregate residences	1 space for each 4 sleeping rooms		

F.	Cottage housing developments	1 space for each dwelling unit
G.	Floating homes	1 space for each dwelling unit
H.	Mobile home parks	1 space for each mobile home lot as defined in Chapter 22.904
I.	Multifamily residential uses, except as otherwise provided in this Table B for 23.54.015 ((-)) 1	1 space for each dwelling unit, or 1 space for each 2 small efficiency dwelling units
J.	Nursing homes ²	 space for each 2 staff doctors; plus additional space for each employees; plus 1 space for each beds
K.	Single-family dwelling units	1 space for each dwelling unit ³
II. F	Residential use requirements for specific areas	·
L.	All residential uses within urban centers or within the Station Area Overlay District ¹	No minimum requirement
M.	All residential uses in commercial and multifamily zones within urban villages that are not within urban center or the Station Area Overlay District, if the residential use is located within (($1,320$ feet of a street with frequent transit service, measured as the walking distance from the nearest transit stop to the lot line of the lot containing the residential use.)) a frequent transit service area ¹	No minimum requirement
N.	Multifamily residential uses within the University of Washington parking impact area shown on Map A for 23.54.015 ¹	1 space per dwelling unit for dwelling units with fewer than two bedrooms; plus 1.5 spaces per dwelling units with 2 or more bedrooms; plus 0.25 spaces per bedroom for dwelling units with 3 or more bedrooms
0.	Multifamily dwelling units, within the Alki area shown on Map B for 23.54.015 ¹	1.5 spaces for each dwelling unit
III.	Multifamily residential use requirements with <u>ren</u>	t and income criteria
P.	((Multifamily residential uses: for)) For each dwelling unit ((rented to and occupied by a household with an income at time of its initial occupancy)) rent and income-restricted at or below ((30)) <u>60</u> percent of the median income ^{1.4} ((3 , for the life of the building ¹))	((0.33 space for each dwelling unit with two or fewer bedrooms, and one space for each dwelling unit with three or more bedrooms)) <u>1 space for</u> each 5 dwelling units

	e B for 23.54.015 ired Parking for Residential Uses	
((Q.))	((Multifamily residential uses: for each dwelling unit rented to and occupied by a household with an income at time of its initial occupancy of between 30 and 50 percent of the median income ³ , for the life of the building ⁴))	((0.75 spaces for each dwelling unit with two or fewer bedrooms, and one space for each dwelling unit with three or more bedrooms))
((R.))	((Low-income disabled multifamily residential uses))	((1 space for each 4 dwelling units))
<u>Q.</u>	For each dwelling unit rent and income-restricted at or below 80 percent of the median income ^{$1, 4$}	1 space for each 3 dwelling units
((S.)) <u>R.</u>	((Low-income elderly/low-income disabled multifamily residential uses ^{1,3})) For each dwelling unit rent and income-restricted at or below 80 percent of the median income and with one or more persons who either has a disability as defined by Federal Fair Housing Amendments Act or is 55 or more years of age ^{1, 4}	1 space for each 5 dwelling units
((T.)) <u>S.</u>	((Low-income elderly multifamily residential uses ^{1,3})) For each dwelling unit rent and income- restricted at or below 80 percent of the median income and with one or more persons who is 62 or more years of age ^{1, 4} ((not located in urban centers or within the Station Area Overlay District))	1 space for each 6 dwelling units
¹ The not ap <u>minin</u> more	otes to Table B for 23.54.015 minimum amount of parking prescribed by ((line)) <u>I</u> oply if a use, structure, or development qualifies for <u>num</u> parking, including no parking, under any other than one such provision may apply, the provision re ng applies, except that if an applicable <u>minimum</u> par	a greater or a lesser amount of provision of this Section 23.54.015. If quiring the least amount of <u>minimum</u>

Table B for 23.54.015 requires more parking than ((line I, the)) Part I or another applicable requirement in Part II, it shall be applicable and other minimum parking requirements in ((line I does)) Parts I and II of Table B shall not apply. The minimum amount of parking prescribed by Part III of Table B for 23.54.015 does not apply if a use, structure, or development qualifies for a lesser amount of minimum parking, including no parking, under lines L or M in Part II of Table B for 23.54.015.

² For development within single-family zones the Director may waive some or all of the <u>minimum</u> parking requirements according to Section 23.44.015 as a special or reasonable accommodation. In other zones, if the applicant can demonstrate that less parking is needed to provide a special or reasonable accommodation, the Director may reduce the requirement. The Director shall specify the <u>minimum</u> parking required and link the parking reduction to the features of the program that allow such reduction. The parking reductions are effective only as long as the conditions that justify the waiver are present. When the conditions are no longer present, the development shall provide the amount of <u>minimum</u> parking that otherwise is required.

Table B for 23.54.015 <u>Required</u> Parking for Residential Uses

³ No parking is required for single-family residential uses on lots in any residential zone that are less than 3,000 square feet in size or less than 30 feet in width where access to parking is permitted through a required yard or setback abutting a street according to the standards of subsections 23.44.016.B.2, 23.45.536.C.2, or 23.45.536.C.3.

((³Notice of income restrictions.))⁴Dwelling units qualifying for parking reductions according to Part III of Table B for 23.54.015 shall be subject to a recorded restrictive housing covenant or recorded regulatory agreement that includes rent and income restrictions at or below either 30. 60, or 80 percent of median income, without a minimum household income requirement. ((If these provisions are applied to a development, then prior to the issuance of any permit to establish, construct or modify the development, or to reduce the amount of parking accessory to the development, the applicant shall record)) The housing covenant or regulatory agreement including rent and income restrictions qualifying the development for parking reductions according to Part III of Table B for 23.54.015 shall be for a term of at least 15 years from the date of issuance of the certificate of occupancy and shall be recorded with the King County Recorder, ((a restrictive covenant)) signed and acknowledged by the owner(s), in a form prescribed by the Director of Housing. ((, that provides notice that compliance with the income limits prescribed by this Section 23.54.015 is a condition for maintaining the reduced parking allowed by this Section 23.54.015, and requiring any subsequent owner to provide the amount of parking otherwise required in the event the income limits are not met.)) If these provisions are applied to a development for housing for persons 55 or more years of age, such housing shall have qualified for exemptions from prohibitions against discrimination against families with children and against age discrimination under all applicable fair housing laws and ordinances.

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Table C for 23.54.015((PARKING FOR PUBLIC USES AND INSTITUTIONS))Required Parking for Public Uses and Institutions

Use		Minimum parking required			
I. (I. General Public Uses and Institutions				
А.	Adult care centers ^{1.2} (($(1), (2)$))	1 space for each 10 adults (clients) or 1 space for each staff member, whichever is greater; plus 1 loading and unloading space for each 20 adults (clients)			
В.	Child care centers ^{1, 2, 3} (((1), (2), (3))) 1 space for each 10 children or 1 space for each s member, whichever is greater; plus 1 loading and unloading space for each 20 children				

* * *

	((PARKING FOR PUBLIC USES AND INSTITUTIONS)) Required Parking for Public Uses and Institutions				
C.	Colleges	A number of spaces equal to 15 percent of the maximum number of students that the facility is designed to accommodate; plus 30 percent of the number of employees the facility is designed to accommodate; plus 1 space for each 100 square feet of spectator assembly area in outdoor spectator sports facilities			
D.	Community centers owned and operated by the Seattle Department of Parks and Recreation $(((DOPAR))) (SPR)^{1,4} (((1), (4)))$	1 space for each 555 square feet; or for family support centers, 1 space for each 100 square feet			
E.	Community clubs, and community centers not owned and operated by $((DOPAR)) SPR^{1,5} (((1), (5)))$	1 space for each 80 square feet of floor area of all auditoria and public assembly rooms not containing fixed seats; plus 1 space for every 8 fixed seats for floor area containing fixed seats; or if no auditorium or assembly room, 1 space for each 350 square feet, excluding ball courts			
F.	Hospitals	1 space for each 2 staff doctors; plus 1 additional space for each 5 employees other than staff doctors; plus 1 space for each 6 beds			
G.	Institutes for advanced study, except in single_family zones	1 space for each 1,000 square feet of offices and similar spaces; plus 1 space for each 10 fixed seats in all auditoria and public assembly rooms; or 1 space for each 100 square feet of public assembly area not containing fixed seats			
H.	Institutes for advanced study in single_family zones (existing) ¹ (((1)))	3.5 spaces for each 1,000 square feet of office space; plus 10 spaces for each 1,000 square feet of additional building footprint to house and support conference center activities; or 37 spaces for each 1,000 square feet of conference room space, whichever is greater			
I.	Libraries ^{1.6} (((1) (6)))	1 space for each 80 square feet of floor area of all auditoria and public meeting rooms; plus 1 space for each 500 square feet of floor area, excluding auditoria and public meeting rooms			
J.	Museums ¹	1 space for each 80 square feet of all auditoria and public assembly rooms, not containing fixed seats; plus 1 space for every 10 fixed seats for floor area containing fixed seats; plus 1 space for each 250 square feet of other gross floor area open to the public			

V		Institutions
к.	Private clubs	1 space for each 80 square feet of floor area of all auditoria and public assembly rooms not containing fixed seats; or 1 space for every 8 fixed seats for floor area containing fixed seats; or if no auditorium or assembly room, 1 space for each 350 square feet, excluding ball courts
L.	Religious facilities ¹ (((1)))	1 space for each 80 square feet of all auditoria and public assembly rooms
M.	Schools, private elementary and secondary ¹ (((1)))	1 space for each 80 square feet of all auditoria and public assembly rooms, or if no auditorium or assembly room, 1 space for each staff member
N.	Schools, public elementary and secondary ^{7.8} (((7) (8)))	1 space for each 80 square feet of all auditoria or public assembly rooms, or 1 space for every 8 fixed seats in auditoria or public assembly rooms containing fixed seats, for new public schools on a new or existing public school site
0.	Vocational or fine arts schools	1 space for each 2 faculty that the facility is designed to accommodate; plus 1 space for each 2 full-time employees other than faculty that the facility is designed to accommodate; plus 1 space for each 5 students, based on the maximum number of students that the school is designed to accommodate
II.	General Public Uses and Institutions	s ((For)) <u>for</u> Specific Areas
P.	General public uses, institutions and Major Institution uses, except hospitals, in urban centers or the Station Area Overlay District ⁹ (((9)))	No minimum requirement
<u>Q.</u>	General public uses and institutions, except hospitals, including institutes for advanced study in single-family zones, within urban villages that are not within the Station Area Overlay District, if the use is located within a frequent transit service area	No minimum requirement
Foo	otnotes for Table C for 23.54.015:	
(((1 mo	(+))) $^{\perp}$ When this use is permitted in a sind dify the parking requirements pursuant	ngle-family zone as a conditional use, the Director may t to Section 23.44.022; when the use is permitted in a Director may modify the parking requirements

Transportation)) Director of the Seattle Department of Transportation, may allow adult care and child care centers locating in existing structures to provide loading and unloading spaces on-

Table C for 23.54.015((PARKING FOR PUBLIC USES AND INSTITUTIONS))Required Parking for Public Uses and Institutions

street, if not prevented by current or planned transportation projects adjacent to their property, when no other alternative exists.

 $(((2)))^{2}$ The amount of required parking is calculated based on the maximum number of staff, children, or clients that the center is designed to accommodate on site at any one time. $(((3)))^{3}$ A child care facility, when co-located with an assisted living facility, may count the passenger load/unload space required for the assisted living facility toward its required passenger load/unload spaces.

 $(((4)))^{\frac{4}{9}}$ When family support centers are located within community centers owned and operated by the Department of Parks and Recreation, the Director may lower the combined parking requirement by up to a maximum of 15 percent, pursuant to subsection 23.54.020.I.

 $((\frac{5}{5}))$ ⁵ Indoor gymnasiums are not considered ball courts, nor are they considered auditoria or public assembly rooms unless they contain bleachers (fixed seats). If the gymnasium contains bleachers, the parking requirement for the gymnasium is one parking space for every eight fixed seats. Each 20 inches of width of bleachers is counted as one fixed seat for the purposes of determining parking requirements. If the gymnasium does not contain bleachers and is in a school, there is no parking requirement for the gymnasium. If the gymnasium does not contain bleachers and is in a community center, the parking requirement is one space for each 350 square feet.

 $(\overline{(6)}))^{6}$ When a library is permitted in a single-family zone as a conditional use, the Director may modify the parking requirements pursuant to Section 23.44.022; when a library is permitted in a multifamily zone as a conditional use, the Director may modify the parking requirements pursuant to Section 23.45.122; and when a library is permitted in a commercial zone, the Director may modify the parking requirements pursuant to subsection 23.44.022.L.

(((7)))⁷For public schools, when an auditorium or other place of assembly is demolished and a new one built in its place, parking requirements are determined based on the new construction. When an existing public school on an existing public school site is remodeled, additional parking is required if any auditorium or other place of assembly is expanded or additional fixed seats are added. Additional parking is required as shown on Table C for 23.54.015 for the increase in floor area or increase in number of seats only. If the parking requirement for the increased area or seating is 10 percent or less than that for the existing auditorium or other place of assembly, then no additional parking is required.

 $(((8)))^{\underline{8}}$ Development standard departures may be granted or required pursuant to the procedures and criteria set forth in Chapter 23.79 to reduce the required or permitted number of parking spaces.

(((9))) ⁹ The general requirements of lines A through O of Table C for 23.54.015 for general public uses ((,)) and institutions, and requirements of subsection 23.54.016.B for Major Institution uses, are superseded to the extent that a use, structure, or development qualifies for either a greater or a lesser parking requirement (which may include no requirement) under any other provision. To the extent that a general public use, institution, or Major Institution use fits within more than one line in Table C for 23.54.015, the least of the applicable parking requirements applies. The different parking requirements listed for certain categories of general public uses or institutions shall not be construed to create separate uses for purposes of any requirements related to establishing or changing a use under this Title 23.

