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1	CITY OF SEATTLE
2	ORDINANCE
3	COUNCIL BILL
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 title AN ORDINANCE relating to independent contractors in Seattle; establishing labor standards requirements for independent contractors working in Seattle; amending Sections 3.02.125, 3.15.000, and 6.208.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code; and adding a new Chapter 14.34 to the Seattle Municipal Code. body WHEREAS, independent contract work is a growing source of income for workers across the
11	country; and
12	WHEREAS, in 2018, the BLS reported that 6.9 percent of workers (10.6 million individuals)
13	gain their primary source of income as an independent contractor; and
14	WHEREAS, in 2018 and 2019, Gallup and the Freelancers Union surveys reported higher rates
15	of independent contractors, up to 36 percent of workers (57 million individuals), by
16	including broader categories of alternative work arrangements and including those who
17	use independent contract work as a primary or supplemental source of income; and
18	WHEREAS, a 2012 Economic Modeling Specialists International, Inc. (EMSI) analysis of BLS
19	data listed Washington State as tied for fifteenth place for states with the highest
20	proportion of self-employment and estimated 126,623 self-employed jobs in the Seattle
21	Metropolitan Statistical Area, noting that the number of jobs may differ from the number
22	of workers, as one worker may fill more than one job; and
23	WHEREAS, a 2019 Washington State Department of Commerce study found that independent
24	contracting is on the rise in Washington state, increasing by 15 percent from 2008 to
25	2016; and
26	WHEREAS, independent contractors have the opportunity for increased flexibility and control
27	over their work, but they also face challenges, such as working without employee

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1	protections, non-payment or late payment, lack of information about the terms and
2	conditions of their work, and misclassification; and
3	WHEREAS, multiple studies show that timely payment is an issue for independent contractors,
4	including a Freelancers Union survey reporting that 60 percent of freelancers reported
5	problems with late and non-payment, and a Gallup, Inc. survey reporting that 39 percent
6	of independent contractors reported problems with timely and accurate payment as
7	compared to 18 percent of employees in traditional employment; and
8	WHEREAS, under current law, an independent contractor's primary legal recourse for non-
9	payment or late payment is a legal action for breach of contract in small claims court or
10	civil court and the time and expense of going to court and/or hiring an attorney prevents
11	many independent contractors from pursuing payment claims; and
12	WHEREAS, the Washington State Department of Commerce found that independent contractors
13	reported experiencing a weaker sense of economic security than in traditional jobs due to
14	problems with income volatility, non-payment or late payment with limited recourse to
15	contract enforcement, and difficulty navigating Washington's regulatory systems, and
16	participants, particularly in Seattle, and shared their interest in a more centralized – or at
17	least cooperative – contract enforcement mechanism; and
18	WHEREAS, in Washington, employers must provide employees with itemized pay statements
19	each time wages are paid under chapter 49.12 RCW and WAC 296-126-040; and
20	WHEREAS, in Seattle, employers must pay employees all compensation owed by reason of
21	employment on an established, regular payday at least monthly, and provide employees
22	with basic information about the terms and conditions of their job at time of hire and
23	itemized pay statements each time wages are paid under the Wage Theft Ordinance,

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1	Seattle Municipal Code (SMC) Chapter 14.20; and
2	WHEREAS, in Seattle, Transportation Network Companies (TNCs) and food delivery network
3	companies must provide gig workers with certain information about their jobs and pay,
4	but there are not comprehensive transparency requirements for all independent
5	contractors working in Seattle; and
6	WHEREAS, a lack of transparency about job information and pay can lead to confusion or
7	disagreement about the terms and conditions of work and mask deceptive payment
8	practices; and
9	WHEREAS, large delivery businesses that make extensive use of workers hired as independent
10	contractors have come under scrutiny for improperly paying delivery drivers, including
11	failure to pay drivers all tips earned from customers or using tips to subsidize promised
12	wages, and proving wage theft is difficult when hiring entities are not required to provide
13	an itemized accounting of earnings; and
14	WHEREAS, in 2017, Instacart agreed to pay \$4.6 million and make changes to how it explains
15	its fees to customers to settle a class-action lawsuit filed by shoppers and drivers over
16	allegations of improper tip pooling, failure to reimburse workers for business expenses,
17	and imposing a service fee reported to look like a tip; and
18	WHEREAS, in 2020, Door Dash agreed to pay \$2.5 million dollars in a settlement, including
19	\$1.5 million dollars paid directly to eligible delivery drivers, with the Office of Attorney
20	General of the District of Columbia over allegations that the company had misrepresented
21	what tip amounts meant for worker pay and took tips from workers to lower the
22	company's labor costs; and
23	WHEREAS, in 2019, the Los Angeles Times reported that Amazon delivery drivers suspected

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1	that Amazon was using their tips to subsidize promised wages but did not have
2	breakdowns of their compensation as proof of this practice, and two drivers tested their
3	suspicions by delivering items to their homes through Amazon and by tipping themselves
4	amounts that Amazon ultimately did not include in their compensation for the deliveries;
5	and
6	WHEREAS, in February 2021, Amazon agreed to pay \$61.7 million in a settlement with the
7	Federal Trade Commission (FTC) over allegations of withholding the full amount of
8	customer tips from AmazonFlex drivers, and the FTC alleged that Amazon withheld this
9	amount from workers by using the worker's tips to subsidize the company's guaranteed
10	minimum base pay to drivers for each order. As part of the settlement agreement,
11	Amazon was prohibited from misrepresenting any driver's income or rate of pay, the
12	amount of tips paid to workers, the amount of tips paid by customers, and making
13	changes to how tips are used as compensation without first obtaining the worker's
14	express informed consent; and
15	WHEREAS, large delivery businesses and other businesses that make extensive use of workers
16	hired as independent contractors have also come under scrutiny for misclassifying these
17	workers; and
18	WHEREAS, misclassification is the practice of improperly classifying employees as independent
19	contractors; and
20	WHEREAS, in 2015, the Economic Policy Institute (EPI) reported that across the country about
21	10 to 20 percent of employers misclassify workers as independent contractors and that
22	the numbers were likely increasing, thereby depriving substantial numbers of workers of
23	workplace protections that are afforded to employees, undermining worker bargaining

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1	power and leaving workers more vulnerable to wage theft, disadvantaging employers
2	who comply with employment rules and therefore have higher labor and administrative
3	costs, and resulting in losses of billions of dollars in tax revenue for local, state, and
4	federal governments alongside added costs of providing social services to uninsured
5	workers; and
6	WHEREAS, in 2019 the Harvard Law School Labor and Worklife Program reported that 19
7	percent of employers in the Seattle-Bellevue-Tukwila area engage in misclassification –
8	higher than the statewide misclassification average of 13 percent – and that the
9	prevalence of misclassification in Washington increased from 5 percent in 2008 to 14
10	percent in 2017, and averaged 16 percent over the past five years; and
11	WHEREAS, misclassification occurs in many growth industries such as home care, janitorial,
12	trucking, delivery, construction, personal services, hospitality and restaurants, and work
13	facilitated through online-enabled applications or platforms; and
14	WHEREAS, in 2021, the National Equity Atlas, a research partnership between PolicyLink and
15	the University of Southern California Equity Research Institute, reported that Black,
16	Latinx, and immigrant workers are overrepresented in these industries, compared to their
17	overall share of the labor force; and
18	WHEREAS, in 2020, the National Employment Law Project reported that it is increasingly clear
19	that misclassification is an issue of racial justice as many poor workers of color and
20	immigrant workers, deprived of the core rights and protections of employees, are stuck in
21	a separate and unequal economy where they are underpaid, put in harm's way on the job,
22	and left to fend for themselves; and

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1	WHEREAS, in February 2019, the City Council (Council) passed Resolution 31863 to address
2	the problem of misclassifying employees as independent contractors; and
3	WHEREAS, Resolution 31863 requested the Office of Labor Standards (OLS) and the Labor
4	Standards Advisory Commission (LSAC) to work on policy, outreach and enforcement
5	proposals to address the problem of misclassification; and
6	WHEREAS, in May 2020, the LSAC issued policy recommendations to create more
7	transparency and access to information for workers hired as independent contractors,
8	including recommendations for (1) pre-contract disclosures to provide independent
9	contractors with basic job information and (2) payment disclosures to provide a
10	description of the work performed and pay information; and
11	WHEREAS, requiring hiring entities to provide independent contractors with pre-contract
12	disclosures and payment disclosures aligns with transparency requirements for employees
13	in the Wage Theft Ordinance; and
14	WHEREAS, requiring hiring entities to provide independent contractors with timely payment
15	also aligns with compensation requirements for employees in the Wage Theft Ordinance;
16	and
17	WHEREAS, establishing rights to pre-contract and payment disclosures and timely payment
18	helps all workers hired as independent contractors, and especially those who are
19	misclassified and deprived of the right to receive this information as employees; and
20	WHEREAS, establishing efficient enforcement mechanisms for independent contractors to
21	enforce such rights prevents theft of earned income, promotes the dignity of these vital
22	workers, and increases their economic security and ability to care for themselves and
23	their families; and

