SEATTLE CITY COUNCIL

Economic Development, Technology, and City Light Committee

Agenda

Wednesday, January 26, 2022

9:30 AM

Remote Meeting. Call 253-215-8782; Meeting ID: 586 416 9164; or Seattle Channel online.

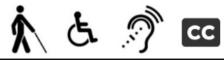
Sara Nelson, Chair Debora Juarez, Vice-Chair Lisa Herbold, Member Kshama Sawant, Member Dan Strauss, Member

Chair Info: 206-684-8809; Sara.Nelson@seattle.gov

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SEATTLE CITY COUNCIL Economic Development, Technology, and City Light Committee Agenda January 26, 2022 - 9:30 AM

Meeting Location:

Remote Meeting. Call 253-215-8782; Meeting ID: 586 416 9164; or Seattle Channel online.

Committee Website:

https://www.seattle.gov/council/committees/economic-development-technology-and-city-light

This meeting also constitutes a meeting of the City Council, provided that the meeting shall be conducted as a committee meeting under the Council Rules and Procedures, and Council action shall be limited to committee business.

Pursuant to Washington State Governor's Proclamation No. 20-28.15 and Senate Concurrent Resolution 8402, this public meeting will be held remotely. Meeting participation is limited to access by the telephone number provided on the meeting agenda, and the meeting is accessible via telephone and Seattle Channel online.

Register online to speak during the Public Comment period at the 9:30 a.m. Economic Development, Technology, and City Light meeting at: http://www.seattle.gov/council/committees/public-comment.

Online registration to speak at the Economic Development, Technology, and City Light Committee meeting will begin two hours before the 9:30 a.m. meeting start time, and registration will end at the conclusion of the Public Comment period during the meeting. Speakers must be registered in order to be recognized by the Chair.

Submit written comments to Councilmember Nelson at: <u>Sara.Nelson@seattle.gov</u> Sign-up to provide Public Comment at the meeting at <u>http://www.seattle.gov/council/committees/public-comment</u> Watch live streaming video of the meeting at <u>http://www.seattle.gov/council/watch-council-live</u> Listen to the meeting by calling the Council Chamber Listen Line at 253-215-8782 Meeting ID: 586 416 9164 One Tap Mobile No. US: +12532158782,,5864169164# Please Note: Times listed are estimated

A. Call To Order

B. Approval of the Agenda

C. Public Comment

D. Items of Business

- 1. <u>CB 120260</u> AN ORDINANCE relating to the City Light Department; authorizing the Department to accept as sole owner of fiber cable and associated facilities previously shared with the University of Washington; and ratifying and confirming certain prior acts.
 - Attachments: Att 1 Memorandum of Agreement

Supporting

Documents: Summary and Fiscal Note

Presentation

Briefing, Discussion, and Possible Vote (10 minutes)

Presenters: Debra Smith, General Manager and CEO, Chris Tantoco and Claire Lloyd, Seattle City Light; Eric McConaghy, Council Central Staff 2. <u>CB 120259</u> AN ORDINANCE relating to the City Light Department; authorizing and directing the General Manager and Chief Executive Officer of City Light to execute an Interlocal Agreement with the Kalispel Tribe of Indians.

<u>Attachments:</u> <u>Att 1 – Kalispel Tribe Interlocal Agreement</u>

<u>Supporting</u>

Documents: Summary and Fiscal Note Presentation 2021 Directors Report

Briefing, Discussion, and Possible Vote (10 minutes)

Presenters: Debra Smith, General Manager and CEO, Chris Tantoco and Mike Haynes, Seattle City Light; Eric McConaghy, Council Central Staff

3.	<u>Res 32040</u>	A RESOLUTION relating to the City Light Department; affirming
		the City Light Department's Clean Energy Implementation Plan as
		required under Washington State's Clean Energy Transformation
		Act.

Attachments:Att 1 - 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan ReportAtt 1 Ex A - Clean Energy Implementation PlanAtt 1 Ex B - Clean Energy Equity Plan

<u>Supporting</u>

<u>Documents:</u> <u>Summary and Fiscal Note</u> Presentation

Briefing, Discussion, and Possible Vote (20 minutes)

Presenters: Debra Smith, General Manager and CEO, Chris Tantoco and Josh Walter, Seattle City Light; Eric McConaghy, Council Central Staff

E. Adjournment



Legislation Text

File #: CB 120260, Version: 1

CITY OF SEATTLE

ORDINANCE

COUNCIL BILL

AN ORDINANCE relating to the City Light Department; authorizing the Department to accept as sole owner of fiber cable and associated facilities previously shared with the University of Washington; and ratifying and confirming certain prior acts.

WHEREAS, Ordinance 117981 established a model agreement for fiber sharing agreements and authorized the

execution of fiber sharing agreements; and

WHEREAS, the City Light Department ("City Light") entered into an agreement with the University of

Washington to share 144-strand of shared fiber cable installed in 1998 and 1999 starting from the

intersection of NE 145th St. and 37th Avenue NE, Seattle to the intersection of 228th St. SE and 29th Dr.

SE, Bothell; and

WHEREAS, this section of shared fiber cable consists of the fiber and associated physical plant, such as sleeve conduit, handholds, and splice boxes mux; and

WHEREAS, the University of Washington no longer has a need for this section of shared fiber cable and wishes to abandon its ownership interest in the jointly owned fiber and associated physical plant; and

WHEREAS, on May 24, 2021, the University of Washington executed a Memorandum of Agreement abandoning its ownership interest in the shared fiber cable and associated physical plant; and

WHEREAS, City Light continues to use this fiber cable; and

WHEREAS, accepting the full ownership interest in fiber cable and associated physical plant previously owned

by University of Washington will facilitate maintenance and protect the City's infrastructure; NOW,

THEREFORE,

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The City Light Department ("City Light") is authorized to accept as sole owner of fiber cable and associated physical plant previously shared with the University of Washington starting from the intersection of NE 145th St. and 37th Avenue NE, Seattle to the intersection of 228th St. SE and 29th Dr. SE,

Bothell pursuant to the Memorandum of Understanding attached to this ordinance as Attachment 1.

Section 2. City Light will be responsible for the maintenance of the fiber and associated physical plant.

Section 3. Any act consistent with the authority of this ordinance taken prior to its effective date is ratified and confirmed.

Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.

Passed by the City Council the day	/ of	, 2022, and signed by
me in open session in authentication of its passage th	is day of	, 2022.

President _____ of the City Council

Approved / returned unsigned / vetoed this _____ day of _____, 2022.

Bruce A. Harrell, Mayor

Filed by me this ______ day of ______, 2022.

Monica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk

(Seal)

Attachment: Attachment 1 - Memorandum of Agreement

8

THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON – THE CITY OF SEATTLE

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT

FOR ABANDONMENT OF SHARED FIBER-CABLE TO TEMPORARY CAMPUS AT SW 228TH STREET IN BOTHELL

THIS MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT ("Agreement") is made by and between The University of Washington ("UW") and The City of Seattle, by and through its City Light Department ("Seattle"), both Washington corporations, individually, as a party ("Party") or, jointly, as parties ("Parties") to this agreement.

RECITALS:

A 144-strand of shared fiber cable was installed in 1998-1999 and co-owned by UW (96 strands) and Seattle (48 strands). The section of shared fiber cable applicable to this Agreement starts from the intersection of "NE 145th St. & 37th Ave NE, Seattle" to the intersection of "228th St. SE & 29th Dr. SE, Bothell" as shown in Exhibit A. This section of shared fiber cable consists of the fiber and associated physical plant, such as sleeve, conduit, handholds, and splice boxes mux. This section of shared fiber cable was found to be degraded and in need of replacement in the near future. UW has decided to abandon all interests in this section of shared fiber cable in lieu of replacement since UW no longer has a need for this section of shared fiber cable.

This memorandum of agreement is to reflect UW's decision to abandon all interests in the existing shared fiber cable and physical plant to Seattle, and Seattle's intent on replacing the degraded cable at its expense.

AGREEMENT:

1. SHARED FIBER CABLE REPLACEMENT

UW acknowledges that it received notice from Seattle of Seattle's intention to replace the above described shared fiber cable with new fiber cable and that replacement has been completed.

2. FIBER OWNERSHIP

UW acknowledges that from the date of this agreement, it will have no ownership interest in the existing shared fiber cable, nor will it have any interest in the newly replaced fiber cable, physical plant, conduits, and handholes. As such, UW will not have any obligation to share in the cost of replacement and maintenance of the same.

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON

UW-IT

Brad J Greer	
Brad J Greer (May 24, 2021 13:12 PD	T)

Signature

Brad Greer	05/24/2021
Print or Type Name	Date

CTO and AVP for Infrastructure

Title

THE CITY OF SEATTLE

CITY LIGHT DEPARTMENT

lan B Hayd

Signature

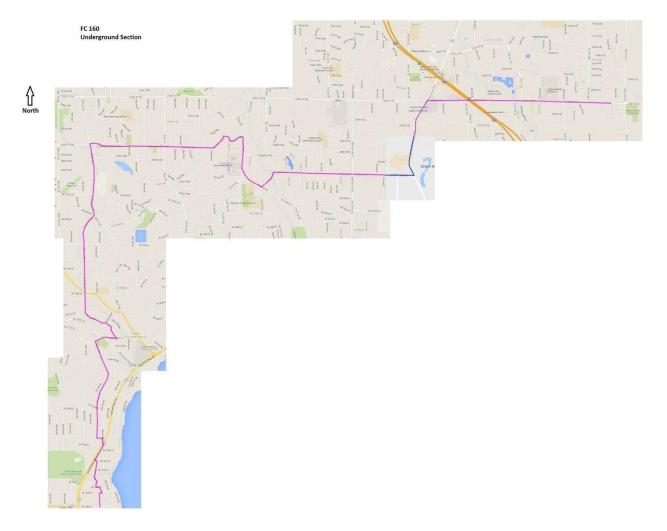
Claire Lloyd Print or Type Name 05/24/2021

Date

ETO Substation & Comm Engineering Sr Manager

Title

EXHIBIT A FIBER CABLE MAP



Att 1 - Memorandum of Agreement V1

UW-SCL MOA on Shared Fiber Cable 160

Final Audit Report

2021-05-24

Created:	2021-05-24
By:	Hien Trinh (hien.trinh@seattle.gov)
Status:	Signed
Transaction ID:	CBJCHBCAABAAX0RUur5CFwlqhrBpT79Xqn66l4phFrKW

"UW-SCL MOA on Shared Fiber Cable 160" History

- Document created by Hien Trinh (hien.trinh@seattle.gov) 2021-05-24 - 6:49:21 PM GMT- IP address: 156.74.249.244
- Document emailed to Brad J Greer (brad@uw.edu) for signature 2021-05-24 - 6:52:32 PM GMT
- Email viewed by Brad J Greer (brad@uw.edu) 2021-05-24 - 6:53:46 PM GMT- IP address: 66.249.84.83
- Document e-signed by Brad J Greer (brad@uw.edu) Signature Date: 2021-05-24 - 8:12:52 PM GMT - Time Source: server- IP address: 24.16.180.98
- Document emailed to Claire LLyod (Claire.Lloyd@seattle.gov) for signature 2021-05-24 - 8:12:55 PM GMT
- Email viewed by Claire LLyod (Claire.Lloyd@seattle.gov) 2021-05-24 - 10:22:08 PM GMT- IP address: 131.191.30.88
- Document e-signed by Claire LLyod (Claire.Lloyd@seattle.gov) Signature Date: 2021-05-24 - 10:22:44 PM GMT - Time Source: server- IP address: 131.191.30.88
- Agreement completed. 2021-05-24 - 10:22:44 PM GMT

SUMMARY and FISCAL NOTE*

Department:	Dept. Contact/Phone:	CBO Contact/Phone:
Seattle City Light	Hien Trinh / 206-459-8259	Greg Shiring/206-386-4085

* Note that the Summary and Fiscal Note describes the version of the bill or resolution as introduced; final legislation including amendments may not be fully described.

1. BILL SUMMARY

Legislation Title: AN ORDINANCE relating to the City Light Department; authorizing the Department to accept as exclusive owner in fiber cable and associated facilities previously shared with the University of Washington; and ratifying and confirming certain prior acts.

Summary and background of the Legislation: City Light shared 9.9 miles of fiber cable with the University of Washington starting from the intersection of NE 145th St. and 37th Avenue NE, Seattle to the intersection of 228th St. SE and 29th Dr. SE, Bothell. The University of Washington has abandoned its ownership interest in updating and maintaining this portion of the fiber connecting to UW's old temporary campus in Bothell that no longer exists, and City Light seeks authority to accept the University of Washington's interest as the sole owner.

2. CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

Does this legislation create, fund, or amend a CIP Project? ____ Yes _X___ No

3. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Does this legislation amend the Adopted Budget? ____ Yes _X___ No

Does the legislation have other financial impacts to the City of Seattle that are not reflected in the above, including direct or indirect, short-term or long-term costs? Yes. City Light will be responsible for maintaining/repairing this 9.9 miles stretch of fiber cable 100% (instead of just 33% with UW owning the other 67%).

Is there financial cost or other impacts of *not* implementing the legislation?

Yes. City Light could potentially lose a vital link in our communication network to our Bothell Substation that brings power from Skagit if fiber repairs/replacement is needed and we don't take action because UW has no interest is funding the repairs/replacement. Therefore, the best way is to take 100% ownership of this 9.9-mile section of fiber and remove UW's ownership accordingly.

4. OTHER IMPLICATIONS

a. Does this legislation affect any departments besides the originating department? No other Department is impacted by this legislation.

- **b.** Is a public hearing required for this legislation? No, a public hearing is not required for this legislation.
- c. Is publication of notice with *The Daily Journal of Commerce* and/or *The Seattle Times* required for this legislation?

No, a notice is not required for this legislation.

d. Does this legislation affect a piece of property?

No, the fiber path is existing, and it is underground so any repairs/maintenance/replacement work will not change its path. For reference, a map is contained in the attachment to the Council Bill.

- e. Please describe any perceived implication for the principles of the Race and Social Justice Initiative. Does this legislation impact vulnerable or historically disadvantaged communities? What is the Language Access plan for any communications to the public? N/A
- f. Climate Change Implications
 - 1. Emissions: Is this legislation likely to increase or decrease carbon emissions in a material way? N/A
 - 2. Resiliency: Will the action(s) proposed by this legislation increase or decrease Seattle's resiliency (or ability to adapt) to climate change in a material way? If so, explain. If it is likely to decrease resiliency in a material way, describe what will or could be done to mitigate the effects. N/A
- g. If this legislation includes a new initiative or a major programmatic expansion: What are the specific long-term and measurable goal(s) of the program? How will this legislation help achieve the program's desired goal(s). N/A

List attachments/exhibits below:

SCL-UW SHARED FIBER ORDINANCE Economic Development, Technology & City Light Committee 1/26/2022 - Marile Marile



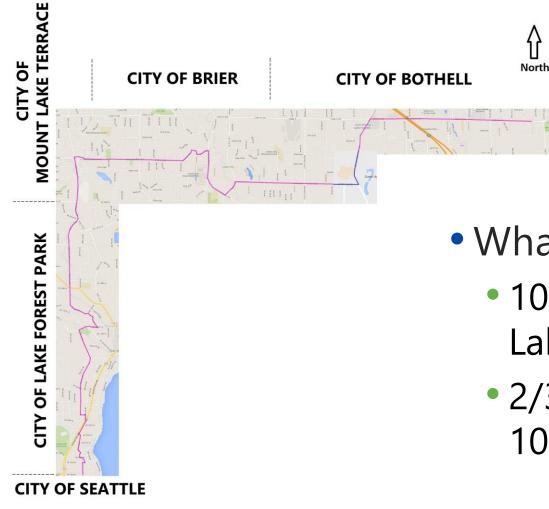
WE POWER SEATTLE

SCL-UW SHARED FIBER ORDINANCE

• Purpose

- Allows SCL to accept the signed MOA with UW for abandoning their ownership interest in the 1990's jointly owned cable that was replaced by SCL in 2019.
- The fiber is used to support the SCL communication network to Bothell Substation, and acts as a link to our Generation sites in Skagit.

SCL-UW SHARED FIBER ORD



- What
 - 10 miles of underground fiber from Lake Forest Park to Bothell
 - 2/3 UW & 1/3 SCL capacity becomes 100% SCL capacity

SCL-UW SHARED FIBER AGREEMENT

• History

- Cable was installed early 1990's jointly owned between UW & SCL
- Fiber cable signal quality deteriorating in 2015
- UW opted to abandon rather than to jointly replace since UW had vacated their temporary campus
- SCL replaced the cable due to urgent operational needs

Cost

• This request does not require additional funds.

Questions?







Legislation Text

File #: CB 120259, Version: 1

CITY OF SEATTLE

ORDINANCE

COUNCIL BILL

AN ORDINANCE relating to the City Light Department; authorizing and directing the General Manager and Chief Executive Officer of City Light to execute an Interlocal Agreement with the Kalispel Tribe of Indians.

WHEREAS, the Kalispel Tribe of Indians ("the Tribe") is an independent sovereign tribe whose historic lands

and heritage range in and around Pend Oreille County, Washington and are adjacent to and overlap the

Boundary Hydroelectric Project; and

WHEREAS, the Tribe operates the Kalispel Career Training Center ("KCTC") whose purpose is to increase the

Tribe's Workforce Enhancement Initiative through pre-apprenticeship training, mentoring and job

shadowing to all community members; and

- WHEREAS, the Tribe's Workforce Enhancement Initiative exists to develop skills for Tribal and community members, in order to ensure a skilled workforce for the community and to the benefit of the Boundary Hydroelectric Project; and
- WHEREAS, The City of Seattle needs and recognizes the importance of a skilled and viable workforce for the Boundary Hydroelectric Project, and supports cultural diversity in the community and its workforce through The City of Seattle's Race and Social Justice Initiative; NOW, THEREFORE,

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The General Manager and Chief Executive Officer of the City Light Department, or the General Manager and Chief Executive's Officer's designee, is hereby authorized to execute for and on behalf of The City of Seattle the Interlocal Agreement, substantially in the form of attached to this ordinance as

File #: CB 120259, Version: 1

Attachment 1.

Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval by the Mayor, but if
not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it shall take effect as provided by
Seattle Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.

Passed by the City Council the	day of	:	, 2022, and signed by
me in open session in authentication of its	passage this day	of	, 2022.
	President	of the City Counc	 cil
Approved / returned unsigned /	vetoed this day	of	_, 2022.
	Bruce A. Harrell, Ma	yor	
Filed by me this day of		, 2022.	
	Monica Martinez Sim	nmons, City Clerk	

(Seal)

Attachments: Attachment 1 - Kalispel Tribe Interlocal Agreement

INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT

THE CITY OF SEATTLE, CITY LIGHT DEPARTMENT

AND

THE KALISPEL TRIBE OF INDIANS, KALISPEL CAREER TRAINING CENTER

WORKFORCE ENHANCEMENT INITIATIVE

This Interlocal Agreement ("Agreement") is made and entered into by and between The City of Seattle, City Light Department ("City Light") and the Kalispel Tribe of Indians, a federally recognized Indian Tribe (the "Tribe"). City Light and the Tribe are hereinafter referred to jointly in this Agreement as the "Parties".

WHEREAS, City Light is authorized to enter into this Agreement with the Tribe pursuant to Revised Code of Washington 39.34 (the Interlocal Cooperation Act); and

WHEREAS, City Light owns and operates the Boundary Hydroelectric Project, FERC No. 2144 ("Boundary Project") in the County of Pend Oreille, Washington; and

WHEREAS, the Tribe is an independent sovereign tribe whose historic lands and heritage range in and around Pend Oreille County and are adjacent to and overlap the Boundary Project; and

WHEREAS, City Light & the Tribe recognize the importance of a skilled and viable workforce for the Boundary Project and support cultural diversity in the community and its workforce through The City of Seattle's Race and Social Justice Initiative and the Tribe's Workforce Enhancement Initiative; and

WHEREAS, the Tribe operates the Kalispel Career Training Center ("KCTC") whose purpose is to increase the Tribe's Workforce Enhancement Initiative through pre-apprenticeship training, mentoring and job shadowing to all community members; and

WHEREAS, the Tribe's Workforce Enhancement Initiative exists to develop skills for Tribal and community members, in order to ensure a skilled workforce for the community and to the benefit of the Boundary Project.

NOW, THEREFORE, based on the mutual promises and consideration set forth herein, the Parties agree as follows:

AGREEMENT

Section 1. Project Description

The Kalispel Career Training Center ("KCTC"), owned and operated by The Tribe, was developed to train members of the Tribe and community in the fields of metal fabrication, welding, carpentry, computer design, production and line assembly, shipping and receiving, marketing, job readiness, safety, and work ethics. The overarching goal of the KCTC is to develop programs which encourage Tribal and community members to consider careers in skilled trades while providing employers in the area with a viable, diverse, and stable workforce. Along with the above stated training, other areas of the trades are currently in development. KCTC seeks to provide summer internships within the Tribe's enterprises and area businesses as a portion of the education program and as a student incentive. Additionally, KCTC has the potential to provide customized training to supplement employers' current workforce.

KCTC is responsible among other activities for developing, operating, managing, maintaining, and promoting a tribal and community workforce, career development and providing opportunity for investment in employment and career resources on the Kalispel Indian Reservation. The Kalispel Tribe supports education and training in a community-oriented effort to reduce the number of unemployed, low-income residents of the Kalispel Indian Community and its neighbors. Education and Workforce training provides equity access to employment opportunities for the local population. For adults, the goal is not simply job training, but job creation. Authorized by Tribal Resolution NO 2016-39, the Kalispel Tribe's Sustainable Workforce Enhancement Initiative represents the implementation phase of a community-oriented effort. KCTC provides industry standard training in construction, welding and fabrication as well as supported employment activities near the Boundary Project. In partnership with the Carpenters Employers Training Trust Fund a full curriculum of pre-apprenticeship standards have been created at KCTC. Kalispel Career Training Center staff work directly with the Workforce Development Committee of the Pend Oreille Economic Development Council ensuring that industry specific training is up to date and relevant to the community it serves. KCTC also oversees all Supported Employment programs for Tribal and community members. These programs are all paid positions in which apprentices can job shadow journeyman tradesmen, throughout their pre-apprenticeship. Many are hired after their training period to full time permanent positions in the community.