Table D for 23.54.015Parking for Bicycles1

		Bike parking requirements	
Use		Long-term	Short-term
A. CON	MMERCIAL USES		
A.1.	Eating and drinking establishments	1 per ((12,000)) <u>5,000</u> square feet	1 per ((4,000)) <u>1,000</u> square feet ((1 per 2,000 square feet in UC/SAO²))
A.2.	Entertainment uses	1 per ((12,000)) <u>10,000</u> square feet	((1 per 40 seats and 1 per 1,000 square feet of non- seat area; 1 per 20 seats and 1 per 1,000 square feet of non- seat area in UC/SAO ²)) Equivalent to 5 percent of maximum building capacity rating
A.3.	Lodging uses	((1 per 20)) <u>3 per 40</u> rentable rooms	((2)) <u>1 per 20 rentable</u> rooms plus 1 per 4,000 square feet of conference and meeting rooms
A.4.	Medical services	1 per ((12,000)) <u>4,000</u> square feet	((1 per 4,000 square feet;)) 1 per 2,000 square feet ((in UC/SAO²))
A.5.	Offices and laboratories, research and development	1 per ((4,000)) <u>2,000</u> square feet ((; 1 per 2,000 square feet in <u>UC/SAO²</u>))	1 per ((40,000)) <u>10,000</u> square feet
A.6.	Sales and services, general	1 per ((12,000)) <u>4,000</u> square feet	1 per ((4,000)) <u>2,000</u> square feet((; 1 per 2,000 square feet in UC/SAO²))
A.7.	Sales and services, heavy	1 per 4,000 square feet	1 per ((40,000)) <u>10,000</u> square feet <u>of occupied</u> <u>floor area; 2 spaces</u> <u>minimum</u>
B. INS'	TITUTIONS		
B.1.	Institutions not listed below	1 per 4,000 square feet ((; 1 per 2,000 square feet in UC/SAO²))	1 per ((40,000)) <u>10,000</u> square feet

Table D for 23.54.015Parking for Bicycles1

		Bike parking requirements		
Use		Long-term	Short-term	
B.2.	Child care centers	1 per 4,000 square feet	1 per ((40,000 square feet)) 20 children. 2 spaces <u>minimum</u>	
B.3.	Colleges	((A number of spaces equal to 10 percent of the maximum students present at peak hour plus 5 percent of employees)) <u>1 per 5,000</u> square feet	((None)) <u>1 per 2,500 square feet</u>	
B.4.	Community clubs or centers	1 per 4,000 square feet	1 per ((4 ,000)) <u>1,000</u> square feet	
B.5.	Hospitals	1 per 4,000 square feet ((; 1 per 2,000 square feet in UC/SAO²))	1 per ((4 0,000)) <u>10,000</u> square feet	
B.6.	Libraries	1 per 4,000 square feet	1 per ((4,000)) <u>2,000</u> square feet ((; 1 per 2,000 square feet in UC/SAO ²))	
B.7.	Museums	1 per 4,000 square feet	1 per ((4 ,000)) <u>2,000</u> square feet	
B.8.	Religious facilities	1 per ((12,000)) <u>4,000</u> square feet	((1 per 40 seats or 1 per 1,000 square feet of non- seat area)) <u>1 per 2,000 square feet</u>	
B.9.	Schools, ((elementary)) primary and secondary	$((\frac{1}{2}))$ <u>3</u> per classroom	((None)) <u>1 per classroom</u>	
((B.10.))	((Schools, secondary (middle and high)))	((2 per classroom))	((None))	
((B.11)) <u>B.10</u> .	Vocational or fine arts schools	((A number of spaces equal to 10 percent of the maximum students present at peak hour plus 5 percent of employees)) <u>1 per 5,000 square feet</u>	((None)) <u>1 per 2,500 square feet</u>	
C. MANUFACTURING USES		1 per 4,000 square feet	((None)) <u>1 per 20,000 square feet</u>	
D. RESIDENTIAL USES				
D.1.	Congregate residences ^{2 ((3))}	((0.75)) <u>1</u> per sleeping room	((None)) <u>1 per 20 sleeping</u> rooms. 2 spaces minimum	

Table D for 23.54.015Parking for Bicycles1

Parking for Bicycles ¹				
		Bike parking requirements		
Use		Long-term	Short-term	
D.2.	Multi-family structures ^{2 ((3))}	1 per ((4)) dwelling ((units)) <u>unit</u> ((or 0.75)) <u>and 1</u> per small efficiency dwelling unit	((None)) <u>1 per 5 dwelling units</u>	
<u>D.3</u>	Single-family residences	None	None	
E. TRAN	SPORTATION FACILITIES			
E.1.	Park and ride <u>facilities on</u> <u>surface parking</u> lots	At least $20^{\frac{3}{2}((4))}$	((None)) <u>At least 10</u>	
<u>E.2.</u>	Park and ride facilities in parking garages	<u>At least 20 if parking is</u> <u>the principal use of a</u> <u>property; zero if non-</u> <u>parking uses are the</u> <u>principal use of a property</u>	<u>At least 10 if parking is</u> <u>the principal use of a</u> <u>property; zero if non-</u> <u>parking uses are the</u> <u>principal use of a property</u>	
((E.2)) <u>E.3</u> .	((Principal use)) <u>Flexible-use</u> parking ((except park-and-ride lots))	1 per 20 auto spaces	None	
((E.3)) <u>E.4</u> .	Rail transit facilities and passenger terminals	((At least 20 ⁴)) <u>Spaces for</u> <u>5% of projected AM peak</u> <u>period daily ridership³</u>	((None)) Spaces for 2% of projected AM peak period daily ridership	

Footnote to Table D for 23.54.015:

((¹If a use is not shown on this Table D for 23.54.015, there is no minimum bicycle parking requirement.

² For the purposes of this Table D for 23.54.015, UC/SAO means urban centers or the Station Area Overlay District.))

¹ Required bicycle parking includes long-term and short-term amounts shown in this table.

((3))² For congregate residences that are owned by a not-for-profit entity or charity, or that are licensed by the State and provide supportive services for seniors or persons with disabilities, the Director shall have the discretion to reduce the amount of required bicycle parking if it can be demonstrated that residents are less likely to travel by bicycle.

^{((4)) 3} The Director, in consultation with the Director of the Seattle Department of Transportation, may require more bicycle parking spaces based on the following factors: Area topography; pattern and volume of expected bicycle users; nearby residential and employment density; proximity to the Urban Trails system and other existing and planned bicycle facilities; projected transit ridership and expected access to transit by bicycle; and other relevant transportation and land use information.

Section 40. Section 23.54.016 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 123963, is amended as follows:

23.54.016 Major Institutions—parking and transportation

Except in the MPC-YT zone, Major Institution uses are subject to the following transportation and parking requirements:

* * *

C. Requirement for a Transportation Management Program ((-))

1. When a Major Institution proposes parking in excess of 135 percent of the applicable minimum requirement for short-term parking spaces calculated pursuant to subsections 23.54.016.A and 23.54.016.B, or when a Major Institution prepares a master plan or applies for a master use permit for development that would provide 20 or more parking spaces or increase the Major Institution's number of parking spaces by 20 or more above the level existing on May 2, 1990, a transportation management program shall be required or an existing transportation management program shall be reviewed and updated. The Director shall assess the traffic and parking impacts of the proposed development against the general goal of reducing the percentage of the Major Institution's employees, staff, and/or students who commute in singleoccupancy vehicles (SOV) during the peak period to 50 percent or less, excluding those employees or staff whose work regularly requires the use of a private vehicle during working hours.

2. Transportation management programs are prepared and implemented in accordance with the Director's Rule governing Transportation Management Programs. The Transportation Management Program shall be in effect upon Council adoption of the Major Institution master plan.

1	3. If an institution has previously prepared a transportation management program,
2	the Director, in consultation with the Director of Transportation shall review the Major
3	Institution's progress toward meeting stated goals. The Director shall then determine:
4	a. That the existing program should be revised to correct deficiencies
5	and/or address new or cumulative impacts; or
6	b. That the application will not be approved until the Major Institution
7	makes substantial progress toward meeting the goals of its existing program; or
8	c. That a new program should be developed to address impacts associated
9	with the application; or
10	d. That the existing program does not need to be revised.
11	4. Through the process of reviewing a new or updated transportation management
12	program in conjunction with reviewing a master plan, the Council may approve in excess of 135
13	percent of the minimum requirements for long-term parking spaces, or may increase or decrease
14	the required 50 percent SOV goal, based upon the Major Institution's impacts on traffic and
15	opportunities for alternative means of transportation. Factors to be considered shall include, but
16	not be limited to:
17	a. Proximity to a street with $((15 \text{ minute transit service headway in each})$
18	direction)) frequent transit service;
19	b. Air quality conditions in the vicinity of the Major Institution;
20	c. The absence of other nearby traffic generators and the level of existing
21	and future traffic volumes in and through the surrounding area;
22	d. The patterns and peaks of traffic generated by Major Institution uses
23	and the availability or lack of on-street parking opportunities in the surrounding area;

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1	e. The impact of additional parking on the Major Institution site;
2	f. The extent to which the scheduling of classes or work shifts reduces the
3	transportation alternatives available to employees ((and/)) or students or the presence of limited
4	carpool opportunities due to the small number of employees; and
5	g. The extent to which the Major Institution has demonstrated a
6	commitment to SOV alternatives.
7	* * *
8	Section 41. Section 23.54.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
9	124770, is amended as follows:
10	23.54.020 Parking quantity exceptions
11	The motor vehicle parking quantity exceptions set forth in this ((section)) Section 23.54.020
12	apply in all zones except downtown zones, which are regulated by Section 23.49.019, and Major
13	Institution zones, which are regulated by Section 23.54.016.
14	* * *
15	B. Tandem Parking in Multifamily Structures ((-))
16	1. Off-street parking required for multifamily structures may be provided as
17	tandem parking, as defined in Section 23.54.030. A tandem parking space counts as one and one-
18	half (($(1\frac{1}{2})$)) parking spaces, except as provided in subsection ((B2)) <u>23.54.020.B.2</u> below, and
19	must meet the minimum size requirements of subsection ((A of Section)) 23.54.030.A.
20	2. When a minimum of at least one $(((1)))$ parking space per dwelling unit in a
21	multifamily structure is required, the total number of parking spaces provided, counting each
22	tandem parking space as one space, may not be less than the total number of dwelling units.

C. Parking Exception for Landmark Structures. The Director may reduce or waive the minimum accessory off-street parking requirements for a use permitted in a Landmark structure, or when a Landmark structure is completely converted to residential use according to Sections 23.42.108 or 23.45.506, or for a use in a Landmark district that is located in a commercial zone, as a special exception pursuant to Chapter 23.76, Procedures for Master Use Permits and Council Land Use Decisions.

In making any such reduction or waiver, the Director will assess area parking
 needs. The Director may require a survey of on- and off-street parking availability. The Director
 may take into account the level of transit service in the immediate area; the probable relative
 importance of walk-in traffic; proposals by the applicant to encourage carpooling or transit use
 by employees; hours of operation; and any other factor or factors considered relevant in
 determining parking impact.

2. The Director may also consider the types and scale of uses proposed or practical in the Landmark structure, and the controls imposed by the Landmark designation.

3. Such a reduction or waiver may be allowed, for conversion of structures to residential use, only if the Director also determine that there is no feasible way to meet parking requirements on the lot.

D. Expansion of Existing Nonresidential Uses in Commercial Zones. In commercial
 zones additional parking spaces for nonresidential uses are not required for the expansion of
 existing structures if the minimum parking requirement would not be increased by more than ten
 (((10))) percent. If the minimum parking requirement would be increased by more than ten
 (((10))) percent, the parking spaces required for the entire expansion shall be provided. This
 exception may be used only once for any individual structure.

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	E. RESERVED	

1	
2	F. Reductions to ((minimum)) required parking ((requirements.))
3	1. When parking is required, reductions ((to minimum parking requirements))
4	permitted by this subsection 23.54.020.F will be calculated from the minimum required parking
5	((requirements)) in Section 23.54.015. Total reductions to required parking as provided in this
6	subsection 23.54.020.F may not exceed 50 percent.
7	2. Transit reduction ((-))
8	a. In multifamily and commercial zones, the minimum required parking
9	((requirement)) for all uses is reduced by 50 percent if the ((use)) property is located within
10	((1,320 feet of a street with)) a frequent transit service area, and the property is not located in an
11	Urban Center, Urban Village, or Station Area Overlay District. ((This distance will be the
12	walking distance measured from the nearest transit stop to the lot line of the lot containing the
13	use.))
14	b. In industrial zones, the minimum parking requirement for a
15	nonresidential use is reduced by 15 percent if the use is located within <u>a frequent transit service</u>
16	area. ((1,320 feet of a street with peak transit service headways of 15 minutes or less. This
17	distance will be the walking distance measured from the nearest transit stop to the lot line of the
18	lot containing the use.))
19	3. For new or expanding offices or manufacturing uses that require 40 or more
20	parking spaces, the minimum required parking ((requirement)) may be reduced by up to a
21	maximum of 40 percent by the substitution of alternative transportation programs, according to
22	the following provisions:

1	a. For every carpool space accompanied by a cash fee, performance bond,
2	or alternative guarantee acceptable to the Director, the total <u>required</u> parking ((requirement)) will
3	be reduced by 1.9 spaces, up to a maximum of 40 percent of the parking requirement.
4	b. For every vanpool purchased or leased by the applicant for employee
5	use, or equivalent cash fee for purchase of a van by the public ridesharing agency, the total
6	required parking ((requirement)) will be reduced by six spaces, up to a maximum of 20 percent
7	of the parking requirement.
8	c. If transit or transportation passes are provided with a 50 percent or
9	greater cost reduction to all employees in a proposed structure for the duration of the business
10	establishment(s) within it, or five years, whichever is less, and if transit service is located within
11	((800)) <u>one-quarter mile (1,320</u> feet), the <u>required</u> parking ((requirement)) shall be reduced by 10
12	percent. With a 25 percent to 49 percent cost reduction, and if transit service is located within
13	((800)) <u>one-quarter mile (1,320 feet)</u> , the parking requirement shall be reduced by $((5))$ <u>five</u>
14	percent.
15	d. For every ((four)) two covered long-term bicycle parking spaces
16	provided, the total parking requirement shall be reduced by one space, up to a maximum of $((5))$
17	20 percent of the parking requirement, provided ((that)) there is access to an arterial over
18	improved streets.