1	WHEREAS, preventing theft of an independent contractor's earned income also promotes
2	business and economic development within the City by reducing unfair competition by
3	unscrupulous hiring entities that do not pay or underpay independent contractors; and
4	WHEREAS, establishing labor standards requirements for commercial hiring entities hiring
5	independent contractors and all hiring entities hiring an independent contractor to
6	perform domestic worker services improves the working conditions and livelihood of a
7	wide swath of workers; and
8	WHEREAS, in 2020, the Domestic Workers Standards Board issued recommendations to the
9	Council and Mayor stating their interest in establishing requirements for hiring entities to
10	provide domestic workers with information about their rights and the conditions of their
11	work; and
12	WHEREAS, there are over 30,000 domestic workers working in Seattle and many of these
13	workers are hired as independent contractors; and
14	WHEREAS, a Seattle Domestic Workers Alliance (SDWA) survey of domestic workers found
15	that 20 percent of domestic workers in Seattle have experienced wage theft, and workers
16	of color who primarily speak a language other than English are more likely to experience
17	wage theft (28 percent and 31 percent, respectively); and
18	WHEREAS, the SDWA survey also found that 56 percent of domestic workers do not have any
19	written record of their job duties or pay, particularly workers of color and immigrants,
20	and workers without this information are more likely to experience workplace violations;
21	and
22	WHEREAS, in 2020, the EPI reported that the vast majority (91.5 percent) of domestic workers
23	are women and just over half (52.4 percent) are black, Hispanic, or Asian

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1	American/Pacific Islander women, and domestic workers are three times as likely to be
2	living in poverty as other workers, and almost three times as likely to either be in poverty
3	or be above the poverty line but still without sufficient income to make ends meet; and
4	WHEREAS, in 2021, the EPI also reported that workers of color predominate in the low-paying
5	jobs where misclassification is common and all workers who are misclassified suffer
6	from lack of workplace protections but women, people of color, and immigrants face
7	unique barriers to economic insecurity and disproportionately must accept low-wage,
8	unsafe, and insecure working conditions; and
9	WHEREAS, The City of Seattle (City) is committed to ending racial disparities and achieving
10	racial equity in Seattle; and
11	WHEREAS, the City is a leader on wage, labor, and workforce practices that improve workers'
12	lives, support economic security, and contribute to a fair, healthy, and vibrant economy;
13	and
14	WHEREAS, the City has passed seven ordinances that extend employee protections to
15	independent contractors; and
16	WHEREAS, the Domestic Workers Ordinance (SMC Chapter 14.23), Paid Sick and Safe Time
17	(PSST) for Gig Workers Ordinance (Ordinance 126091), Premium Pay for Gig Workers
18	Ordinance (Ordinance 126094), the TNC Driver Deactivation Rights Ordinance (SMC
19	Chapter 14.32), and the TNC Driver Minimum Compensation Ordinance (SMC Chapter
20	14.33) require hiring entities to provide minimum labor standards such as minimum
21	compensation, paid leave, protection from unwarranted deactivation, and premium pay
22	for independent contractors who perform certain types of work; and

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1	WHEREAS, the Seattle Fair Employment Practices Ordinance (SMC Chapter 14.04) prohibits
2	employers from discriminating against domestic workers regardless of their employment
3	status, and the Fair Contracting Practices ordinance (SMC Chapter 14.10) prohibits
4	business enterprises from engaging in discriminatory contracting practices; and
5	WHEREAS, establishing new labor standards for independent contractors, such as requirements
6	for pre-contract disclosures, timely payment, and payment disclosures, requires
7	appropriate action by the Council; NOW, THEREFORE,
8	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:
9	Section 1. A new Chapter 14.34 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
10	Chapter 14.34 INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR PROTECTIONS
11	14.34.010 Short title
12	This Chapter 14.34 shall constitute the "Independent Contractor Protections Ordinance" and may
13	be cited as such.
14	14.34.020 Definitions
15	For purposes of this Chapter 14.34:
16	"Adverse action" means reducing compensation, garnishing tips or gratuities, temporarily
17	or permanently denying or limiting access to work, incentives, or bonuses, offering less desirable
18	work, terminating, deactivating, threatening, penalizing, retaliating, engaging in unfair
19	immigration-related practices, filing a false report with a government agency, or otherwise
20	discriminating against any person for any reason prohibited by Section 14.34.120. "Adverse
21	action" for an independent contractor may involve any aspect of the contractor's work, including
22	compensation, work hours, responsibilities, or other material change in the terms and conditions
23	in the ability of the independent contractor to perform services for or through the hiring entity.

"Adverse action" also includes any action by the hiring entity or a person acting on the hiring
 entity's behalf that would dissuade a reasonable person from exercising any right afforded by
 this Chapter 14.34.

4 "Agency" means the Office of Labor Standards and any division therein. 5 "Aggrieved party" means an independent contractor or other person who suffers tangible 6 or intangible harm due to a hiring entity or other person's violation of this Chapter 14.34. 7 "Application dispatch" means technology that allows customers to directly request dispatch of independent contractors for provision of services and/or allows independent 8 9 contractors or hiring entities to accept requests for services and payments for services via the 10 internet using mobile interfaces such as, but not limited to, smartphone and tablet applications. "City" means The City of Seattle. 11 12 "Commercial hiring entity" means a hiring entity that regularly engages in business or commercial activity. A hiring entity is regularly engaged in business or commercial activity if 13 14 the hiring entity owns or operates any trade, occupation, or business, including a not for profit 15 business, or holds itself out as engaging in any trade, occupation, or business. "Commercial 16 hiring entity" includes those hiring platform gig workers to provide prearranged services, but it 17 does not include the third parties purchasing such services.

18 "Compensation" means the payment owed to an independent contractor by reason of
19 working for the hiring entity, including but not limited to hiring entity payments for providing
20 services, bonuses, and commissions, as well as tips and service charge distributions.

"Director" means the Director of the Office of Labor Standards or the Director's designee.

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1	"Director rules" means: (1) rules the Director or Agency may promulgate pursuant to
2	subsection 14.34.130.B or 14.34.130.C; or (2) other rules that the Director identifies, by means
3	of an Agency Q&A, previously promulgated pursuant to authority in this Title 14. Rules the
4	Director identifies by means of an Agency Q&A shall have the force and effect of law and may
5	be relied on by hiring entities, independent contractors, and other parties to determine their rights
6	and responsibilities under this Chapter 14.34.
7	"Domestic worker" means "domestic worker" as defined by Section 14.23.010.
8	"Employ" means to suffer or permit to work.
9	"Employee" means any individual employed by an employer, including but not limited
10	to full-time employees, part-time employees, and temporary workers. An employer bears the
11	burden of proof that the individual is, as a matter of economic reality, in business for oneself
12	rather than dependent upon the alleged employer.
13	"Employer" means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust,
14	or any entity, person or group of persons, or a successor thereof, that employs another person
15	and includes any such entity or person acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an
16	employer in relation to an employee. More than one entity may be the "employer" if
17	employment by one employer is not completely disassociated from employment by the other
18	employer.
19	"Hiring entity" means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, business
20	trust, or any entity, person or group of persons, or a successor thereof, that hires an independent
21	contractor to provide any service to the hiring entity or a third party.

"Hiring entity payment" means the amount owed to an independent contractor by reason of working for the hiring entity, including but not limited to payment for providing services, bonuses, and commissions. "Independent contractor" means a person or entity composed of no more than one person, regardless of corporate form or method of organizing the person's business, that is hired by a hiring entity as a self-employed person or entity to provide services in exchange for compensation. "Independent contractor" includes a platform gig worker. "Independent contractor" does not include: 1. Any person duly authorized to practice law and who is engaged in the practice of law for the services at issue; 2. Any person who is a licensed medical professional acting within the scope of that license for the services at issue; and 4. Pursuant to rules that the Director may issue, any person working in a profession that is governed by a comparable code of ethics and who is working within the scope of that profession for the services at issue. "Online order" or "online order for work" means an order for services placed through an online-enabled application or platform, including but not limited to an application dispatch system, provided by a hiring entity. "Platform gig worker" means an independent contractor hired by a hiring entity to provide prearranged services for compensation using an online-enabled application or platform to connect third parties (e.g., customers) with workers. "Primary language" means the language in which the independent contractor feels most comfortable communicating.

"Rate of inflation" means 100 percent of the annual average growth rate of the bimonthly Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue Area Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers, termed CPI-W, for the 12-month period ending in August, provided that the percentage increase shall not be less than zero. "Respondent" means a hiring entity or any person who is alleged or found to have committed a violation of this ordinance.

6 "Successor" means any person to whom a hiring entity quitting, selling out, exchanging, 7 or disposing of a business sells or otherwise conveys in bulk and not in the ordinary course of the 8 hiring entity's business, a major part of the property, whether real or personal, tangible or 9 intangible, of the hiring entity's business. For purposes of this definition, "person" means an 10 individual, receiver, administrator, executor, assignee, trustee in bankruptcy, trust, estate, firm, 11 corporation, business trust, partnership, limited liability partnership, company, joint stock 12 company, limited liability company, association, joint venture, or any other legal or commercial 13 entity.

"Tip" or "tips" means a verifiable sum to be presented by a customer as a gift or gratuity in recognition of some service performed for the customer by the independent contractor receiving the tip.

"Written" or "writing" means a printed or printable communication in physical or
electronic format, including but not limited to a communication that is transmitted through email,
text message, or a computer or mobile system, or that is otherwise sent and maintained
electronically.