Partnering with the Associated General Contractors, KCTC provides "Head Start to the Construction Trades," to youth during out of school time. This eight-week program gives high school students an opportunity to learn about all the opportunities in the skilled trades including carpentry, plumbing, electrical, flagging, heavy equipment, as well as complete OSHA 10 certification.

KCTC also provides customized training to supplement an employer's current workforce.

Section 2. Payment

For and in consideration of the continued workforce development of the KCTC program and its continuing programs which benefit City Light in the form of creating a skilled, diverse, and stable workforce, City Light agrees to pay to the Tribe Forty Thousand Dollars (\$40,000) per year beginning on or before January 15, 2021 with a three and one-tenths percent (3.1%) escalator annually for the five (5) year duration of the Agreement for the continued support of the KCTC and Tribal Workforce Enhancement Initiative as set forth in the attached Schedule A.

Section 3. Documentation and Reporting

The Tribe shall provide a narrative and budget to City Light on or before December 31 of each year of the term of this Agreement, describing the Program's current successes and future plans. This narrative shall document how City Light funds have been allocated and track the number of Tribal members and community members that have been trained in areas offered and valued by City Light for its workforce.

Section 4. Term of the Interlocal Agreement

This Agreement shall be in effect immediately upon signing by both Parties and shall remain in effect for the term of five (5) years. Either party may terminate this Agreement without cause within ninety (90) calendar days of written notification.

Section 5. Notices and Deliverable Materials

All notices and other material shall be in writing and shall be delivered or mailed to the following individuals and addresses:

If to City Light:	If to the Tribe:
Michael Haynes, Assistant General Manager	Colene Rubertt, Director Career Training
700 Fifth Avenue, Suite 3516	PO Box 39
Seattle WA 98124-4023	Usk, WA 99180
And	And
Janet Hart, Operations Manager Boundary &	Lorraine Parlange, Senior Tribal Attorney
Lucky Peak	934 S. Garfield Rd
PO Box 219	Airway Heights, WA 99001
Metaline Falls, WA 99153-0219	

No modification or amendment of the provisions of this Agreement shall be effective unless in writing and signed by authorized representatives of City Light and the Tribe. The Parties expressly reserve the right to modify this Agreement from time to time by mutual written agreement.

Section 7. Severability

In the event that any provision of this Agreement conflicts with existing laws, such provisions shall be severable, and the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 8. Compliance with Law

The parties to this Agreement shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and Local laws and ordinances.

Section 9. No Joint Undertaking

Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to make or render the parties hereto partners, joint venturers, or participants in any joint undertaking whatsoever.

Section 10. No Third-Party Beneficiaries

This Agreement is entered into solely for the mutual benefit of the Parties hereto. This Agreement is not entered into with the intent that it shall benefit either Party's agents, consultants, or contractors and no such other person or entity shall be a third-party beneficiary to this Agreement.

Section 11. Applicable Law

This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Washington. The jurisdiction and venue of any action brought hereunder shall be in the Superior Court of King County, Washington in Seattle.

Section 12. No Assignment

This Agreement shall not be assigned in whole or in part by either Party without the prior written approval of the other Party.

Section 13. Indemnity

To the extent permitted by law, the Tribe does hereby release and shall defend, indemnify and hold City Light and its employees and agents harmless from all losses, liabilities, claims, (including claims arising under federal, state, or local environmental laws), costs (including attorneys' fees), actions or damages of any sort whatsoever arising out of the Tribe's ownership and operation of KCTC contemplated by this Agreement. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS INDEMNITY ONLY, THE TRIBE SPECIFICALLY AND EXPRESSLY WAIVES ANY IMMUNITY THAT IT MAY HAVE UNDER ANY INDUSTRIAL WORKERS' COMPENSATION, DISABILITY, EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OR SIMILAR LAWS. THE TRIBE ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE FOREGOING WAIVER OF IMMUNITY WAS MUTUALLY NEGOTIATED AND AGREES THAT THE INDEMNIFICATION PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION SHALL SURVIVE ANY TERMINATION OR EXPIRATION OF THIS AGREEMENT.

Section 14. Entire Agreement

This Agreement and any written attachments or Amendments thereto, constitutes the complete contractual agreement of the Parties and any oral representations or understandings not incorporated herein are excluded.

Section 15. Execution of Counterparts

This Agreement may be executed simultaneously in several counterparts, each of which shall be an original and all of which shall constitute but one instrument.

Section 16. Disputes

The parties intend to resolve their disputes through direct discussion and, if such is not possible, then through a dispute resolution framework established below. All stated time frames for resolving disputes may be lengthened by mutual consent.

(a) Direct Discussions. To initiate dispute resolution under this Section, the complaining party will first submit a written complaint letter to the representative of the party against whom a dispute is lodged, stating therein the nature of the dispute, the requested resolution, and the factual basis supporting the requested resolution. The responding party will, within twenty (20) working days of receiving the complaint letter, provide a written response, stating its agreement or disagreement with the nature of the dispute and the requested resolution. If the responding party disagrees with the complaint or the proposed resolution, the written response must provide at least one alternate resolution and the factual basis supporting such resolution(s). Thereafter, the lead representatives of each party will, for thirty (30) working days, make a good faith attempt to resolve the dispute through one or more direct discussions.

(b) Mediation. If direct discussions between the parties fail to resolve the dispute, any participating party may, within five (5) business days of completing the direct discussion process, make a written request for mediation to be conducted in Washington State. If all participating parties agree to engage in mediation, the parties shall seek a mutually acceptable mediator.

Section 17. Limited Waiver of Sovereign Immunity

Except as specifically stated herein, nothing in the Agreement is or may be deemed to be a waiver of Tribe's sovereign immunity from suit, which immunity is expressly asserted. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Tribe hereby expressly consents to be sued in King County Superior Court, provided such consent is only for the purpose of enforcing the Agreement.

This limited consent to suit is to be strictly construed and extends only to an action by one of the parties and only in the circumstances set out in sections 13 and 17. This limited consent to suit is not, and may not be deemed to be, a consent by the Tribe to the levy of any judgment, lien, or attachment of any property or income other than to the extent of a judgment for payment of money due under the terms of the Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have caused this Agreement to be executed.

The Kalispel Tribe of Indians

The City of Seattle, City Light Department

Date:

_____ Date: _____

Glen Nenema, Chairperson

Michael Haynes, Asst. General Manager

SCHEDULE A

Calendar Year	Inflation Increase	Payable
2021	0%	\$40,000
2022	3.1%	\$41,240
2023	3.1%	\$42,518
2024	3.1%	\$43,836
2025	3.1%	\$45,195

SUMMARY and FISCAL NOTE*

Department:	Dept. Contact/Phone:	CBO Contact/Phone:
Seattle City Light	Michael J. Haynes / 206-459-	Greg Shiring / 206-386-4085
	8163	

* Note that the Summary and Fiscal Note describes the version of the bill or resolution as introduced; final legislation including amendments may not be fully described.

1. BILL SUMMARY

Legislation Title:

AN ORDINANCE relating to the City Light Department; authorizing and directing the General Manager and Chief Executive Officer of City Light to execute an Interlocal Agreement with the Kalispel Tribe of Indians.

Summary and background of the Legislation:

This legislation renews an agreement from 2016 (Ordinance 125236) and enables the City of Seattle/Seattle City Light to enter into a second 5-year Interlocal Agreement with the Kalispel Tribe of Indians. This legislation serves to continue and support the long-term relationship between City Light and the tribe that has been formalized through our FERC license to operate the Boundary Hydroelectric Project.

To support the ongoing development of a skilled workforce and cultural diversity in the community surrounding the Boundary Hydroelectric Project, the City agrees to continue providing financial support for the Kalispel Career Training Center as authorized in the Interlocal Agreement. This legislation renews the funding mechanism between the City of Seattle/Seattle City Light and the Kalispel Tribe for development of a skilled and viable workforce within the tribe and local community.

2. CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

Does this legislation create, fund, or amend a CIP Project? ____ Yes __x__ No

3. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Does this legislation amend the Adopted Budget? ____ Yes ____ No

Does the legislation have other financial impacts to the City of Seattle that are not reflected in the above, including direct or indirect, short-term or long-term costs? No

Is there financial cost or other impacts of *not* **implementing the legislation?** Not implementing this legislation may limit the capacity of the Kalispel Career Training Center, thus impacting the potential benefit to Seattle City Light.

4. OTHER IMPLICATIONS

- **a.** Does this legislation affect any departments besides the originating department? No.
- **b.** Is a public hearing required for this legislation? No.
- c. Is publication of notice with *The Daily Journal of Commerce* and/or *The Seattle Times* required for this legislation? No.
- **d.** Does this legislation affect a piece of property? No.
- e. Please describe any perceived implication for the principles of the Race and Social Justice Initiative. Does this legislation impact vulnerable or historically disadvantaged communities? What is the Language Access plan for any communications to the public?

This legislation represents an element of City Light's RSJI work plan and is designed to support the development of skilled workers through the Kalispel Tribe and the local community in Pend Oreille County.

This Agreement supports the Race and Social Justice Initiative by providing resources for the Kalispel Career Training Center owned and operated by the Tribe. The Tribe's Workforce Development and Cultural Diversity Elements Program support development of a skilled workforce within the community and within the Tribe.

f. Climate Change Implications

- Emissions: Is this legislation likely to increase or decrease carbon emissions in a material way? No.
- 2. Resiliency: Will the action(s) proposed by this legislation increase or decrease Seattle's resiliency (or ability to adapt) to climate change in a material way? If so, explain. If it is likely to decrease resiliency in a material way, describe what will or could be done to mitigate the effects. No.

g. If this legislation includes a new initiative or a major programmatic expansion: What are the specific long-term and measurable goal(s) of the program? How will this legislation help achieve the program's desired goal(s).

Ordinance 125236 was legislated in 2016, for a similar term of five (5) years. Within this time frame, Seattle City Light and the community have realized many benefits. The Kalispel Tribe's mission is "to continue strengthening and building our community while preserving our cultural and natural heritage and strive to be a good neighbor to the greater community." Long-term goals include reducing the number of unemployed residents of Pend Oreille County, provide equitable access to jobs and expand to create jobs.

During the last five years, the Kalispel Career Training Center had 28 people pass through the apprenticeship program, with 15 of those individuals working full-time at the one-year check in. Some of the graduates have gone onto full certification in journey-level trades such as plumbing and carpentry. The list of skilled craft training has expanded to include carpentry, residential electricity, welding and fabrication, diesel repair and maintenance, and commercial driving license certifications.

In partnership with Associated General Contractors, Group Health and Seattle City Light, a "Head Start to the Construction Trades" program was developed. Each summer, high school students participate in a 7-week program designed to teach entry level skills such as forklift operation, OSHA 10 safety and First Aid / CPR certification. This legislation allows the Kalispel Career Training Center the ability to budget for instructor salaries, curriculum materials and tools to support the program. The long-term goals can be measured by graduate success rate and expanded program curriculum offered to both tribal and non-tribal members.

List attachments/exhibits below:

Kalispel Career Training Center Interlocal Agreement

Economic Development, Technology & City Light Committee January 26, 2022



WE POWER SEATTLE

Background

- + State RCW Authorizes City Light to enter into an Interlocal Agreement with the Kalispel Tribe of Indians
- + SCL operates the Boundary Dam in North Pend Oreille County
- + The Tribe's historic lands are adjacent to and overlap our licensed Project boundary lines
- +This is an update to previous agreements (started in 2016)
- + The parties share common objectives for workforce development, training and education
- +SCL is one of several local participants in the KCTC

Interlocal Agreement Components

- + This legislation provides for SCL's ongoing support for the KCTC through 2025 (Total over the 5-years is \$213,000)
- + SCL and the community will continue to gain opportunities for skilled trade development, career counseling and a host of training that will enable students to be competitive for our positions
- + SCL will have input and will receive regular reports from the Tribe on progress within the various programs and potential candidates for positions at Boundary facility
- +Our partnership with the Tribe extends to many other areas associated with our hydro operations

2021 Kalispel Career Training Center Highlights

- +7 Pre-apprentices completed 7k+ hours of paid training
- +3 apprentices have gained full-time employment (maintenance worker, welder/fabricator & apprentice carpenter)
- +3 apprentices remain in training at KCTC (1 working on joining the operators' union in Spokane)
- + Partnership with AGC, SCL and Group Health Foundation graduated 5 high school students in "Head Start to the Construction Trades" this summer
- + Students worked on display for Northern Quest through a partnership with Kalispel Metal Products

THANK YOU





<u>Kalispel Career Training Center (KCTC)</u> 2021 Directors Report

Colene Rubertt Director of Special Projects Director Kalispel Metal Products, Kalispel Case Line

Summary

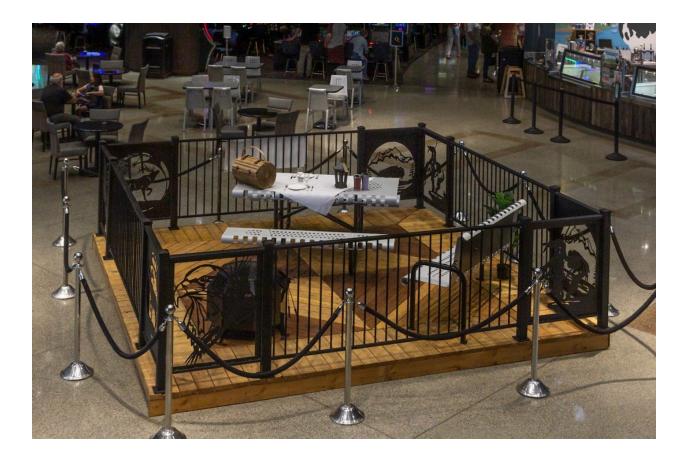
The Kalispel Tribe (KTI) mission is: "to continue strengthening and building our community while preserving our cultural and natural heritage and strive to be a good neighbor to the greater community."

Long term goals will: 1) reduce the number of unemployed residents, 2) provide equity access to jobs and 3) expand and create more jobs.

Kalispel Career Training Center (KCTC) provides employment and training opportunities utilizing classroom and hands-on experiences in the skilled trades, while completing beneficial projects with community members that have barrier(s) to employment. This program focuses on the needs of community members, business's and the Tribe. Program initiatives are based on the Kalispel Tribe's Workforce Enhancement Initiative created with the belief that unemployment is the cause of (rather than the result of) increased mental distress, social disconnection, increased substance use and physical illness. KCTC addresses the social determinants of health including education, literacy, employment while providing a social support network. KCTC provides paid job training through shadowing and pre-apprenticeship(s) for community members.

Kalispel Career Training Center's seven (7) pre-apprentices completed over 7,000 hours of paid training thus far in 2021. Two (3) of these have gained full-time employment, one in the maintenance department at Northern Quest, one has been hired full time as a welder/fabricator at Kalispel Metal Products, and one has transferred to the Construction Department of the Kalispel Tribe as an apprentice carpenter. Three (3) remain in training at KCTC, and one is currently working on joining the operators union in Spokane. There are currently (2) open positions at KCTC for pre-apprentices. Interviews have taken place and the timing is to start after the first of the year.

In partnership with the Associated General Contractors (AGC), Seattle City Light and Group Health Foundation KCTC graduated five (5) high school students in "Head Start to the Construction Trades this summer." This was the first year we were able to complete this program with all "in person" learning. The students worked on a display for Northern Quest that showcases what the general public can purchase through our partner business Kalispel Metal Products. Many of the preapprentices work on these items to raise money for their training. (picture below).



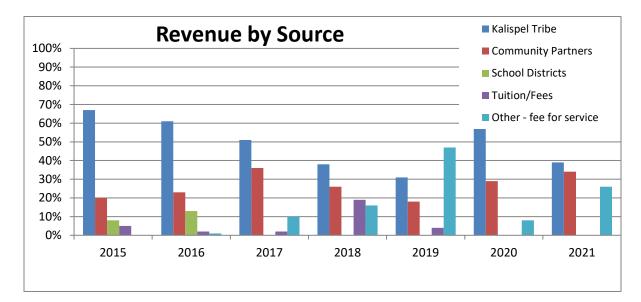
A graduation party was attended by parents of the students, which included the Tribe's Administrator, Director of Government Affairs and Director of Transportation Systems. In addition the following also attended: Carpenters Union Business Agent, Director of Seattle City Light, Apprenticeship Director from the AGC, Production Manager of Kalispel Metal Products and Project Manager of Kalispel Career Training Center. Northern Quest Executive Director noted the display in outreach to Kalispel Career Training Center, that he was so proud that this display which stood through the month of October was completed by so many Kalispel youth.

Kalispel Career Training Center completed one tiny one in 2020 and is utilized by the Tribe's housing department for isolation of family's dealing with COVID 19.

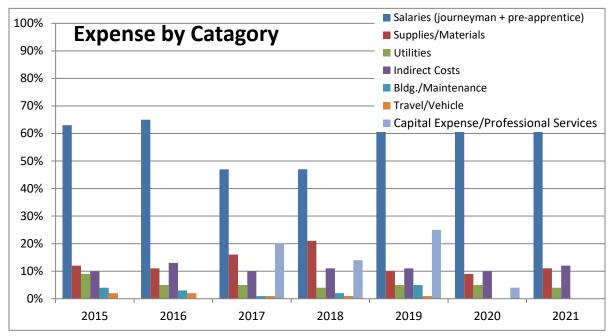
KCTC is able to offer pre-apprenticeship and summer youth to tribal & non-tribal members through community partnerships as well as implementation of the Enhanced Workforce Development Initiative of the Kalispel Tribe of Indians. Partner organizations include Seattle City Light, Group Health Foundation, Pend Oreille County Economic Development Council and Kalispel Metal Products. Financial support from these partners made up 31% of the operating budget of KCTC in FY2021.

<u>Revenue</u>

KCTC and partner program KMP were able to bring in over \$163,000 worth of revenue from projects in FY 2021



Expenses



Kalispel Career Training Center (KCTC) Looking ahead 2021

Job Shadowing agreements are in place with Kalispel Development as well as the Government Public Works/Planning Department of the Kalispel Tribe to allow pre-apprentice opportunities outside of the Kalispel Career Training Center & Kalispel Metal Products. This will allow other avenues of the construction trades to be evaluated for further training opportunities.

FY 2021 is seeing an increase in large projects for our pre-apprenticeship program, including a housing development in the Cusick area, the expansion project at Northern Quest Casino, as well as a partnership with Tidy Hut; manufacturing the first non-water based portable toilet.

KCTC is also managing several ARPA relief fund projects such as installing stand by generators at all elder tribal homes on the reservation, renovation of the chapel at Tribal Headquarters and a HVAC revamp of the KCTC shop.

ARPA relief funding is also been approved to fund additional apprenticeship opportunities in Electrical, Plumbing, HVAC, Carpentry, Automotive Technician and HEQ.

Group Health Foundation has funded general operating support for Kalispel Career Training Center with a three year \$50,000/yr. grant for adults & youth with barriers to employment relating to health.

Partners such as Seattle City Light are vital to the continued operation of KCTC. These funds make possible programs such as pre-apprenticeships, and summer youth training possible.

Respectfully Submitted, Colene Rubertt, Director of Special Projects Kalispel Tribe of Indians <u>Crubertt@kalispeltribe.com</u> (509) 447-7440



Legislation Text

File #: Res 32040, Version: 1

CITY OF SEATTLE

RESOLUTION

A RESOLUTION relating to the City Light Department; affirming the City Light Department's Clean Energy Implementation Plan as required under Washington State's Clean Energy Transformation Act. WHEREAS, in 2019 the Washington State Legislature passed the Clean Energy Transformation Act (CETA)

requiring Washington State utilities to be carbon-neutral by 2030 and use 100 percent non-emitting

resources by 2045; and

- WHEREAS, CETA further requires utilities to compile and submit a Clean Energy Implementation Plan every four years to show progress in meeting the underlying requirements of CETA; and
- WHEREAS, the Seattle City Council ("Council") passed Resolution 31312 in 2011, establishing the goal of zero net greenhouse gas emissions by 2050 and an interim target of a 58 percent reduction from 2008 levels by 2030; and
- WHEREAS, The City of Seattle's 2013 Seattle Climate Action Plan (CAP) identifies specific strategies and actions designed to meet the City's climate goals; and
- WHEREAS, Resolution 31447 in 2013 endorsed the CAP, Resolution 31714 in 2016 reaffirmed the CAP, and Resolution 31757 in 2017 affirmed Seattle's commitment to the Paris Agreement; and
- WHEREAS, climate change threatens Seattle residents' health, well-being, and economic vitality, and climate impacts; and
- WHEREAS, the City Light Department's ("City Light") Clean Energy Implementation Plan takes into account strategies outlined in the 2013 Climate Action Plan as those strategies relate to City Light to help meet the City's climate goals; and

WHEREAS, City Light's Clean Energy Implementation Plan will assist in further reductions in carbon emissions that may improve residents' health, well-being, and economic vitality through the specific actions outlined in the plan; NOW, THEREFORE,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SEATTLE, THE MAYOR CONCURRING, THAT:

Section 1. The City Light Department's Clean Energy Implementation Plan, which is attached to this resolution, is hereby adopted as the City's plan for compliance with Washington State's Clean Energy Transformation Act.