1	G. ((Shared Parking.)) Reductions in required parking for shared parking	
2	1. ((Shared Parking, General Provisions.)) General provisions for required parking	
3	when it is shared parking	
4	a. Shared parking is allowed between two $(((2)))$ or more uses to satisfy all	
5	or a portion of ((the minimum)) required off-street parking ((requirement of)) for those uses as	
6	provided in subsections ((G2 and G3)) 23.54.020.G.2 and 23.54.020.G.3.	
7	b. Shared parking to satisfy required parking is allowed between different	
8	categories of uses or between uses with different hours of operation, but not both.	
9	c. A use for which an application is being made for shared parking must	
10	be located within ((eight hundred (800))) one-quarter mile (1,320 feet) of the parking.	
11	d. No reduction to ((the)) required parking ((requirement)) may be made if	
12	the proposed uses have already received a reduction through the provisions for cooperative	
13	parking, subsection <u>23.54.020.</u> H.	
14	e. Reductions to required parking permitted through shared use of parking	
15	will be determined as a percentage of the ((minimum)) parking requirement as modified by the	
16	reductions permitted in subsections 23.54.020. A though 23.54.020. F.	
17	f. An agreement providing for the shared use of parking to satisfy required	
18	parking, executed by the parties involved, must be filed with the Director. Shared parking	
19	privileges will continue in effect only as long as the agreement, binding on all parties, remains in	
20	force. If the agreement is no longer in force, then required parking must be provided as otherwise	
21	required by this ((chapter)) Chapter 23.54.	

1	2. Shared ((Parking for Different Categories of Uses.)) required parking for
2	different categories of uses
3	a. A business establishment may share required parking according to only
4	one of the subsections ((G2b, G2c or G2d)) 23.54.020.G.2.b, 23.54.020.G.2.c, or
5	<u>23.54.020.G.2.d</u> .
6	b. If an office use shares <u>required</u> parking with one of the following uses.
7	the required parking for the non-office use may be reduced by 20 percent, provided that the
8	reduction will not exceed the minimum required parking for the office use:
9	(1) ((general)) <u>General</u> sales and services; ((-))
10	(2) ((heavy)) <u>Heavy</u> sales and services uses; ((-))
11	(3) ((eating)) Eating and drinking establishments; ((-))
12	(4) ((lodging)) <u>Lodging</u> uses <u>;</u> ((.))
13	(5) ((entertainment)) Entertainment; ((-))
14	(6) ((medical) Medical services <u>:</u> ((.))
15	(7) ((animal)) <u>Animal</u> shelters and kennels; ((-))
16	(8) ((automotive)) <u>Automotive</u> sales and services: ((,)) or
17	(9) ((maritime)) Maritime sales and services. ((; the parking
18	requirement for the non-office use may be reduced by twenty (20) percent, provided that the
19	reduction will not exceed the minimum parking requirement for the office use.))
20	c. If a residential use shares <u>required</u> parking with one of the following
21	uses, the required parking for the residential use may be reduced by 30 percent, provided that the
22	reduction does not exceed the minimum required parking for the non-residential use:
23	(1) ((general)) General sales and services; ((,))

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1	(2) ((heavy)) <u>Heavy</u> sales and services uses: ((,))
2	(3) ((medical)) <u>Medical</u> services: ((,))
3	(4) ((animal)) <u>Animal</u> shelters and kennels: ((,))
4	(5) ((automotive)) <u>Automotive</u> sales and services; ((;)) or
5	(6) ((maritime)) Maritime sales and services. ((; the parking
6	requirement for the residential use may be reduced by thirty (30) percent, provided that the
7	reduction does not exceed the minimum parking requirement for the non residential use.))
8	d. If an office and a residential use share <u>required</u> off-street parking, the
9	required parking ((requirement)) for the residential use may be reduced by ((fifty (50))) 50
10	percent, provided that the reduction does not exceed the minimum required parking
11	((requirement)) for the office use.
12	3. Shared ((Parking for Uses With Different Hours of Operation.)) required
13	parking for non-residential uses with different hours of operation
14	a. For the purposes of this ((section)) Section 23.54.020, the following
15	uses will be considered daytime uses:
16	(1) Commercial uses, except eating and drinking establishments,
17	lodging uses, and entertainment uses;
18	(2) Storage uses;
19	(3) Manufacturing uses; and
20	(4) Other similar primarily daytime uses, when authorized by the
21	Director.
22	b. For the purposes of this ((section)) Section 23.54.020, the following
23	uses will be considered nighttime or Sunday uses:

Gordon Clowers/Lish Whitson SDCI Neighborhood Parking Reform ORD D4a 1 (1) Auditoriums accessory to public or private schools: 2 (2) Religious facilities; 3 (3) Entertainment uses, such as theaters, bowling alleys, and dance 4 halls; 5 (4) Eating and drinking establishments; and (5) Other similar primarily nighttime or Sunday uses, when 6 7 authorized by the Director. 8 c. Up to ((ninety (90))) 90 percent of the required parking ((required)) for 9 a daytime use may be supplied by the off-street parking provided by a nighttime or Sunday use 10 and vice-versa, when authorized by the Director, except that this may be increased to ((one 11 hundred (100))) 100 percent when the nighttime or Sunday use is a religious facility. 12 d. The applicant must show that there is no substantial conflict in the 13 principal operating hours of the uses for which the sharing of parking to satisfy required parking 14 is proposed. 15 e. The establishment of ((park-and-pool lots)) a park and ride facility use is permitted subject to use allowances in the zone, provided that ((the park-and-pool lot)) it will 16 17 not use spaces required by another use if there is a substantial conflict in the principal operating 18 hours of the ((park-and-pool lot)) park and ride use and the other use. 19 H. ((Cooperative Parking.)) Reductions in required parking for cooperative parking 20 1. Cooperative parking to satisfy required parking is permitted between two 21 (((2))) or more business establishments that are commercial uses according to the provisions of 22 this subsection 23.54.020.H.

1	2. Up to a ((twenty (20))) 20 percent reduction in the total number of required
2	parking spaces for four (((4))) or more separate business establishments, ((fifteen (15))) 15
3	percent reduction for three $(((3)))$ business establishments, and ten $(((10)))$ percent reduction for
4	two $(((2)))$ commercial uses may be authorized by the Director under the following conditions:
5	a. No reductions to ((the parking requirement)) required parking may be
6	made if the proposed business establishments have already received a reduction through the
7	provisions for shared parking ((,)) in subsection 23.54.020.G. ((of this section.))
8	b. Each business establishment for which the application is being made for
9	cooperative parking is located within ((eight hundred (800))) one-quarter mile (1,320 feet) of the
10	parking, and the parking is located in a commercial or residential-commercial zone or the Seattle
11	Mixed (SM) zone.
12	c. The reductions to required parking permitted through cooperative
13	parking will be determined as a percentage of the minimum parking requirement as modified by
14	the reductions permitted in subsections 23.54.020. A through 23.54.020. F. ((of this section.))
15	d. An agreement providing for the cooperative use of parking to satisfy
16	required parking must be filed with the Director when the facility or area is established as
17	cooperative parking. Cooperative parking privileges will continue in effect only as long as the
18	agreement to use the cooperative parking remains in force. If the agreement is no longer in force,
19	then <u>required</u> parking, as applicable, must be provided as otherwise required by this ((chapter))
20	Chapter 23.54. New business establishments seeking to meet required parking ((requirements))
21	by becoming part of an existing cooperative arrangement must provide the Director with an
22	amendment to the agreement stating their inclusion in the cooperative parking facility or area.
23	* * *

J. ((Parking)) <u>Reductions in required parking</u> for City-recognized ((Car-sharing Programs.)) <u>car-sharing programs</u>

For any development, one (((1))) space or up to five (((5))) percent of the total
 number of required spaces, whichever is greater, may be used to provide parking for vehicles
 operated by a car-sharing program. The number of required parking spaces will be reduced by
 one (((1))) space for every parking space leased by a car-sharing program.

2. For any development requiring ((twenty (20))) 20 or more parking spaces under
Section 23.54.015 that provides a space for vehicles operated by a car-sharing program, the
number of required parking spaces may be reduced by the lesser of three (((3))) required parking
spaces for each car-sharing space or ((fifteen (15))) 15 percent of the total number of required
spaces. In order to gain this exception, an agreement between the property owner and a carsharing program must be approved by the Director and the agreement, along with a notice that
the agreement is the basis for this exception to the parking requirement, must be recorded with
the title to the property before a Master Use Permit is issued.

L. ((SM/D/40-85 zone.)) Director discretion. As a Type I decision pursuant to Chapter
23.76, Procedures for Master Use Permits and Council Land Use Decisions, the Director may
reduce required parking for any proposed uses in ((the SM/D/40-85 zone)) any zone, except
Downtown zones, to a level not less than the amount needed to serve parking demand to be
generated by those uses as demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Director by a parking demand
study performed by a licensed professional engineer and submitted by the applicant.

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Section 42. Section 23.54.025 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124843, is amended as follows:

23.54.025 Off-site required parking

A. Where allowed

Off-site parking provided to fulfill ((minimum)) required parking
 ((requirements)) may be established by permit on a lot if the parking proposed is otherwise
 allowed by the provisions of this Title 23 on the lot where the off-site parking is proposed or is
 already established by permit on the lot where the off-site parking is proposed.

9 2. All applicable standards for parking accessory to the use for which the parking
10 is required shall be met on the lot where off-site parking is proposed, if new parking spaces are
11 proposed to be developed. Existing parking may be used even if nonconforming to current
12 standards provided it is not required for a use on the lot that is the site of the off-site parking.

3. If parking and parking access, including the proposed off-site parking, are or
will be the sole uses of a site, or if surface parking outside of structures will comprise more than
((1/2)) <u>one-half</u> of the site area, or if parking will occupy more than half of the gross floor area of
all structures on a site, then a permit to establish off-site parking may be granted only if
((principal use)) <u>flexible-use</u> parking is a permitted use for the lot on which the off-site parking is
located.

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B. Development standards

1. Off-site parking shall satisfy the screening and landscaping requirements and
 other development standards applicable where it is located, except to the extent that it is legally
 nonconforming to development standards prior to establishment of the off-site parking use.
 Unless otherwise provided, development standards regarding the relation of parking to structures

1 apply to off-site parking in the same manner as they apply to parking accessory to the uses in 2 such structures. 3 2. Parking allowed only as temporary surface parking does not qualify as off-site 4 parking. 5 3. Parking provided to fulfill ((minimum parking requirements)) required parking 6 shall not be established as off-site parking for more than one use unless authorized to be shared 7 according to the shared parking provisions of this Chapter 23.54. 8 4. If maximum parking limits apply to a use, off-site parking permitted for that 9 use shall count against the maximum limit unless otherwise expressly stated in the provisions of 10 this Title 23 applicable to the lot where the use requiring parking is located. 11 * * * 12 E. Termination, change, or suspension of off-site parking use ((-))13 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection ((F of this Section)) 23.54.025.F, 14 ((in order)) a change of use permit is required to terminate any off-site parking use, or to 15 establish a new use for which off-site required parking ((will)) is to be provided on the off-site 16 parking lot. ((, a change of use permit is required.)) Such a change of use permit shall not be issued unless: 17 18 a. ((the)) The owner of the lot on which the use requiring parking is 19 located has been notified in writing of the change of use; and 20 b. ((the)) The off-site parking is not required for any reason, which may 21 include one or more of the following: 22 1) ((the)) The use requiring parking has been discontinued or 23 reduced in size;

1	2) ((the)) The parking is no longer required by this Title 23;
2	3) ((other)) Other parking meeting the requirements of Title 23 has
3	been provided for the use requiring parking and, if it is off-site parking, established by permit; or
4	4) ((\frac{a})) <u>A</u> variance allowing the use requiring parking to continue
5	without all or part of such off-site parking has been granted.
6	2. If the owner of a lot where off-site parking is established plans to improve the
7	lot and continue to provide off-site parking for the use requiring parking after completion of the
8	improvements, the owners of such lot and the lot on which the use requiring parking is located,
9	or such owners' authorized representatives, may apply for a temporary suspension of the off-site
10	parking use, by submitting to the Director:
11	a. (($\frac{1}{2}$)) <u>A</u> plan, with attached drawings showing the number and location
12	of parking spaces, for providing interim parking for the use requiring parking, satisfying all
13	applicable requirements of this ((title)) <u>Title 23</u> , until improvements to the off-site parking lot are
14	completed;
15	b. ((a)) \underline{A} plan, with attached drawings showing the number and location
16	of parking spaces, for the provision of permanent parking for the use requiring parking,
17	satisfying all applicable requirements of this ((title)) <u>Title 23</u> , when the improvements are
18	completed; and
19	c. ((such)) Such other materials as the Director may require to evaluate the
20	proposal.
21	3. If the Director approves the plans for purposes of subsection 23.54.025.E.2,
22	then the Director may authorize the suspension of the off-site parking use pending the
23	completion of the proposed improvements, conditioned upon issuance of a building permit for

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the proposed improvements, issuance of any permits necessary to establish the interim parking use, and the actual provision of the other off-site parking in accordance with applicable development standards.

4 4. If a use requiring off-site parking is suspended as a result of fire, act of nature,
5 or other causes beyond the control of the owners, or for substantial renovation or reconstruction,
6 then subject to the applicable provisions in the zone or district where the off-site parking is
7 located, the Director may approve the temporary use of the off-site parking to serve one or more
8 other uses, or as ((general purpose)) <u>flexible-use</u> parking, for a period not to exceed 180 days,
9 subject to extensions for not more than 180 days if at the end of the initial period or any
10 extension the use requiring parking has not recommenced.