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14.34.030 Independent contractor coverage

A. For the purposes of this Chapter 14.34, covered independent contractors are limited to
those who perform work for a covered hiring entity, where (1) the work is performed in whole or

1	part in Seattle, and (2) the hiring entity knows or has reason to know that the work is performed
2	in whole or part in Seattle.
3	B. The determination of whether a hiring entity knows or has reason to know that work is
4	performed in whole or part in Seattle, may be demonstrated by any number of factors, including
5	but not limited to:
6	1. The hiring entity specifies the location of the work to be performed, including a
7	service area that is wholly or partially within Seattle;
8	2. The hiring entity provides a location within Seattle at which the independent
9	contractor is permitted or required to perform the work;
10	3. The independent contractor maintains a regular place of business at an address
11	in Seattle and the hiring entity is aware of this regular place of business as indicated by inclusion
12	of the independent contractor's address in Seattle in a pre-contract disclosure, written contract,
13	payment, or other means;
14	4. The independent contractor provides information to the hiring entity indicating
15	that work will be performed in whole or part in Seattle;
16	5. The independent contractor provides services that in fact include a work-related
17	or commercial stop in Seattle; or
18	6. Pursuant to rules that the Director may issue, other factors that are material and
19	necessary to effectuate the terms of this Chapter 14.34.
20	C. If a pre-contract disclosure, payment disclosure, or a written contract references
21	Seattle as a location for services or the independent contractor's regular place of business, there
22	shall be a presumption rebuttable by clear and convincing evidence that the hiring entity knows
23	or has reason to know that the independent contractor's work is performed in whole or part in

Seattle. The lack of a reference to Seattle in the disclosures or contract does not conclusively
 establish that a hiring entity did not know, or did not have reason to know, that work was to be
 performed in Seattle.

D. Time spent by an employee in Seattle solely for the purpose of travelling through
Seattle from a point of origin outside Seattle to a destination outside Seattle, with no workrelated or commercial stops in Seattle except for refueling or the independent contractor's
personal meals or errands, does not create coverage for an independent contractor under this
Chapter 14.34.

9 C. Independent contractors who are employees under Chapter 14.20 for covered hiring
10 entities are not covered independent contractors under this Chapter 14.34. Hiring entities must
11 make all required disclosures and pay all compensation owed to such workers in accordance with
12 their obligations under Chapter 14.20.

14.34.040 Hiring entity coverage

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A. For the purposes of this Chapter 14.34, covered hiring entities are limited to (1) a commercial hiring entity that hires an independent contractor for services as part of the commercial hiring entity's business or commercial activity; or (2) a hiring entity covered by Chapter 14.23 that hires an independent contractor for domestic services provided by a domestic worker.

B. Separate entities that form an integrated enterprise shall be considered a single hiring
entity under this ordinance. Separate entities will be considered an integrated enterprise and a
single hiring entity under this ordinance where a separate entity controls the operation of another
entity. The factors to consider in making this assessment include, but are not limited to:

1. Degree of interrelation between the operations of multiple entities;

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1	2. Degree to which the entities share common management;
2	3. Centralized control of labor relations;
3	4. Degree of common ownership or financial control over the entities; and
4	5. Use of a common brand, trade, business, or operating name.
5	14.34.050 Pre-contract disclosure
6	A. Prior to an independent contractor beginning work for the hiring entity, the hiring
7	entity shall provide the independent contractor with a written pre-contract disclosure that
8	provides itemized information on the proposed terms and conditions of work, including but not
9	limited to:
10	1. Current date;
11	2. Name of the independent contractor;
12	3. Name of the hiring entity;
13	4. Contact information for the hiring entity, including but not limited to physical
14	address, mailing address, telephone number, and/or email address as applicable;
15	5. Description of work;
16	6. Location(s) of work and/or regular place of business of independent
17	contractor or hiring entity;
18	7. Rate or rates of pay, including, but not limited to, any applicable price
19	multiplier or variable pricing policy, or incentive pay applicable to the offer of work;
20	8. Estimated tips and/or service charge distributions, if the hiring entity includes
21	tips or service charge distributions as part of the offered compensation;
22	9. Pay basis (e.g., hour, day, week, monthly, fee per project, piece rate,
23	commission);

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1	10. Tips and/or service charge distribution policy;
2	11. Typical expenses incurred in the course of work and which expenses will be
3	paid or reimbursed by the hiring entity;
4	12. Deductions, fees, or other charges that the hiring entity may subtract from
5	payment and accompanying policies for each type of charge;
6	13. Payment schedule; and
7	14. Pursuant to rules that the Director may issue, other information that is
8	material and necessary to effectuate the terms of this Chapter 14.34.
9	B. Hiring entities shall satisfy the pre-contract disclosure requirements by providing the
10	required information in a single document, which may be in the form of a pre-contract
11	disclosure, contract offer, counteroffer, application, or other single document meeting the
12	disclosure requirements.
13	C. Hiring entities shall provide platform gig workers with a pre-contract disclosure at
14	the initial time of hire and for each online order for work covered by this Chapter 14.34.
15	However, pre-contract disclosures for each online order may abbreviate or omit information
16	required by subsections 14.34.050.A.4 and 14.34.050.A.10-13 if the hiring entity fully
17	provided such information in the pre-contract disclosure provided at the initial time of hire and
18	there have been no changes to such information.
19	D. Hiring entities shall provide an independent contractor with written notice of any
20	change to the information required by subsection 14.34.050.A.1-12 before the change takes
21	place, or as soon as practicable for retroactive changes to such information. Hiring entities may
22	provide piece-meal notice of such changes (i.e., notice separate from the single document
23	required in subsection 14.34.050.B). However, for changes to more than six of the items

required by subsection 14.34.050.A.1-12, hiring entities shall issue a revised single document with all disclosures required by subsection 14.34.050.A.

E. Hiring entities shall provide the pre-contract disclosure in a format that is readily accessible to the independent contractor. Hiring entities hiring platform gig workers shall provide the pre-contract disclosure in an electronic format via smartphone application or online web portal.

F. Hiring entities shall provide the pre-contract disclosure in English and any language that the hiring entity knows or has reason to know is the primary language of the independent contractor. The Agency shall create and distribute a model notice of the pre-contract disclosure in English, Spanish, and other languages.

G. Hiring entities shall satisfy pre-contract disclosure requirements for independent contractors working for the hiring entity as of March 1, 2022 by providing the required information by March 31, 2022 or by the date of compensation, whichever date is sooner.

14.34.055 Timely payment

A. Except as otherwise provided by law, the hiring entity shall provide the independent contractor with timely compensation for work performed.

B. The hiring entity shall provide compensation pursuant to the terms and conditions of the pre-contract disclosure required by Section 14.34.050, provided that the terms and conditions of a contract for the services at issue shall take precedence over the terms and conditions of a pre-contract disclosure.

C. If an independent contractor performs agreed-upon work for the hiring entity and the
 hiring entity has not provided a pre-contract disclosure regarding the terms and conditions of
 payment, there is a rebuttable presumption that the independent contractor's alleged terms and

1	conditions of the contractual relationship are the terms and conditions of the contractual
2	relationship pursuant to subsections 14.34.170.C and 14.34.230.B.
3	D. The hiring entity shall provide the compensation as follows:
4	1. On or before the date the compensation is due under the terms and conditions
5	of the pre-contract disclosure or contract; or
6	2. If the pre-contract disclosure or contract does not specify when the hiring
7	entity shall provide the independent contractor with compensation or the mechanism by which
8	the date for compensation shall be determined, the hiring entity shall provide the independent
9	contractor with compensation no later than 30 days after the completion of the independent
10	contactor's services under the pre-contract disclosure or contract.
11	E. Once the independent contractor has commenced performance of the services under
12	the pre-contract disclosure or contract, the hiring entity shall not require as a condition of
13	timely compensation that the independent contractor accept less compensation than the amount
14	of compensation in the pre-contract disclosure or contract.
15	14.34.060 Payment disclosure
16	A. Each time the hiring entity provides the independent contractor with compensation,
17	the hiring entity shall provide a written payment disclosure that provides itemized payment
18	information, including but not limited to:
19	1. Current date;
20	2. Name of independent contractor;
21	3. Name of hiring entity;
22	4. Description of services covered by payment (e.g., description of project, tasks
23	completed, or hours worked);

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1	5. Location of services covered by payment;
2	6. Rate or rates of pay, including, but not limited to, any applicable price
3	multiplier or variable pricing policy, or incentive pay applicable to the offer of work;
4	7. Tips, or service charge distributions;
5	8. Pay basis with accounting of method(s) for determining payment earned during
6	the pay period;
7	9. Expenses reimbursed;
8	10. Gross payment;
9	11. Deductions, fees, or other charges;
10	12. Net payment after deductions, fees, or other charges; and
11	13. Pursuant to rules that the Director may issue, other information that is material
12	and necessary to effectuate the terms of this Chapter 14.34.
13	B. Hiring entities shall satisfy the payment disclosure requirements in subsection
14	14.34.060.A by providing the required information in a single document, including but not
15	limited to a payment disclosure notice, paycheck stub, or an independent contractor's invoice
16	accompanied by a single document with supplemental information as necessary.
17	C. In addition to providing a payment disclosure at the time of compensation, hiring
18	entities hiring shall o provide a platform gig worker with a payment disclosure within 24 hours
19	of the platform gig worker's completing each online order for work covered by this Chapter
20	14.34.
21	D. The Agency shall create and distribute a model notice of the payment disclosure in
22	English, Spanish, and other languages.