Adopted by the City Council the	day of		2022, and signed by
me in open session in authentication of its	adoption this	day of	, 2022.
		of the City Council	
The Mayor concurred the	_day of	, 2022.	
	Bruce A. Harrell,	Mayor	
Filed by me this day of _		, 2022.	

Monica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk

File #: Res 32040, Version: 1

(Seal)

Attachments:

Attachment 1 - 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan Report Exhibit A - City Light Department 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan Exhibit B - Clean Energy Equity Plan



SEPTEMBER 2021

2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan Report

OVERVIEW

The Clean Energy Transformation Act (CETA) adopted into law in 2019 seeks to decarbonize the economy of Washington state. CETA requires utilities like the City's City Light Department ("City Light") to plan for that outcome and to seek our governing board's approval of four and ten-year plans to do so – referred to as our Clean Energy Implementation Plan (CEIP). This report to the Mayor and City Council is intended to familiarize the City's elected officials with City Light's first four-year CEIP. This report summarizes the work performed in developing both the plan and the CEIP template that will be submitted to the Washington state Department of Commerce (Commerce) to demonstrate City Light's compliance with this new state law. City Light's planning and outreach processes have guided and informed City Light's CEIP and sets the stage for how City Light plans to support Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations as we transition to a 100% clean electric system.

City Light's history is one of focus and action on environmental responsibility and stewardship. The generating resources City Light uses are predominately hydroelectric, and the service we have provided to our customers has been over 90% carbon free for nearly two decades. Operationally, we have been net-zero carbon neutral since 2005, utilizing high-quality offsets for those emissions that we have been unable to avoid.

City Light's CEIP also reflects City Light's long-standing environmental and social justice commitments and sets forth our anticipated path forward to continue to improve as we embrace the future. The Excel workbook attached to this report constitutes the compliance filing we will be making with Commerce at the end of the year. This template contains the detailed information on each area of effort and our planned actions as required by the Clean Energy Transformation Act (CETA) and the Department's rules. The information contained in this report and the attached template reflects our consideration of the public input we've received to date and identifies our path for continued and expanded community engagement during our transition to a clean energy economy.

This first CEIP for City Light addresses the following three critical requirements:

- Explains the steps City Light is taking over the next four years (2022 through 2025) to make progress towards serving customers with 100% non-emitting or renewable resources no later than 2045
- Develops the foundation to measure and ensure equitable access to clean energy
- Describes the outreach to our customer-owners that has informed this plan

City Light's CEIP is not only consistent with the Integrated Resource Plan (IRP) as CETA requires, but is also informed by City Light's 2022-2026 Strategic Plan and City Light's internal Clean Energy Equity Plan (CEEP) developed to support this CEIP, which is also attached for reference.

Another important element of the CEIP is the baseline it establishes from which City Light will measure its progress. The attached CEIP template (Excel workbook) will be submitted to Commerce after City Council review and approval. This template provides the technical baseline from which our progress towards a 100% clean portfolio and improvements in the equity of how we deliver services will be understood.

A changing resource mix and new loads from decarbonization across transportation, buildings and industries will require City Light to expand beyond hydropower resources. Exciting, new technology is on the horizon and in 2022, City Light will begin piloting customer demand response and energy storage solutions. One example is the use of large battery storage to support the Washington State Ferry system's ferry electrification plans. Demand response and energy storage are important available solutions for achieving long-term clean energy goals and in the coming years City Light will be testing ways to incorporate these technologies into its resource plans.

CLEAN ENERGY EQUITY PLAN & CUSTOMER ENGAGEMENT

CETA requires City Light to identify those communities and populations that have a disproportionate share of environmental risks and who may be vulnerable to our clean energy actions. City Light must ensure that these Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations benefit equitably from our actions. City Light developed an internal Clean Energy Equity Plan (CEEP) to guide the utility's integration of equity into its planning, programs, and projects. The CEEP's core audience is intended to be internal to support City Light in achieving an equitable transition to a 100% greenhouse gas-free, electric future in fulfillment of the objectives and intentions of CETA.

Box 1 - Equitable Clean Energy Just Transition Principles

- 1. City Light is committed to racial diversity, social justice, and the equitable provision of services to all.
- 2. City Light recognizes past and current energy injustices and understands that taking a restorative approach should guide us to advance energy justice by conferring benefits first to communities most burdened by these injustices.
- City Light's approach is rooted in community-centered collaboration and engagement to design equitable, inclusive solutions.
- City Light is dedicated to reducing pollutants that impact public health where communities live, work, learn, play, and worship.
- City Light will make decisions that are transparent to all communities and customers.

City Light developed *Equitable Clean Energy Just Transition Principles* that inform and ground City Light's decisions and processes (Box 1). These principles are intended to support the objective for all utility customers to equitably benefit from the transition to clean energy. They are explicitly designed to focus attention and efforts on Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations as defined by CETA (Box 2). In the Seattle area, like in the rest of the country, Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations experience a disproportionate share of environmental risk from environmental burdens and are often Black, Indigenous, and People of Color, low-income residents, people with limited English proficiency, and immigrants and refugees.

Box 2 – CETA Definitions

Highly Impacted Communities

Communities designated by the Department of Health based on cumulative impact analyses or a community located in census tract fully or partially identified as being on "Indian country."

Vulnerable Populations

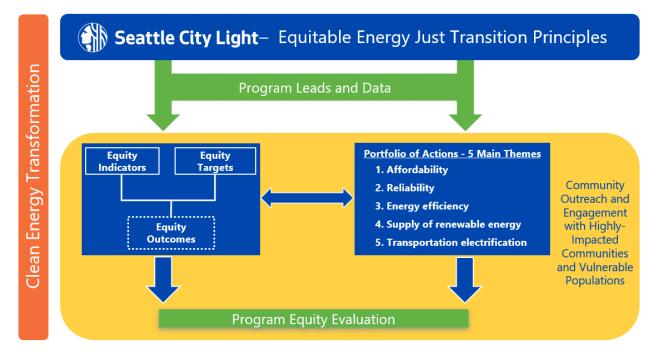
Communities that experience disproportionate cumulative risk from environmental burdens due to adverse socioeconomic factors and sensitivity factors.

City Light developed equity indicators to measure and

track progress towards elevating equity – particularly racial equity – aligning with the vision of Seattle's Race and Social Justice Initiative. Ten preliminary indicators target the equitable distribution of energy and non-energy benefits across a range of Energy Equity Areas classified by CETA and are designed to measure progress in achieving six equity outcomes described by City Light. These outcomes relate to community assets and collaboration, economic opportunities and youth pathways, equitable access, healthy planet and healthy lives, and affordable and reliable electricity.

The CEEP describes an initial portfolio of actions representing a collection of existing programs and projects that have the greatest opportunity to influence an equitable transition. This portfolio also includes emerging programs and projects that may provide additional opportunities for equitably distributed energy and nonenergy benefits, reduced burdens, improved public health and environmental risk, and advanced energy security and resiliency. The portfolio of actions is grouped into five themes: affordability, reliability, energy efficiency, supply of renewable energy, and transportation

electrification (see figure below). These actions and the indicators they address are designed to be dynamic and adaptable over time.



City Light has engaged and will continue to engage with its customers, others within the service territory, and with those located in remote locations where electricity is generated and transmitted to implement this plan. Market research conducted by a third-party consultant to identify customer priorities when developing the 2019-2024 Strategic Plan identified three top priorities for the utility: to be a leader in the environment and renewable energy, invest in technology for operational improvements, and keep costs down. Building on these engagement efforts, a community outreach plan is designed to share the overall approach to engagement for CETA, engagement objectives, collaboration with targeted audiences, and tactics and metrics to promote and advance an equitable transition.

Accountability to customers and transparency into the distribution of both energy and non-energy benefits is established through a series of protocols that follow a City Light *Equity Impacts Assessment Framework*. This framework prioritizes Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations and provides strategies for elevating equity to increase and improve equity outcomes through the portfolio of actions. City Light program managers can execute these and similar strategies in their program implementation with the aid of an Equity Coordinator. The CEEP contains an implementation plan to identify responsible parties and outline schedule, budget, and reporting requirements.

In addition to presenting our initial work to the Integrated Resource Plan Technical Advisory Committee and the City Light Environmental Advisory Committee, we will be presenting the CEIP to our City Light Review Panel in November for their consideration and feedback. During the month of August we emailed a short survey to 180,000 customers and heard back from 4,522. The results include the following:

- 94% are concerned about climate change
- 80% of our customers were not aware that City Light is carbon neutral or has a 90%+ clean energy portfolio.
- The three most important benefits our customers expect from the transition to a 100% clean energy economy include reducing climate change impacts, decreased reliance on fossil fuels and a reduction in environmental impacts.
- The three greatest concerns were bill increases, the negative impacts of clean energy technology and the risk to reliability.

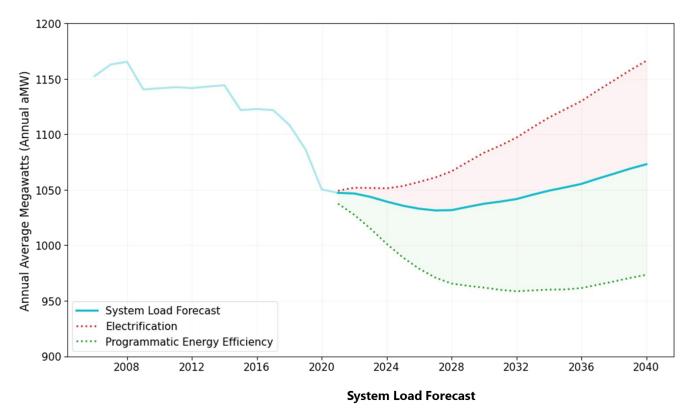
Notably, our survey did not receive a statistically proportionate response from customers who selfidentify as Black/African American or as Native American. Our communications team is working on strategies to improve our outreach to these populations as well as devising strategies for improved outreach to BIPOC communities, traditionally underserved communities, and renters.

ENERGY

City Light recently completed its Conservation Potential Assessment (CPA) and a Demand Response Potential Assessment (DRPA) in support of both our I-937/Energy Independence Act and CETA compliance. These studies also support our IRP, the development of our load forecasts, and are the foundation for programmatic planning based upon the results of the biennial study. Applying a more holistic portfolio analysis that takes into account related factors like seasonal resource adequacy needs (sufficient resource across a wide range of events) and the current Bonneville Power Administration (BPA) contract, we were able to identify additional value for energy efficiency efforts. While costeffectiveness remains a challenge for other demand side resources, the portfolio analysis also shows that these resources hold promise through demonstration of other substantial system benefits, program design innovations, and if costs continue to decline through market transformation. Our total potential for energy efficiency over the next two years declined by 12%, while remaining heavily reliant upon our commercial customers to achieve that potential. The major drivers of these changes are, on the "down" side, less technical potential, with notably less lighting potential, fewer low-cost measures still available; and on the "up" side, the revamped IRP framework better reflecting the value of other higher cost energy efficiency by considering timing, resource adequacy and greenhouse gas requirements, as well as introducing appliance programs into the mix.

Foundationally, we will be proactively seeking customer and community voices to inform our program design and to affirm that the opportunities we will pursue are those that best meet the needs of the communities we serve. We continue to develop innovative programs in the commercial space, such as pay-for-performance, and are developing tools for customers to better manage their energy use. We will be targeting programs that maximize the value of conservation, whether through programs focused on low-income, multi-family dwellings, geographically targeting programs to Highly Impacted

Communities and addressing the seasonality of conservation value (e.g. greater value for delivered energy savings in Dec-Jan and Jul-Aug). We are also deploying programs that support our trade allies who work with our customers to deliver energy savings and support family-wage jobs in the communities we serve. Lastly, as we expand our electrification offerings in alignment with our Transportation Electrification Strategic Investment Plan (TESIP), as well as emerging strategies in Building Electrification, there is and will be a natural synergy to the product offerings as illustrated below. Continued success in energy efficiency will enable our existing resources to support expanded transportation and building electrification.



RESOURCE ACQUISITIONS

Consistent with the 2020 IRP Progress Report, City Light's power supply is built on a robust hydropower portfolio and investment in energy conservation that will meet our power supply needs for several years to come. However, with faster reductions in fossil fuel use changing the regional power supply mix and taking into account the pandemic recovery, the IRP resource adequacy framework concludes that City Light will need new supply resources in 2026-2027. Simply put, the historical supply resource surplus that City Light has come to expect in recent memory appears likely to change. Summer emerges as the primary season for new resource adequacy investments driven mainly by hydroelectric supply variability from evolving water conditions. The IRP portfolio analysis used in setting targets for the CPA and the CEIP shows that conservation investments alone will not be sufficient beyond 2025 for meeting City Light's resource needs.

In 2026 and 2027, City Light plans to increase its renewable energy purchases with new solar, wind or other CETA compliant resources. The magnitude of the investments in 2026 and 2027 are approximately 140 aMW of renewable and non-emitting resources, which is about 14% of anticipated 2026 retail load. City Light may seek up to 525 MW in total nameplate capacity of solar and wind resources, between 2026 and the early 2030s. These resources along with future investments in renewable energy, demand response and energy storage in the 2030s will ensure that City Light can achieve its CETA compliance requirements. The 2022 IRP work will continue to refine with customers and stakeholders a resource strategy that takes into consideration customer programs (like the approved Renewable Plus program) and other emerging opportunities that enable additional equitable climate change action.

GREENHOUSE GASES

Due to our 17-year history of being greenhouse gas neutral, our planning work centers on looking at our resources and related matters in a more holistic manner than in the past and identifying those areas of effort that would be most beneficial and cost effective for our customers. For example, the nature of the next BPA power supply contract will have a tremendous impact on our CETA compliance efforts when it is executed in the mid-2020s and implemented in 2028.

Another significant variable is the development of a more coordinated approach to resource adequacy across the Western United States and as climate change leads to more extreme weather events and new stresses on energy infrastructure. As Washington, Oregon and California decarbonize and utilities across the Western U.S. recognize greater benefits of renewable energy, more innovative tools are necessary for a more dependable, affordable, and clean generating mix. Under the administration of the Northwest Power Pool, a Western Resource Adequacy program is being built that brings utilities that are not part of the California ISO together to coordinate and assure a high likelihood of adequate supply to meet customer demand under a wide array of scenarios.

This new program and innovations like the Western Energy Imbalance Market (WEIM) which City Light recently joined, create more robust wholesale energy markets and improve affordability for our customers. Every credible study of what will be required to decarbonize Washington state recognizes that Washington state cannot go it alone. To achieve CETA's goal of effective, economy-wide decarbonization in Washington state will require some form of regionalization of planning and operations to optimize the dispatch of all generation and transmission across the West. Regulatory support for innovations in reliability and wholesale energy markets and the future BPA contract offering will have a substantial impact on City Light's compliance with this state law, as well as the wider success sought in decarbonization of our state's economy.

ACTION PLANS

City Light is building its plan toward a greenhouse gas-free future, which will include valuable public input – including the use of technology to make public engagement more convenient and simpler and more accessible information on how we can all access cleaner energy options and prepare for the future. City Light's CEIP calls for the public to help define and shape a cleaner environment, not just in helping City Light make resource choices but making energy benefits more equitable for all.

In working with the Mayor and City Council, City Light wants to invite innovative new partnerships to help inspire our customers to become more active in creating a clean energy future. We want to support them in our mutual goals for a more sustainable and socially equitable future. By supplying the public with information about City Light's existing supply and the types of resource choices ahead, everyone can participate in a shared understanding and be an active participant in designing a better quality of life.

City Light's ongoing and/or proposed action plans designed to support the advancement of safe, reliable, affordable, and environmentally responsible energy services include:

- Launch a new public engagement campaign prioritizing impacted communities to improve the equitable distribution of energy and non-energy benefits.
- An improved portfolio model that uses information from the CPA (setting the biennial energy efficiency targets for I-937) and incorporating demand response, recognizing seasonal resource adequacy needs and sectoral level resource adequacy contributions of energy efficiency programs or measures (a more granular measure of reliability) to develop a more holistic IRP resource strategy than in the past.
- Develop an integrated planning approach that weaves together traditional bulk supply portfolio planning with transmission and distribution system planning effectively incorporating Distributed Energy Resources (DERs) into the resource portfolio.
- Implement one or more demand response program pilots and update City Light's large commercial solar tariff in 2022.
- Completing implementation of the Renewable Plus Program to support our largest customers sustainability goals in a manner that complements existing renewable energy programs for all customers.
- Collaborate with the public power community and BPA on a post-2028 BPA contract that provides a 100% clean power supply (CETA compliant), with a proposed final contract drafted in late 2025 for a new contract period starting on Oct. 1, 2028.
- Work toward development of well-functioning organized wholesale market(s) that can enforce the provisions and rules of CETA while establishing the tools required for a regional dispatch that optimizes the use of transmission and generation assets cost-effectively.
- Sponsor, support and complete implementation of the Western Resource Adequacy Program with Northwest Power Pool members, increasing electric system reliability and affordability by pooling supply and demand to assist during stressed system conditions.
- Submit our relicensing request for the Skagit River Hydroelectric Project by April 2025 and the South Fork Tolt Hydroelectric Project by 2027.
- Advocate for the US delegation to negotiate a new Columbia River Treaty seeking a fair distribution of benefits from treaty storage and operations.
- Update and refine modeling of clean energy policies in City Light's electric power price forecast.
- Include transportation and building electrification scenarios being developed by a separate Citywide electrification study process.
- Coordinate consistent inputs for evaluation of demand side resource potential at the distribution system level.

• Develop resource strategies recognizing climate change as a scenario in the 2022 IRP with a plan to incorporate climate change in the base case for the 2024 IRP.

CONCLUSION

While City Light's history of over a century of low carbon electrical service has positioned City Light and its customers for success in a decarbonized future, much work remains to ensure our ability to deliver on that promise. Whether it is in the acquisition of carbon-free resources to serve our customers' needs, in harmonizing disparate state rulemakings in Olympia or working across the West to better partner and collaborate to solve long-standing and vexing challenges, City Light's CEIP starts the utility and our customers on a path for complete decarbonization, while aspiring to create an energy system that is demonstrably more equitable than the one that preceded it.

EXHIBITS:

CLEAN ENERGY IMPLEMENTATION PLAN (CEIP) EXCEL WORKBOOK

CLEAN ENERGY EQUITY PLAN (CEEP)

Att 1 Ex A – City Light Department 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan V1

Clean Energy Transformation Act, **Clean Energy Implementation Plan** Publish: August 12, 2021

Deadline: January 1, 2022

Submission: Email this workbook and all supporting documentation to CETA@commerce.wa.gov Questions: Glenn Blackmon, Sarah Vorpahl, Austin Scharff, State Energy Office, CETA@commerce.wa.gov

> Enter information in green fields. Do not modify blue-shaded fields.

RCW 19.405.060

Clean energy implementation plan-Compliance criteria-Incremental cost of compliance.

(2)(a) By January 1, 2022, and every four years thereafter, each consumer-owned utility must develop and submit to the department a four-year clean energy implementation plan for the standards established under RCW 19.405.040(1) and 19.405.050(1) that: (i) Proposes interim targets for meeting the standard under RCW 19.405.040(1) during the years prior to 2030 and between 2030 and 2045, as well as specific targets for energy efficiency, demand response, and renewable energy; (ii) Is informed by the consumer-owned utility's clean energy action plan developed under RCW 19.280.030(1) or other ten-year plan developed under RCW 19.280.030(5); (iii) Is consistent with subsection (4) of this section; and (iv) Identifies specific actions to be taken by the consumer-owned utility over the next four years, consistent with the utility's long-range resource plan and resource adequacy requirements, that demonstrate progress towards meeting the standards under RCW 19.405.040(1) and 19.405.050(1) and the interim targets proposed under (a)(i) of this subsection. The specific actions identified must be informed by the consumer-owned utility's historic performance under median water conditions and resource capability and by the consumer-owned utility's participation in centralized markets. In identifying specific actions in its clean energy implementation plan, the consumer-owned utility may also take into consideration any significant and unplanned loss or addition of load it experiences.

(b) The governing body of the consumer-owned utility must, after a public meeting, adopt the consumer-owned utility's clean energy implementation plan. The clean energy implementation plan must be submitted to the department and made available to the public. The governing body may adopt more stringent targets than those proposed by the consumer-owned utility and periodically adjust or expedite timelines if it can be demonstrated that such targets or timelines can be achieved in a manner consistent with the following: (i) Maintaining and protecting the safety, reliable operation, and balancing of the electric system; (ii) Planning to meet the standards at the lowest reasonable cost, considering risk; (iii) Ensuring that all customers are benefiting from the transition to clean energy: Through the equitable distribution of energy and nonenergy benefits and reduction of burdens to vulnerable populations and highly impacted communities; long-term and short-term public health and environmental benefits and reduction of costs and risks; and energy security and resiliency; and (iv) Ensuring that no customer or class of customers is unreasonably harmed by any resulting increases in the cost of utility-supplied electricity as may be necessary to comply with the standards.

(3)(a) An investor-owned utility must be considered to be in compliance with the standards under RCW 19.405.040(1) and 19.405.050(1) if, over the four-year compliance period, the average annual incremental cost of meeting the standards or the interim targets established under subsection (1) of this section equals a two percent increase of the investor-owned utility's weather-adjusted sales revenue to customers for electric operations above the previous year, as reported by the investor-owned utility in its most recent commission basis report. All costs included in the determination of cost impact must be directly attributable to actions necessary to comply with the requirements of RCW 19.405.040 and 19.405.050.

(b) If an investor-owned utility relies on (a) of this subsection as a basis for compliance with the standard under RCW 19.405.040(1), then it must demonstrate that it has maximized investments in renewable resources and nonemitting electric generation prior to using alternative compliance options allowed under RCW 19.405.040(1)(b).