11 5. No permit for the demolition of a structure including off-site parking, 12 established under this Section ((24.54.025)) 23.54.025, or of any portion thereof necessary for 13 such off-site parking, shall be issued, except in case of emergency, unless the off-site parking use 14 has been terminated or temporarily suspended pursuant to this ((Section)) subsection 15 23.54.025.E. If any such structure, or such portion thereof, is destroyed as a result of fire, act of 16 nature, or other causes beyond the control of the owners, then the owner of the off-site parking 17 lot may obtain a change of use permit. Upon such destruction of off-site parking, the lot ((on 18 which)) with the use requiring parking will be subject to ((Section)) subsection 23.54.025.G.

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G. Effect of loss of required off-site parking ((-))

21 1. If, for any reason, any off-site parking used to satisfy ((the minimum)) required
22 parking for any use requiring parking is not available for off-site parking for such use in

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conformity with the applicable use permit, then it shall be unlawful to continue the use requiring
 parking unless:

3 a. ((other)) Other parking meeting the requirements of this Title 23 is 4 provided on the same lot as the use requiring parking within 30 days; 5 b. ((other)) Other off-site parking is secured, a permit is applied for to 6 establish the off-site parking use within 30 days, such permit is obtained within 180 days, and the 7 other off-site parking is completed in accordance with all applicable requirements and is in use 8 within 180 days unless the Director, upon finding that substantial progress toward completion 9 has been made and that the public will not be adversely affected by the extension, grants an 10 extension in writing; 11 c. ((the)) The loss of off-site parking is caused by damage to or destruction 12 of a structure, and either: 13 1) ((the)) The owners of the off-site parking and of the lot of the 14 use requiring parking apply for a permit to establish other existing spaces on the off-site parking 15 lot as parking for such use within 90 days, and such permit is granted within 180 days; or 16 2) ((the)) The owner of the off-site parking lot applies for any 17 permit necessary to repair or rebuild the structure so as to provide the off-site parking within 90 18 days, the off-site parking is completed in accordance with all applicable requirements within 180 19 days, unless the Director, upon finding that substantial progress toward completion has been 20 made and that the public will not be adversely affected by the extension, grants an extension in 21 writing, and if the location on the lot of the off-site parking is modified, the owner executes and 22 records within 180 days an amendment to the notice identifying the location of the off-site 23 parking in the rebuilt or repaired structure; or

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d. (($\frac{1}{2}$)) <u>A</u> variance is applied for within 30 days and subsequently granted;

or e. ((the)) <u>The</u> off-site parking was exempt, under subsection 23.54.025.F, from the requirements of subsections <u>23.54.025.C</u>, <u>23.54.025.D</u>, and <u>23.54.025.E</u>, ((of this section <u>23.54.025</u>,)) and within 30 days substitute off-site parking, on a lot where such parking is permitted by the provisions of this Title 23 and consistent with all applicable development standards, is provided and established by recorded <u>parking notice or</u> covenant consistent with the terms of this Section 23.54.025. ((as in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this ordinance.)) 2. Unless a variance is applied for within such 30-day period and not denied, upon the expiration of any applicable period in subsections 23.54.025 G 1 a. 23.54.025 G 1 b. or

the expiration of any applicable period in subsections 23.54.025.G.1.a, <u>23.54.025.</u>G.1.b, or <u>23.54.025.</u>G.1.c without the completion of the action or actions required, the use requiring parking shall be discontinued to the extent necessary so that the remaining parking for that use satisfies the applicable minimum parking requirement. Upon the denial of a variance from parking requirements the use requiring parking must be discontinued to that extent, unless the conditions of subsection 23.54.025.G.1.a, <u>23.54.025.</u>G.1.b, <u>23.54.025.</u>G.1.c, or <u>23.54.025.</u>G.1.e are then satisfied. Each period stated in this subsection 23.54.025.G runs from the first date upon which spaces established as off-site parking are not available for use as off-site parking.

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23.54.026 Flexible-use parking

Section 43. A new Section 23.54.026 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

A. Flexible-use parking is allowed according to this Chapter 23.54, other applicable

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chapters, and the provisions of each zone, provided the parking is not required parking for another use or subject to a recorded parking notice or covenant according to Section 23.54.025. B. Except as described in other applicable chapters and the provisions of each zone, flexible-use parking may be used as short- or long-term parking. C. Legally established accessory parking may be converted to flexible-use parking without a use permit or approval when meeting the provisions of the zone and subsection 23.54.026.A. Any lawfully existing nonconformities as to development standards may be maintained. D. Except where it is a prohibited use, flexible-use parking is allowed in a garage within the Station Area Overlay District if the total gross floor area of all parking uses on the lot is less than the total gross floor area of all non-parking uses on the lot. Section 44. A new Section 23.54.027 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows: 23.54.027 Public use of accessory parking A. Legally established parking that is not required parking and is accessory to residential uses may be used as off-site parking for other residential uses, without a separate use permit or approval. B. Legally established parking that is accessory to residential or non-residential uses may be made available to the public as short-term parking without a separate use permit or approval, regardless of nonconformities of parking uses that may be present.

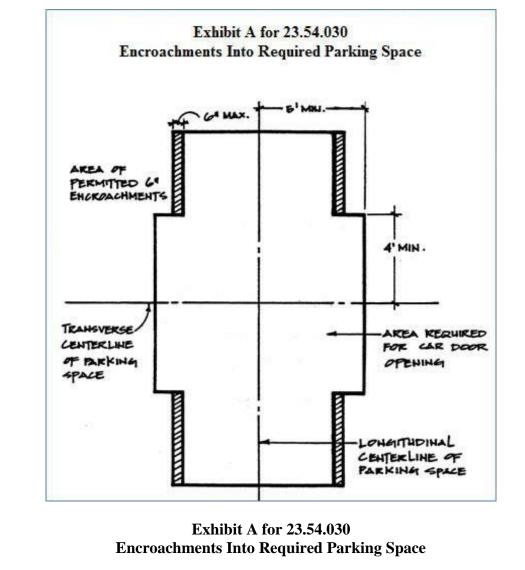
1	Section 45. Section 23.54.030 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
2	125272, is amended as follows:
3	23.54.030 Parking space and access standards
4	All parking spaces provided, whether required by Section 23.54.015 or not, and required barrier-
5	free parking, shall meet the standards of this Section 23.54.030. ((, except that parking for
6	residential and live-work uses provided in excess of the quantity required by Section 23.54.015 is
7	exempt from the requirements of subsections 23.54.030.A and 23.54.030.B.))
8	A. Parking space dimensions
9	1. "Large vehicle" means the minimum size of a large vehicle parking space shall
10	be 8.5 feet in width and 19 feet in length.
11	2. "Medium vehicle" means the minimum size of a medium vehicle parking space
12	shall be 8 feet in width and 16 feet in length.
13	3. "Small vehicle" means the minimum size of a small vehicle parking space shall
14	be 7.5 feet in width and 15 feet in length.
15	4. "Barrier-free parking" means a parking space meeting the following standards:
16	a. Parking spaces shall not be less than 8 feet in width and shall have an
17	adjacent access aisle not less than 5 feet in width. Van-accessible parking spaces shall have an
18	adjacent access aisle not less than 8 feet in width. Where two adjacent spaces are provided, the
19	access aisle may be shared between the two spaces. Boundaries of access aisles shall be marked
20	so that aisles will not be used as parking space.
21	b. A minimum length of 19 feet or when more than one barrier-free
22	parking space is provided, at least one shall have a minimum length of 19 feet, and other spaces

1	may be the lengths of small, medium, or large spaces in approximate proportion to the number of
2	each size space provided on the lot.

3	5. "Tandem parking" means a parking space equal to the width and 2 times the
4	length of the vehicle size standards in subsections 23.54.030.A.1, 23.54.030.A.2, and
5	23.54.030.A.3 for the size of the vehicle to be accommodated.
6	6. Columns or other structural elements may encroach into the parking space a
7	maximum of 6 inches on a side, except in the area for car door opening, 5 feet from the
8	longitudinal centerline or 4 feet from the transverse centerline of a parking space (see Exhibit A
9	for 23.54.030). No wall, post, guardrail, or other obstruction, or lot line, is permitted within the
10	area for car door opening.

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7. If the parking space is next to a lot line and the parking space is parallel to the lot line, the minimum width of the space is 9 feet.



B. Parking space requirements. The required size of parking spaces shall be determined
by whether the parking is for a residential, live-work, or non-residential use. In structures
containing residential uses and also containing either non-residential uses or live-work units,
parking that is clearly set aside and reserved for residential or live-work use shall meet the
standards of subsection 23.54.030.B.1; parking for all other uses within the structure shall meet
the standards of subsection 23.54.030.B.2. All uses shall provide barrier-free accessible parking
if required by the Building Code, Subtitle I of Title 22, or the Residential Code, Subtitle IA of
Title 22.

1	1. Residential uses
2	a. When five or fewer parking spaces are provided, the minimum required
3	size of a parking space shall be for a medium ((car)) vehicle, as described in subsection
4	23.54.030.A.2, except as provided in subsection 23.54.030.B.1.d.
5	b. When more than five parking spaces are provided, a minimum of 60
6	percent of the parking spaces shall be striped for medium vehicles. The minimum size for a
7	medium parking space shall also be the maximum size. Forty percent of the parking spaces may
8	be striped for any size category in subsection 23.54.030.A, provided that when parking spaces
9	are striped for large vehicles, the minimum required aisle width shall be as shown for medium
10	vehicles.
11	c. Assisted living facilities. Parking spaces shall be provided as in
12	subsections 23.54.030.B.1.a and 23.54.030.B.1.b, except that a minimum of two spaces shall be
13	striped for a large vehicle.
14	d. Townhouse units. For an individual garage serving a townhouse unit,
15	the minimum required size of a parking space shall be for a large ((car)) vehicle, as described in
16	subsection 23.54.030.A.
17	2. ((Non-residential)) Nonresidential uses
18	a. When ten or fewer parking spaces are provided, a maximum of 25
19	percent of the parking spaces may be striped for small vehicles. A minimum of 75 percent of the
20	spaces shall be striped for large vehicles.
21	b. When between 11 and 19 parking spaces are provided, a minimum of
22	25 percent of the parking spaces shall be striped for small vehicles. The minimum required size
23	for these small parking spaces shall also be the maximum size. A maximum of 65 percent of the

parking spaces may be striped for small vehicles. A minimum of 35 percent of the spaces shall
 be striped for large vehicles.

c. When 20 or more parking spaces are provided, a minimum of 35
percent of the parking spaces shall be striped for small vehicles. The minimum required size for
small parking spaces shall also be the maximum size. A maximum of 65 percent of the parking
spaces may be striped for small vehicles. A minimum of 35 percent of the spaces shall be striped
for large vehicles.

8 d. The minimum vehicle clearance shall be at least 6 feet 9 inches on at
9 least one floor, and there shall be at least one direct entrance from the street that is at least 6 feet
10 9 inches in height for all parking garages accessory to non-residential uses and live-work units
11 and for all ((principal use)) flexible-use parking garages.

3. Live-work uses. The first required parking space shall meet the parking
standards for residential use. Additional required parking for a live-work use shall meet the
parking standards for non-residential use.

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F. Curb cuts. The number of permitted curb cuts is determined by whether the parking
served by the curb cut is for residential or nonresidential use, and by the zone in which the use is
located. If a curb cut is used for more than one use or for one or more live-work units, the
requirements for the use with the largest curb cut requirements shall apply.

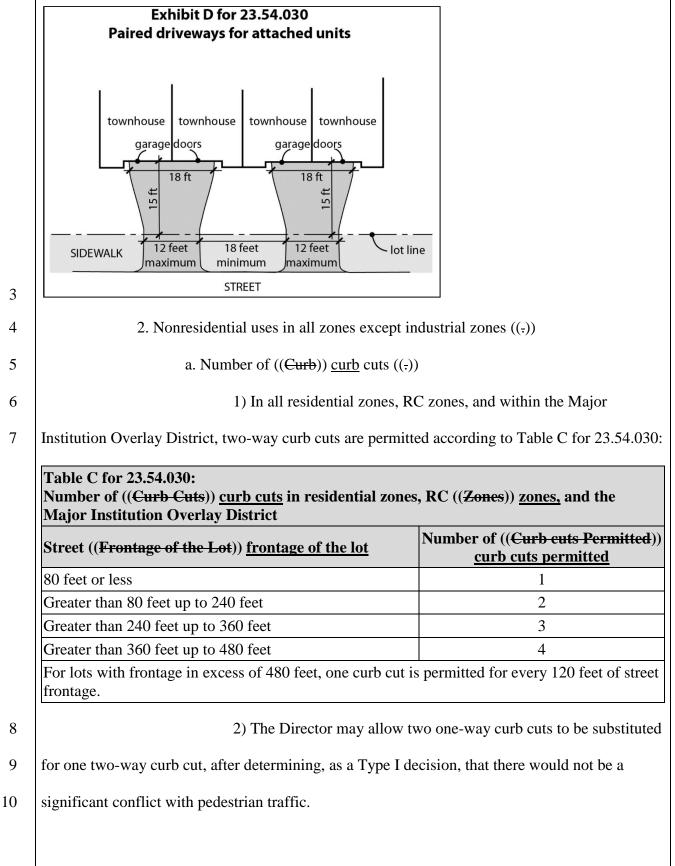
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	Gordon Clowers/Lish Whitson SDCI Neighborhood Parking Reform ORD D4a	
1	1. Residential uses	
2	a. Number of curb cuts	
3	1) For lots not located on a princi	ipal arterial designated on the
4	Arterial street map, Section 11.18.010, curb cuts are permitted	according to Table A for
5	23.54.030:	
	Table A for 23.54.030Curb cuts for non-arterial street or easement frontage	
	Street or easement frontage of the lot	Number of curb cuts permitted
	80 feet or less	1
	Greater than 80 feet up to 160 feet	2
	Greater than 160 feet up to 240 feet	3
	Greater than 240 feet up to 320 feet	4
	For lots with frontage in excess of 320 feet, the pattern establis	shed above continues.
6 7	2) For lots on principal arterials of map, Section 11.18.010, curb cuts are permitted according to T Table B for 23.54.030	-
	Curb cuts for principal arterial street frontage	Number of our outs permitted
	Street or easement frontage of the lot 160 feet or less	Number of curb cuts permitted
	Greater than 160 feet up to 320 feet	2
	Greater than 320 feet up to 480 feet	3
	For lots with street frontage in excess of 480 feet, the pattern e	
8		l arterial and non-principal arterial
9	street frontage, the total number of curb cuts on the principal and	rterial is calculated using only the
10	length of the street lot line on the principal arterial.	
11	4) If two adjoining lots share a co	ommon driveway, the combined
12	frontage of the two lots will be considered as one in determinin	ng the maximum number of
13	permitted curb cuts.	