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1	E. Hiring entities compensating independent contractors covered by Chapter 14.33
2	(Transportation Network Company Driver Minimum Compensation Ordinance) may satisfy
3	the pay disclosure requirements in subsection 14.34.060.A by providing the required notices in
4	subsections 14.33.100.C and 14.33.100.D.
5	14.34.100 Notice of rights
6	A. Hiring entities shall provide each independent contractor with a written notice of
7	rights established by this Chapter 14.34.
8	1. For independent contractors working for the hiring entity as of March 1, 2022,
9	hiring entities shall provide the notice of rights by March 31, 2022 or by the date of
10	compensation, whichever date is sooner.
11	2. For independent contractors hired by the hiring entity after March 1, 2022,
12	hiring entities shall provide the notice of rights prior to the independent contractor beginning
13	work for the hiring entity.
14	3. Hiring entities shall provide the notice of rights in a format that is readily
15	accessible to the independent contractor. For platform gig workers, hiring entities shall provide
16	the notice of rights in an electronic format via smartphone application or online web portal.
17	4. Hiring entities shall provide the notice of rights in English and any language
18	that the hiring entity knows or has reason to know is the primary language of the independent
19	contractor.
20	B. The notice of rights shall provide information on:
21	1. The right to pre-contract disclosures, timely payment, and payment disclosures
22	guaranteed by this Chapter 14.34;

1 2. The right to be protected from retaliation for exercising in good faith the rights 2 protected by this Chapter 14.34; 3 3. The right to file a complaint with the Agency or bring a civil action for a 4 violation of the requirements of this Chapter 14.34, including a hiring entity's failure to provide 5 pre-contract disclosure, timely payment, and payment disclosures, and a hiring entity or other 6 person's retaliation against an independent contractor or other person for asserting the right to 7 these disclosures or otherwise engaging in an activity protected by this Chapter 14.34; and 8 4. Pursuant to rules that the Director may issue, other information that is 9 material and necessary to effectuate the terms of this Chapter 14.34. 10 C. The Agency shall create and distribute a model notice of rights in English and other 11 languages. 12 **14.34.110** Hiring entity records A. Hiring entities shall retain records that document compliance with this Chapter 14.34 13 14 for each independent contractor. 15 B. Hiring entities shall retain the records required by subsection 14.34.110.A for a period 16 of three years. 17 C. If a hiring entity fails to retain adequate records required under subsection 18 14.34.110.A, there shall be a presumption, rebuttable by clear and convincing evidence, that the 19 hiring entity violated this Chapter 14.34 for the periods and for each independent contractor for 20 whom records were not retained. 21 14.34.120 Retaliation prohibited 22 A. No hiring entity or any other person shall interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise 23 of, or the attempt to exercise, any right protected under this Chapter 14.34.

B. No hiring entity or any other person shall take any adverse action against any person because the person has exercised in good faith the rights protected under this Chapter 14.34. Such rights include, but are not limited to, the right to make inquiries about the rights protected under this Chapter 14.34; the right to inform others about their rights under this Chapter 14.34; the right to inform the person's hiring entity, the person's legal counsel, a union or similar organization, or any other person about an alleged violation of this Chapter 14.34; the right to file an oral or written complaint with the Agency or bring a civil action for an alleged violation of this Chapter 14.34; the right to cooperate with the Agency in its investigations of this Chapter 14.34; the right to testify in a proceeding under or related to this Chapter 14.34; the right to refuse to participate in an activity that would result in a violation of city, state or federal law; and the right to oppose any policy, practice, or act that is unlawful under this Chapter 14.34.

C. No hiring entity or any other person shall communicate to a person exercising rights protected in this Section 14.34.120, directly or indirectly, the willingness to inform a government worker that the person is not lawfully in the United States, or to report, or to make an implied or express assertion of a willingness to report, suspected citizenship or immigration status of an independent contractor or family member of an independent contractor to a federal, state, or local agency because the independent contractor has exercised a right under this Chapter 14.34.

D. It shall be a rebuttable presumption of retaliation if a hiring entity or any other person takes an adverse action against a person within 90 days of the person's exercise of rights
protected in this Section 14.34.120. The hiring entity may rebut the presumption with clear and convincing evidence that the adverse action was taken for a permissible purpose.

E. Proof of retaliation under this Section 14.34.120 shall be sufficient upon a showingthat a hiring entity or any other person has taken an adverse action against a person and the

person's exercise of rights protected in this Section 14.34.120 was a motivating factor in theadverse action, unless the hiring entity can prove that the action would have been taken in theabsence of such protected activity.

F. The protections afforded under this Section 14.34.120 shall apply to any person who
mistakenly but in good faith alleges violations of this Chapter 14.34.

G. A complaint or other communication by any person triggers the protections of this Section 14.34.120 regardless of whether the complaint or communication is in writing or makes explicit reference to this Chapter 14.34.

14.34.130 Enforcement power and duties

A. The Agency shall have the power to enforce this Chapter 14.34 and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as are defined in this Chapter 14.34 and otherwise necessary and proper in the performance of the same and provided for by law.

B. The Agency is authorized to coordinate implementation and enforcement of thisChapter 14.34 and may promulgate appropriate guidelines or rules for such purposes.

C. The Director is authorized to promulgate rules consistent with this Chapter 14.34 and Chapter 3.02. Any guidelines or rules promulgated by the Director shall have the force and effect of law and may be relied on by hiring entities, independent contractors, and other parties to determine their rights and responsibilities under this Chapter 14.34.

9 14.34.140 Violation

20 The failure of any respondent to comply with any requirement imposed on the respondent under21 this Chapter 14.34 is a violation.

22 **14.34.150 Investigation**

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A. The Agency shall have the power to investigate any violations of this Chapter 14.34
 by any respondent. The Agency may initiate an investigation pursuant to Director rules,
 including but not limited to situations when the Director has reason to believe that a violation has
 occurred or will occur, or when circumstances show that violations are likely to occur within a
 class of hiring entities or businesses because the workforce contains significant numbers of
 independent contractors who are vulnerable to violations of this Chapter 14.34 or the workforce

is unlikely to volunteer information regarding such violations. An investigation may also be initiated through the receipt by the Agency of a report or complaint filed by an independent contractor or other person.

B. An independent contractor or other person may report to the Agency any suspected violation of this Chapter 14.34. The Agency shall encourage reporting pursuant to this Section 14.34.150 by taking the following measures:

1. The Agency shall keep confidential, to the maximum extent permitted by
 applicable laws, the name and other identifying information of the independent contractor or
 person reporting the violation. However, with the authorization of such person, the Agency may
 disclose the independent contractor's or person's name and identifying information as necessary
 to enforce this Chapter 14.34 or for other appropriate purposes.

2. The Agency may require the hiring entity to post or otherwise notify other
 independent contractors working for the hiring entity that the Agency is conducting an
 investigation. The hiring entity shall provide the notice of investigation in a form, place, and
 manner designated by the Agency. The Agency shall create the notice of investigation in English
 and other languages.

1	3. The Agency may certify the eligibility of eligible persons for "U" Visas under
2	the provisions of 8 U.S.C. § 1184.p and 8 U.S.C. § 1101.a.15.U. This certification is subject to
3	applicable federal law and regulations, and Director rules.
4	C. The Agency's investigation shall commence within three years of the alleged violation.
5	To the extent permitted by law, the applicable statute of limitations for civil actions is tolled
6	during any investigation under this Chapter 14.34 and any administrative enforcement
7	proceeding under this Chapter 14.34 based upon the same facts. For purposes of this Chapter
8	14.34:
9	1. The Agency's investigation begins on the earlier date of when the Agency
10	receives a complaint from a person under this Chapter 14.34, or when the Agency provides
11	notice to the respondent that an investigation has commenced under this Chapter 14.34.
12	2. The Agency's investigation ends when the Agency issues a final order
13	concluding the matter and any appeals have been exhausted; the time to file any appeal has
14	expired; or the Agency notifies the respondent in writing that the investigation has been
15	otherwise resolved.
16	D. The Agency's investigation shall be conducted in an objective and impartial manner.
17	E. The Director may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form allowed under RCW
18	9A.72.085 to the Hearing Examiner for the issuance of subpoenas requiring a hiring entity to
19	produce the records required by Section 14.34.110, or for the attendance and testimony of
20	witnesses, or for the production of documents required to be retained under Section 14.34.110, or
21	any other document relevant to the issue of whether any independent contractor or group of
22	independent contractors received the information or other benefits required by this Chapter
23	14.34, and/or to whether a hiring entity has violated any provision of this Chapter 14.34. The

Hearing Examiner shall conduct the review without hearing as soon as practicable and shall issue
subpoenas upon a showing that there is reason to believe that: a violation has occurred, a
complaint has been filed with the Agency, that circumstances show that violations are likely to
occur within a class of businesses because the workforce contains significant numbers of
independent contractors who are vulnerable to violations of this Chapter 14.34, the workforce is
unlikely to volunteer information regarding such violations, or the Agency has gathered
preliminary information indicating that a violation may have occurred.

F. A hiring entity that fails to comply with the terms of any subpoena issued under subsection 14.34.150.E in an investigation by the Agency under this Chapter 14.34 before the issuance of a Director's Order issued pursuant to subsection 14.34.160.C may not use such records in any appeal to challenge the correctness of any determination by the Agency of liability, damages owed, or penalties assessed.

G. In addition to other remedies, the Director may refer any subpoena issued under subsection 14.34.150.E to the City Attorney to seek a court order to enforce any subpoena.