(4)(a) A consumer-owned utility must be considered to be in compliance with the standards under RCW 19.405.040(1) and 19.405.050(1) if, over the four-year compliance period, the average annual incremental cost of meeting the standards or the interim targets established under subsection (2) of this section meets or exceeds a two percent increase of the consumer-owned utility's retail revenue requirement above the previous year. All costs included in the determination of cost impact must be directly attributable to actions necessary to comply with the requirements of RCW 19.405.040 and 19.405.050.

(b) If a consumer-owned utility relies on (a) of this subsection as a basis for compliance with the standard under RCW 19.405.040(1), and it has not met eighty percent of its annual retail electric load using electricity from renewable resources and nonemitting electric generation, then it must demonstrate that it has maximized investments in renewable resources and nonemitting electric generation prior to using alternative compliance options allowed under RCW 19.405.040(1)(b).

(5) The commission, for investor-owned utilities, and the department, for consumer-owned utilities, must adopt rules establishing the methodology for calculating the incremental cost of compliance under this section, as compared to the cost of an alternative lowest reasonable cost portfolio of investments that are reasonably available.

WAC 194-40-200

Clean energy implementation plan.

(1) **Specific actions.** Each utility must identify in each CEIP the specific actions the utility will take during the next interim performance period or GHG neutral compliance period to demonstrate progress toward meeting the standards under RCW 19.405.040(1) and 19.405.050(1) and the interim targets under subsection (2) of this section and the specific tar gets under subsection (3) of this section. Specific actions must be consistent with the requirements of RCW 19.405.060 (2)(a)(iv).

(2) Interim target. The CEIP must establish an interim target for the percentage of retail load to be served using renewable and nonemitting resources during the period covered by the CEIP. The interim target must demonstrate progress toward meeting the standards under RCW 19.405.040(1) and 19.405.050(1), if the utility is not already meeting the relevant standard.

(3) **Specific targets.** The CEIP must establish specific targets, for the interim performance period or GHG neutral compliance period covered by the CEIP, for each of the following categories of resources:

(a) **Energy efficiency.** (i) The CEIP must establish a target for the amount, expressed in megawatt-hours of first-year savings, of energy efficiency resources expected to be acquired during the period. The energy efficiency target must comply with WAC 194-40-330(1). (ii) A



utility may update its CEIP to incorporate a revised energy efficiency target to match a biennial conservation target established by the utility under RCW 19.285.040 (1)(b) and WAC 194-37-070.

(b) **Demand response resources.** The CEIP must specify a target for the amount, expressed in megawatts, of demand response resources to be acquired during the period. The demand response target must comply with WAC 194-40-330(2).

(c) **Renewable energy.** The utility's target for renewable energy must identify the quantity in megawatt-hours of renewable electricity to be used in the period.

(4) Specific actions to ensure equitable transition. To meet the requirements of RCW 19.405.040(8), the CEIP must, at a minimum:

(a) Identify each highly impacted community, as defined in RCW 19.405.020(23), and its designation as either: (i) A community designated by the department of health based on cumulative impact analyses; or (ii) A community located in census tracts that are at least partially on Indian country.

(b) Identify vulnerable populations based on the adverse socioeconomic factors and sensitivity factors developed through a public process established by the utility and describe and explain any changes from the utility's previous CEIP, if any;

(c) Report the forecasted distribution of energy and nonenergy costs and benefits for the utility's portfolio of specific actions, including impacts resulting from achievement of the specific targets established under subsection (3) of this section. The report must: (i) Include one or more indicators applicable to the utility's service area and associated with energy benefits, nonenergy benefits, reduction of burdens, public health, environment, reduction in cost, energy security, or resiliency developed through a public process as part of the utility's long-term planning, for the provisions in RCW 19.405.040(8); (ii) Identify the expected effect of specific actions on highly impacted communities and vulnerable populations and the general location, if applicable, timing, and estimated cost of each specific action. If applicable, identify whether any resource will be located in highly impacted communities or will be governed by, serve, or otherwise benefit highly impacted communities or vulnerable populations in part or in whole; and (iii) Describe how the specific actions in the CEIP are consistent with, and informed by, the utility's longer-term strategies based on the analysis in RCW 19.280.030 (1)(k) and clean energy action plan in RCW 19.280.030(1)(l) from its most recent integrated resource plan, if applicable.

(d) Describe how the utility intends to reduce risks to highly impacted communities and vulnerable populations associated with the transition to clean energy.

(5) Use of alternative compliance options. The CEIP must identify any planned use during the period of alternative compliance options, as provided for in RCW 19.405.040 (1)(b).

(6) The CEIP must be consistent with the most recent integrated resource plan or resource plan, as applicable, prepared by the utility under RCW 19.280.030.

(7) The CEIP must be consistent with the utility's clean energy action plan developed under RCW 19.280.030(1) or other ten-year plan developed under RCW 19.280.030(5).

(8) The CEIP must identify the resource adequacy standard and measurement metrics adopted by the utility under WAC 194-40-210 and used in establishing the targets in its CEIP. (9) If the utility intends to comply using the two percent incremental cost approach specified in WAC 194-40-230, the CEIP must include the information required in WAC 194-40-230(3) and, if applicable, the demonstration required in WAC 194-40-350(2).

(10) Any utility that is not subject to RCW 19.280.030(1) may meet the requirements of this section through a simplified reporting form provided by commerce.

Att 1 Ex A – City Light Department 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan V1 $\,$

Utility name:	Seattle City Light
Report date:	2021
	Robert Cromwell/Customer Energy
Contact name/Dept:	Solutions
Phone:	206-684-3856
Email:	robert.cromwell@seattle.gov
Web address of	https://powerlines.seattle.gov/2021
published CEIP:	/08/05/clean-energy-future-survey/
Small utility:	No

A small utility is a utility that is not required by RCW 19.280.030(1) to prepare an integrated resource plan.

Att 1 Ex A – City Light Department 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan V1 $\,$

Seattle City Light

Interim target: Percentage of retail load to be served using renewable and nonemitting resources (WAC 194-40-200(2))

Resource	2022	2023	2024	2025	4-year Period
Renewable	92%	92%	93%	93%	92%
Nonemitting	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Total	97%	97%	97%	97%	97%

[Small utilities may enter a single value in cell G6 and leave the remaining cells blank.]

Describe how the target demonstrates progress toward meeting the 2030 and 2045 CETA standards (WAC 194-40-200(2)). *This section is not required if the value in cell G6 is 80% or greater* :

Specific targets (WAC 194-40-200(3)):

Resource	Amount	
	310,603	
	(cum. savings	
Energy Efficiency	thru 2025)	MWh to be acquired over the interim performance period (measured in first-year savings

Att 1 Ex A – City Light Department 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan V1

Renewable energy	31,821,434	MWh to be used during the interim performance period
Demand response	0	MW to be acquired over the interim performance period

	dentify and describe the specific actions the utility will take over the next interim performance period to demonstrate progress toward meeting the utility's interim targets and the 2030 GHG neutral and 2045 clean electricity standard (WAC 194-40-200(1)):					
Specific action proposed	Description of how the action demonstrates progress toward meeting interim targets and the standards					
Proactively seek customer and community voice	Design and refine demand-side programs and clean energy strategies to ensure alignment with equitable outcomes and customer choices.					
Conservation program equitable program design	Create new opportunities for conservation (target highly impacted communities and vulnerable populations, geography, and season; pivot away from lighting; look towards efficient electrification)					
Demand Response	City Light's IRP did not select demand response products. That said, City Light plans to launch time of day rates by 2023, residential/small business demand response pilots by 2022, and managed electric vehicle charging pilots by 2025.					
RFP for CETA and I-937 eligible resources	The selection of resources will use City Light's IRP framework which includes goalposts for meeting the 2030 and 2045 standards, resource adequacy, I-937 and Seattle's existing carbon neutral policy. Seattle City Light plans to pursue demand side and supply side resource thru customer programs and RFP processes to meet future needs identified and updated through its IRP framework. All plans are centered around conservation, demand response and renewable energy. Guidance for resource decision come from SCL's Strategic Plan, Clean Energy Equity Plan and are consistent with the Clean Energy Implementation Plan and the IRP framework.					
2022 & 2024 IRP updates and 2024 CPA updates	Continue to refine inputs including new load forecasts and generation forecasts reflecting new regulations, codes and UW Climate Impacts workgroup climate change data for SCL with input from technical advisors in the 2022 IRP process and inclusive of customer input into future plans.					
2020 IRP Progress Report	Follow through on actions identified in the 2020 IRP Progress Report pg. 22 http://www.seattle.gov/Documents/Departments/CityLight/2020IRPProgessReport.pdf					

Seattle City Light

Highly impacted communities (WAC 194-40-200(4))

Report each Highly Impacted Community in the table below.

Highly Impacted Community is defined in RCW 19.405.020(23) as:

(23) "Highly impacted community" means a community designated by the department of health based on cumulative impact analyses in RCW 19.405.140 or a community located in census tracts that are fully or partially on "Indian country" as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151.

Department of Health has designated Highly Impacted Communities as those ranking 9 or 10 on the Environmental Health Disparities map. Visit the Department of Health website for instructions on how to identify Highly Impacted Communities:

https://www.doh.wa.gov/DataandStatisticalReports/WashingtonTrackingNetworkWTN/ClimateProjections/CleanEnergyTransformationAct/CETAU tilityInstructions

			Environmental Health
Census Tract (enter 11 digit FIPS code)	County Name	Tribal Lands (Yes/No)	Disparities Topic Rank
53033000100	King	No	9
53033001200	King	No	9
53033007300	King	No	9
53033007402	King	No	10
53033008002	King	No	10
53033008100	King	No	10
53033008200	King	No	9
53033008500	King	No	10
53033008600	King	No	10
53033008700	King	No	10
53033009000	King	No	10
53033009200	King	No	10
53033009300	King	No	10
53033009400	King	No	9
53033010001	King	No	9
53033010002	King	No	9
53033010100	King	No	9
53033010300	King	No	9
53033010401	King	No	9
53033010702	King	No	9
53033010800	King	No	9
53033010900	King	No	10
53033011001	King	No	9
53033011002	King	No	10

53033011101	King	No	9
53033011102	King	No	9
53033011200	King	No	10
53033011300	King	No	10
53033011401	King	No	9
53033011700	King	No	10
53033011800	King	No	10
53033011900	King	No	10
53033026001	King	No	9
53033026500	King	No	10

Att 1 Ex $A-{\rm City}$ Light Department 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan V1

Seattle City Light

Vulnerable populations (WAC 194-40-200(4))

Please list all indicators developed through a public process and used to identify Vulnerable Populations based on the definition in RCW 19.405.020(40):

(40) "Vulnerable populations" means communities that experience a disproportionate cumulative risk from environmental burdens due to:
 (a) Adverse socioeconomic factors, including unemployment, high housing and transportation costs relative to income, access to food and health care, and linguistic isolation; and

(b) Sensitivity factors, such as low birth weight and higher rates of hospitalization

		_	Date Last	Approximate number of households in service territory
Factor	Details	Source	Updated	(if applicable)
		Department of Health		
		COVID-19 data		
Ex. COVID cases	Cases by race and ethnicity	dashboard	2021	1,000
			2011-2015 for	
			the Racial and	
			Social Equity	
			Index. The	
			household	
			count by	
		City of Seattle's Office	census tract is	
		of Planning &	based on data	
Racial & Social Equity		Community	from 2013-	59643 listed as "highest
Composite Index	Identified index scores by census tract	Development	2017.	disadvantage"
			Index created	
			in 2019 with	
			data ranging	
		Puget Sound Regional	from 2011-	
Displacement Index	Identified moderate and high index scores by census tract	Council	2016	252,662 at high and moderate
		Duwamish Valley		
		Action Plan / American		
		Community Survey 5-		
Duwamish Valley	The Duwamish Valley is an identified environmental justice ne		2016	5600
	(1) black, indigenous, and people of color (BIPOC),			
	(2) low income,	City of Seattle's Equity		
	(3) limited English proficiency, and	& Environment		
Vulnerable groups	(4) immigrants and refugees	Agenda	TBD	TBD

Describe and explain any changes to the indicator from the utility's previous CEIP, if any:

This is the first CEIP so no changes in indicators have occured relative to a previous version.

Indicators are provided on the 'Forecast of Impacts' tab.

Vulnerable populations were identified based on City of Seattle's Office of Planning & Community Development Racial and Social Equity Composite Index that combines information by census tract on race, ethnicity, and related demographics with data on socioeconomic and health disadvantages to identify where priority populations make up relatively large proportions of neighborhood residents. Additional information used to identify vulnerable populations is a displacement index created by Puget Sound Regional Council (PSRC), referenced in the Seattle 2035 Equity Analysis. Displacement risk is a composite of indicators representing five elements of neighborhood displacement risks: socio-demographics, transportation qualities, neighborhood characteristics, housing, and civic engagement. These vulnerable populations are shown within the table on the Indentify HIC tab. Another resource used to identify vulnerable populations is City Light's Transportation Electrification Strategic Implementation Plan (TESIP), which identifies environmental justice neighborhoods and recognizes the Duwamish Valley as containing some of Seattle's most underserved populations. Finally, City of Seattle identified four groups through its Equity & Environment Agenda that could be considered vulnerable: (1) black, indigenous, and people of color (BIPOC), (2) low income, (3) limited English proficiency, and (4) immigrants and refugees.

Att 1 Ex A – City Light Department 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan V1

Seattle City Light

Distribution of energy and non-energy costs and benefits (WAC 194-40-200(4))

Please report one or more indicators, developed through a public process, and used to identify the forecasted distribution of energy and non-energy costs and benefits for the utility's portfolio of specific actions, including impacts resulting from achievement of the specific targets established under WAC 194-40-200(3).

Indicators must be associated with one of the following categories: energy benefits, non-energy benefits, reduction of burdens, public health, environment, reduction in cost, energy security, or resiliency.

Category	Indicator	Details	Source	Date Last Updated
		Use SAIDI, CAIDI		
		and SAIFI data		
	Number of outages in	geolocated across		
Ex. Resiliency	utility census tracts	service territory	Utility data	2021
		Total dollars		
		expended on		
	1. Expenditures of	existing and		
	existing and planned	planned		
Energy benefits, Energy	community energy	community energy		
security, and Resiliency	projects	projects	Utility data	Source Date TBD
		Geographic extent		
		of		
	2. Locations of existing	projects in targete		
Energy benefits, Energy	and planned community	d Highly-Impacted		
security, and Resiliency	energy projects	Communities	Utility data	Source Date TBD

		Includes		
		percentage change		
		in VP participation		
		in City of Seattle		
		apprenticeships		
		and jobs. Advances		
		local, good paying		
		jobs that have high		
		development		
		potential and		
Non-energy benefits,		provide career		
Reduction of cost, and		pathways for		
Resiliency	3. Career Development	youth.	TBD	Source Date TBD
		Percent of change		
		in education		
		programming		
		targeted to HICs		
		and VPs on energy		
		planning, projects,		
Reduction of energy burdens		personal choices,		
and Reduction of cost	4. Public Outreach	and safety.	Utility data	Source Date TBD
		Percent of change		
		in education		
		programming		
		targeted to HICs		
		and VPs on energy		
		planning, projects,		
Public health, Energy security,	5. Public energy	personal choices,		
and Resiliency	education	and safety.	Utility data	Source Date TBD

Energy benefits, Reduction of energy burdens and Reduction		Percent change in program participant costs and rates of participation from HICs and VPs. Address challenges to participating in programs due to		Source Date TBD and
of cost	program participation	cost of entry.	Utility data and JD Power indicators	JD Power Annually
		Percent change of utility program dollars allocated to non-single-family homeowners for pilot projects, grants, rebates, or other incentives to provide alternative energy sources. Provides access to alternative energy sources such as solar or net metering programs that are difficult for multifamily		
	7. Accessibility to non-	residents and		
	single-family	renters to		
Resiliency	homeowners	implement.	Utility data	Source Date TBD

		D		
		Percent change of		
		air quality indices		
		such as particulate		
		matter or		
		emissions. Track		
		long-term air		
		quality and		
		emission volume,		
		especially along		
		heavily trafficked		
		corridors that		
		impact		
		communities;		
		however, cannot		
		be tracked as		
		individual City		
	8. Outdoor air	Light impacts due		
	quality (Concentration	to multiple	Washington Tracking Network,	
	of diesel particulate	contributions	https://www.epa.gov/outdoor-air-quality-data/air-data-	
	matter in air and	acting as a whole	daily-air-quality-tracker,	
	reduction of	-	https://epa.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.ht	
	greenhouse gas	measured and		Source Date Varies;
Public health and Environment				Multiple Sources
	,	Percent change in		
		SAIDI and SAIFI		
Energy benefits, Energy		values in HICs and		
security, and Resiliency	9. Feeder outages	VPs.	Utility data	Source Date TBD
		I - · •		

		Percent change of		
		average response		
		and restoration		
		times in HICs and		
		VPs. Identifies how		
		long it takes for an		
		outage to be		
Energy benefits, Energy	10. Response time to	resolved in		
security, and Resiliency	outages	communities	Utility data	Source Date TBD

Please report the forecasted distribution of energy and non-energy costs and benefits on identified highly impacted communities and vulnerable populations for the utility's portfolio of specific actions, including impacts resulting from achievement of the specific targets established under WAC 194-40-200(3). You must do a separate row for each action and for each population affected.

Identify the expected effect of specific actions on highly impacted communities and vulnerable populations and the general location, if applicable, timing, and estimated cost of each specific action. If applicable, identify whether any resource will be located in highly impacted communities or will be governed by, serve, or otherwise benefit highly impacted communities or vulnerable populations in part or in whole.

Utility Specific Action (e.g.	Population affected?		Detail (describe distribution of energy and non-energy	Location of Resource
name of resource)	(select one per row)	Indicator	benefits on named population)	(if applicable)
Ex. Replace substation	Tribe	resiliency		substation address
	Low income	4. Public outreach	Rate assistance program, applied to a customer's bills going	Throughout service
		6. Burden (cost) to	forward (60% reduction in City Light bill).	territory
		program		
Utility Discount Program		participation		
	Low income	4. Public outreach	For 2021, assistance is available twice in a 12-month period	Throughout service
		6. Burden (cost) to	and the program is not conditional on shutoff notices, it	territory
Emergency Low Income		program	applies to customers with balances of \$250 or more	
Assistance		participation		

Project Share	Low income	4. Public outreach	Project Share funds are used for customers currently	Throughout service
Froject Share			enrolled in the UDP and have also received the ELIA benefit	-
		program	to help them achieve a zero balance on their active electric	century
		participation	account. The program provides one-time per year	
			assistance up to \$500 towards a customer's City Light bill.	
		4. Public outreach	A monthly billing plan option that enables customers to	
		6. Burden (cost) to	spread energy costs evenly throughout the year, providing	
		program	certainty to each bill and assists customers in avoiding high	Throughout service
Budget Billing Program	Low income	participation	bills during peak demand.	territory
			Offers a suite of wrap-around benefits for income-qualified	
			customers with high energy burdens: a reduced rate for	
			electrical consumption; energy efficiency upgrades and	
			weatherization projects; and a balance forgiveness program	
		program	upon successful completion of agreed upon payments that	Throughout service
Energy Equity Rate Pilot	Low income	participation	fit household budgets.	territory
		5. Public energy		
		education	Offers weatherization services to income eligible	
			households, with the aim of decreasing each participating	
		program	household's energy bills while also increasing comfort,	Throughout service
HomeWise	Low income	participation	health, and safety.	territory
nome wise		4. Public outreach		terntory
		5. Public energy		
		education		
		6. Burden (cost) to		
Direct Install Services Program		program	Provides free energy efficiency improvements for individual	Throughout service
-	Low income	participation	units and multifamily building common areas.	territory
				centory
		4. Public outreach	Installs energy efficient lighting and equipment at no- and	
		6. Burden (cost) to	low-cost to the participating businesses to assist	
		program	in lessening the affordability pressures in this high cost	Throughout service
Small Business Program	Small business	participation	region.	territory

		4. Public outreach		
		5. Public energy		
		education	Provides a wide range of retrofit energy efficiency solutions	
		6. Burden (cost) to	for capital improvement, operations & maintenance, and	
		program	behavioral improvements, across existing multifamily	Throughout service
Multifamily Retrofit Programs	Multifamily residents	participation	buildings.	territory
		4. Public outreach		
		5. Public energy		
		education		
		7. Accessibility to	Encourages developers of new multifamily buildings to	
	Multifamily residents	non-single-family	reach beyond standard energy code and develop additional	Throughout service
Built Smart	and developers	homeowners	electricity savings through financial incentives.	territory
		4. Public outreach		
		5. Public energy		
		education		
		6. Burden (cost) to		
		program		
		participation		
		7. Accessibility to		
	Multifamily residents	non-single-family	Incentivizes owners of existing multifamily properties to	Throughout service
Multifamily Weatherization	and owners	homeowners	invest in insulation, window, and exterior door upgrades.	territory
		6 Burdon (cost) to		
		6. Burden (cost) to		
		program participation	Incentivizes new solar arrays hosted by affordable housing	
		7. Accessibility to	and other low-income service providers through the	
		non-single-family	purchase of renewable energy credits (RECs) acquired by	Throughout service
Green Up Community	NA	homeowners	Green Up participants.	territory
creen op commany		nomeowners		centery

		4. Public outreach		
			A voluntary green power program that allows any utility	
				Throughout convice
Croop Up				Throughout service
Green Up N			selected additional charge on their utility bill.	territory
		1. Expenditures of		
		existing and		
		planned		
		community energy		
		projects		
		2. Locations of		
		existing and	City Light has three main renewable energy purchased	
		planned	power agreements: Columbia Ridge Landfill Gas, Stateline	Arlington, OR; Walla
Renewable		community energy	Wind, and King County Wastewater Treatment Plant; and	Walla, WA; King
Power Purchase Agreements	NA	projects	various smaller contracts for renewable energy credits.	County, WA
		1. Expenditures of		
		existing and		
		planned		
		community energy		
		projects		
		2. Locations of		
		existing and		
		planned		
		community energy		
			City Light is developing virtual net metering functionality,	
			which will enable eligible customers with solar installations	
		• •	to virtually distribute excess solar generation to multiple	Throughout service
Virtual Net Metering S				territory

		1. Expenditures of		
		existing and		
		planned		
		community energy		
		projects		
		2. Locations of		
		existing and		
		planned		
		community energy		
		projects	Collaborating on electrifying public transportation with King	Throughout service
		8. Outdoor air	County Metro, Washington State Ferries, and Port of	territory and nearby
Public Transit Projects	NA	quality	Seattle.	communities
		1. Expenditures of		
		existing and		
		planned		
		community energy		
		projects		
		2. Locations of		
		existing and		
		planned		
		community energy		
		projects	Public charging stations serve populations that need public	
		8. Outdoor air	charging options; City Light is installing 26 DC fast chargers	Throughout service
Public Charging Station Pilot	EV users	quality		territory

		T		
		1. Expenditures of		
		existing and		
		planned		
		community energy		
		projects		
		2. Locations of		
		existing and		
		planned		
		community energy		
		projects	City Light is developing new program	
		8. Outdoor air	opportunities for personal mobility. Program(s) are	Throughout service
Personal Mobility Program	Under development	quality	expected to launch in 2022.	territory
		1. Expenditures of		
		existing and		
		planned		
		community energy		
		projects		
		2. Locations of		
		existing and		
		planned		
		community energy		
		projects	City Light is identifying new program opportunities for	Throughout service
		8. Outdoor air	commercial, government, and non-profit fleets. Program(s)	territory and nearby
Fleets Programs	Under development	quality	are expected to launch in 2022.	communities

Seattle City Light

Integrated resource plan compliance (WAC 194-40-200(6))

This CEIP is consistent with the most recent integrated resource plan or resource plan, as applicable, prepared by the utility under RCW 19.280.030. **Select yes or no.**

Yes

Yes

Clean energy action plan compliance (WAC 194-40-200(7))

The CEIP is consistent with the utility's clean energy action plan developed under RCW 19.280.030(1) or other ten-year plan developed under RCW 19.280.030(5). Select yes or no.