	D4a
1	b. Curb cut width. Curb cuts shall not exceed a maximum width of 10 feet
2	except that:
3	1) For lots on principal arterials designated on the Arterial street
4	map, Section 11.18.010, the maximum curb cut width is 23 feet;
5	2) One curb cut greater than 10 feet but in no case greater than 20
6	feet in width may be substituted for each two curb cuts permitted by subsection 23.54.030.F.1.a;
7	3) A greater width may be specifically permitted by the
8	development standards in a zone;
9	4) If subsection 23.54.030.D requires a driveway greater than 10
10	feet in width, the curb cut may be as wide as the required width of the driveway; and
11	5) A curb cut may be less than the maximum width permitted but
12	shall be at least as wide as the minimum required width of the driveway it serves.
13	c. Distance between curb cuts
14	1) The minimum distance between any two curb cuts located on a
15	lot is 30 feet, except as provided in subsection 23.54.030.F.1.c.2. (()-))
16	2) For rowhouse and townhouse developments, the minimum
17	distance between curb cuts is 18 feet (See Exhibit D for 23.54.030). For rowhouse and
18	townhouse developments located on abutting lots, the minimum distance between curb cuts is 18
19	feet.

1 Exhibit D for 23.54.030

2 **Paired driveways for attached units**



1	3) The Director shall, as a Type I decision, determine the number
2	and location of curb cuts in C1, C2, and SM zones.
3	4) In downtown zones, a maximum of two curb cuts for one-way
4	traffic at least 40 feet apart, or one curb cut for two-way traffic, are permitted on each street front
5	where access is permitted by subsection 23.49.019.H. No curb cut shall be located within 40 feet
6	of an intersection. These standards may be modified by the Director as a Type I decision on lots
7	with steep slopes or other special conditions, to the minimum extent necessary to provide
8	vehicular and pedestrian safety and facilitate a smooth flow of traffic.
9	5) For public schools, the Director shall permit, as a Type I
10	decision, the minimum number of curb cuts that the Director determines is necessary.
11	6) In NC zones, curb cuts shall be provided according to
12	subsection 23.47A.032.A, or, when 23.47A.032.A does not specify the maximum number of
13	curb cuts, according to subsection 23.54.030.F.2.a.1.
14	7) For police and fire stations, the Director shall permit the
15	minimum number of curb cuts that the Director determines is necessary to provide adequate
16	maneuverability for emergency vehicles and access to the lot for passenger vehicles.
17	b. Curb cut widths ((-))
18	1) For one-way traffic, the minimum width of curb cuts is 12 feet,
19	and the maximum width is 15 feet.
20	2) For two-way traffic, the minimum width of curb cuts is 22 feet,
21	and the maximum width is 25 feet, except that the maximum width may be increased to 30 feet if
22	truck and auto access are combined.

	D4a
1	3) For public schools, the maximum width of a curb cut is 25 feet.
2	Development standard departures may be granted or required pursuant to the procedures and
3	criteria set forth in Chapter 23.79.
4	4) For fire and police stations, the Director may allow curb cuts up
5	to, and no wider than, the minimum width necessary to provide access for official emergency
6	vehicles that have limited maneuverability and that must rapidly respond to emergencies. Curb
7	cuts for fire and police stations are considered curb cuts for two-way traffic.
8	5) If one of the following conditions applies, the Director may
9	require a curb cut of up to 30 feet in width, if it is found that a wider curb cut is necessary for
10	safe access:
11	i. The abutting street has a single lane on the side that abuts the
12	lot; or
13	ii. The curb lane abutting the lot is less than 11 feet wide; or
14	iii. The proposed development is located on an arterial with an
15	average daily traffic volume of over 7,000 vehicles; or
16	iv. Off-street loading berths are required according to ((subsection
17	G of)) Section 23.54.035.
18	c. The entrances to all garages accessory to nonresidential uses or live-
19	work units and the entrances to all ((principal use)) flexible-use parking garages shall be at least
20	6 feet 9 inches high.
21	3. All uses in industrial zones ((-))
22	a. Number and location of curb cuts. The number and location of curb cuts
23	will be determined by the Director.

1	b. Curb cut width. Curb cut width in Industrial zones shall be as follows:
2	1) Except as set forth in subsection $23.54.030$.F.3.b.4, ((),)) if the
3	curb cut provides access to a parking area or structure, it must be a minimum of 15 feet wide and
4	a maximum of 30 feet wide.
5	2) If the curb cut provides access to a loading berth, the maximum
6	width may be increased to 50 feet.
7	3) Within the minimum and maximum widths established by this
8	subsection 23.54.030.F.3, the Director shall determine the size of the curb cuts.
9	4) If the curb cut provides access to a solid waste management use,
10	the Director may determine the maximum width of the curb cut.
11	4. Curb cuts for access easements ((-))
12	a. If a lot is crossed by an access easement serving other lots, the curb cut
13	serving the easement may be as wide as the easement roadway.
14	b. The curb cut serving an access easement shall not be counted against
15	the number or amount of curb cuts permitted to a lot if the lot is not itself served by the
16	easement.
17	5. Curb cut flare. A flare with a maximum width of 2.5 feet is permitted on either
18	side of curb cuts in any zone.
19	6. Replacement of unused curb cuts. When a curb cut is no longer needed to
20	provide access to a lot, the curb and any planting strip must be replaced.
21	7. Curb cuts are not allowed on streets if alley access to a lot is feasible but has
22	not been provided.
23	* * *

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1	K. Pedestrian access to garage. For new structures that include a garage, in a zone
2	where flexible-use parking is permitted, at least one pedestrian access walkway or route shall be
3	provided between a garage and a public right-of-way, which may be an alley, including a side-
4	hinged door for pedestrian use. A fire exit door, or other access through lobbies, may serve this
5	purpose if the access route and doors are accessible for ingress and egress by garage users.
6	Section 46. Section 23.61.008 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
7	125267, is amended as follows:
8	23.61.008 Prohibited uses
9	The following uses are prohibited within an underlying commercial zone as both principal and
10	accessory uses, except as otherwise noted:
11	A. Drive-in businesses;
12	B. Dry boat storage;
13	C. General manufacturing;
14	D. Heavy commercial services, except laundry facilities existing as of April 1, 2001;
15	E. Sales and rental of large boats;
16	F. Vessel repair (major or minor);
17	G. Mini-warehouse;
18	H. ((Principal use, nonresidential long term parking)) Flexible-use parking garage;
19	I. Flexible-use parking surface lot:
20	((L)) <u>J.</u> Outdoor storage;
21	((J.)) <u>K.</u> Heavy commercial sales;
22	$((K_{\cdot}))$ <u>L</u> . Sales and rental of motorized vehicles, except within an enclosed structure;
23	((L.)) <u>M.</u> Solid waste management;

	Gordon Clowers/Lish Whitson SDCI Neighborhood Parking Reform ORD D4a
1	((M.)) <u>N.</u> Recycling uses;
2	((N.)) <u>O.</u> Towing services;
3	((O-)) P. Principal use vehicle repair (major or minor);
4	((P.)) <u>Q.</u> Wholesale showroom; ((and))
5	$((Q_{-}))$ <u>R.</u> Warehouse; $((-))$ <u>and</u>
6	S. Park and ride facility.
7	Section 47. Subsection 23.66.122.B of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was
8	last amended by Ordinance 124969, is amended as follows:
9	23.66.122 Prohibited uses
10	* * *
11	B. Except for the uses listed in subsection 23.66.122.B.2, automobile-oriented
12	commercial uses are prohibited, including but not limited to the automobile-oriented uses listed
13	in subsection 23.66.122.B.1.
14	1. Examples of prohibited automobile-oriented commercial uses:
15	a. Drive-in businesses;
16	b. ((Principal)) Flexible-use and accessory surface parking areas not in
17	existence prior to August 10, 1981;
18	c. ((Principal-use)) Flexible-use parking garages for long-term parking;
19	and
20	d. Motels.
21	2. Permitted automobile-oriented uses:
22	a. Gas stations accessory to parking garages;

	D4a
1	b. Accessory-use surface parking in the Subarea B shown on Map C for
2	23.66.122 and 23.66.150 either:
3	1) ((if)) If the accessory-use surface parking is in a location
4	permitted by and complies with the standards contained in Section 23.49.180; or
5	2) ((if)) If the lot satisfies the provisions of Section 23.49.019;
6	c. ((Principal-use)) Flexible-use parking garages for long-term parking in
7	structures authorized pursuant to subsection 23.49.180; and
8	d. Accessory-use parking garages.
9	Section 48. Subsection 23.66.124.A of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was
10	last amended by Ordinance 123034, is amended as follows:
11	23.66.124 Uses subject to special review
12	A. ((Principal-use)) Flexible-use parking garages for short-term parking at any location,
13	except ((principal use)) flexible-use parking garages for short-term parking in structures
14	authorized pursuant to Section 23.49.180, require approval of the Department of Neighborhoods
15	Director after review and recommendation by the Preservation Board and may be permitted if the
16	following conditions are met:
17	1. The use will not increase the ambient noise level in existing residences within
18	line of sight of the proposed parking structure; and
19	2. Exterior materials, height, wall openings, and fenestration will reflect, to the
20	extent possible, the character of the adjoining structures or structures on the adjoining block
21	facing the site; and
22	3. Access will comply with the standards in Section 23.66.170; and

1	4. Automobile circulation within the garage will not be visible from the adjoining
2	public streets.
3	* * *
4	Section 49. Section 23.66.320 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
5	112134, is amended as follows:
6	23.66.320 Permitted uses ((-,))
7	A. All uses shall be permitted outright except those specifically prohibited by Section
8	23.66.322 and those subject to special review under Section 23.66.324.
9	B. All uses not specifically prohibited shall be permitted as both principal and accessory
10	uses except:
11	1. Gas stations, which are not permitted as principal uses and are permitted as
12	accessory uses only in parking garages;
13	2. Surface parking areas, which are not permitted as principal uses but may be
14	permitted as accessory uses pursuant to Section 23.66.342 ((of this Land Use Code)); and
15	3. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use parking garages, which may be permitted only if
16	approved after special review by the Board pursuant to Section 23.66.324 ((of this Land Use
17	Code)). Accessory parking garages shall be permitted outright.
18	Section 50. Section 23.66.324 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
19	123589, is amended as follows:
20	23.66.324 Uses subject to special review
21	A. Uses subject to special review require approval of the Department of Neighborhoods
22	Director after review and recommendation by the Board. Approval may be granted, conditioned,
23	or denied based on consideration of the recommendation and the criteria in this Section

	D4a
1	23.66.324 and in Section 23.66.326, if applicable. The following uses are subject to special
2	review by the Board:
3	<u>1.</u> Formula fast food restaurants;
4	<u>2.</u> Hotels;
5	3. Planned community developments;
6	<u>4. ((Principal use)) Flexible-use</u> parking garages;
7	5. Street-level uses subject to special review as provided in subsection
8	23.66.326.C; and
9	6. Accessory surface parking areas, if located in a Downtown Mixed Residential
10	zone within the International Special Review District.
11	B. Nature of ((Review.)) <u>review</u>
12	1. The evaluation of applications for uses subject to special review shall be based
13	upon the proposal's impacts on the cultural, economic, social, historical, and related
14	characteristics of the International District, particularly those characteristics derived from its
15	Asian heritage; existing and potential residential uses; the pedestrian environment; traffic and
16	parking in the District; noise and light and glare.
17	2. In addition to the criteria in subsection 23.66.324.B.1, in reviewing applications
18	in a Downtown Mixed Residential zone for ((principal-use)) flexible-use parking garages or
19	accessory surface parking areas, the Board shall also consider the potential of the proposal to
20	serve the particular parking needs of the International District. The Board shall encourage
21	participation in an area-wide merchants' parking association.

Section 51. Section 23.66.342 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 123589, is amended as follows:

23.66.342 Parking and access ((-))

4 A. ((Principal-use Parking Garages)) Flexible-use parking garages. ((Principal-use)) 5 Flexible-use parking garages are subject to special review by the Board pursuant to Section 6 23.66.324 ((of this Land Use Code)). Parking garages shall be designed so that the street-level 7 portion of the garage is committed to pedestrian-oriented uses permitted in the District. When 8 abutting street slopes exceed eight percent (((8%))) this requirement may be waived by the 9 Director of the Department of Neighborhoods ((Director)), following review and 10 recommendation by the Board. View-obscuring screening may be required by the Director of the 11 Department of Neighborhoods ((Director)) as needed to reduce adverse visual impacts on the 12 area.

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B. Accessory ((Parking and Loading.)) parking and loading

14 1. Parking ((Quantity)) quantity. The number of parking spaces required for any 15 use shall be the number required by the underlying zoning, except that restaurants shall be 16 required to provide one space per ((five hundred (500))) 500 square feet for all gross floor area in 17 excess of ((two thousand five hundred (2,500))) 2,500 square feet; motion picture theaters shall 18 be required to provide one (((1))) space per ((fifteen (15))) 15 seats for all seats in excess of 19 ((one hundred fifty (150))) 150; and other entertainment uses shall be required to provide one 20 (((1))) space per ((four hundred (400))) 400 square feet for all gross floor area in excess of ((two 21 thousand five hundred (2,500)) 2,500 square feet.