H. Where the Director has reason to believe that a violation has occurred, the Director
may order any appropriate temporary or interim relief to mitigate the violation or maintain the
status quo pending completion of a full investigation or hearing, including but not limited to a
deposit of funds or bond sufficient to satisfy a good-faith estimate of compensation, interest,
damages, and penalties due. A respondent may appeal any such order in accordance with Section
14.34.180.

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14.34.160 Findings of fact and determination

A. Except when there is an agreed upon settlement, the Director shall issue a written
determination with findings of fact resulting from the investigation and statement of whether a

1	violation of this Chapter 14.34 has or has not occurred based on a preponderance of the evidence
2	before the Director.
3	B. If the Director determines that there is no violation of this Chapter 14.34, the Director
4	shall issue a "Determination of No Violation" with notice of an independent contractor's or other
5	person's right to appeal the decision, pursuant to Director rules.
6	C. If the Director determines that a violation of this Chapter 14.34 has occurred, the
7	Director shall issue a "Director's Order" that shall include a notice of violation identifying the
8	violation or violations.
9	1. The Director's Order shall state with specificity the amounts due under this
10	Chapter 14.34 for each violation, including payment of unpaid compensation, liquidated
11	damages, civil penalties, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, fines, and interest pursuant to
12	Section 14.34.170.
13	2. The Director's Order may specify that civil penalties and fines due to the
14	Agency can be mitigated for respondent's timely payment of remedy due to an aggrieved party
15	pursuant to subsection 14.34.170.A.4.
16	3. The Director's Order may specify that civil penalties and fines are due to the
17	aggrieved party rather than due to the Agency.
18	4. The Director's Order may direct the respondent to take such corrective action as
19	is necessary to comply with the requirements of this Chapter 14.34, including but not limited to
20	monitored compliance for a reasonable time period.
21	5. The Director's Order shall include notice of the respondent's right to appeal the
22	decision pursuant to Section 14.34.180.
23	14.34.165 Complaint procedure

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A. The Agency shall have the power to respond to any violations of this Chapter 14.34 with a complaint procedure.

2	with a complaint procedure.
3	B. The Agency may initiate a complaint procedure as an alternative enforcement method
4	to an investigation for responding to a report or complaint by any person of a violation of this
5	Chapter 14.34. The Director may issue rules for the complaint procedure, including but not
6	limited to rules to establish the timeline for sending the information required by subsection
7	14.34.170.D and to indicate when the Agency may prioritize use of a complaint procedure prior
8	to an investigation or in lieu of an investigation. The Director may also establish other
9	enforcement methods to efficiently resolve violations of this Chapter 14.34.
10	C. The Agency may require the complainant to provide information pursuant to the
11	complaint procedure, including but not limited to:
12	1. Contact information for the independent contractor and hiring entity;
13	2. A statement describing the proposed terms and conditions of work, such as the
14	information required by the pre-contract disclosure pursuant to Section 14.34.050;
15	3. A copy of the pre-contract disclosure, if available; and
16	4. A statement describing the alleged violations of this Chapter 14.34.
17	D. The Agency shall send notices to the hiring entity and complainant, including but not
18	limited to:
19	1. Notice of the alleged violation(s). The Agency shall send notice to the hiring
20	entity of the alleged violation(s) of this Chapter 14.34. The Agency shall bear the cost of sending
21	such notice by certified mail or by other means incurring a cost to the Agency. This notice shall
22	include but not be limited to:
23	a. Statement of the alleged violation(s) of this Chapter 14.34; and

1	b. Description of the remedies available to an independent contractor for
2	violation(s) of this Chapter 14.34;
3	2. Response from the hiring entity. Within 20 days of service of the notice to
4	hiring entity of the alleged violation, the hiring entity shall send the Agency one of the
5	following:
6	a. Written statement that the hiring entity provided the independent
7	contractor with the pre-contract disclosure, timely payment in full, or payment disclosure
8	required by this Chapter 14.34 and proof of such disclosure(s) or payment; or
9	b. Written statement that the hiring entity did not provide the independent
10	contractor the pre-contract disclosure, timely payment in full, or payment disclosure required by
11	this Chapter 14.34 and the reason(s) for not providing such disclosure(s) or payment.
12	3. Notice to the complainant of the response from the hiring entity. The Agency
13	shall send a notice to the complainant of the response from the hiring entity. This notice to the
14	complainant shall include but not be limited to:
15	a. The response from hiring entity, including any enclosures;
16	b. Information on the right to bring a civil action in a court of competent
17	jurisdiction;
18	c. Any other information about the status of the complaint; and
19	d. Information about the navigation program pursuant to Section
20	14.34.167.
21	4. Notice of no response. If the Agency receives no response from the hiring
22	entity within the timeframe established by Director rule for subsection 14.34.165.D.3, the
23	Agency shall send a notice of no response to the complainant and the hiring entity, and shall

1	include proof that the Agency previously sent notice of the alleged violation(s) to the hiring
2	entity.
3	5. Notice of closure. The Agency shall the complainant and hiring entity notice of
4	the Agency's completion of the complaint procedure and/or closure of the case.
5	E. Upon satisfying the requirements of subsections 14.34.165.C and 14.34.165.D, the
6	Agency may close the case.
7	14.34.167 Navigation program
8	A. The Agency shall establish a navigation program that provides intake and information
9	relating to the provisions of this Chapter 14.34.
10	1. The navigation program shall provide a range of information, including but not
11	limited to:
12	a. Information on the provisions and procedures of this Chapter 14.34;
13	b. Model notices of the pre-contract disclosure, payment disclosure, and
14	notice of rights required by this Chapter 14.34;
15	c. General court information, including but not limited to:
16	i. Information on court procedures for filing civil actions in small
17	claims, district court, and superior court; and
18	ii. Information on obtaining translation and interpretation services,
19	and other courtroom services;
20	d. A list of organizations that can be used to identify attorneys;
21	e. Organizations providing outreach and education, and/or legal assistance
22	to independent contractors;

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1	f. Information about classifying workers as employees or independent
2	contractors; and
3	g. As determined by the Director, additional information related to the
4	provisions of this Chapter 14.34, other workplace protections for independent contractors, or
5	other resources for resolving workplace issues.
6	2. The navigation program shall include outreach and education to the public on
7	the provisions and procedures of this Chapter 14.34.
8	3. The navigation program shall not include legal advice from the Agency.
9	However, if the Agency refers an independent contractor to a community organization through
10	the navigation program, the community organization is not precluded from providing legal
11	advice.
12	14.34.170 Remedies
13	A. The payment of unpaid compensation, liquidated damages of up to twice the amount
14	of unpaid compensation, civil penalties, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, fines, and interest
15	provided under this Chapter 14.34 is cumulative and is not intended to be exclusive of any other
16	available remedies, penalties, fines, and procedures.
17	1. The amounts of all civil penalties, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, and
18	fines contained in this Section 14.34.170 shall be increased annually to reflect the rate of
19	inflation and calculated to the nearest cent on January 1 of each year thereafter. The Agency
20	shall determine the amounts and file a schedule of such amounts with the City Clerk.
21	2. If a violation is ongoing when the Agency receives a complaint or opens an
22	investigation, the Director may order payment of unpaid compensation plus interest that accrues

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1	after receipt of the complaint or after the investigation opens and before the date of the Director's
2	Order.
3	3. Interest shall accrue from the date the unpaid compensation was first due at 12
4	percent annum, or the maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020.
5	4. If there is a remedy due to an aggrieved party, the Director may waive part or
6	all civil penalties and fines due to the Agency based on timely payment of the full remedy due to
7	the aggrieved party.
8	a. The Director may waive the total amount of civil penalties and fines due
9	to the Agency if the Director determines that the respondent paid the full remedy due to the
10	aggrieved party within ten days of service of the Director's Order.
11	b. The Director may waive half the amount of civil penalties and fines due
12	to the Agency if the Director determines that the respondent paid the full remedy due to the
13	aggrieved party within 15 days of service of the Director's Order.
14	c. The Director shall not waive any amount of civil penalties and fines due
15	to the Agency if the Director determines that the respondent has not paid the full remedy due to
16	the aggrieved party after 15 days of service of the Director's Order.
17	5. When determining the amount of liquidated damages, civil penalties, penalties
18	payable to aggrieved parties, and fines due under this Section 14.34.170 for a settlement
19	agreement or Director's Order, including but not limited to the mitigation of civil penalties and
20	fines due to the Agency for timely payment of remedy due to an aggrieved party under
21	subsection 14.34.170.A.4, the Director may consider:
22	a. The total amount of unpaid compensation, liquidated damages,
23	penalties, fines, and interest due;

	D1g
1	b. The nature and persistence of the violations;
2	c. The extent of the respondent's culpability;
3	d. The substantive or technical nature of the violations;
4	e. The size, revenue, and human resources capacity of the respondent;
5	f. The circumstances of each situation;
6	g. The amount of penalties in similar situations; and
7	h. Pursuant to rules that the Director may issue, other factors that are
8	material and necessary to effectuate the terms of this Chapter 14.34.
9	B. A respondent found to be in violation of this Chapter 14.34 shall be liable for full
10	payment of unpaid compensation due plus interest in favor of the aggrieved party under the
11	terms of this Chapter 14.34, and other equitable relief. If the precise amount of unpaid
12	compensation cannot be determined due to a respondent's failure to produce records or if a
13	respondent produces records in a manner or form which makes timely determination of the
14	amount of unpaid compensation impracticable, the Director may designate a daily amount for
15	unpaid compensation due to aggrieved party. For any violation of this Chapter 14.34, the
16	Director may assess liquidated damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid
17	compensation.
18	C. If the independent contractor performs agreed-upon work for a hiring entity and the
19	hiring entity has not provided a pre-contract disclosure pursuant to Section 14.34.050 or the
20	hiring entity has not conformed to the terms and conditions of the pre-contract disclosure
21	pursuant to Section 14.34.050, there shall be a presumption, rebuttable by clear and convincing

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evidence, such as a written contract, that the independent contractor's alleged terms and

1 conditions of the contractual relationship are the terms and conditions of the contractual 2 relationship.