Long-term plans (WAC 194-40-200(4)(c)(iii))

Describe how the specific actions in the CEIP are consistent with, and informed by, the utility's longer-term strategies based on the analysis in RCW 19.280.030 (1)(k) and clean energy action plan in RCW 19.280.030 (1)(l) from its most recent integrated resource plan, if applicable:

The specific actions were developed as part of the 2020 IRP progress report and have been updated with information from the 2022 Conservation potential assessment. The 2022 Conservation Potential Assessment included an assessment of demand response and considered how renewable energy would be part of City Light's actions using the new developed IRP Framework presented in the 2020 IRP Progress report. Att 1 Ex A – City Light Department 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan V1

Seattle City Light

Risk (WAC 194-40-200(4)(d))

Describe how the utility intends to reduce risks to highly impacted communities and vulnerable populations associated with the transition to clean energy.

In order to meet the intent of CETA, for customer programs with a strong equity link, City Light program managers will complete a racial equity analysis and set annual equity targets that will aim to reduce risk and increase benefits to highly-impacted communities and vulnerable populations. Additionally, program managers, assisted by Communications staff, will engage with highly impacted communities and vulnerable populations to define equity indicators and enhance City Light's likelihood of achieving equity outcomes. Staff will endeavor to remove barriers to engagement to minimize burdens for public participation. Finally, program managers will develop and implement strategies to address equity targets and achieve equity outcomes.

As programs are carried out, program managers will gather data to track performance against the established equity targets. These data should be mapped or connected to the affected highly-impacted communities and vulnerable populations. At regular intervals, data will be reviewed to see if progress is being made toward the targets and that the implemented strategies are supporting the intended equity outcomes. If progress is off target, adjustments will be made to program design and execution to elevate equity.

A dedicated equity coordinator will guide completion of racial equity analyses, set annual program targets, identify data to be collected, report metrics to community members and the Department of Commerce, and provide feedback to program managers and City Light's Executive Team.

Implementing and evaluating actions to elevate equity and engaging with customers may incur additional programmatic costs.

Att 1 Ex A – City Light Department 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan V1

Seattle City Light

Public participation (WAC 194-40-200(4), -220(1))

Provide a summary of the public input process conducted in compliance with WAC 194-40-220. Describe how public comments were reflected in the specific actions under WAC 194-40-200(4), including the development of one or more indicators and other elements of the CEIP and the utility's supporting integrated resource plan or resource plans, as applicable.

A small team at Seattle City Light from multiple divisions collaborated to draft an initial list of 33 equity indicators based on guidance from the Department of Commerce and other resources such as the City's Duwamish Valley Action Plan. They examined these against equity principles and if the indicators could be measured and track a desired outcome either by City Light or others. This group also scored the indicators on how they affected 8 Energy Equity Areas required by CETA and 5 racial equity opportunity areas adhering to the guiding principles of the City of Seattle's Race and Social Justice Initiative. This process narrowed the list of possible indicators to 10 for additional discussion with stakeholders and public.

On July 30, 2021 a presentation focused on the draft indicators was presented to the IRP Technical Advisory Group. This group is comprised of a diverse set of stakeholders including those from the environmental community, BPA, and local and regional organizations such as NWEC and Climate Solutions. Feedback from the group was used to revise the indicators.

Seattle City Light serves a population of approximately 900,000 residents. On August 6, 2021 City Light sent an email to approximately 180,000 City Light residential customers inviting them to learn more about Washington State's Clean Energy Transformation Act, City Light's progress to date, and a request to provide feedback and help shape our collective energy future by taking a brief survey. The questions in the survey were based on the equity indicators that City Light identified. We had 4,522 City Light customers complete the survey, including 641 Black, Indigenous, and People of Color (BIPOC), 1,328 renters, and 417 customers with an annual household income under \$50,000.

Key learnings from the survey include: 1) the vast majority of respondents across all demographics are concerned about climate change, 2) the top three perceived benefits/concerns with transitioning to 100% clean energy by 2045 for each demographic, 3) majority of non-renters (regardless of other demographic) use a personal automobile as their primary method of transportation, 4) top three drivers for transportation decisions for each demographic, 5) EV adoption 50% less among renters/low-income customers, and 6) the majority of people across all demographics are very comfortable with going all electric in their daily lives.

We gathered thousands of responses from customers where they provided the names of trusted community-based organizations as well as new and different programs and services respondents would like to see City Light offer. We continue to evaluate the responses to ensure the voices of vulnerable populations and highly-impacted communities are well represented in our future planning. We will continue to use the survey results to help inform future utility outreach activities and program planning.

In addition to the learnings gathered from the survey, the Clean Energy Implementation Plan (CEIP) equity analysis was discussed with City Light's Environmental Advisory Committee on August 25, 2021. This Committee is comprised of local and national environmental organizations and is focused on the environmental mission of Seattle City Light.

City Light will be bringing the draft CEIP to a City Light Review Panel Meeting on November 23, 2021. The Seattle City Light Review Panel is made up of nine members including City Light's customers, tasked with reviewing and assessing City Light's strategic plan and providing an opinion on the merits of the plan and future revisions to it to the Mayor and City Council, and other roles as laid out by Seattle City Ordinance 123256. We look forward to hearing feedback from the Review Panel as we continue to build out our final CEIP.

Att 1 Ex A – City Light Department 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan V1

Seattle City Light

Use of alternative compliance options (WAC 194-40-200(5))

Identify any planned use during the period of alternative compliance options, as provided for in RCW 19.405.040(1)(b):

Alternative compliance payments:	0	Dollars
Unbundled renewable energy credits:	0	Credits
Credits from energy transformation projects:	0	MWh
Electricity from the Spokane municipal solid waste to energy facility:	0	MWh

Att 1 Ex A – City Light Department 2021 Clean Energy Implementation Plan V1

Seattle City Light

Resource adequacy standard (WAC 194-40-200(8))

Identify the resource adequacy standard and measurement metrics adopted by the utility under WAC 194-40-210 and used in establishing the targets in the CEIP.

Resource adequacy standard	The resource adequation of the resource adequati	acy sta	andar	d used	d by S	eattle	City L	ight is	s the	
	Loss of Load Events	(LOLE	V), ba	sed or	n a pro	obabi	listic a	ssessr	ment	
	of energy resource adequacy using hourly simulations of									
	temperature and hydro conditions (30 temperature years, 39									
	hydro years). For SC			•		•	•	-		
	events over the tota								-	
	hydro flexibility and								n foi	
	the 20 year planning	-								
	Resource Adequacy	stand	ard se	e pag	es 13	-14 fo	r Resc	ource		
	Adequacy Standard.									
	http://www.seattle.	gov/D	ocum	ents/l	Depar	rtmen	ts/Citv	Light	/202	
	OIRPProgessReport.			•	•			, , ,		
Methods of measurement	Based on the costs a	nd ha	nofite	ofm	arkat	rolian	<u></u>	d aivo	n	
Methous of measurement								-		
	our resources hydro		• •		-					
	standard of LOLEV=0							-	very	
	ten years. This stand					•		0.		
	resource adequacy r	needs	for Ci	ty Ligh	nt's cr	itical	month	ns for t	the	
	next 20 years. These	e critic	al mo	nths a	re Jul	y/Aug	gust in	the		
	summer, and Decem	nber/J	anuar	y in th	ne wir	nter. E	Based (on Citv	v	
	Light's portfolio and			•					•	
	starts at about 145a									
	270aMW by 2041. C					-	-			
		• •						•		
	meet all of the RA no			•						
	January. However, t									
	in 2026 and rises to		: 120a	MW b	y 204	1. En	ergy F	Resour	ce	
	Adequacy Contribut									
	Energy	Resou	rce Ad	equacy	y Cont	ributio	ons			
	Resources			- August			Vinter - D			
	.	2026	2030	2035	2040	2026	2030	2035	204	
	Conservation Commercial	0.35	0.46	0.65	0.95	-0.43	-0.50	0.37	0.9	
	Industrial	0.33	0.23		1.33			1.19	0.8	
	Industrial 0.21 0.23 0.82 1.35 -0.35 -0.15 1.19 0.82 Residential 0.20 0.22 0.99 1.07 -0.20 -0.29 1.08 1.05									
	Demand Response									
	Residential Water Heat DLC 0.02 0.02 0.04 0.08 0.09 0.14 0.11 0.09									
	Residential Space Heat DLC	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.06			0.09	0.0	
	Comml & Ind Curtailment 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.06 0.08 0.11 0.09 0.07									
	Renewables	0.24	0.45	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.2	
	Gorge Wind Central WA Solar	0.34	0.45	0.39 0.40	0.38 0.39			0.30 0.12	0.2	
	Southeast OR Solar	0.32		0.40	0.59	0.11		0.12	0.0	
	Southeast Ort Soldi	0.57	0.41	0.44	0.41	0.15	0.11	0.13	0.1	

Seattle City Light Annual cost threshold (WAC 194-40-200(9))

Enter information in the blue column only. The rest will pre-populate.

Do not complete this section unless the utility intends to comply using the 2% incremental cost approach specified in WAC 194-40-230.
Year
Retail revenue Annual amount from revenue Number of Threshold Sum of threshold Annual

rear	requirement	increase equal to 2% of prior year revenue requirement	years in effect	amount over four years	amounts	threshold amounts		
2021								
2022		\$	4	\$.00		\$.00		
2023		\$	3	\$.00	\$.00			
2024		\$	2	\$.00	3.00	3.00		
2025		\$	1	\$.00				
Annual threshold ammount as a percentage of average retail revenue requirement								

Incremental cost

Expected cost		interim reporting period. Select yes o	r and reasonably available portfolio of resources	for the lowest reasonable cost and reasonably available resource portfolio that would have been selected in absence of the GHG Neutral Standard and 100% Clean	regulatory, or contractual requirement or any	Summarize and cite documentation of the expected cost of the utility's planned resource portfolio and the expected cost of the alternative lowest reasonable cost and reasonably available portfolio. Clearly label all documentation with the itemized name in the first column of this table. Attach documentation to the email submitted with the CEIP.
	Expected cost		reasonable cost interim reporting period. Select yes o	reasonable cost interim reporting period. Select yes or and reasonably available portfolio of resources no. Neutral Standard and 100% Clean Standard.	reasonable cost interim reporting period. Select yes or and reasonably available portiolio of resources for the lowest reasonable cost and reasonably available provide that results in compliance with the GHG resource portfolio that would have been selected in Neutral Standard and 100% Clean Standard. absence of the GHG Neutral Standard and 100% Clean Standard.	reasonable cost interim reporting period. Select yes or and reasonably available portfolio of resources of for the lowest reasonable cost and reasonable available portfolio that would have been selected in provision of CETA other than the GHG resultariant select yes of CETA other than the GHG Neutral standard and 100% Clean Standard. Select yes of Standard.



Clean Energy Equity Plan

September 30, 2021 Executive Summary

Seattle City Light (City Light) developed this Clean Energy Equity Plan (CEEP/Plan) to guide the utility's integration of equity into its planning, programs, and projects. The plan's core audience is intended to be internal to support City Light in achieving an equitable transition to a 100% greenhouse gas-free, electric future in fulfillment of the objectives and intentions of the 2019 Washington Clean Energy Transformation Act (CETA).

Box 1 - Equitable Clean Energy Just Transition Principles

- 1. City Light is committed to racial diversity, social justice, and the equitable provision of services to all.
- 2. City Light recognizes past and current energy injustices and understands that taking a restorative approach should guide us to advance energy justice by conferring benefits first to communities most burdened by these injustices.
- 3. City Light's approach is rooted in community-centered collaboration and engagement to design equitable, inclusive solutions.
- 4. City Light is dedicated to reducing pollutants that impact public health where communities live, work, learn, play, and worship.
- 5. City Light will make decisions that are transparent to all communities and customers.

City Light developed equity indicators to measure and track progress towards

City Light developed Equitable Clean Energy Just Transition Principles that inform and ground City Light's decisions and processes (Box 1). These principles are intended to support the objective for all utility customers to equitably benefit from the transition to clean energy. They are explicitly designed to focus attention and efforts on Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations as defined by CETA (Box 2). In the Seattle area, like in the rest of the country, Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations experience a disproportionate share of environmental risk from environmental burdens and are often Black, Indigenous, and People of Color, low-income residents, people with limited English proficiency, and immigrants and refugees.

Box 2 – CETA Definitions

Highly Impacted Communities

Communities designated by the Department of Health based on cumulative impact analyses or a community located in census tract fully or partially identified as being on "Indian country."

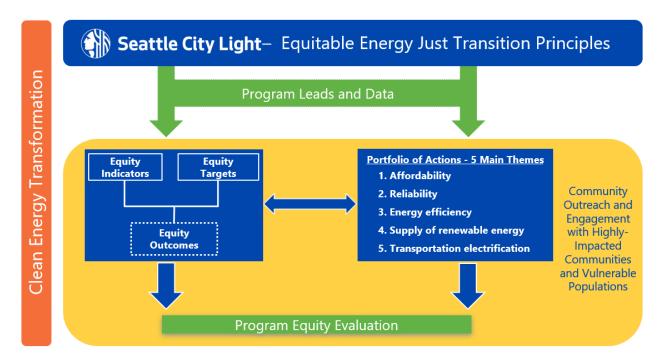
Vulnerable Populations

Communities that experience disproportionate cumulative risk from environmental burdens due to adverse socioeconomic factors and sensitivity factors.

elevating equity, particularly racial equity, aligning with the vision of Seattle Race and Social

Justice Initiative. Ten preliminary indicators target the equitable distribution of energy and nonenergy benefits across a range of Energy Equity Areas classified by CETA and are designed to measure progress in achieving six equity outcomes described by City Light. These outcomes relate to community assets and collaboration, economic opportunities and youth pathways, equitable access, healthy planet and healthy lives, and affordable and reliable electricity.

The CEEP describes an initial portfolio of actions representing a collection of existing programs and projects that have the greatest opportunity to influence an equitable transition. This portfolio also includes emerging programs and projects that may provide additional opportunities for equitably distributed energy and nonenergy benefits, reduced burdens, improved public health and environmental risk, and advanced energy security and resiliency. The portfolio of actions is grouped into five themes: affordability, reliability, energy efficiency, supply of renewable energy, and transportation electrification (see figure below). These actions and the indicators they address are designed to be dynamic and adaptable over time.



City Light has engaged and will continue to engage with its customers, others within the service territory, and with those located in remote locations where electricity is generated and transmitted to implement this plan. Previous engagement efforts with environmental justice community leaders and stakeholders identified three top priorities for the utility in transportation electrification: to be a leader in the environment and renewable energy, invest in technology for operational improvements, and keep cost down. Building on these engagement efforts, a community outreach plan is designed to share the overall approach to engagement for CETA, engagement objectives, collaboration with targeted audiences, and tactics and metrics to promote and advance an equitable transition.

Accountability to customers and the assurance of the equitable distribution of both energy and non-energy benefits is established through a series of protocols that follow a City Light *Equity Impacts Assessment Framework*. This framework prioritizes Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations and provides strategies for elevating equity to increase and improve equity outcomes through the portfolio of actions. Program managers can execute these and similar strategies in their program implementation with the aid of an Equity Coordinator. An implementation plan is presented to identify responsible parties and outline schedule, budget, and reporting requirements.

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Appendices

- A. City Light's Clean Energy Transformation Act Project Data Portal
- B. Indicators Scoring Analysis
- C. Strategies to Enhance Energy, Non-Energy and Assistance Benefits
- D. Definitions

Acronyms List

Acronym	Full Description
4(8)	RCW 19.405.040(8)
AMLP	Asset Management and Large Projects Division
BIPOC	Black, Indigenous, People of Color
СВО	Community-based organization
CCES	Customer Care and Energy Solutions Business Unit
CIA	Cumulative Impact Analysis (by DOH)
CEIP	Clean Energy Implementation Plan
CEEP	Clean Energy Equity Plan
CHIA	Cumulative Health Impacts Analysis
CCES	Customer Care and Energy Solutions Business Unit
DOC	Department of Commerce
DOH	Washington State Department of Health
DON	Department of Neighborhoods
EIR	Energy Innovation & Resources Business Unit
EERP	Energy Equity Rate Pilot
ELL	Environment, Land, and Licensing Business Unit
EV	Electric Vehicle
HIC	Highly Impacted Community
OSE	Office of Sustainability and Environment
PPA	Power Purchase Agreement
ΡΤΑ	Parent Teacher Association
REC	Renewable Energy Credit
RET	Racial Equity Toolkit
TESIP	Transportation Electrification Strategic Investment Plan
TNC	Transportation Network Company
VP	Vulnerable Population
VNM	Virtual Net Metering
EHD	Washington Environmental Health Disparities Map
WTN	Washington Tracking Network

Acknowledgements

This plan was developed by an interdisciplinary team within City Light between January and June 2021. The team was guided by the leadership of three executive sponsors, expertly advised by five staff from internal and external departments within the City of Seattle, and included ten dedicated core team members, listed as follows:

Executive Sponsors	<u>Advisors</u>	<u>Team Members</u>	
Emeka Anyanwu – EIR	Mendy Droke – Gov. Affairs	Ronda Strauch – ELL (Co-lead)	
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		Kelly Purnell – AMLP	
		John Rudolph – EIR	

Drafts of the plan were reviewed by the advisors listed above as well as reviewers listed below, who provided valuable insights to improve the accuracy and quality of this plan.

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1 Purpose

City Light's Clean Energy Equity Plan (CEEP) lays out a framework for operationalizing equity as the utility enables communities to transition to a clean, affordable, reliable, and equitable energy future. This framework is grounded in five equity principles focused on a portfolio of actions the utility can take to facilitate equitable outcomes centered on Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations. The CEEP is intended to guide an equitable transition to a 100% greenhouse gas-free, electric future through actions described in the utility's Clean Energy Implementation Plan (CEIP). The CEIP, required by the 2019 Washington Clean Energy Transformation Act, will be reviewed by the Mayor's Office and Transportation and Utilities City Council subcommittee prior to formal submission to the Department of Commerce (DOC) in January 2022, and every four years thereafter.

2 Background

Governor Jay Inslee signed the Washington Clean Energy Transformation Act (CETA), <u>Engrossed</u> <u>Second Substitute Senate Bill 5116</u> in 2019. The law is intended to facilitate a transition to clean energy. A clean energy transition is stipulated for utilities to:

- By 2026 eliminate coal-fired resources from their portfolios
- By 2030 provide 100% greenhouse gas-neutral electricity (up to 20% alternative compliance options allowed)
- By 2045 deliver 100% electricity from renewable, non-emitting sources (no alternative compliance options allowed)

Because the transition to clean energy has the potential to increase utility costs beyond conventional operations, maintenance, and improvement projects, the law seeks to avoid rate shocks and other consequences from the transition that could have disparate impacts on vulnerable customers. Thus, the transition path must be an equitable path whereby all customers benefit from the transition of electric power to 100% clean energy. This provision of the law is captured in <u>RCW 19.405.040(8)</u>, which mandates:

"an electric utility must... ensure that all customers are benefiting from the transition to clean energy: Through the equitable distribution of energy and nonenergy benefits and reduction of burdens to Vulnerable Populations and Highly Impacted Communities; long-term and short-term public health and environmental benefits and reduction of costs and risks; and energy security and resiliency."