22 23 2. Exceptions to ((Parking Quantity)) parking quantity. To mitigate the potential impacts of required accessory and loading on the District, the <u>Director of the</u> Department of

1	Neighborhoods ((Director)), after review and recommendation by the Special Review Board, and
2	after consultation with the Director of Transportation, may waive or reduce required parking and
3	loading under the following conditions:
4	a. After incorporating high-occupancy-vehicle alternatives such as
5	carpools and vanpools, required parking spaces exceed the net usable space in all below-grade
6	floors; or
7	b. Strict application of the parking or loading standards would adversely
8	affect desirable characteristics of the District; or
9	c. An acceptable parking and loading plan is submitted to meet parking
10	demands generated by the use. Acceptable elements of the parking and loading plan may include
11	but shall not be limited to the following:
12	$(((\cdot))$ 1) Valet parking service: $((\cdot,))$
13	$(((\cdot))$ 2) Validation system; $((\cdot,))$
14	(((;)) 3) Lease of parking from parking management company; ((;))
15	(((;)) 4) Provision of employee parking; ((;)) and
16	5) Accommodations for commercial deliveries and passenger drop
17	off and pick up.
18	C. When parking is provided it shall be subject to the requirements of Section 23.54.030.
19	((of this Land Use Code.))
20	* * *

Section 52. Section 23.71.014 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance

2 124378, is amended as follows:

23.71.014 Open space

4 5

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C. Minimum ((Standards for Usable Open Space.)) standards for usable open space

((Table 23.71.014 A

* * *

Minimum Square Footage Requirements For Usable Open Space))

<u>Table 23.71.014 A</u> Minimum square footage requirements for usable open space		
	Minimum ((Width)) width in feet	Minimum ((Area)) area in square feet
Active park	80 ((-'))	11,000 ((square feet))
Atrium/greenhouse	40 ((-))	2,000 ((square feet))
Courtyard	30 ((-))	2,000 ((square feet))
Galleria	20 ((-))	2,000 ((square feet))
Landscaped interior – block pedestrian	10 ((-'))	((no minimum area))
connections		<u>No minimum</u>
Passive park	100 ((-))	22,000 ((square feet))
Public meeting space	30 ((-))	1,500 ((square feet))
Terrace	10 ((-))	800 ((square feet))
Town square	80 ((-'))	11,000 ((square feet))
Urban garden	10 ((-'))	((no minimum area))
		<u>No minimum</u>
Urban plaza	50 (('))	3,500 ((square feet))

8

1. Active ((Park)) park. An active park shall be essentially level, accessible from a

9 public right-of-way and shall include areas for active recreation such as, but not limited to, ball

10 fields, courts, and children's play area(s). Public seating shall be provided.

11

2. ((Atrium/Greenhouse, Galleria)) Atrium/greenhouse or galleria. An

12 atrium/greenhouse or galleria shall provide a large, enclosed, weather-protected space, generally

13 covered by transparent and/or translucent material and meeting the following minimum

14 standards and guidelines:

	D4a
1	a. Location and access. The location of an atrium/greenhouse or
2	galleria shall be highly visible from the street and easily accessible to pedestrians. Pedestrian
3	access should be designed to improve overall pedestrian circulation on the block.
4	b. Minimum standards.
5	((i.)) 1) The minimum height shall be ((thirty)) 30 feet.
6	(((30').))
7	((ii.)) <u>2)</u> A minimum of ((fifteen)) <u>15</u> percent (((15%))) of
8	an atrium/greenhouse or galleria shall be landscaped.
9	((iii.)) <u>3)</u> A minimum of ((fifteen)) <u>15</u> percent (((15%))) of
10	an atrium/greenhouse or galleria shall be reserved for public seating at a rate of one lineal foot
11	for every ((thirty (30))) 30 square feet of floor area or one lineal foot of public seating area for
12	every ((thirty (30))) 30 square feet of floor area.
13	((iv.)) <u>4)</u> A minimum of ((thirty-five)) <u>35</u> percent (((35%)))
14	of the perimeter of an atrium/greenhouse or galleria shall be occupied by retail sales and service
15	uses and $((sixty)) \underline{60}$ percent $(((60\%)))$ of every retail frontage on the atrium/greenhouse or
16	galleria shall be transparent.
17	$((\overline{v}.))$ <u>5)</u> Perimeter walls of an atrium/greenhouse or
18	galleria, excluding the wall of the structure, shall be no more than $((fifteen))$ <u>15</u> percent
19	(((15%))) blank. All nontransparent perimeter walls shall include measures to reduce the effect
20	of the blank wall including, but not limited to, architectural detailing, landscaping, modulation,
21	or art.
22	3. Courtyard. A courtyard shall meet the following minimum standards and
23	guidelines:

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1 a. Location and ((Access)) access. A courtvard shall be adjacent to or 2 attached to a structure or public sidewalk and shall be highly visible from adjacent sidewalks and 3 public areas and have direct access to the streets on which it fronts. A courtyard shall be easily 4 accessible and inviting to pedestrians and provide enclosure through use of design elements such 5 as pedestrian walkways, structures containing retail uses, low planters or benches, and seating. 6 b. Fifty percent (((50%))) of the courtyard area, outside of areas of major 7 pedestrian traffic, shall be level. 8 c. Courtyards shall include unit paving; landscaping, which encourages 9 privacy and quiet; and pedestrian-scaled lighting and seating. Public seating shall be provided at 10 a rate of one lineal foot of seating for every (($\frac{\text{fifty}}{50}$)) 50 square feet of courtyard area. 11 4. Passive ((Park)) park. Passive parks shall provide landscaped space for 12 unstructured recreational activity such as walking or picnicking. 13 5. Public ((Meeting Space)) meeting space. Public meeting spaces shall be 14 enclosed rooms available for use by the public free of charge, designed for the purposes of 15 accommodating meetings, gatherings, or performances with seating capacity for at least ((fifty 16 (50))) 50 people. Public meeting spaces shall be available to the public between the hours of 17 ((ten)) 10 a.m. (((10:00 a.m.))) and ((ten)) 10 p.m. (((10:00 p.m.))) Monday through Friday and 18 shall not count towards minimum parking requirements. 19 6. Terrace. A terrace is intended to provide additional opportunity for open space in areas of concentrated development. 20 21 a. Location and ((Access)) access. $((i_{\cdot}))$ 1) A terrace is a wind-sheltered area above street-level uses in 22 23 a structure.

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((ii.)) 2) A terrace should be easily accessible from the street and
 access should be plainly identified.

3 ((iii.)) 3) Direct access by stairs, ramps or mechanical assist shall
4 be provided from a public right-of-way or public open space to the terrace.

5 ((4.)) <u>4)</u> The path of access must have a minimum width of ((ten))
6 <u>10</u> feet (((10'))).

b. A minimum of ((eighty)) <u>80</u> percent (((80%))) of the terrace shall
receive solar exposure from ((eleven)) <u>11</u> a.m. (((11:00 a.m.))) until ((two)) 2 p.m. (((2:00
p.m.))) PDT between the spring and autumn equinox.

c. Public seating shall be provided in an amount equal to one (((1))) seat
for each ((thirty (30))) <u>30</u> square feet of terrace area or one lineal foot of public seating for each
((thirty (30))) <u>30</u> square feet of terrace area.

d. Terraces shall be landscaped in a manner which provides for the
comfort and enjoyment of people in the space ((as well as)) and creates a visual amenity for
pedestrians and occupants of surrounding buildings.

16 e. A terrace shall be open to the public from at least ((seven)) <u>7</u> a.m.
17 (((7:00 a.m.))) until one ((1))) hour after sunset seven ((7))) days a week.

18 7. Town ((Square)) square. A town square shall meet the criteria for an urban
19 plaza and, in addition, shall meet the following:

a. Location and ((Access)) <u>access</u>. A town square shall be located adjacent
to a Major Pedestrian Street.

b. A large, essentially level, unobstructed area should characterize thecenter of a town square and be available for public events.

1	8. Urban ((Garden)) garden. Urban gardens are intended to provide color and
2	visual interest to pedestrians and motorists and are characterized by such amenities as specialized
3	landscaping, paving materials, and public seating.
4	a. Location and ((Access)) access. Urban gardens shall be located at or
5	near sidewalk grade and adjacent to a public right-of-way or building lobby.
6	b. One (((1))) public seating space for each ((twenty (20))) <u>20</u> square feet
7	of garden area or one (((1))) lineal foot of public seating for every ((twenty (20))) 20 square feet
8	of garden area shall be provided.
9	c. Urban gardens shall be developed with unit paving and plant materials
10	in a garden-like setting. Landscaping shall include a mix of seasonal and permanent plantings,
11	including trees and shrubs. A water feature is encouraged.
12	d. A minimum of ((seventy-five)) <u>75</u> percent (((75%))) of the garden area
13	shall receive solar exposure from ((eleven)) $\underline{11}$ a.m. (($\underline{11:00 \text{ a.m.}}$)) until ((\underline{two})) $\underline{2}$ p.m. (($\underline{(2:00)}$
14	p.m.))) PDT, between the spring and autumn equinox.
15	e. The garden shall be open to the public at least five $(((5)))$ days a week
16	from ((eight)) <u>8</u> a.m. (((8:00 a.m.))) until ((seven)) <u>7</u> p.m. (((7:00 p.m.).))
17	9. Urban ((Plaza)) <u>plaza</u> . An urban plaza shall serve as a link between a building
18	and the pedestrian network and/or as a focal point between two $(((2)))$ or more buildings.
19	a. Location and ((Access.)) access
20	((i)) <u>1)</u> An urban plaza shall be one $(((1)))$ contiguous space, with
21	at least one $(((1)))$ edge abutting a street at a transit stop or anywhere along a Major Pedestrian
22	Street.

1 ((ii.)) 2) The area within ((ten)) 10 feet (((10))) of the sidewalk. 2 along a minimum of ((fifty)) 50 percent (((50%))) of each street frontage, shall be within 3 ((three)) 3 feet (((3))) elevation of the adjoining public sidewalk. 4 b. There shall be no physical obstruction between an urban plaza and the 5 sidewalk. The plaza should be distinguished from the public right-of-way by landscaping and/or 6 a change in paving materials. 7 c. The aggregate area of retail kiosks and carts in an urban plaza should 8 not exceed ((one hundred fifty (150))) 150 square feet or one percent (((1%))) of the total area of 9 the plaza, whichever is greater. 10 d. Urban ((Plazas)) plazas shall have retail sales and service uses on 11 frontage equivalent to at least ((fifty)) 50 percent ((((50%)))) of the perimeter of the plaza. The 12 retail sales and service uses shall have direct access onto the plaza. 13 e. Urban ((Plazas)) plazas shall be landscaped and paved in such a way as 14 to provide continuous access to the public right-of-way. A minimum of ((twenty)) 20 percent 15 (((20%))) and a maximum of ((thirty)) 30 percent (((30%))) of the plaza shall be landscaped. f. A minimum ratio of one (((1))) tree per ((seven hundred (700))) 700 16 17 square feet of plaza area is required. Trees should be arranged in such a manner as to define the 18 perimeter of the space and to maximize solar exposure to the principal space. 19 g. A minimum of ((eighty-five)) 85 percent (((85%))) of the plaza shall be 20 uncovered and open to the sky, excluding deciduous tree canopies. 21 h. There shall be one (((1))) lineal foot of public seating area or one (((1)))public seat for every ((thirty-five (35))) 35 square feet of plaza area. Up to ((fifty)) 50 percent 22 23 (((50%))) of the seating may be moveable.

1	i. An urban plaza shall b	e open to the pub	lic during nor	nal business hours,
2	seven $(((7)))$ days a week.			
3	<u>10. For surface parking areas ex</u>	ceeding 250 park	ting spaces, a 1	10-foot-wide
4	landscaped pedestrian walkway separating each	n of the parking a	reas and conne	ecting to the
5	building shall be provided, or separation of par	king areas exceed	ding 250 space	s shall be provided
6	by principal-use or accessory-use structures on	-site. Landscaped	l pedestrian wa	alkways may be
7	counted towards open space requirements as pr	ovided for in this	s Section 23.71	.014.
8	Section 53. Section 23.71.016 of the Se	attle Municipal C	Code, last amer	nded by Ordinance
9	123649, is repealed:			
10	((23.71.016 Parking and access			
11	A. Required Parking.			
12	1. Off-street parking requirement	nts are prescribed	in Chapter 23	.54, except as
13	modified by this chapter. Minimum and maxim	um parking requ	irements for sp	pecified uses in the
14	Northgate Overlay District are identified in Tal	ole A for 23.71.0	16.	
15	Table A for 23.71.016			
16	Minimum and Maximu	ım Parking Req	uirements	
		LONG TERM		SHORT TERM
		Minimum	Maximum	Minimum
	Office	0.9/1000	2.6/1000	0.2/1000
	General sales and service (Customer service office)*	1.0/1000	2.4/1000	1.6/1000
	General sales and service (other and Major durables retail sales*	0.93/1000	2.4/1000	2.0/1000
	Motion picture theaters	N/A	N/A	Min: 1/8 seats
	Thousin proture monters	11/71	11/71	Max: 1/4 seats
				ivian. 74 Stats

17

*Except that the minimum requirements for pet daycare centers is pursuant to Table A for

18 Section 23.54.015 and as regulated in Section 23.47A.039.

1	2. Parking waivers provided under Section 23.54.015 D apply in the Northgate	
2	Overlay District, except that no waiver of parking may be granted to medical service uses.	
3	3. Parking may exceed the maximums if provided in a structure pursuant to a joint	
4	use parking agreement with the Metro Transit Center, if the spaces are needed only to meet	
5	evening and weekend demand or as overflow on less than ten percent of the weekdays in a year,	
6	and will otherwise be available for daytime use by the general public.	
7	4. Short-term parking for motion picture theaters may be increased by ten percent	
8	beyond the maximum requirement, if these additional spaces are not provided as surface parking,	
9	will not adversely impact pedestrian circulation and will reduce the potential for overflow	
10	parking impacts on surrounding streets.	
11	B. Additional Parking Waivers on Major Pedestrian Streets.	
12	1. When the amount of required parking has been determined pursuant to	
13	subsection A of this section, waivers are permitted, as follows:	
14	a. Parking shall not be required for the first one hundred fifty (150) seats	
15	of all motion picture theatre uses and the first seven hundred fifty (750) square feet for all eating	
16	and drinking establishments.	
17	b. Parking shall not be required for an additional two thousand five	
18	hundred (2,500) square feet to a maximum of five thousand (5,000) square feet for all other	
19	required street-level personal and household retail sales and service uses.	
20	2. The Director may permit an additional parking waiver up to a maximum of four	
21	thousand (4,000) square feet for eating and drinking establishments as a special exception subject	
22	to the provisions of Chapter 23.76, Procedures for Master Use Permits and Council Land Use	

	D+a
1	Decisions. The following factors shall be considered by the Director in making a determination
2	whether to allow additional parking waivers for eating and drinking establishments:
3	a. Anticipated parking demand for the proposed use;
4	b. The extent to which an additional parking waiver is likely to create or
5	add significantly to spillover parking in adjacent residential neighborhoods;
6	c. Whether land is available for parking without demolishing an existing
7	commercial structure, displacing a commercial use, or rezoning land to a commercial
8	designation;
9	d. The availability of shared or joint use parking within eight hundred feet
10	(800') of the business establishment;
11	e. The Director may require that a transportation study be submitted for
12	review by the Director;
13	f. The Director shall determine the content of the transportation study
14	based on the following factors:
15	i. The size and type of the proposed use;
16	ii. The size of the requested parking waiver;
17	iii. Any anticipated impacts of an additional parking waiver.
18	3. Parking waivers permitted by this subsection shall apply to each street level
19	business establishment in a structure.
20	C. Shared Parking. Shared parking, as provided in Section 23.54.020 G, is permitted for
21	two (2) or more uses to satisfy all or a portion of minimum off-street parking requirements in the
22	Northgate Overlay District.