D. A respondent found to be in violation of this Chapter 14.34 for retaliation under 3 4 Section 14.34.120 shall be subject to any appropriate relief at law or equity including, but not 5 limited to reinstatement of the aggrieved party, front pay in lieu of reinstatement with full 6 payment of unpaid compensation plus interest in favor of the aggrieved party under the terms of 7 this Chapter 14.34, and liquidated damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid compensation. The Director also shall order the imposition of a penalty payable to the aggrieved 8 9 party of up to \$5,565.10.

E. The Director is authorized to assess civil penalties for a violation of this Chapter 14.34 10 and may specify that civil penalties are due to the aggrieved party rather than due to the Agency. 11

12 1. For a first violation of this Chapter 14.34, the Director may assess a civil penalty of up to \$556.30 per aggrieved party. 13

14 2. For a second violation of this Chapter 14.34, the Director shall assess a civil penalty of up to \$1,112.60 per aggrieved party, or an amount equal to ten percent of the total 16 amount of unpaid compensation, whichever is greater.

17 3. For a third or any subsequent violation of this 14.34, the Director shall assess a 18 civil penalty of up to \$5,565.10 per aggrieved party, or an amount equal to ten percent of the 19 total amount of unpaid compensation, whichever is greater.

20 4. For purposes of this subsection 14.34.170.E, a violation is a second, third, or 21 subsequent violation if the respondent has been a party to one, two, or more than two settlement 22 agreements, respectively, stipulating that a violation has occurred; and/or one, two, or more than

- 1 two Director's Orders, respectively, have issued against the respondent in the ten years preceding
- 2 the date of the violation; otherwise, it is a first violation.

F. The Director is authorized to assess fines for a violation of this Chapter 14.34 and may

4 specify that fines are due to the aggrieved party rather than due to the Agency. The Director is

5 authorized to assess fines as follows:

Violation	Fine
Failure to provide written pre-contract disclosure under Section 14.34.050	Up to \$556.30 per aggrieved party
Failure to provide written payment disclosure under Section 14.34.060	Up to \$556.30 per aggrieved party
Failure to provide written notice of rights under Section 14.34.100	Up to \$556.30 per aggrieved party
Failure to retain hiring entity records for three years under subsections 14.34.110.A and 14.34.110.B	Up to \$556.30 per missing record
Failure to comply with prohibitions against retaliation for exercising rights protected under Section 14.34.120	Up to \$1,112.60 per aggrieved party
Failure to provide notice of investigation to independent contractors under subsection 14.34.150.B.2	Up to \$556.30 per aggrieved party
Failure to post or distribute public notice of failure to comply with final order under subsection 14.34.210.A.1	Up to \$556.30

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For each independent contractor hired by the hiring entity, the maximum amount that may be
imposed in fines in a one-year period for each type of violation listed above is \$5,565.10. For
each hiring entity, if a fine for retaliation is issued, the maximum amount that may be imposed in
a one-year period is \$22,259.36.
G. A respondent who willfully hinders, prevents, impedes, or interferes with the Director

12 or Hearing Examiner in the performance of their duties under this Chapter 14.34 shall be subject

13 to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,112.60 and not more than \$5,565.10.
H. In addition to the unpaid compensation, penalties, fines, liquidated damages, and interest, the Agency may assess against the respondent in favor of the City the reasonable costs incurred in enforcing this Chapter 14.34, including but not limited to reasonable attorneys' fees.I. A respondent that is the subject of a settlement agreement stipulating that a violation

has occurred shall count for debarment, or a final order for which all appeal rights have been exhausted, shall not be permitted to bid, or have a bid considered, on any City contract until such amounts due under the final order have been paid in full to the Director. If the respondent is the subject of a final order two times or more within a five-year period, the hiring entity shall not be allowed to bid on any City contract for two years. This subsection 14.34.170.I shall be construed to provide grounds for debarment separate from, and in addition to, those contained in Chapter 20.70 and shall not be governed by that chapter provided that nothing in this subsection 14.34.170.I shall be construed to limit the application of Seattle Municipal Code Chapter 20.70. The Director shall notify the Director of Finance and Administrative Services of all respondents subject to debarment under this subsection 14.34.170.I.

14.34.180 Appeal period and failure to respond

A. An independent contractor or other person who claims an injury as a result of an alleged violation of this Chapter 14.34 may appeal the Determination of No Violation, pursuant to Director rules.

B. A respondent may appeal the Director's Order, including all remedies issued pursuant
to Section 14.34.170, by requesting a contested hearing before the Hearing Examiner in writing
within 15 days of service of the Director's Order. If a respondent fails to appeal the Director's
Order within 15 days of service, the Director's Order shall be final. If the last day of the appeal

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period so computed is a Saturday, Sunday, or federal or City holiday, the appeal period shall run
 until 5 p.m. on the next business day.

14.34.190 Appeal procedure and failure to appear

4 A. Contested hearings shall be conducted pursuant to the procedures for hearing 5 contested cases contained in Section 3.02.090 and the rules adopted by the Hearing Examiner for 6 hearing contested cases. The hearing shall be conducted de novo and the Director shall have the 7 burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the violation or violations occurred. Upon establishing such proof, the remedies and penalties imposed by the Director shall be 8 upheld unless it is shown that the Director abused discretion. Failure to appear for a contested 9 10 hearing shall result in an order being entered finding that the respondent committed the violation stated in the Director's Order. For good cause shown and upon terms the Hearing Examiner 11 12 deems just, the Hearing Examiner may set aside an order entered upon a failure to appear.

B. In all contested cases, the Hearing Examiner shall enter an order affirming, modifying or reversing the Director's Order, consistent with Ordinance 126068.

14.34.200 Appeal from Hearing Examiner order

A. The respondent may obtain judicial review of the decision of the Hearing Examiner by applying for a Writ of Review in the King County Superior Court within 30 days from the date of the decision in accordance with the procedure set forth in chapter 7.16 RCW, other applicable law, and court rules.

B. The decision of the Hearing Examiner shall be final and conclusive unless review is
sought in compliance with this Section 14.34.200.

22 **14.34.210** Failure to comply with final order

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A. If a respondent fails to comply within 30 days of service of any settlement agreement with the Agency, or with any final order issued by the Director or the Hearing Examiner for which all appeal rights have been exhausted, the Agency may pursue, but is not limited to, the following measures to secure compliance: 1. The Director may require the respondent to post or distribute public notice of the respondent's failure to comply in a form and manner determined by the Agency. 2. The Director may refer the matter to a collection agency. The cost to the City for the collection services will be assessed as costs, at the rate agreed to between the City and the collection agency, and added to the amounts due. 3. The Director may refer the matter to the City Attorney for the filing of a civil action in King County Superior Court, the Seattle Municipal Court, or any other court of competent jurisdiction to enforce such order or to collect amounts due. In the alternative, the Director may seek to enforce a Director's Order or a final order of the Hearing Examiner under Section 14.34.190. 4. The Director may request that the City's Department of Finance and

Administrative Services deny, suspend, refuse to renew, or revoke any business license held or requested by the hiring entity or person until such time as the hiring entity complies with the remedy as defined in the settlement agreement or final order. The City's Department of Finance and Administrative Services shall have the authority to deny, refuse to renew, or revoke any business license in accordance with this subsection 14.34.210.A.4.

B. No respondent that is the subject of a final order issued under this Chapter 14.34 shall
quit business, sell out, exchange, convey, or otherwise dispose of the respondent's business or
stock of goods without first notifying the Agency and without first notifying the respondent's

1 successor of the amounts owed under the final order at least three business days before such 2 transaction. At the time the respondent quits business, or sells out, exchanges, or otherwise 3 disposes of the respondent's business or stock of goods, the full amount of the remedy, as defined 4 in a final order issued by the Director or the Hearing Examiner, shall become immediately due 5 and payable. If the amount due under the final order is not paid by respondent within ten days 6 from the date of such sale, exchange, conveyance, or disposal, the successor shall become liable 7 for the payment of the amount due, provided that the successor has actual knowledge of the order and the amounts due or has prompt, reasonable, and effective means of accessing and verifying 8 9 the fact and amount of the order and the amounts due. The successor shall withhold from the 10 purchase price a sum sufficient to pay the amount of the full remedy. When the successor makes such payment, that payment shall be deemed a payment upon the purchase price in the amount 11 12 paid, and if such payment is greater in amount than the purchase price the amount of the 13 difference shall become a debt due such successor from the hiring entity.

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14.34.220 Debt owed The City of Seattle

A. All monetary amounts due under the Director's Order shall be a debt owed to the City and may be collected in the same manner as any other debt in like amount, which remedy shall be in addition to all other existing remedies, provided that amounts collected by the City for unpaid compensation, liquidated damages, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, or front pay shall be held in trust by the City for the aggrieved party and, once collected by the City, shall be paid by the City to the aggrieved party.