Following the passage of CETA, the DOC began a process to draft rules to guide implementation of CETA for consumer-owned utilities, such as City Light. Rulemaking was completed in 2020 and these rules went into effect January 30, 2021, as codified in <u>WAC 194-40-200</u>. Rulemaking provided processes for ensuring equitable distribution though identifying communities, developing indicators, and forecasting impacts of energy efficiency, renewable energy, and demand response targets. Rulemaking also required public input process in

planning <u>WAC 194-40-220</u> and a summary of the public process conducted must be submitted with the CEIP.

"Our commitment must be to a just society that ensures all people have access to critical products and services, including energy services."

~Debra Smith, Feb. 22, 2021

City Light's vision is **to create a shared energy future by partnering with our customers to meet their energy needs in whatever way they choose**. One of City Light's five values, which underly and support this vision, is Equitable Community Connections; it states: *"We are proud to be a local, community-owned utility. We are visible and actively involved in the communities we serve. We are rooted in our commitment to racial diversity, social justice and the equitable provision of services to all."*

3 Equitable Clean Energy Just Transition Principles

As part of this project, City Light staff identified five principles to guide choices, decisions, and influences that the utility can make to equitably transition all customers and communities to a cleaner energy future. These just transition principles include:

- 1. City Light is committed to racial diversity, social justice, and the equitable provision of services to all.
- 2. City Light recognizes past and current energy injustices and understands that taking a restorative approach should guide us to advance energy justice by conferring benefits first to communities most burdened by these injustices.
- 3. City Light's approach is rooted in community-centered collaboration and engagement to design equitable, inclusive solutions.
- 4. City Light is dedicated to reducing pollutants that impact public health where communities live, work, learn, play, and worship.
- 5. City Light will make decisions that are transparent to all communities and customers.

City Light developed these just transition principles after reviewing the following sources: City Light's Transportation Electrification Strategic Investment Plan (TESIP); rulemaking comments from Front and Centered to the DOC; City Light's Mission/Vision/Values; and <u>SSE's Just Transition Strategy</u>.

4 Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations

One of the main objectives of CETA is to ensure that all utility customers benefit from the transition to clean energy. The goal of designating Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations is to highlight groups that are currently experiencing a disproportionate share of environmental risk factors and that must, according to CETA, benefit equitably from the transition to a clean energy economy.

CETA defines *Vulnerable Populations* as communities that experience a disproportionate cumulative risk from environmental burdens due to adverse socioeconomic factors (e.g., unemployment, high housing and transportation costs relative to income, access to food and health care, linguistic isolation, etc.). Also included in the definition are sensitivity factors, such as low birth weight and higher rates of hospitalization.

CETA defines **Highly Impacted Communities** as communities designated by the Department of Health (DOH) based on the cumulative impact analyses in Section 24 of this Act or a community located in census tracts that are fully or partially on "Indian country" (as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151).¹

In order for utilities to measure and demonstrate that the transition to clean energy is equitable, City Light needs to identify Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations.

4.1 Identifying a Highly Impacted Community

CETA did not strictly identify Highly Impacted Communities, which are geographic communities, but it did instruct the DOH to develop a cumulative impact analysis to designate the communities highly impacted by fossil fuel pollution and other environmental or socioeconomic factors in Washington state. As a result, the DOH created a tool that ranks Environmental Health Disparities (EHD) by community. This interactive tool, which is part of the Washington Tracking Network, combines the most comprehensive data available (last published December 2019) to numerically rank – on a scale of 1 (least impacted) to 10 (most impacted) – Washington communities according to the risk each faces from environmental factors that influence health outcomes. The DOH designates as a Highly Impacted Community any census tract with a 9 or 10 overall rank on the EHD map, or any census tract with tribal lands. Since City Light does not have any customers in a community located in census tracts that are fully or partially on "Indian country" (as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151) that are not already deemed a 9 or a 10 rank on the EHD map, only the communities designated by the DOH as a Highly Impacted Community with a 9 or 10 overall rank on the EHD map will be identified.

The EHD ranking considers environmental threats from fossil fuel exposure as well as social and health vulnerability measures in four main themes:

- Environmental exposures
- Environmental effects

¹ 18 U.S.C Sec. 2251 defines Indian country as "...(a) all land within the limits of any Indian reservation under the jurisdiction of the United States Government, and, including rights-of-way running through the reservation, (b) all dependent Indian communities within the borders of the United States whether within the original or subsequently acquired territory thereof, and whether within or without the limits of a state, and (c) all Indian allotments, the Indian titles to which have not been extinguished, including rights-of-way running through the same."

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- Socioeconomic factors
- Sensitive populations

Each of these four themes contains several indicators to create the overall EHD ranking for each community. The map in Figure 1 details the EHD rankings within City Light service territory. City Light service territory is to the left of the black line drawn in the map below. The DOH EHD index places a heavier weight on areas with greater fossil fuel exposure and areas of greater social and health risks. When looking at environmental exposures alone, the areas of highest risk extend to City Light's entire service territory and surround the I-5 corridor. The environmental effects of hazardous waste have largely impacted the southern portion of the service territory. Socioeconomic factors and sensitive populations also generally have higher risk indexes in the southern part of the service territory. Areas highly impacted (Index 9/10) in City Light's service territory are mostly in the southern fraction and downtown, as well as a few census tracts near Shoreline and Lake City.

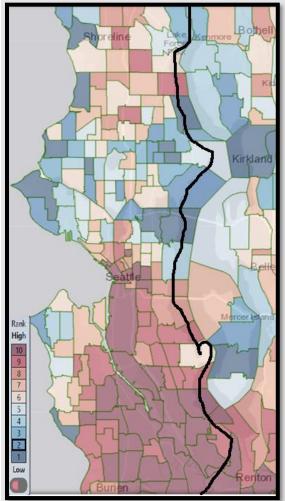


Figure 1 DOH EHD Highly Impacted Communities in City Light's Service Territory

4.2 Identifying Vulnerable Populations

While the DOH EHD Index identifies the Highly Impacted Communities (index 9 or 10) of focus for City Light in accordance with CETA, no such index or direction exists in CETA for identifying Vulnerable Populations. As a proxy, the City of Seattle ("City") Office of Planning & Community Development has a Racial and Social Equity Composite Index that combines information by census tract on race, ethnicity, and related demographics with data on socioeconomic and health disadvantages to identify where priority populations make up relatively large proportions of neighborhood residents.

This Composite Index is composed of three sub-indices:

- 1. *Race, English Language Learners, and Origins Index*: ranks census tracts by an index of three measures weighted as follows: Person of color (weight = 1), English Language Learner (weight = 0.5), and Foreign Born (weight = 0.5).
- 2. *Socioeconomic Disadvantage Index:* ranks census tracts by an index of two equally weighted measures: Income below 200% of poverty level and educational attainment less than a bachelor's degree.
- 3. *Health Disadvantage Index*: ranks census tracts by an index of seven equally weighted measures: No leisure time physical activity, diagnosed diabetes, obesity, poor mental health, asthma, low life expectancy at birth, and disability.

The combination of these sub-indices results in the *composite index*, which establishes a level of disadvantage for the tract. For example, a tract that falls in the highest 20% of disadvantaged tracts would be considered "Highest Disadvantaged", a tract that falls in the middle 40-60% would be considered "Middle Disadvantaged", and a tract that falls in the lowest 20% would be "Lowest Disadvantaged".

The map in Figure 2 below shows the City Racial & Social Equity Composite Index broken down by census tract. The toolkit can also display the map with the individual sub-indices only, by checking/unchecking them in the left pane. The map in Figure 2 shows that the downtown and south end of City Light's service territory contains most of the highest disadvantaged communities, which is also the same area where the DOH EHD identified many Highly Impacted Communities (Fig. 1).

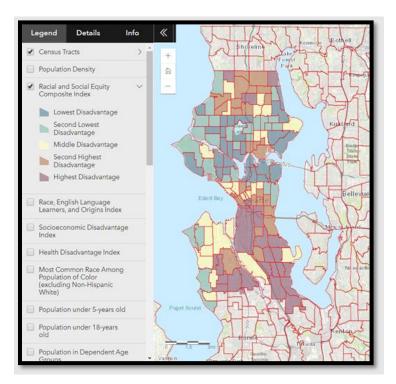


Figure 2 City Racial & Social Equity Composite Index

The Puget Sound Regional Council (PSRC) also created a *displacement index*, referenced in the Seattle 2035 Equity Analysis. Recent regional economic growth and housing market pressures have caused rapid changes in neighborhood conditions, forcing residents and businesses to move This tool identifies which neighborhoods have higher risk of displacement. Displacement risk is a composite of indicators representing five elements of neighborhood displacement risks: socio-demographics, transportation qualities, neighborhood characteristics, housing, and civic engagement. Figure 3 shows this displacement risk for the Seattle area.

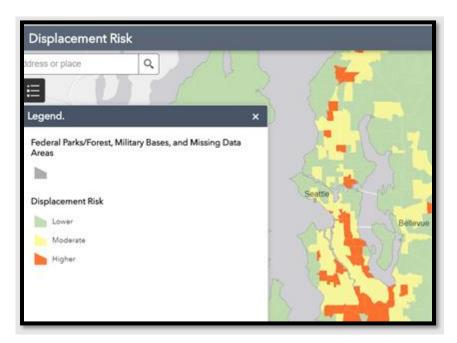


Figure 3 Puget Sound Regional Council Displacement Risk Index in Seattle area

The PSRC displacement index is listed by census track in Table 1, which also shows how these different indexes compare with the EHD Index that will be used for CETA, where the EHD Index is a 9 or 10. The CETA EHD Index geographic classification is at the census tract level, which aligns with City Light's internal data collection of the census tract for City Light service locations in the billing system; this measurement alignment makes it substantially easier to broadly use census tract across the utility for geographic analysis. There are 182 census tracts in City Light's service territory (2010 census), and 60 census tracts with EHD Index values of 9 or 10. There are 34 census tracts that contain an EHD Index of 9 or 10, a Race & Social Equity Composite Index of 'Middle' to 'Highest' disadvantaged, and a PSRC Displacement Risk Index of 'Moderate' to 'High' (Fig. 4).

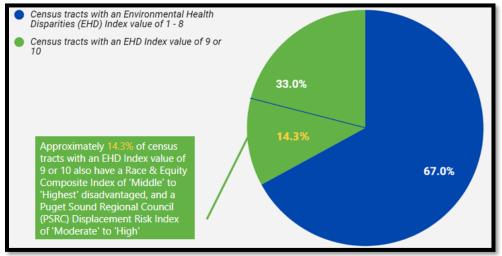


Figure 4 Percentage of City Light's service territory census tracks out of 182 with different indices used to identify Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations

City Light's Transportation Electrification Strategic Implementation Plan (TESIP) identifies environmental justice neighborhoods and recognizes the Duwamish Valley as containing some of Seattle's most underserved populations. These neighborhoods reflect City Light's partnerships with neighborhood organizations for outreach; therefore, a cross comparison of the EHD Index with neighborhoods is shown in Table 1. Due to neighborhoods' overlapping multiple census tracts, multiple values may be listed below. There are some areas of downtown Seattle that are not identified by a TESIP neighborhood.

Census Tract	HIC DOH EHD Index	VP Race & Social Equity Index	VP PSRC Index	TESIP Neighborhood Overlap
53033000100	9	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	moderate	Lake City
53033001200	9	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	Haller Lake
53033007300	9	Second highest	moderate	
53033007402	10	Second highest	moderate	
53033008002	10	Second highest	high	
53033008100	10	Second highest	moderate	International District
53033008200	9	Middle	moderate	
53033008500	10	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	International District
53033008600	10	Second highest	high	Central District
53033008700	10	Second highest	high	Central District
53033009000	10	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	Central District, International District, Beacon Hill
53033009200	10	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	International District
53033009300	10	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	moderate	Central District, International District, Beacon Hill
53033009400	9	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	Beacon Hill, International District

Table 1 - Highly Impacted Communities (HIC) & Vulnerable Populations (VP) By Census Tract

Census Tract	HIC DOH EHD Index	VP Race & Social Equity Index	VP PSRC Index	TESIP Neighborhood Overlap
53033010001	9	Highest priority/Most	high	Beacon Hill,
		disadvantaged		Rainier Valley
53033010002	9	Second highest	high	Beacon Hill
53033010100	9	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	Beacon Hill, Rainier Valley
53033010300	9	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	Beacon Hill, Rainier Valley
53033010401	9	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	Beacon Hill, Rainier Valley
53033010702	9	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	Delridge
53033010800	9	Second highest	moderate	South Park, Delridge
53033010900	10	Middle	moderate	Beacon Hill
53033011001	9	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	Beacon Hill, Rainier Valley
53033011002	10	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	Rainier Valley
53033011101	9	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	Beacon Hill, Rainier Valley
53033011102	9	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	moderate	Rainier Valley
53033011200	10	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	South Park, Delridge
53033011300	10	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	moderate	South Park, Delridge, White Center
53033011401	9	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	moderate	Delridge
53033011700	10	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	moderate	Beacon Hill, Rainier Valley, Rainier Beach
53033011800	10	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	Rainier Valley, Rainier Beach
53033011900	10	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	moderate	Bryn Mawr, Rainier Valley, Rainier Beach

Census Tract	HIC DOH EHD Index	VP Race & Social Equity Index	VP PSRC Index	TESIP Neighborhood Overlap
53033026001	9	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	moderate	Bryn Mawr, Rainier Valley, Rainier Beach
53033026500	10	Highest priority/Most disadvantaged	high	South Park, Delridge, White Center

Table 2 – Highly Impacted Communities (HIC) & Vulnerable Populations (VP) by Neighborhood

Neighborhood	HIC DOH EHD Index	VP PSRC Disp. Index	VP Race & Social Equity Index	VP Duwamish Valley (98108)
Chinatown- International District	10,9	High, Moderate	Highest, Second Highest	Yes
Central District	10	High, Moderate	Highest, Second Highest	Yes
Beacon Hill	9, 10, 8	High, Moderate	Highest	Yes
Rainier Valley	9, 10	High, Moderate	Highest	Yes
Rainer Beach	10, 9	Moderate, High	Highest	Yes
South Park	10, 9	Moderate, High	Second Highest, Highest	Yes
Delridge	10, 9	High, Moderate	Highest, Second Highest	Yes
Haller Lake	9	High	Highest	No
Lake City	9	Moderate	Highest	No
White Center	10, 9	Moderate, High	Highest, Second Highest	Yes
Bryn Mawr	10, 9	Moderate, High	Outside City Limits	No

There can be risks of outdated information associated with certain data by census tract. However, absent better data types, the above summary can serve as a useful starting place for City Light staff working towards an equitable transition to clean energy.

Another approach, besides the geographically based indexes described above, identifies Vulnerable Populations based on demographic information. The City describes four groups through its Equity & Environment Agenda (EEA), in no particular order, that could be considered vulnerable:

- Black, Indigenous, and People of Color (BIPOC)
- Low income²
- Limited English proficiency
- Immigrants and refugees

In addition to these four groups, the EEA also identifies youth from these communities as a priority in environmental justice-centered policymaking. The City's Racial Equity Toolkit (RET), developed by Seattle Race and Social Justice Initiative (RSJI), also confirmed the same four groups listed above. The Seattle RSJI lays out a process and a set of questions to guide the development, implementation and evaluation of policies, initiatives, programs, and budget issues to address impacts on racial equity. Information on Vulnerable Populations can be acquired from customer demographics.

US federally recognized tribes and Canadian First Nations³ have cultural or economic interests in the vicinity of City Light-owned hydroelectric projects and associated transmission infrastructure. These interests are based on their traditional tribal territories, existing ethnographic information, or self-identification. While these tribes and First Nations may not wholly fit the CETA definition of a Vulnerable Population, City Light seeks to reduce vulnerabilities to these populations and continue ongoing collaborations as described more in Section 6.3.

The ability to identify Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations helps facilitate the planning and targeting of certain CETA-related programs. To help assess where these groups are located and map program impacts over time, City Light has developed a Clean Energy Transformation Act Project Data Portal described and demonstrated in Appendix A.

5 Indicators

5.1 Identifying Indicators

CETA Section 4(8) requires utilities to develop indicators to measure and track specific targets for equitable distribution of energy and non-energy benefits across a range of Energy Equity Areas. The DOC defines an *indicator* as it pertains to CETA as an:

"Attribute, either quantitative or qualitative, of a condition, resource, program or related distribution investment that is tracked for the purpose of evaluating change over time in CEIP; indicators associated with: energy benefits, nonenergy

³ The term "First Nation" or "Nation" is used to refer to aboriginal peoples in Canada who are not Métis or Inuit. There are several First Nations and bands with cultural interests in the Skagit Project vicinity.

² For more information about City Light low income programs and eligibility, visit <u>http://www.seattle.gov/utilities/your-services/discounts-and-incentives/utility-discount-program</u>

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benefits, reduction of burdens, public health, environment, reduction in cost, energy security, or resiliency; develop through public process."

City Light approached the identification of indicators as equity indicators by first considering the proposed indicators presented in *Appendix A* of the DOCs Section 4(8) Guidance Document. The table of suggested indicators within this guidance is robust and provided a solid starting point for City Light staff to brainstorm additional equity indicators based on existing data and programs that the utility already has established. Some equity indicators were developed knowing that data and programming gaps exist and will need to be addressed through future utility investments should stakeholders prioritize these equity indicators as highly important during the public process.

An initial set of 33 equity indicators was developed through a City Light staff brainstorming process and a literature review of other organizations' research including:

- The City's Duwamish Valley Action Plan
- *Duwamish Cumulative Health Impacts Analysis (CHIA)* completed by the Duwamish River Cleanup Coalition
- *Our People, Our Planet, Our Power*, a South Seattle climate justice report completed by Got Green and Puget Sound Sage
- A comprehensive review of the Washington Environmental Health Disparities Map health indicators and associated metadata for and Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations developed through the Washington Tracking Network
- City Light's Transportation Electrification Strategic Investment Plan
- A review of City Light's energy programs

City staff narrowed the initial set of 33 equity indicators down to ten equity indicators by filtering with scoring discussed in Section 5.2 along the following attributes:

- 1. How well each equity indicator aligned with City Light's Equitable Clean Energy Transition Principles (Section 3).
- 2. Whether the metric could measure and track change over time for a desired equity outcome from a utility action (investments in projects and programming)
- How the metric affects City Light's identified Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations and in eight (8) Energy Equity Areas required by CETA, and five (5) Racial Equity Opportunity Areas, adhering to the guiding principles of the Seattle RSJI.

The eight (8) Energy Equity Areas defined by CETA and five (5) Racial Equity Opportunity Areas defined by the City are as follows:

Energy Equity Areas designated in CETA:

1. *Energy Benefits* – Equitable access to clean energy solutions (solar, other renewables, programs and projects facilitating electrification)

- Nonenergy Benefits Benefits resulting from energy investments and increased access to clean energy programs that are not directly related to energy, such as increased use of community spaces and lower crime due to path and streetlighting projects, public funding for community enhancement as a component of energy projects, etc.
- 3. *Reduction of Burdens* "Energy burden" means the share of annual household income used to pay annual home energy bills. Burdens can be reduced through better jobs, efficient appliances, utility programs that provide energy cost assistance in the form of discount programs, conservation education, and localized infrastructure investments.
- 4. *Public Health* Attributes related to physical, emotional, mental health, and community wellbeing.
- 5. *Environment* Attributes that relate to environmental elements such as water, air, land, fish and wildlife, and forests and vegetation.
- 6. *Reduction of Cost* Attributes that provide access to programs that provide cost reductions to individuals and communities that are scalable to level of impacts and need.
- 7. Energy Security Attributes that provide reliable power with minimal disruptions.
- 8. *Resiliency* Attributes that increase the ability of customers or communities to withstand and recover from disturbances or disruptions.

Racial Equity Opportunity Areas – adhering to the guiding principles of the Seattle RSJI (aligned with Duwamish Valley Action Plan Racial Equity Outcomes):

- 1. *Education* Increase opportunities of communities of color, immigrants, refugees, Native peoples, people with low incomes, youth, limited English proficiency individuals, womenand minority-owned businesses, and people of color-led organizations, to have access to education and training about programs and projects that will reduce energy burdens.
- Community Development Increase opportunities to develop safe, connected, and accessible communities with amenities and physical improvements that benefit Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations including communities of color, immigrants, refugees, Native peoples, people with low incomes, youth, limited English proficiency individuals, women- and minority-owned businesses, and people of color-led organizations.
- 3. *Health* Reduce health disparities and cumulative impacts related to water quality, air quality, soil contamination, noise pollution, access to healthy food, and climate change that disproportionately affect communities of color, immigrants, refugees, Native peoples, people with low incomes, youth, and limited English proficiency individuals.
- 4. *Environment* Reduce localized and regional environmental impacts related to water quality, air quality, soil contamination, noise pollution, plants and animals, and climate change that disproportionately affects communities of color, immigrants, refugees, Native peoples, people with low incomes, elder, youth, and limited English proficiency individuals.

5. *Jobs* – Increase opportunities of communities of color, immigrants, refugees, Native peoples, people with low incomes, youth, limited English proficiency individuals, womenand minority-owned businesses, and people of color-led organizations, to have economic mobility and opportunity through access to education, training, funding, and support programs, as well as pathways out of poverty through jobs and careers related to the transition to clean energy and project and program development.

During the development of the equity indicator framework, city staff acknowledged these key components:

- Equity indicators that City Light staff developed are considered preliminary and will be used as initial guiding parameters for the public input process.
- Equity indicators are not locked into a specific Energy Equity Area or Racial Equity Opportunity Area; they can serve to measure benefits across multiple Energy Equity Areas.
- The public input process will heavily weight the final selection of equity indicators based on community importance and prioritization.
- Not all equity indicators will be able to measure direct outcomes from utility investments. Partnerships with other industry contributors to impacts may be necessary to measure benefits such as health and air quality improvements.