1	D. Owners shall provide parking for bicycles which is protected from the weather.
2	Owners shall provide bicycle lockers for storage of commuter bicycles.
3	E. Payment in Lieu of On site Long term Parking.
4	1. In lieu of providing up to twenty percent (20%) of the long-term parking which
5	is otherwise required, the Director may permit an owner to make a payment to a Northgate
6	Parking Commission, if a commission is established by the City Council. The payment shall be
7	used to build a public parking structure for long-term parking within the Northgate Core area.
8	The payment and use thereof shall be consistent with RCW 82.02.020.
9	2. The amount of the payment shall be based on the construction cost of a parking
10	space in a structured garage in the Northgate Core area, as determined by the Northgate Parking
11	Commission.
12	3. The Director shall apply the following criteria in determining whether to
13	approve a payment in lieu:
14	a. Spillover parking would not occur which would significantly impact
15	nearby residential neighborhoods;
16	b. The parking demand proposed to be met by in-lieu payment will not
17	exceed the capacity provided by the long-term parking structure.
18	4. If a public parking structure is not constructed within six (6) years of the date
19	of issuance of a certificate of occupancy for a development which made a payment in lieu, the
20	City may use the payments to help reduce vehicle trips in the area. If the owner can show that the
21	long term parking demand of the site has been reduced enough to eliminate the need for the
22	waived spaces, the amount of payments shall be returned to the property owner.

1	F. Parking Location and Access.
2	1. Parking location and access are subject to the provisions of the underlying
3	zone, except as modified by this subsection and Section 23.71.008.
4	2. The following provisions shall apply to all new parking provided, the
5	reconfiguration of more than two hundred fifty (250) parking spaces, or the replacement of
6	existing surface parking with structured parking. Existing nonconforming parking used to meet
7	the parking requirement for newly developed space or new uses shall not be required to meet
8	these standards.
9	a. The first two hundred (200) proposed parking spaces located on-site
10	may be located in either a surface parking area, or within or under a structure. In addition,
11	seventy-five percent (75%) of the spaces in excess of two hundred (200) shall be accommodated
12	either below grade or above grade in structures. All parking in excess of two hundred (200)
13	spaces may be located off site within eight hundred feet (800') of the site except as provided in
14	subsection E1 of this section. The Director may waive or modify this requirement if site size,
15	shape, or topography makes it infeasible to construct an accessory parking structure.
16	b. The first two hundred (200) proposed surface parking spaces may be
17	increased to three hundred fifty (350) spaces if 1) the surface parking area does not cover more
18	than thirty five percent (35%) of the total lot area, and 2) the on-site open space requirement, in
19	excess of the minimum required landscaped open space provided for in Section 23.71.014, is
20	provided as usable open space which is contiguous to other usable open space on the site.
21	c. For surface parking areas exceeding two hundred fifty (250) parking
22	spaces, a ten foot (10') wide landscaped pedestrian walkway separating each of these parking
23	areas and connecting to the building is required, or separation of parking areas exceeding two

	D4a
1	hundred fifty (250) spaces shall be provided by structures on-site. These landscaped pedestrian
2	walkways may be counted towards open space requirements as provided in Section 23.71.014.
3	3. Surface parking areas shall be screened and landscaped according to the
4	provisions of the underlying zone.))
5	Section 54. Section 23.74.008 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
6	122311, is amended as follows:
7	23.74.008 Uses
8	Notwithstanding the use provisions of the underlying zone, the following use provisions apply:
9	* * *
10	C. The following uses are prohibited:
11	1. Heavy manufacturing uses;
12	2. High-impact uses;
13	3. Solid waste management;
14	4. Recycling uses;
15	5. Animal shelters and kennels;
16	6. Veterinary offices;
17	7. Pet grooming;
18	8. Airports, land and water based;
19	9. Hospitals;
20	10 Elementary and secondary schools;
21	11. Drive-in businesses, except gas stations;
22	12. Bus bases;
23	13. ((Principal use)) <u>Flexible-use</u> parking ¹ ;

Template last revised December 1, 2016

1	14. Lodging uses; and
2	15. Colleges ² .
3	$((1.))^{1}$ Parking required for a spectator sports facility or exhibition hall is allowed and shall be
4	permitted to be used for ((general)) flexible-use parking ((purposes)) or shared with another such
5	facility to meet its required parking. A spectator sports facility or exhibition hall within the
6	Stadium Transition Overlay Area District may reserve non-required parking only outside the
7	overlay district and only if:
8	(a) The parking is owned and operated by the owner of the spectator sports facility or
9	exhibition hall; and
10	(b) The parking is reserved for events in the spectator sports facility or exhibition hall;
11	and
12	(c) The reserved parking is south of South Royal Brougham Way, west of 6th Avenue
13	South and north of South Atlantic Street. Parking that is provided to meet required parking will
14	not be considered reserved parking.
15	$((2.))^{\frac{1}{2}}$ Training facilities for industrial trades operated by colleges and universities are permitted.
16	Section 55. Section 23.76.004 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
17	125429, is amended as follows:
18	23.76.004 Land use decision framework
19	* * *
	Table A for 23.76.004 LAND USE DECISION FRAMEWORK ¹
	Director's and Hearing Examiner's Decisions Requiring Master Use Permits TYPE I
	Director's Decision (Administrative review through land use interpretation as allowed by Section 23.88.020 ²)
	(Administrative review through fand use interpretation as anowed by Section 23.88.020) * * *

	Table A for 23.76.004LAND USE DECISION FRAMEWORK1		
*	f Intermittent uses		
((*)) ((Interim use parking authorized under subsection 23.42.040.G))		
*	Uses on vacant or underused lots pursuant to Section 23.42.038		
П d 2 p 3 s	 ¹ Sections 23.76.006 and 23.76.036 establish the types of land use decisions in each category. This Table A for 23.76.004 is intended to provide only a general description of land use decision types. ² Type I decisions may be subject to administrative review through a land use interpretation pursuant to Section 23.88.020. ³ Shoreline decisions, except shoreline special use approvals that are not part of a shoreline substantial development permit, are appealable to the Shorelines Hearings Board along with all related environmental appeals. 		
	Section 56. Section 23.76.006 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinanc		
1	125429, is amended as follows:		
2	23.76.006 Master Use Permits required		
	A. Type I, II, and III decisions are components of Master Use Permits. Master Use		
Р	Permits are required for all projects requiring one or more of these decisions.		
	B. The following decisions are Type I:		
	1. Determination that a proposal complies with development standards;		
	2. Establishment or change of use for uses permitted outright, ((interim use		
p	arking under subsection 23.42.040.G,)) uses allowed under Section 23.42.038, temporary		
re	elocation of police and fire stations for 24 months or less, transitional encampment interim use		
te	emporary uses for four weeks or less not otherwise permitted in the zone, and renewals of		
te	emporary uses for up to six months, except temporary uses and facilities for light rail transit		

	Gordon Clowers/Lish Whitson SDCI Neighborhood Parking Reform ORD D4a
1	3. The following street use approvals:
2	a. Curb cut for access to parking, whether associated with a development
3	proposal or not;
4	b. Concept approval of street improvements associated with a
5	development proposal, such as additional on-street parking, street landscaping, curbs and gutters,
6	street drainage, sidewalks, and paving;
7	c. Structural building overhangs associated with a development proposal;
8	d. Areaways associated with a development proposal;
9	4. Lot boundary adjustments;
10	5. Modification of the following features bonused under Title 24:
11	a. Plazas;
12	b. Shopping plazas;
13	c. Arcades;
14	d. Shopping arcades; and
15	e. Voluntary building setbacks;
16	6. Determinations of Significance (determination that an Environmental Impact
17	Statement is required) for Master Use Permits and for building, demolition, grading, and other
18	construction permits (supplemental procedures for environmental review are established in
19	Chapter 25.05, Environmental Policies and Procedures), except for Determinations of
20	Significance based solely on historic and cultural preservation;
21	7. Discretionary exceptions for certain business signs authorized by subsection
22	23.55.042.D;
23	8. Waiver or modification of required right-of-way improvements;

	Gordon Clowers/Lish Whitson SDCI Neighborhood Parking Reform ORD D4a
1	9. Special accommodation pursuant to Section 23.44.015;
2	10. Reasonable accommodation;
3	11. Minor amendment to Major Phased Development Permit;
4	12. Streamlined design review decisions pursuant to Section 23.41.018 if no
5	development standard departures are requested pursuant to Section 23.41.012, and design review
6	decisions in an MPC zone if no development standard departures are requested pursuant to
7	Section 23.41.012;
8	13. Shoreline special use approvals that are not part of a shoreline substantial
9	development permit;
10	14. Determination that a project is consistent with a planned action ordinance,
11	except as provided in subsection 23.76.006.C;
12	15. Decision to approve, condition, or deny, based on SEPA policies, a permit for
13	a project determined to be consistent with a planned action ordinance;
14	16. Determination of requirements according to subsections 23.58B.025.A.3.a,
15	23.58B.025.A.3.b, 23.58B.025.A.3.c, 23.58C.030.A.2.a, 23.58C.030.A.2.b, and
16	23.58C.030.A.2.c;
17	17. Decision to increase the maximum height of a structure in the DOC2 500/300-
18	550 zone according to subsection 23.49.008.F;
19	18. Decision to increase the maximum FAR of a structure in the DOC2 500/300-
20	550 zone according to subsection 23.49.011.A.2.n;
21	19. Minor revisions to an issued an unexpired MUP that was subject to design
22	review, pursuant to subsection 23.41.008.G;

1	20. Building height departures for minor communication facilities in downtown
2	zones, pursuant to Section 23.57.013; and
3	21. Other Type I decisions.
4	* * *
5	Section 57. Section 23.76.032 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
6	125108, is amended as follows:
7	23.76.032 Expiration and renewal of Type I and II Master Use Permits
8	A. Type I and II Master Use Permit expiration
9	1. An issued Type I or II Master Use Permit expires three years from the date a
10	permit is approved for issuance as described in Section 23.76.028, except as follows:
11	a. A Master Use Permit with a shoreline component expires pursuant to
12	WAC 173-27-090.
13	b. A variance component of a Master Use Permit expires as follows:
14	1) Variances for access, yards, setback, open space, or lot area
15	minimums granted as part of a short plat or lot boundary adjustment run with the land in
16	perpetuity as recorded with the King County Recorder.
17	2) Variances granted as separate Master Use Permits pursuant to
18	subsection 23.76.004.G expire three years from the date the permit is approved for issuance as
19	described in Section 23.76.028 or on the effective date of any text amendment making more
20	stringent the development standard from which the variance was granted, whichever is sooner. If
21	a Master Use Permit to establish the use is issued prior to the earlier of the dates specified in the
22	preceding sentence, the variance expires on the expiration date of the Master Use Permit.

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1	c. The time during which pending litigation related to the Master Use
2	Permit or the property subject to the permit made it reasonable not to submit an application for a
3	building permit, or to establish a use if a building permit is not required, is not included in
4	determining the expiration date of the Master Use Permit.
5	d. Master Use Permits with a Major Phased Development or Planned
6	Community Development component under Sections 23.47A.007, 23.49.036, or 23.50.015
7	expire as follows:
8	1) For the first phase, the expiration date shall be three years from
9	the date the permit is approved for issuance;
10	2) For subsequent phases, the expiration date shall be determined
11	at the time of permit issuance for each phase, and the date shall be stated in the permit.
12	e. Permits for uses allowed under Section 23.42.038, ((and)) temporary ((,
13	interim,)) or intermittent use permits issued pursuant to Section 23.42.040, and transitional
14	encampment interim use permits issued under Section 23.42.056 ((;)) expire on the date stated in
15	the permit.
16	f. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection 23.76.032.A.1.f, Master
17	Use Permits for development pursuant to Sections 23.49.180 and 23.49.181 expire on the date set
18	by the Director in the Master Use Permit decision, which date may be a maximum of 15 years
19	from the date the Master Use Permit is approved for issuance. The Director shall consider the
20	complexity of the project, economic conditions of the area in which the project is located, and
21	the construction schedule proposed by the applicant in setting the expiration date. If no
22	expiration date is set in the Master Use Permit decision, the expiration date is three years from
23	the date a permit is approved for issuance.