B. If a respondent fails to appeal a Director's Order to the Hearing Examiner within the
time period set forth in subsection 14.34.180.B, the Director's Order shall be final, and the
Director may petition the Seattle Municipal Court, or any court of competent jurisdiction, to

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1 enforce the Director's Order by entering judgment in favor of the City finding that the respondent 2 has failed to exhaust its administrative remedies and that all amounts and relief contained in the order are due. The Director's Order shall constitute prima facie evidence that a violation occurred 3 4 and shall be admissible without further evidentiary foundation. Any certifications or declarations 5 authorized under RCW 9A.72.085 containing evidence that the respondent has failed to comply 6 with the order or any parts thereof, and is therefore in default, or that the respondent has failed to 7 appeal the Director's Order to the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.34.180.B, and therefore has failed to exhaust the respondent's administrative 8 9 remedies, shall also be admissible without further evidentiary foundation.

10 C. If a respondent fails to obtain judicial review of an order of the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.34.200.A, the order of the Hearing Examiner 11 12 shall be final, and the Director may petition the Seattle Municipal Court to enforce the Director's Order by entering judgment in favor of the City for all amounts and relief due under the order of 13 14 the Hearing Examiner. The order of the Hearing Examiner shall constitute conclusive evidence 15 that the violations contained therein occurred and shall be admissible without further evidentiary 16 foundation. Any certifications or declarations authorized under RCW 9A.72.085 containing 17 evidence that the respondent has failed to comply with the order or any parts thereof, and is 18 therefore in default, or that the respondent has failed to avail itself of judicial review in 19 accordance with subsection 14.34.200.A, shall also be admissible without further evidentiary 20 foundation.

21 22 D. In considering matters brought under subsections 14.34.220.B and 14.34.220.C, the Seattle Municipal Court may include within its judgment all terms, conditions, and remedies

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contained in the Director's Order or the order of the Hearing Examiner, whichever is applicable,
 that are consistent with the provisions of this Chapter 14.34.

14.34.230 Private right of action

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4 A. Any person or class of persons that suffers an injury as a result of a violation of this 5 Chapter 14.34, or is the subject of prohibited retaliation under Section 14.34.120, may bring a 6 civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction against the hiring entity or other person violating 7 this Chapter 14.34 and, upon prevailing, may be awarded reasonable attorney fees and costs and such legal or equitable relief as may be appropriate to remedy the violation including, without 8 limitation: the payment of any unpaid compensation plus interest due to the person and 9 10 liquidated damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid compensation; and a penalty payable to any aggrieved party of up to \$5,565.10 if the aggrieved party was subject to 11 12 prohibited retaliation. Interest shall accrue from the date the unpaid compensation was first due at 12 percent per annum, or the maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020. 13

14 B. In a civil action against the hiring entity under this Chapter 14.34 or in a breach of 15 contract action against the hiring entity, there shall be a presumption as follows: if the 16 independent contractor performs agreed-upon work for a hiring entity and the hiring entity has 17 not provided a pre-contract disclosure pursuant to Section 14.34.050 or the hiring entity has not 18 conformed to the terms and conditions of the pre-contract disclosure pursuant to Section 19 14.34.050, there shall be a presumption rebuttable by clear and convincing evidence, such as a 20 written contract, that the independent contractor's alleged terms and conditions of the contractual 21 relationship are the terms and conditions of the contractual relationship.

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1	C. For purposes of this Section 14.34.230, "person" includes any entity a member of
2	which has suffered an injury or retaliation, or any other individual or entity acting on behalf of an
3	aggrieved party that has suffered an injury or retaliation.
4	D. For purposes of determining membership within a class of persons entitled to bring an
5	action under this Section 14.34.230, two or more independent contractors are similarly situated if
6	they:
7	1. Are or were hired for the same hiring entity or hiring entities, whether
8	concurrently or otherwise, at some point during the applicable statute of limitations period,
9	2. Allege one or more violations that raise similar questions as to liability, and
10	3. Seek similar forms of relief.
11	E. For purposes of subsection 14.34.230.C, independent contractors shall not be
12	considered dissimilar solely because the independent contractors':
13	1. Claims seek damages that differ in amount, or
14	2. Job titles or other means of classifying independent contractors differ in ways
15	that are unrelated to their claims.
16	F. An order issued by the court may include a requirement for a hiring entity to submit a
17	compliance report to the court and to the Agency.
18	14.34.233 Waiver
19	Any waiver by an individual of any provisions of this Chapter 14.34 shall be deemed contrary to
20	public policy and shall be void and unenforceable.
21	14.34.235 Encouragement of more generous policies

	2.5
1	A. Nothing in this Chapter 14.34 shall be construed to discourage or prohibit a hiring
2	entity from the adoption or retention of disclosure policies more generous than the one required
3	herein.
4	B. Nothing in this Chapter 14.34 shall be construed as diminishing the obligation of the
5	hiring entity to comply with any contract, or other agreement providing more generous
6	disclosure policies to an independent contractor than required herein.
7	14.34.240 Other legal requirements; effect on other laws
8	A. Subject to subsections 14.34.055.C, 14.34.170.C, and 14.34.230.B, the provisions of
9	this Chapter 14.34:
10	1. Supplement and do not diminish or replace any other basis of liability or
11	requirement established by statute or common law;
12	2. Shall not be construed to preempt, limit, or otherwise affect the applicability of
13	any other law, regulation, requirement, policy, or standard for disclosure requirements or timely
14	payment, or that extends other protections to independent contractors; and
15	3. Shall not be interpreted or applied so as to create any power or duty in conflict
16	with federal or state law.
17	Nor shall this Chapter 14.34 be construed to preclude any person aggrieved from seeking judicial
18	review of any final administrative decision or order made under this Chapter 14.34 affecting
19	such person. Nothing in this Section 14.34.240 shall be construed as restricting an independent
20	contractor's right to pursue any other remedies at law or equity for violation of the contractor's
21	rights.
22	B. A hiring entity's failure to comply with the provisions of this Chapter 14.34 shall not
23	render any contract between the hiring entity and an independent contractor void or voidable.

	2.5	
1	C. No provision of this Chapter 14.34 shall be construed as providing a determination	
2	about the legal classification of any individual as an employee or independent contractor.	
3	14.34.250 Severability	
4	The provisions of this Chapter 14.34 are declared to be separate and severable. If any clause,	
5	sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, subsection, or portion of this Chapter 14.34, or the	
6	application thereof to any hiring entity, independent contractor, person, or circumstance, is held	
7	to be invalid, it shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this Chapter 14.34, or the validity	
8	of its application to other persons or circumstances.	
9	Section 2. Section 3.02.125 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance	
10	126283, is amended as follows:	
11	3.02.125 Hearing Examiner filing fees	
12	A. The filing fee for a case before the City Hearing Examiner is \$85, with the following	
	A. The filing fee for a case before the City Hearing Examiner is \$85, with the following exceptions:	
12		
12	exceptions:	
12	exceptions: Basis for Case	
12	exceptions: Basis for Case ***	
12	exceptions: Basis for Case *** Hazard Pay for Grocery Employees Ordinance (Ordinance 126274) No fee	
12	exceptions: Basis for Case Fee in dollars *** Hazard Pay for Grocery Employees Ordinance (Ordinance 126274) No fee Independent Contractor Protections Ordinance (Chapter 14.34) No fee Land Use Code Citation (Chapter 23.91) No fee ***	
12	exceptions: Basis for Case *** Hazard Pay for Grocery Employees Ordinance (Ordinance 126274) Independent Contractor Protections Ordinance (Chapter 14.34) Land Use Code Citation (Chapter 23.91) No fee	
12	exceptions: Basis for Case Fee in dollars *** Hazard Pay for Grocery Employees Ordinance (Ordinance 126274) No fee Independent Contractor Protections Ordinance (Chapter 14.34) No fee Land Use Code Citation (Chapter 23.91) No fee ***	
12 13 14	exceptions: Basis for Case Fee in dollars *** Hazard Pay for Grocery Employees Ordinance (Ordinance 126274) No fee Independent Contractor Protections Ordinance (Chapter 14.34) No fee Land Use Code Citation (Chapter 23.91) No fee *** ***	
12 13 14 15	exceptions: Basis for Case Fee in dollars *** Hazard Pay for Grocery Employees Ordinance (Ordinance 126274) No fee Independent Contractor Protections Ordinance (Chapter 14.34) No fee Land Use Code Citation (Chapter 23.91) No fee *** *** Section 3. Section 3.15.000 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance	
12 13 14 15 16	exceptions: Basis for Case Fee in dollars *** Hazard Pay for Grocery Employees Ordinance (Ordinance 126274) No fee Independent Contractor Protections Ordinance (Chapter 14.34) No fee Land Use Code Citation (Chapter 23.91) No fee *** *** Section 3. Section 3.15.000 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 126189, is amended as follows:	
12 13 14 15 16 17	exceptions: Basis for Case Fee in dollars *** Hazard Pay for Grocery Employees Ordinance (Ordinance 126274) Independent Contractor Protections Ordinance (Chapter 14.34) Independent Contractor Protections Ordinance (Chapter 14.34) Land Use Code Citation (Chapter 23.91) *** Section 3. Section 3.15.000 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 126189, is amended as follows: 3.15.000 Office of Labor Standards created – Functions	