5.2 Equity Indicator Scoring

Once the initial selection of 33 equity indicators had been developed, defined, and analyzed to determine if City Light had existing programs or data to support them, City Light staff developed a scoring criterion to narrow the selection to provide a framework for community stakeholders during the public input process. These pared-down equity indicators will serve as the "bumper rails" for public input to both encourage ideas on measurable and important equity indicators specific to how they will personally affect stakeholders.

The equity indicators were scored through an evaluation of cumulative impacts based on two weighted sliding scales for Energy Equity Areas and Racial Equity Opportunity Areas. Energy Equity Areas were assigned a score of 0 – Unsure of impact, 1- Indirect impacts, or 2 – Direct impacts. Racial Equity Opportunity Areas were given a score of either 1 – Low, 2 – Medium, or 3 – High. The purpose of the difference in scoring values was to give slightly more weight to Racial Equity Outcomes by ensuring that every indicator received a score higher than 0 in these categories. Each equity indicator was assigned a cumulative score by adding each value assigned for Energy Equity Area and Racial Equity Opportunity Area score. Additionally, to aid in understanding how influential each Energy Equity Area and Racial Equity Opportunity Area were across all equity indicators, a cumulative score was assigned by adding all values of indicators within each of these categories. Due to the qualitative subjectivity of the scoring values, the initial indicators selected through this process were not all the highest scored indicators. The CETA Equity Team recognized the importance of ensuring that the selected indicators represent

all scoring categories and therefore opted to keep some lower scoring indicators so that the community will have the opportunity to evaluate the importance to them, not just the utility.

Ten (10) equity indicators were kept as the guiding equity indicators for the public input process. Four (4) equity indicators (color-coded blue in Appendix B) had the highest cumulative score across all equity areas. Six (6) indicators (color-coded light orange in Appendix B) were selected because they could potentially be important to identified Vulnerable Populations and Highly Impacted Communities as perceived by the CETA Equity Team. These six equity indicators did not receive a high total from City Light subjective scoring under the equity area's total score but warrant input from community stakeholders. Several higher scoring equity indicators were ultimately eliminated from initial selection due to lack of data or existing program support, or concern that is difficult to measure in a meaningful way.

The sliding scale for Racial Equity Opportunity Areas was more heavily weighted than Energy Equity Areas as the City is committed to racial equity, acknowledging past harms and the need for reparations across all departments and programs. This additional layer of indicator evaluation also lends credence to the commitment of City Light to ensure that clean energy implementation does not adversely affect our most Vulnerable Populations: customers who have low English proficiency, are BIPOC, are surviving on low incomes, or are immigrants and refugees. The ten equity indicators were further refined through discussion with Integrated Resources Plan (IRP) stakeholder group, such as shifting from *awareness* indicator to *public engagement* indicator.

The descriptions of the ten (10) draft **equity indicators** are as follows:

- 1. *Expenditures of existing and planned community energy projects* Total dollars expended on existing and planned community energy projects.
- 2. *Locations of existing and planned community energy projects* Geographic extent of projects in targeted Highly Impacted Communities .
- 3. *Public outreach* Percent change in the annual amount of public outreach focused on engaging customers and communities in building a clean energy future through a suite of engagement strategies.
- Public energy education Percent of change in education programming targeted to Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations on energy planning, projects, personal choices, and safety.
- 5. *Career development* Includes percent change in Vulnerable Population participation in City apprenticeships and jobs. Advances local, good paying jobs that have high development potential and provide career pathways for youth.
- Burden (cost) to program participation Percent change in program participant costs and rates of participation from Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations. Address challenges to participating in programs due to cost of entry (ability to purchase energy efficient appliances, affordability of conservation programs, ability to pay bills).

- 7. Accessibility to non-single-family homeowners Percent change of utility program dollars allocated to non-single-family homeowners for pilot projects, grants, rebates, or other incentives to provide alternative energy sources. Provides access to alternative energy sources such as solar or net metering programs that are difficult for multifamily residents and renters to implement.
- 8. *Outdoor air quality* (Concentration of diesel particulate matter in air and reduction of greenhouse gas emissions) Percent change of air quality indices such as particulate matter or emissions. Track long-term air quality and emission volume, especially along heavily trafficked corridors that impact communities; however, cannot be tracked as individual City Light impacts due to multiple contributions acting as a whole and would be measured and tracked by others.
- 9. *Feeder outages* (causes, number, locations, average duration, average response time) by census tract Percent change in SAIDI and SAIFI values in Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations.
 - a. SAIDI (System Average Interruption Duration Index) a system index of average duration of interruption in the power supply indicated in minutes per customer.
 SAIDI = total *duration* of interruptions for a group of customers

Number of all customers

b. SAIFI (System Average Interruption Frequency Index) – a system index of average frequency of interruptions in power supply

SAIFI =<u>total *number* of interruptions for a group of customers</u> Number of all customers

10. *Response time to outages* – Percent change of average response and restoration times in Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations. Identifies how long it takes for an outage to be resolved in communities.

All thirty-three (33) of the initial equity indicators, the full scoring matrix, and the equity indicator definitions can be found in Appendix B: Indicator and Scoring Analysis.

5.3 Equity Outcomes

Equity Outcomes are the results of utility actions where it is assumed all communities and populations do not start with equal opportunities to participate in or benefit from programs and investments. Therefore, Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations must be specifically, but not exclusively, identified and targeted for utility investments to bring all communities to a place of equal benefit.

Equitable Distribution

"A fair and just, but not necessarily equal, allocation intended to mitigate disparities in benefits and burdens, and based on current conditions, including existing legacy and cumulative impacts, which are informed by

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the assessment described in RCW 19.280.030(1)(k) from the most recent integrated resource plan."

~The Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission

To ensure that the benefits of City Light's transition to clean energy are distributed equitably, staff identified six (6) Equity Outcomes. These outcomes build upon the five (5) guiding principles of a just transition to clean energy defined in Section 3. Equity Outcomes were developed through a process of analysis using the City's *Racial Equity Toolkit*, public input, alignment with the Racial Equity Outcomes⁴ detailed in the City's *Duwamish Valley Action Plan*, and the Equity Outcomes identified in City Light's *Transportation Electrification Strategic Investment Plan*. The equity indicators will measure how City Light's programs, projects, and investments in clean energy transformation contribute to the realization of these outcomes for Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations.

The six (6) Equity Outcomes are defined below:

- Community Collaboration Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations see their wants and needs reflected in City Light energy programs.
- Healthy Planet, Healthy Lives Reduce emissions that impact local air quality and public health where environmental justice communities live, learn, work and play. Reduce carbon emissions that have a disproportionate burden on the most Vulnerable Populations and communities.
- 3. *Equitable Access* Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations learn about our energy programs, can readily understand and access materials and resources, see themselves reflected in communications, and participate in and benefit from City Light's energy programs.
- 4. *Community Assets* City Light's programs invest in infrastructure that are community assets so Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations can enjoy the benefits and avoid negative impacts from energy infrastructure projects and programs in their current neighborhoods.
- Economic Opportunities and Youth Pathways City Light enables Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations to participate in and benefit from the local energy economy through vocational program participation (internships, apprenticeships, Lighting Design Lab trainings)
- 6. *Affordable and Reliable Electricity* Electrification investments increase revenue to put downward pressure on electricity prices.

Staff aligned each equity indicator with an equity outcome based on the intent of what the equity indicator is meant to track and how well it relates to and will provide data for an Equity Outcome as defined (Table 3). For example, the equity indicator *Expenditures of existing and*

⁴ A racial equity outcome names a desired increase in benefit or a decrease in disparities and detriment for specifically identified racial groups impacted by a City action, program, or service.

planned community energy projects is defined as: Total dollars expended on existing and planned community energy projects. The equity outcome *Community Assets* is characterized as: City Light's programs invest in infrastructure that are community assets so Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations can enjoy the benefits of energy infrastructure projects and programs in their current neighborhoods. Based on a basic understanding that a utility action or program should result in progress towards achieving an equity outcome and that the equity indicator is the metric that measures the progress, it was determined that expended dollars for community projects most closely aligns with communities realizing benefits provided by such expenditures, such as street lighting projects and reliability projects. These become tangible assets that specifically benefit a community.

No.	Equity Outcome	Equity Indicator
1	Community Assets	 Expenditures of existing and planned community energy projects
2	Community Collaboration	 Locations of existing and planned community energy projects
3	Economic Opportunities and Youth Pathways	Career development
4	Equitable Access	 Public outreach Public energy education Burden to program participation Accessibility to non-single-family homeowners
5	Healthy Planet, Healthy Lives	Outdoor air pollution
6	Affordable & Reliable Electricity	Feeder outages by census tractResponse time to outages

Table 3 – List of Equity Indicators and Associated Equity Outcomes

6 Portfolio of Actions

6.1 Background

Ensuring that all customers equitably benefit from the transition to clean energy is one of CETA's central tenets. The purpose of this section is to identify **current** program offerings within City Light that can equitably distribute energy and nonenergy benefits, reduce burdens to Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations, improve public health and environmental risks, and advance energy security and resiliency.

The programs listed below comprise City Light's current *portfolio of actions* related to CETA and are tracked by our indicators as identified in Section 5. Potential metrics to help measure these indicators include those listed below.

- Total number of participants in 2020
- The ratio of total number of participants from Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations vs. total number of participants per year
- Accessibility of the program (renters/language/etc...)
- 2020 budget
- Average dollar value received by a participant in 2020
- Outreach efforts to advance program awareness
- Burden and barriers to program participation
- Non-energy benefits

This portfolio is a subset of programs, current as of spring 2021. However, the portfolio is expected to evolve over time as new programs are developed, existing offerings are assessed

and recalibrated to better meet customer and utility goals, including equity, and some offerings are retired.

6.2 Utility Program Identification

City Light has a long history of developing, building, and evaluating innovative, public facing programs that promote clean energy. The next section describes City Light programs which have a strong equity link and organize them into five main themes:

- 1. Affordability
- 2. Reliability
- 3. Energy efficiency
- 4. Supply of renewable energy
- 5. Transportation electrification

Each offering has program-specific eligibility requirements (e.g., low income, commercial sector, etc.) and qualification processes, which means they all have the ability to demonstrate and support CETA equity outcomes. Reduced energy burden through affordability programs and energy efficiency programs available to low-income customer, renters, and multifamily housing are a key component of CETA.

6.2.1 Affordability

Utility Discount Program (UDP): The UDP is a rate assistance program, applied to a customer's bills going forward after acceptance (60% reduction in City Light bill, 50% reduction for SPU bills). This program is available for income qualifying customers, tiered by household size.

Emergency Low Income Assistance (ELIA): ELIA participants, who have received at least a 10-day shutoff notice on balances of \$250 or more, may receive assistance up to 100% of their bill, up to a maximum of \$500. For 2021, assistance is available twice in a 12-month period and the program is not conditional on shutoff notices. It applies to customers with balances of \$250 or more.

Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA) Program: The federal Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA) provides state funding for the ERA program, which provides rental and utility arrears assistance for individuals and households impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The Washington state legislature then appropriated \$325 million of that funding for emergency rental and utility assistance. As of August 2021, Seattle City Light has received \$1 million of these federal funds to disburse as credits to income-qualified customers within the city limits of Seattle.]

Project Share: Project Share is funded by customer donations and provides a one-time per year assistance toward a customer's City Light bill. Project Share funds are used for customers currently enrolled in the UDP who have also received the ELIA benefit to help them achieve a

zero balance on their active electric account. The program provides one-time per year assistance up to \$500 toward a customer's past due City Light bill.

Budget Billing Program: This is a monthly billing plan option that enables customers to spread energy costs evenly throughout the year. This provides certainty to each bill and assists customers in avoiding high bills during peak demand.

Energy Equity Rate Pilot (EERP): Offers a suite of wrap-around benefits for income-qualified customers with high energy burdens that reside within the city limits of Seattle: a reduced rate for electrical consumption; energy efficiency upgrades and weatherization projects (depending upon housing type and ownership or renter status); and a balance forgiveness program (balance management arrangement) upon successful completion of agreed upon payments that fit household budgets. This pilot is administered in partnership with Byrd Barr Place and is limited to the City; it has the potential for expansion to franchise cities after the pilot is evaluated. This pilot is operational through the end of 2021 but may be extended.

City Light's affordability programs can be tracked by multiple metrics, including those listed below. Some cautions: these metrics are a starting point and are not comprehensive of all metrics that could be tracked, data – and standard definitions for what they entail- do not yet exist for all potential metrics, nor are they universally applicable to all programs. These metrics will need to be refined over time.

Program	Number	Percent of	Accessibility to	2020	Average \$	Awareness	Burden to
	of 2020	HIC and	non-single	Expend-	value	of and	program
	partici-	VC/total	family	itures	received	access to	participa-
	pants	partici-	homeowners		by a	programs	tion - a
		pants	[low-high]		participant		qualitative
					in 2020		scale or
							describe
							each step
							to
							participate
Utility	36,000	100%	High	\$22.2M	\$617	Need to	Need to
Discount						define	define
Program							
Emergency	384	100%	High	\$99,000	\$257	Need to	Need to
Low						define	define
Income							
Assistance							
Project	832	100%	High	\$200,000	\$240	Need to	Need to
Share						define	define
Budget	5,800	N/A	High	\$0	N/A	Need to	Need to
Billing						define	define
Sent 2021 - Cle	an Enerav Fauit	/ Plan					28

Table 4 – Potential Metrics for Tracking Affordability Programs

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Pilot Customer Customer rates were reduced by reduced by	Energy Equity Rate Pilot	69	100%	High	rates were	rates were	Need to define	Need to define
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6.2.2 Reliability

Miller Community Center Microgrid: The Miller Community Center Microgrid demonstration project includes an installation of solar generation and on-site storage that provides backup power in the event of a power outage. The system includes microgrid controls that enables the system to switch between an islanded mode when there is an outage in the grid, and a grid connected mode, where generated power can be injected onto the grid and the community center can also draw power from the grid. With this microgrid the Miller Community Center can provide backup power to nearby neighborhoods during emergency events.

Demand Response Pilot: City Light is developing a demand response pilot. Scheduled to launch in 2022, the pilot is expected to last at least 18 months. Pending pilot outcomes, City Light may develop a portfolio of demand response offerings.

Program	Number	Percent	Accessibility	2020	Average	Awareness	Burden to
	of 2020	of HIC	to non-	Expendi-	\$ value	of programs	program
	partici-	and	single	tures	received	(Outreach	participa-
	pants	VC/total	family		by a	Medium/	tion - a
		partici-	home-		partici-	Year)	qualitative
		pants	owners		pant in		scale or
			[low-high]		2020		describe
							each step
							to
							participate
Miller	1	NA	low	\$387,500	\$387,50	NA	Need to
Community					0		define
Center							
Microgrid							
Demonstra							
-tion							
Demand	NA – not	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Need to
Response	yet						define
Pilot	launched						

Table 5 – Potential Metrics for Tracking Reliability Programs

6.2.3 Energy Efficiency

HomeWise: Offers weatherization services to income eligible households, with the aim of decreasing each participating household's energy bills while also increasing comfort, health,

and safety. The program partners with the Seattle Office of Housing to replace/upgrade key areas of energy efficiency (e.g., insulation windows/doors, heating sources) to income qualifying residential and multifamily buildings. Services are provided through federal, state, and local utility funding. The HomeWise program is also an add-on component of the Energy Equity Rate Pilot described above. HomeWise was temporarily suspended in 2020 due to the pandemic.

Direct Install Services Program (Powerful Neighborhoods): Provides free energy efficiency improvements for individual units and multifamily building common areas. In 2020, due to the pandemic, this program ceased in-home installation and adapted to provide free energy saving kit to directly to customers and food pantries. These free improvements include LED light bulbs, efficient showerheads and/or faucet aerators to reduce energy burden to renters.

Small Business Program: Installs energy efficient lighting and equipment at no- and low-cost to the participating businesses to assist in lessening the affordability pressures in this high cost region. Through the Small Business Energy Solutions program, City Light aims to help small business customers impacted by COVID-19 by providing resources to lower and better manage their energy costs. Small business participation will be prioritized in Highly Impacted Communities and for Vulnerable Populations, and the program aims to promote regional economic recovery and workforce development.

Multifamily Retrofit Programs: Provides a wide range of retrofit energy efficiency solutions for capital improvement, operations & maintenance, and behavioral improvements, across existing multifamily buildings. These programs lower owner and tenant energy use, thereby reducing renter energy burdens.

Built Smart: Encourages developers of new multifamily buildings to reach beyond standard energy code and develop additional electricity savings through financial incentives. The program recruits both affordable and market-rate developments.

Multifamily Weatherization: incentivizes owners of existing multifamily properties to invest in insulation, window, and exterior door upgrades.

City Light's energy efficiency programs can be tracked by multiple metrics, including those listed below. Some cautions: these metrics are a starting point and are not comprehensive of all metrics that could be tracked, data – and standard definitions for what they entail- do not yet exist for all potential metrics, nor are they universally applicable to all programs. These metrics will be refined over time.

Program	Number	Percent	Accessibility	2020	Average	Awareness	Burden to
	of 2020	of HIC	to non-	Expendi-	\$ spent	of	program
		and	single family	tures	per	programs	participa-

Table 6 – Potential Metrics for Tracking Energy Efficiency Programs

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	partici- pants	VC/total partici- pants	home- owners [low-high]		participa nt in 2020	(Outreach Medium/ Year)	tion - a qualitative scale or describe each step to participate
HomeWise	233* This program was suspended due to COVID	100%	high	\$1,100,000	\$4650	Need to define	Need to define
Powerful Neighbor- hoods	2020 is not a representa tive year due to COVID	Above average	100%	\$381,200		Need to define	Super-easy to participate
Small Business Support	194	55%	N/A	\$129k	\$630	Need to define	Need to define
Commercial and Industrial Retrofit	220 sites	Unknow n	N/A	\$6.1 million	\$27,700	Need to define	Need to define
Built Smart	59 projects	Unknow n	100%	\$1.1 million	\$18,600	Need to define	Need to define
Multifamily Weatherizati on	20 projects	Unknow n	100%	\$193,000	\$9,600	Need to define	Need to define

6.2.4 Renewable Energy

Green Up Community: Incentivizes new solar arrays hosted by affordable housing and other low-income service providers through the purchase of renewable energy credits (RECs) acquired by Green Up participants.

Green Up: Green Up is Seattle City Light's voluntary green power program that allows any utility customer to purchase renewable energy through a self-selected additional charge on their utility bill. The program is based in RECs and customers may either match their billed electricity consumption or purchase 100 kWh blocks.

Existing Renewable Hydroelectric Resources: The utility owns two major power sources: The Boundary Hydroelectric Project, and the Skagit Hydroelectric Project, (which includes the Ross, Diablo and Gorge hydroelectric plants). These sources, combined with three small hydroelectric

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facilities, the Newhalem Creek Hydroelectric Project, the Cedar Falls Hydroelectric Project, and the South Fork Tolt River Hydroelectric Project, generated approximately 6.4 million megawatt hours ("MWh") of electrical energy in 2018, which was about 46% of City Light's total resources.

Renewable Power Purchase Agreements: City Light has three main renewable energy purchased power agreements: Columbia Ridge Landfill Gas, Stateline Wind, and King County Wastewater Treatment Plant; and various smaller contracts for RECs. Columbia Ridge is a landfill gas-to-energy resource located in Arlington, Oregon; Stateline is a wind project near Walla Walla, Washington; and the King County Wastewater Treatment Plant is a local digestor gas plant. All of these contracts come with either renewable energy or RECs, and offer compliance options for I-937, which is the Washington Portfolio Standard legislation introduced in 2006.

Renewable Plus Program: Seattle City Light intends to launch a program offering a new renewable energy product that allows large commercial customers to offset a portion of their energy with renewable energy sourced from a newly-constructed renewable energy resource. As part of this offering, City Light will sign a 15+ year power purchase agreement (PPA) with a resource developer for the new resource, likely located in eastern WA and with transmission secured to deliver the energy back to City Light's load. Participating customers will enroll accounts into the program and will pay a per kWh adder on top of their retail bill for this "bundled energy". Customers will receive quarterly and annual reports from City Light verifying that their enrolled load is covered by renewable energy certificates (RECs) retired by City Light towards that load.

Virtual Net Metering: City Light is currently developing virtual net metering functionality. Virtual net metering will enable eligible customers with solar installations to virtually distribute excess solar generation to multiple customer meters. For example, a multifamily affordable housing site with a solar installation would first be able to offset the load of the house meter, then share the excess generation with the residential units, reducing their energy burden through net metering. Virtual Net Metering will help facilitate more equitable benefits to tenants of multifamily buildings and may enable future community solar programs.

City Light's renewables offerings can be tracked by multiple metrics, including those listed below. Some cautions: these metrics are a starting point and are not comprehensive of all metrics that could be tracked, data – and standard definitions for what they entail- do not yet exist for all potential metrics, nor are they universally applicable to all programs. These metrics will be refined over time.

Table 7 – Potential Metrics for Tracking Renewables Programs

Program	Number of 2020 partici- pants	Percent of HIC and VC/total partici- pants	Accessibility to non- single family home- owners [low-high]	2020 Expendi- tures	Average \$ value received by a partici- pant in 2020	Awareness of programs (Outreach Medium/ Year)	Burden to program participation - a qualitative scale or describe each step to participate
Green Up Community	0	NA	low	NA	NA	Direct outreach to eligible participant s, webinar	Eligibility and application
Green Up	10,700	unknow n	high	\$800,000	NA	Bill inserts, website	Any City Light customer may participate
Renewable Purchase Power Agreements	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA
Virtual Net Metering	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Direct conversati on with 3 exemplary bldg projects	NA

6.2.5 Transportation Electrification

In 2020, City Light released the *Transportation Electrification Strategic Investment Plan* (TESIP) in response to the Washington state legislature's 2019 passage of House Bill 1512, which enabled electric utilities to incorporate transportation electrification into utility modernization.