1	1) In order for the Director to set the Master Use Permit expiration
2	date, the applicant shall:
3	a) Submit with the application a site plan showing a level of detail
4	sufficient to assess anticipated impacts of the completed project; and
5	b) Submit a proposed schedule for complying with the conditions
6	necessary to gain the amount of extra floor area and the extra height sought for the project.
7	2) The expiration date of the Master Use Permit may be extended
8	past the expiration date set in the Master Use Permit decision or the date established in this
9	subsection 23.76.032.A.1.f if:
10	a) On the expiration date stated in the Master Use Permit decision,
11	a building permit for the entire development has been issued, in which case the Master Use
12	Permit is extended for the life of the building permit if the Master Use Permit would otherwise
13	expire earlier, or
14	b) A complete application for a building permit that either is for
15	the entire development proposed pursuant to Section 23.49.180, or is for construction to
16	complete the entire development proposed pursuant to Section 23.49.180, is:
17	i. ((submitted)) Submitted before the expiration date of the Master
18	Use Permit; and
19	ii. ((made)) Made sufficiently complete to constitute a fully
20	complete building permit application as defined in the Seattle Building Code, or for a highrise
21	structure regulated under Section 403 of the Seattle Building Code, made to include the complete
22	structural frame of the building and schematic plans for the exterior shell of the building, in
23	either case before the expiration date of the Master Use Permit, in which case the Master Use

1	Permit is extended for the life of the building permit issued pursuant to the application if the
2	Master Use Permit would otherwise expire earlier.
3	((h)) g. The permit expires earlier pursuant to Section 22.800.100.
4	2. On the expiration date determined as provided in subsection 23.76.032.A.1, a
5	Master Use Permit expires unless one of the conditions in this subsection 23.76.032.A.2 exists:
6	a. A building permit is issued before the expiration date, in which case the
7	Master Use Permit shall be extended for the life of the building permit.
8	b. A valid and fully complete application for a building permit is
9	submitted prior to the Master Use Permit expiration date and a building permit is subsequently
10	issued. In such cases, the Master Use Permit shall be extended for the life of the building permit.
11	c. For projects that do not require a building permit, the use has been
12	established prior to the expiration date and is not terminated prior to that date by abandonment,
13	change of use, or otherwise. In such cases the Master Use Permit expires when the use permitted
14	by the Master Use Permit is terminated by abandonment, change of use, or otherwise.
15	d. The Master Use Permit is renewed pursuant to subsection 23.76.032.C.
16	e. A Major Phased Development or Planned Community Development
17	component is part of the Master Use Permit, in which case subsection 23.76.032.A.1.d applies.
18	f. The Master Use Permit is for development subject to Section 23.49.180,
19	in which case the provisions in subsection 23.76.032.A.1.f apply.
20	* * *

	D4a	
1	Section 58. Section 23.84A.030 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by	
2	Ordinance 124378, is amended as follows:	
3	23.84A.030 "P"	
4	* * *	
5	(("Park and pool lot." See "Principal use parking" under "Parking and moorage" under	
6	"Transportation facility."))	
7	"Park and ride ((lot)) facility." See (("Principal use parking")) "Park and ride facility"	
8	under "Parking and moorage" under "Transportation facility."	
9	"Parking" when used as a noun means a surface parking area or parking garage.	
10	"Parking, accessory" means one or more parking spaces that are either reserved or	
11	required for a particular use or structure.	
12	"Parking and moorage." See "Transportation facility."	
13	"Parking, flexible-use." See "Parking and moorage," under "Transportation facility."	
14	"Parking garage" means a structure or a portion of a structure used or intended to be used	
15	for parking or storage of vehicles.	
16	"Parking, long-term" means one or more long-term parking spaces.	
17	"Parking, non-required" means one or more parking spaces not required by either the	
18	Land Use Code (Title 23 SMC) or the Zoning Code (Title 24 SMC) as accessory to a principal	
19	use and not required as a mitigating measure pursuant to the State Environmental Policy Act.	
20	(("Parking, principal use." See "Parking and moorage" under "Transportation facility".))	
21	"Parking screen" means a screen that effectively obscures view of off-street parking from	
22	the public right-of-way or private lots. (See also "Screen.")	
23	"Parking, short-term" means one or more short-term parking spaces.	
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1	"Parking space" means an area for the parking of one vehicle within a parking facility or
2	parking area, exclusive of driveways, ramps, and office and work areas.
3	"Parking space, long-term" means a parking space that will be occupied by the same
4	motor vehicle for four $(((4)))$ hours or more, including a space generally used by persons who
5	commute to $((,))$ work by private motor vehicle or by residents.
6	"Parking space, short-term" means a parking space occupied by individual motor vehicles
7	for less than four $(((4)))$ hours and generally used intermittently by shoppers, visitors, or
8	outpatients.
9	"Parking, surface" means an open area used or intended to be used for the parking of
10	vehicles. It may be available to the public or reserved to accommodate parking for a specific
11	purpose.
12	* * *
13	Section 59. Section 23.84A.038 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by
14	Ordinance 125272, is amended as follows:
15	23.84A.038 "T"
16	* * *
17	"Transit service, frequent" means scheduled transit service ((headways in at least one
18	direction of 15 minutes or less for at least 12 hours per day, 6 days per week, and transit service
19	headways of 30 minutes or less for at least 18 hours every day.)) defined as frequent in a
20	Director's rule.
21	"Transit service headway" means the scheduled time interval between transit vehicles,
22	associated with single or multiple transit routes, running the same direction at a particular transit
23	stop.

"Transportation facility" means a use that supports or provides a means of transporting people ((and/or)) or goods from one location to another. Transportation facilities include but are not limited to the following:

* * *

1. "Cargo terminal" means a transportation facility in which quantities of goods or
container cargo are, without undergoing any manufacturing processes, transferred to carriers or
stored outdoors in order to transfer them to other locations. Cargo terminals may include
accessory warehouses, railroad yards, storage yards, and offices.

9 2. "Parking and moorage" means the short_term or long_term storage of
0 automotive vehicles or vessels or both when not in use. Parking and moorage uses include but
1 are not limited to:

a. "Boat moorage" means a use ((,)) in which a system of piers, buoys, or
floats is used to provide moorage for vessels except barges, for sale or rent usually on a monthly
or yearly basis. Minor vessel repair, haul out, dry boat storage, and other services are also often
provided. Boat moorage includes, but is not limited to:

16 1) "Commercial moorage" means a boat moorage primarily
17 intended for commercial vessels except barges.
18 2) "Recreational marina" means a boat moorage primarily intended
19 for pleasure craft. (See also ((₅)) "Boat moorage, public")

b. "Dry boat storage" means a use in which space on a lot on dry land, or
inside a building over water or on dry land, is rented or sold to the public or to members of a
yacht or boating club for the purpose of storing boats. Sometimes referred to as "dry storage."

1	c. "Parking, principal use" means a use within a Shoreline District, subject
2	to Chapter 23.60A, in which an open area or garage is provided for the parking of vehicles by the
3	public, and is not reserved or required to accommodate occupants, clients, customers, or
4	employees of a particular establishment or premises. Battery charging stations for electric
5	vehicles are accessory to principal use parking. ((Principal use parking includes but is not limited
6	to the following uses:
7	1) "Park and pool lot" means a principal use parking use, operated
8	or approved by a public ridesharing agency, where commuters park private vehicles and join
9	together in carpools or vanpools for the ride to work and back, or board public transit at a stop
10	located outside of the park and pool lot.))
11	d. "Parking, flexible-use" means a use in which an open area or garage is
12	provided for the parking of vehicles by the public, and is not reserved or required to
13	accommodate occupants, clients, customers, or employees of a particular establishment or
14	premises. Battery charging stations for electric vehicles are accessory to flexible-use parking.
15	Flexible-use parking includes but is not limited to the following uses:
16	1) "Flexible-use parking garage" means a parking garage structure
17	that solely consists of flexible-use parking.
18	2) "Flexible-use parking surface lot" means a surface parking lot
19	that solely consists of flexible-use parking.
20	((2))) e. "Park and ride ((lot)) facility" means a ((principal use parking))
21	use, operated or approved by a public transit or ridesharing agency, where commuters park
22	private vehicles and either join together in carpools or vanpools, or board public transit. ((at a
23	stop located in the park and ride lot.))

1	$((\mathbf{d}))$ <u>f</u> . "Towing services" means a parking and moorage use in which
2	more than two tow trucks are employed in the hauling of motorized vehicles, and where vehicles
3	may be impounded, stored, or sold, but not disassembled or junked.
4	* * *
5	Section 60. Section 25.05.675 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
6	125291, is amended as follows:
7	25.05.675 Specific environmental policies
8	* * *
9	M. Parking
10	1. Policy background ((-))
11	a. It is the City's policy to encourage use of a broad range of
12	transportation options and to reduce reliance on single-occupant vehicles.
13	((a)) b. Increased parking demand associated with development projects
14	may adversely affect the availability of parking in an area, especially one that is not well served
15	by transit or other transportation choices.
16	((b)) <u>c</u> . Parking regulations, ((to mitigate)) where appropriate, and other
17	policies and regulations designating preferred land use patterns and promoting transportation
18	choices, combine to alleviate most growth-related parking impacts ((and to accommodate most
19	of the)) including cumulative ((effects of future projects on parking are implemented through the
20	City's Land Use Code)) impacts. This policy recognizes that the City's land use and
21	transportation planning policies encourage development patterns that support personal choices
22	among many transportation modes and maximize the ability of the street network to function
23	efficiently. This policy also recognizes the substantial costs imposed on housing by requiring

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1	construction of parking, which adversely affects the ability to provide housing, including
2	affordable housing. City land use policies that encourage residential and commercial growth in
3	the areas with the greatest availability of transportation choices promote efficiencies that may
4	reduce or limit per capita parking demand. ((However, in some neighborhoods, due)) Due,
5	however, to ((inadequate off-street)) shortfalls in available parking resulting from existing or
6	projected demands, the City recognizes that in some neighborhoods ((streets are unable to
7	absorb)) parking spillover impacts may occur. ((The City recognizes that the cost of providing
8	additional parking may have an adverse effect on the affordability of housing.))
9	2. Policies
10	a. It is the City's policy to minimize or prevent adverse parking impacts
11	associated with development projects. This is achieved by requiring parking impact mitigation of
12	development projects where appropriate as provided for in the Land Use Code or other codes. It
13	is also achieved through implementing growth-management policies, transportation policies, and
14	policies that support reducing or eliminating off-street parking requirements where residents and
15	others may conveniently choose to use other forms of transportation instead of relying on
16	automobiles.
17	b. Subject to the overview and cumulative effects policies set forth in
18	Sections 25.05.665 and 25.05.670, the decision maker may condition a project to mitigate the
19	effects of development in an area on parking; provided that:
20	1) No SEPA authority is provided to mitigate the impact of
21	individual developments on parking availability in the Downtown and South Lake Union Urban
22	Centers;

1 2) No SEPA authority is provided for the decision maker to 2 mitigate the impact of individual developments on parking availability for ((residential)) uses 3 located within: 4 a) ((the)) The Capitol Hill/First Hill Urban Center, the 5 Uptown Urban Center, and the University District Urban Center, except the portion of the Ravenna Urban Village that is not within one-quarter mile (1,320 feet) of a street with frequent 6 7 transit service, measured as the walking distance from the nearest transit stop to the lot line of the 8 lot: 9 b) ((the)) The Station Area Overlay District; and 10 c) ((portions)) Portions of urban villages within one-quarter 11 mile (1,320 feet) of a street with frequent transit service, measured as the walking distance from 12 the nearest transit stop to ((the)) a lot line, ((of the lot)) which in the case of unit lots shall be 13 made from the parent lot; 14 3) Outside of the areas listed in this subsection 25.05.675.M.2.b, 15 parking impact mitigation for multifamily development, except in the Alki area, as described in 16 subsection 25.05.675.M.2.c, may be required only where on-street parking is at capacity, as 17 defined by the Seattle Department of Transportation, or where the development itself would 18 cause on-street parking to reach capacity as so defined. 19 c. For the Alki area, as identified on Map B for 23.54.015, a higher 20 number of spaces per unit than is required by Section 23.54.015 may be required to mitigate the 21 adverse parking impacts of specific multifamily projects. Projects that generate a greater need for 22 parking and that are located in places where the street cannot absorb that need—for example, because of proximity to ((the)) Alki Beach Park—may be required to provide additional parking 23

1	spaces to meet the building's actual need. In determining that need, the size of the development	
2	project, the size of the units, and the number of bedrooms in the units shall be considered.	
3	d. If parking impact mitigation is authorized by this subsection	
4	25.05.675.M, it may include but is not limited to:	
5	1) Transportation management programs;	
6	2) Parking management and allocation plans; or	
7	3) Incentives for the use of alternatives to single-occupancy	
8	vehicles, such as transit pass subsidies, parking fees, subsidies for participation in car share or	
9	bike share programs or similar mobility choice programs, and provision of bicycle parking space;	
10	4) Increased parking ratios; and	
11	5) ((Reduced)) Reductions in non-residential development	
12	densities to the extent that it can be shown that reduced parking spillover is likely to result;	
13	provided, that parking impact mitigation for multifamily development may not include reduction	
14	in development density.	
15	* * *	
16	Section 61. The provisions of this ordinance are declared to be separate and severable.	
17	The invalidity of any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, or portion of this	
18	ordinance or any exhibit to this ordinance, or the invalidity of the application thereof to any	
19	person or circumstance, shall not affect the validity of any other provisions of this ordinance or	
20	its exhibits, or the validity of their application to other persons or circumstances.	
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1	Section 62. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by	
2	the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it	
3	shall take effect as provided by Seattle Munic	ipal Code Section 1.04.020.
4	Passed by the City Council the	day of, 2018,
5	and signed by me in open session in authentic	ation of its passage this day of
6	, 2018.	
7	_	
8	F	President of the City Council
9	Approved by me this day of	f, 2018.
10	_	
11	J	enny A. Durkan, Mayor
12	Filed by me this day of	, 2018.
13		
14	м	Monica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk
15	(Seal)	