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1	standards through thoughtful community and business engagement, strategic enforcement and
2	innovative policy development, with a commitment to race and social justice. The Office of
3	Labor Standards seeks to promote greater economic opportunity and further the health, safety,
4	and welfare of ((employees)) workers; support employers and other hiring entities in their
5	implementation of labor standards requirements; and end barriers to workplace equity for
6	women, communities of color, immigrants and refugees, and other vulnerable workers.
7	The functions of the Office of Labor Standards are as follows:
8	A. Promoting labor standards through outreach, education, technical assistance, and
9	training ((for employees and employers));
10	B. Collecting and analyzing data on labor standards enforcement;
11	C. Partnering with community, businesses, and workers for stakeholder input and
12	collaboration;
12 13	collaboration; D. Developing innovative labor standards policy;
13	D. Developing innovative labor standards policy;
13 14	D. Developing innovative labor standards policy;E. Administering and enforcing City of Seattle ordinances relating to paid sick and safe
13 14 15	 D. Developing innovative labor standards policy; E. Administering and enforcing City of Seattle ordinances relating to paid sick and safe time (Chapter 14.16), use of criminal history in employment decisions (Chapter 14.17),
13 14 15 16	 D. Developing innovative labor standards policy; E. Administering and enforcing City of Seattle ordinances relating to paid sick and safe time (Chapter 14.16), use of criminal history in employment decisions (Chapter 14.17), minimum wage and minimum compensation (Chapter 14.19), wage and tip compensation
13 14 15 16 17	 D. Developing innovative labor standards policy; E. Administering and enforcing City of Seattle ordinances relating to paid sick and safe time (Chapter 14.16), use of criminal history in employment decisions (Chapter 14.17), minimum wage and minimum compensation (Chapter 14.19), wage and tip compensation requirements (Chapter 14.20), secure scheduling (Chapter 14.22), domestic workers (Chapter 14.20)
13 14 15 16 17 18	 D. Developing innovative labor standards policy; E. Administering and enforcing City of Seattle ordinances relating to paid sick and safe time (Chapter 14.16), use of criminal history in employment decisions (Chapter 14.17), minimum wage and minimum compensation (Chapter 14.19), wage and tip compensation requirements (Chapter 14.20), secure scheduling (Chapter 14.22), domestic workers (Chapter 14.23), hotel employees safety protections (Chapter 14.26), protecting hotel employees from
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	 D. Developing innovative labor standards policy; E. Administering and enforcing City of Seattle ordinances relating to paid sick and safe time (Chapter 14.16), use of criminal history in employment decisions (Chapter 14.17), minimum wage and minimum compensation (Chapter 14.19), wage and tip compensation requirements (Chapter 14.20), secure scheduling (Chapter 14.22), domestic workers (Chapter 14.23), hotel employees safety protections (Chapter 14.26), protecting hotel employees from injury (Chapter 14.27), improving access to medical care for hotel employees (Chapter 14.28),
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 D. Developing innovative labor standards policy; E. Administering and enforcing City of Seattle ordinances relating to paid sick and safe time (Chapter 14.16), use of criminal history in employment decisions (Chapter 14.17), minimum wage and minimum compensation (Chapter 14.19), wage and tip compensation requirements (Chapter 14.20), secure scheduling (Chapter 14.22), domestic workers (Chapter 14.23), hotel employees safety protections (Chapter 14.26), protecting hotel employees from injury (Chapter 14.27), improving access to medical care for hotel employees (Chapter 14.28), hotel employees job retention (Chapter 14.29), commuter benefits (Chapter 14.30),

protections (Chapter 14.34), and other labor standards ordinances that may be enacted in the
 future.

Section 4. Subsection 6.208.020.A of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was last 3 4 amended by Ordinance 126274, is amended as follows: 5 6.208.020 Denial, revocation of, or refusal to renew business license 6 A. In addition to any other powers and authority provided under this Title 6, the Director, 7 or the Director's designee, has the power and authority to deny, revoke, or refuse to renew any 8 business license issued under the provisions of this Chapter 6.208. The Director, or the Director's 9 designee, shall notify such applicant or licensee in writing by mail of the denial, revocation of, or 10 refusal to renew the license and on what grounds such a decision was based. The Director may deny, revoke, or refuse to renew any license issued under this Chapter 6.208 on one or more of 11 12 the following grounds: 1. The license was procured by fraud or false representation of fact. 13 2. The licensee has failed to comply with any provisions of this Chapter 6.208. 14 15 3. The licensee has failed to comply with any provisions of Chapters 5.32, 5.35, 16 5.38, 5.39, 5.40, 5.45, 5.46, 5.48, 5.50, or 5.52. 17 4. The licensee is in default in any payment of any license fee or tax under Title 5 or Title 6. 18 19 5. The property at which the business is located has been determined by a court to 20 be a chronic nuisance property as provided in Chapter 10.09. 6. The applicant or licensee has been convicted of theft under subsection 21 22 12A.08.060.A.4 within the last ten years.

1	7. The applicant or licensee is a person subject within the last ten years to a court
2	order entering final judgment for violations of chapters 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52 RCW, or 29
3	U.S.C. 206 or 29 U.S.C. 207, and the judgment was not satisfied within 30 days of the later of
4	either:
5	a. The expiration of the time for filing an appeal from the final judgment
6	order under the court rules in effect at the time of the final judgment order; or
7	b. If a timely appeal is made, the date of the final resolution of that appeal
8	and any subsequent appeals resulting in final judicial affirmation of the findings of violations of
9	chapters 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52 RCW, or 29 U.S.C. 206 or 29 U.S.C. 207.
10	8. The applicant or licensee is a person subject within the last ten years to a final
11	and binding citation and notice of assessment from the Washington Department of Labor and
12	Industries for violations of chapters 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52 RCW, and the citation amount and
13	penalties assessed therewith were not satisfied within 30 days of the date the citation became
14	final and binding.
15	9. Pursuant to subsections 14.16.100.A.4, 14.17.075.A, 14.19.100.A.4,
16	14.20.080.A.4, 14.22.115.A.4, 14.23.115.A.4, 14.26.210.A.4, 14.27.210.A.4, 14.28.210.A.4,
17	14.30.180.A.4, ((and)) 14.33.210.A.4, and 14.34.210.A.4, subsection 100.240.A.4 of Ordinance
18	126091, subsection 100.240.A.4 of Ordinance 126094, and subsection 100.240.A.4 of Ordinance
19	126274, the applicant or licensee has failed to comply, within 30 days of service of any
20	settlement agreement, with any final order issued by the Director of the Office of Labor
21	Standards, or any final order issued by the Hearing Examiner under Chapters 14.16, 14.17,
22	14.19, 14.20, 14.22, 14.23, 14.26, 14.27, 14.28, 14.29, 14.30, ((and)) 14.33, and 14.34,
23	Ordinance 126091, Ordinance 126094, and Ordinance 126274 for which all appeal rights have

1	been exhausted, and the Director of the Office of Labor Standards has requested that the Director
2	deny, refuse to renew, or revoke any business license held or requested by the applicant or
3	licensee. The denial, refusal to renew, or revocation shall remain in effect until such time as the
4	violation(s) under Chapters 14.16, 14.17, 14.19, 14.20, 14.22, 14.23, 14.26, 14.27, 14.28, 14.29,
5	14.30, ((and)) 14.33, and 14.34, Ordinance 126091, Ordinance 126094, and Ordinance 126274
6	are remedied.
7	10. The business is one that requires an additional license under this Title 6 and
8	the business does not hold that license.
9	11. The business has been determined under a separate enforcement process to be
10	operating in violation of law.
11	* * *

1 Section 5. Recognizing that more than 40,000 gig workers in the City of Seattle, 2 including people of color, immigrants, workers with disabilities, LGBTQ+ workers, and single 3 parents are currently paid subminimum wages for their work, depend on the flexibility and 4 accessibility promised by the platform gig economy, and that the community depends on these 5 essential workers to deliver groceries and food and provide other valuable services, the City 6 Council intends to address this inequity by expanding the City's labor standards to ensure that 7 these gig workers hired as independent contractors are paid at least the City's minimum wage 8 under Chapter 14.19 of the Seattle Municipal Code plus reasonable expenses, with flexibility 9 protections, and meaningful transparency. The City has consistently expressed its intent to 10 promote greater economic opportunity and end barriers to workplace equity for all workers in Seattle and for all workers to have access to the protections of the City's existing labor standards. 11 12 To accomplish these goals, the Council will seek to engage stakeholders in the spring and 13 summer of 2021 on legislation that will address these inequities and ensure that more workers 14 are protected by minimum wage standards. The Council intends to discuss the legislation in 15 committee in July and August 2021 and consider the legislation for a full Council vote before the 16 start of the 2021 budget deliberations.

Section 6. Sections 1 through 4 of this ordinance shall take effect and be in force on March 1, 2022.

Template last revised December 1, 2020

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1	Section 7. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by	
2	the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it	
3	shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.	
4	Passed by the City Council the day of, 2021,	
5	and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this day of	
6	, 2021.	
7		
8	President of the City Council	
9	Approved / returned unsigned / vetoed this day of, 202	1.
10		
11	Jenny A. Durkan, Mayor	
12	Filed by me this day of, 2021.	
13		
14	Monica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk	
15	(Seal)	