The Plan outlined three broad areas – public transit, fleets, and personal mobility – where City Light will invest to deliver the types of programs identified by more than 35 community stakeholder groups. Significantly, the Plan also identified key equity outcomes to incorporate accountability to communities. In 2021, City Light is embarking on a second phase of community and stakeholder engagement that will continue to refine these priorities and uphold our commitment to community collaboration in program design and delivery.

In 2021, City Light in partnership with the Office of Sustainability, the Department of Transportation and the Office of Economic Development, released Seattle's Transportation *Sept. 2021 - Clean Energy Equity Plan*

Electrification Blueprint, setting out how to plan for an equitable future where vehicles that move people, goods and services are electric, and setting ambitious goals for the transportation and electricity sector to see results by 2030, including:

- 100 Percent of Shared Mobility is Zero Emissions As shared mobility services like bikes, scooters, taxis, Uber, Lyft, carshare services and others continue to expand in Seattle, the city will ensure those options will be electric and emissions free.
- 90 Percent of All Personal Trips are Zero Emission By 2030, nine out of 10 trips must be walking, biking, electric transit or in an electric vehicle (or avoided all together).
- 30 Percent of Goods Delivery is Zero Emissions Goods movement is a growing cause of congestion and emissions on our roads, as more and more of the goods we buy and the food we eat are purchased online and delivered.
- 100 Percent City Fleet is fossil-fuel free (Executive Order 2018-02) Continuing to lead by example, Seattle will operate a large municipal fleet with zero fossil fuels by 2030.
- One or More 'Green & Healthy Streets' in Seattle (C40 Fossil Fuel Free Streets declaration, 2017) - A major area of our city will have zero emissions from transportation including streets or blocks that restrict cars and promote walking, biking, electrified transit, and electric goods delivery and services.
- Electrical Infrastructure Required to Stay Ahead of TE Adoption is Installed and Operational Infrastructure investments will enable a rapid transition to an electrified transportation system.

Below are City Light's initial transportation electrification public offerings. These offerings will expand and evolve with planned public engagement.

Public Transit Projects: King County Metro, Washington State Ferries, and Port of Seattle electrification projects. Public transit has been identified as high priority in TESIP. These projects also will have environmental benefits for South Seattle/Duwamish, which have been identified as Highly Impacted Communities.

Public Charging Station Pilot: Public charging stations serve populations living in multifamily building that need public charging options. The City Light public charging pilot is installing 26 DC fast chargers across the service territory to demonstrate access to charging to current/future EV owners (address DC gaps in private charging companies), establish lessons learned, and drive adoption in areas with low EV ownership in support of the mayoral *Drive Clean Seattle Initiative*. Stakeholder and community outreach has been conducted, prior to install, using neighborhood associations, with the intention of determining cost-effective, equitable, and accessible station locations.

Personal Mobility Programs: City Light is developing new program opportunities for personal mobility. Program(s) are expected to launch in 2022.

Fleets Programs: City Light is identifying new program opportunities for commercial, government, and non-profit fleets. Program(s) are expected to launch in 2022.

City Light's transportation electrification offerings can be tracked by multiple metrics, including those listed below. Some cautions: these metrics are a starting point and are not comprehensive of all metrics that could be tracked, data – and standard definitions for what they entail- do not yet exist for all potential metrics, nor are they universally applicable to all programs. These metrics will be refined over time.

Program	Number of 2020 partici- pants	Percent of HIC and VC/total partici- pants	Accessibilit y to non- single family home- owners [low-high]	2020 Expendi- tures	Average \$ value received by a participant in 2020	Awareness of programs (Outreach Medium/ Year)	Burden to program participation - a qualitative scale or describe each step to participate
Public Transit Projects			NA			Need to define	Need to define
Public Charging Station Pilots	16 sites	37% 6 sites	Need to define	\$15,000	NA	Need to define	Need to define
Personal Mobility Program(s)	NA – not yet launched	NA	NA	NA	NA	Need to define	Need to define
Fleets Program(s)	NA – not yet launched	NA	NA	NA	NA	Need to define	Need to define

 Table 8 – Potential Metrics for Tracking Transportation Electrification

6.3 Outside Service Territory

The initial suite of programs described above as City Light's portfolio of actions provides a starting point for elevating equity as City Light supports clean energy transformation. However, City Light recognizes that Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations extend outside the service territory in and around Seattle. City Light owns and operates generation facilities and transmission infrastructure in and across five Washington State counties. These remote resources, some more than 500 miles outside Seattle, generate and deliver electricity to our residential, commercial, and industrial customers in Seattle and surrounding franchise cities.

Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations may be found near City Light'stransmission corridors, generation facilities, and future renewable resource supplies. InvestmentsSept. 2021 - Clean Energy Equity Plan35

in infrastructure and maintenance in these areas supports the transition to clean energy and has the potential to impact Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations. The approaches to addressing the needs of these groups within and adjacent to our Hydroelectric project boundaries are primarily through the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) relicensing process. This 5-year process culminates in a project license with legally-binding expenditures on programs over the life of a 30–50-year license. During the relicensing process, many studies are undertaken that address the project's impacts to environmental elements such as water, air, land, fish and wildlife, forests and vegetation, recreation, and cultural resources, which are of interest to tribes and first nations. City Light's Cedar Falls Hydroelectric Project predates FERC licensing requirements and operates under a Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP) for the watershed that has expenditure program commitments, committees, and reporting similar to a FERC license and ongoing collaborations with tribes.

During a relicensing process, City Light actively engages in broad outreach to tribes and first nations to make them aware of the process and their rights to participate. Several tribes and first nations that have entered into formal agreements with City Light in previous licenses and current relicensing processes; however, for a variety of reasons, not all tribes and first nations ultimately choose to participate in the relicensing process. City Light also consults with a broader group of stakeholders that include tribes that may or may not have formal license agreements with the utility. Consultations include areas such as project permitting and salmon recovery efforts.

Investments in these area outside City Light's service territory could provide opportunities for energy and nonenergy benefits to these groups, as well as generate unintentional burdens that CETA is trying to avoid. City Light acknowledges these connections and intends to expand the portfolio of actions over time with additional assessments of these investments, collaboration with affected groups, and through applying lessons learned from the initial portfolio of actions.

7 Community Outreach

7.1 General Approach

City Light's outreach plan for this CETA equity report seeks to conduct inclusive and equitable outreach that is intentional and purposeful to build a clean energy future with customers. City Light will engage communities within its service territory about the benefits of clean energy and any barriers to accessing it. The outreach will approach this using a story narrative such as:

Once upon a time there was.... Community Most days, they struggled because of... a challenge One day.... Seattle City Light made a plan and took actions The Community's life improved because... the actions created benefits that addressed their challenges

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Staff plan to conduct outreach and engagement in two phases:

Phase 1

- Initial community and stakeholder outreach and engagement activities
- Identify priorities for where City Light should focus efforts
- Broad customer survey
- Prioritize meeting with environmental justice community leaders and stakeholder groups

Phase 2

- More in-depth engagement with Highly Impacted Community members and Vulnerable Populations
- Work with community-based organizations to conduct outreach and engagement activities
- Develop a long-term strategy to engage with Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations

7.1.1 Objectives

The objectives for outreach associated with developing a clean energy future include:

- Engage with community-based organizations (CBOs) to identify and develop customer benefits that will reach Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations
- Develop communication strategies and programs that are inclusive and equitable and adapt to the changing needs of customers in City Light's service territory
- Recognize that different people have different priorities and needs; address them accordingly
- Target and engage the groups identified above in discussions
- Develop metrics that help City Light measure equity in electric energy planning and decision-making for CETA
- Identify and mitigate barriers to customer participation
- Prepare materials to explain City Light goals and initiatives for CETA
- Determine innovative and creative ways to engage with our customers to discuss CETA
- Develop a short-term and long-term outreach plan for CETA

7.1.2 Target Audiences

Staff plan to direct outreach with state-identified targeted audiences as well as those identified though City's Equity and Environment Agenda and City Light's target audiences. The state-identified target audiences include Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations as described in Section 4. Based on the data on Highly Impacted Communities, 60 out of 182 areas in City Light's service territory rank 9-10 on the Environmental Health Disparities map.

Staff identified four demographic groups as Vulnerable Populations though the City's Equity and Environment Agenda and City Light Target Audiences. These include:

• Black, Indigenous, People of Color (BIPOC) customers

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- Low-income customers
- Limited English Speaking (LES) customers
- Immigrant and refugee communities

7.2 Tactics and Metrics

The following tactics are examples of the specific methods and channels that City Light will take to engage with community members (Table 9). City Light is in the process of hiring an Outreach Coordinator who could help with implementing these tactics.

Digital	Print	Other/Community
 Email Social Media (Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, Instagram) Ethnic Media Neighborhood blogs / community newsletters / organizations City Blogs & newsletters (including franchise cities) Social Media Toolkit (other City departments) Local media 	 Billboards Buses (interiors/exteriors) Ethnic Media Valpak Direct Mail Local media 	 Radio Existing community and advocacy group meetings Focus groups (in-language) Schools/PTAs Racial Equity Toolkit (partially completed) Translation and interpretation services City commissions, advisory boards, elected officials Events Webinars
Matrice are used to measure succes	and a structure and a stand a structure of a structure ostructure of a structure ostructure ost	a such a stimition. The same second al

Table 9 – List of Potential Public Engagement Tactics

Metrics are used to measure success of outreach and engagement activities. These could include:

- Participation by a certain number of CBOs
- Participation by a certain number of customers
- Pre- and Post-surveys
- Number of outreach engagements (events, collateral, etc.)
- Results of all tactics

7.3 Previous Outreach Efforts and Market Research

City Light has gained insights through past market research with customers. In 2017, City Light conducted market research to identify customer priorities when developing the 2019-2024 Strategic Plan. The research, conducted by a third-party consultant, over sampled low-income customers (UDP participants). This research found that City Light customers want the utility to plan for the future while keeping costs down.

Their top three priorities for the utility were:

- Be leaders in environment and renewable energy (51% of residential customers ranked clean energy as a top priority)
- Invest in technology for operational improvements
- Keep costs down

Customer priorities were also heard though Transportation Electrification Strategic Investment Plan (TESIP) outreach and engagement efforts. At City Light, we are redefining electricity services to meet the evolving demands of our customers and our rapidly growing metropolitan area. City Light envisions a utility of the future that is responsive to the wants and needs of community members most impacted by environmental inequities, operates a modernized grid that enables real-time smart technology interaction and provides economic opportunities through infrastructure investments and upgrades. A modernized electric grid will allow for resource optimization and prepare the region to withstand growing climate change impacts.

City Light is seizing transportation electrification as an opportunity to deliver on this vision. With our clean energy, the Pacific Northwest is in a unique position to electrify the transportation sector and deliver a triple win for our customers, the environment, and the utility.

City Light partnered with the Seattle Department of Neighborhoods (DON) to engage environmental justice communities in outreach and engagement efforts. City Light engaged with 25 environmental justice community leaders, four environmental justice organizations, eight major commercial fleets, four environmental advocacy organizations, five labor unions and labor councils, and three shared mobility transportation network companies (TNCs) and taxi companies.

The input received from these conversations informed the transportation electrification investment priorities for City Light over the next four years. The **main priorities** heard from environmental justice community leaders and stakeholder groups included:

- 1. Conduct customer and stakeholder outreach and awareness on transportation electrification: Many environmental justice community members are unfamiliar with electric vehicles (EVs). Communicating in local languages, highlighting communities of color in advertising, and focusing on multimodal transportation electrification can help increase equitable access.
- 2. *Prioritize buses for electrification:* This was the number one priority for both community leaders and stakeholders. Low-income communities and communities of color are more likely to depend on buses for most, if not all, of their transportation needs. Electrifying public transit will benefit communities who most rely on public transit by reducing air and noise pollution where impacts are greatest.
- 3. *Electrify commercial and local government fleets that run through the Duwamish Valley:* Environmental justice communities are exposed to—and concerned about—poor air

quality and suffer from geographic and social health disparities. Commercial fleet electrification can reduce harmful tailpipe emissions in the Duwamish Valley.

- 4. *Expand at-home and near-home charging for multifamily residents:* Currently, there is a lack of access to EV charging for multifamily units. Expanding at-home and near-home charging solutions for multifamily residents in environmental justice communities will increase equitable access to transportation electrification as 52% of City Light's customers are renters and a majority live in multifamily properties.
- 5. *Electrify high-mileage ride-hailing vehicles*: High-mileage ride-hailing vehicles (e.g., TNCs and shared mobility, such as Lyft, Uber, taxis) drive three to five times more than regular passenger vehicles and electrifying them can have a large impact on tailpipe emissions. In addition, high-mileage ride-hailing vehicles are frequently driven by immigrants and members of communities of color and targeted incentives can increase equitable access to transportation electrification.

Additional resources that can inform understanding of customers desires and priorities include:

- Duwamish Valley Action Plan
- CHIA Clean Health Impact Analysis
- Washington Environmental Health Disparities Map
- City Department of Neighborhoods (DON) Seattle/Neighborhood Snapshots data
- Got Green and Puget Sound Sage publication: Our People, Our Planet, Our Power
- Puget Sound Sage publication: Powering the Transition: Community Priorities for a Renewable and Equitable Future
- Green Job Pathways
- Equity and Environmental Agenda deep engagement with Environmental Justice Initiative – green job pathways, environmental justice communities have leverage and power, building capacity for them to influence environmental justice within the City
- TESIP ongoing efforts

7.4 Next Steps

Outreach with customers will benefit from coordination with DON, which requires building a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between DON and City Light. The MOA will establish terms, conditions, scope of work, community and stakeholder outreach and engagement activities, and payment information for DON to provide strategic-level communications and outreach support services. To draft a MOA, City Light staff plan to provide:

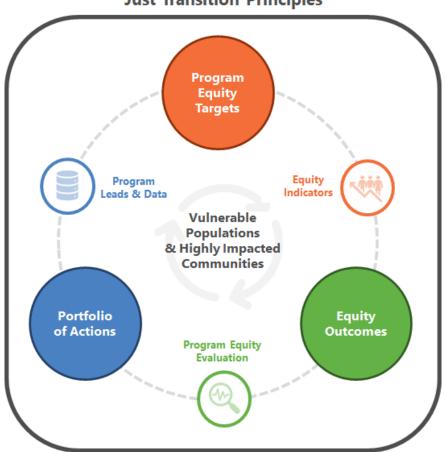
- Background information (what?)
- Term of agreement (time frame)
- Roles and responsibilities (the work to be completed and by who)

Additionally, a budget will need to be developed to support outreach efforts. Outreach will require funds to support DON's involvement, to hire additional staff such as an Outreach Coordinator, to potentially hire consultants for engagement activities, and to foster participation by customers and CBOs.

8 Protocols

8.1 Equity Impacts Assessment Framework

CETA requires City Light to report forecasts and achievements of energy and non-energy costs and benefits for the utility's selected Portfolio of Actions (see Section 6) on Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations every four years. The following framework outlines how the core components of CETA should be linked for equity and program assessment (Figure 4).



Just Transition Principles

Figure 5 Equity Impacts Assessment Framework

Each component of Figure 4 is part of a continuous evaluation process as detailed below.

Equitable Clean Energy Just Transition Principles (Section 3): These are City Light's guiding principles to ensure an equitable and just transition to a clean energy future for Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations. The components of the equity assessment framework should support these principles.

Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations (Section 4): CETA requires City Light to identify Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations that are within its service territory or near transmission or generation assets. These groups experience a disproportionate share of environmental and socioeconomic risk factors.

Equity Outcomes (Section 5): Equity outcome are characterized as a desired future state which improves the livelihood of Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations. Equity outcomes are the results of utility actions where it is assumed all communities and populations do not start with equal opportunities to participate in or benefit from programs and investments and therefore, must specifically, but not exclusively, be identified and targeted for investments to bring all communities to a place of equal benefit.

CETA does not make any specific reference to or establish a reporting requirement for equity outcomes. City Light established this concept because it is essential to have a comprehensive set of equity goals and targets driving the assessment framework. The reporting requirements of CETA, specifically related to equity indicators, are easier to interpret and implement by including the concept of equity outcomes.

Equity Indicators (Section 5): CETA requires City Light to set metrics to track the impacts of City Light's actions on Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations⁵. Equity indicators help determine if equity outcomes are being achieved and per CETA should be informed by a public input process.

Portfolio of Actions (Section 6): CETA requires City Light to develop a Portfolio of Actions. The Portfolio of Actions includes:

- A subset of City Light programs or projects, mostly customer-facing, that staff have identified as having a strong equity link.
- Programs or projects that directly connect to required CETA targets for Energy Efficiency, Renewable Energy or Demand Response.

The Portfolio of Actions is dynamic, and program offerings can be added or removed over time to reflect evolving policies, customer preferences, utility needs, and equity outcomes.

Program Equity Targets: These are yearly goals for individual City Light programs that enable the achievement of desired equity outcomes. The goals should be measurable and linked to equity indicators for Equity Evaluation.

Program Leads and Program Data: Portfolio Program Leads from City Light's Customer Care and Energy Solutions and other programs and projects should set annual Program Equity Targets with equity outcomes and equity indicators in mind. This can leverage two existing internal processes:

⁵ As stated in WAC 194-40-200 Section 4a and 4cii Sept. 2021 - Clean Energy Equity Plan

- 1. City Light Customer Care and Energy Solutions' Program Portfolio management structure, which sets annual programmatic goals that are tracked monthly/yearly
- 2. The RET process

Data from programs should be collected to align with equity indicators. For projects that are in the Portfolio of Actions but not part of the Customer Care and Energy Solutions Portfolio, targets should be developed to align with the specific project's workplan or schedule.

Program Equity Evaluation: Programs included in the Portfolio of Actions should be holistically evaluated against their program targets and equity outcomes and indicators. If equity outcomes are not being achieved, then program targets should be adjusted, or new programs may need to be created or added to the Portfolio of Actions.

8.2 CETA Equity Cost and Benefits Reporting Requirements

The formal CETA requirements for reporting forecasts and achievements of energy and nonenergy costs and benefits are unclear and subject to interpretation. CETA is not prescriptive in identifying exactly which types of utility actions are subject to the equity cost and benefits reporting requirements. We interpreted the applicable Washington Administrative Code sections which establish the equity cost and benefits reporting requirements as follows:

8.2.1 Interpretation of WAC 194-40-200(4)(c)

Per WAC 194-40-200(4)(c), City Light must report the "forecasted distribution of energy and nonenergy costs and benefits of programs identified in the Portfolio of Actions including impacts resulting from achievement of specific targets for energy efficiency, demand response and renewable energy."

This language establishes that City Light is required to submit a report that generally identifies forecasts and achievements of equity targets for programs included in City Light's Portfolio of Actions; however, it is unclear what distribution of energy and nonenergy costs and benefits refers to. For this reason, Section 4c does not provide sufficient detail to establish a formal reporting requirement in and of itself.

WAC 194-40-200(4)(c)(iii) provides more detail and should be viewed as the formal equity cost and benefits reporting requirement. City Light should "*identify the expected effect of specific actions on Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations and the general location, if applicable, timing, and estimated costs of each specific action. If applicable, identify whether any resource will be located in Highly Impacted Communities or will be governed by, serve or otherwise benefit Highly Impacted Communities or Vulnerable Populations in part or in whole.*"

8.2.2 Leveraging City Light's Existing Equity Work for CETA Cost Benefit Reporting The equity cost and benefits reporting requirements outlined in WAC 194-40-200(4)(c) are, in part, already in place at City Light through the RET process, provided that the RET processes are resourced and completed. City Light can meet (or exceed) the CETA reporting requirements through the Equity Impacts Assessment Framework described in Figure 4 through:

- 1. Setting equity targets for programs and projects included in City Light's Portfolio of Actions.
- 2. Tracking relevant equity data through the Program Equity Targets and the Equity Indicators processes.
- 3. Performing holistic Equity Evaluations where advancement in City Light's equity outcomes is measured using equity indicators and achievement of Program Equity Targets.

Coordinating this effort on an ongoing basis and for future CETA compliance will be a substantial new body of work. This will require supporting staff resources such as a CETA Equity Coordinator position and potentially additional staff support to bolster the existing RET process. The protocols for each of the three steps listed above are described in more detail in the Equity Impacts Assessment Protocols section below.

8.3 Equity Impact Assessment Protocols

The City Light programs and projects included in the Portfolio of Actions are identified in Section 6. Each program or project should establish a process for setting Equity Targets, which can be used to inform equity indicators and help drive equity outcomes.

The key parts of this process are described in more detail in the list below. These proposed protocols should be viewed as initial recommendations that can be built out and revised as the program equity evaluation framework moves into an implementation stage.

8.3.1 Setting Program Equity Targets

For programs that are in included in the Portfolio of Actions, Customer Care and Energy Solutions Program Managers should work with the CETA Equity Coordinator to complete a Racial Equity Toolkit, if one has not already been performed, or is out of date. The RET will identify the important equity links that can then be tied to related CETA Equity Outcomes and Equity Indicators. Customer Care and Energy Solutions Managers and Program Managers will set annual Program Targets that will help achieve Equity Outcomes. This will require collaboration with impacted communities, the CETA Equity Coordinator, and existing City Light Portfolio Teams, which currently set program targets. Program data should be collected so that it can inform equity indicators. This will require discretion from program leads and the CETA Equity Coordinator. To the extent possible, program targets should be informed by measurable program data that can be reliably collected.

8.3.2 Tracking Data for Programs and Equity Indicators

Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations are the central focus of CETA. To track impacts on Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations, program and

equity data must, at a minimum, be tracked in a way that can tie back to these groups. The CETA Equity Coordinator, Customer Energy Solutions Program Managers, and other portfolio of action Program Leads should:

- 1. Establish a mapping process so that the geographic location of Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations is readily available to Program Leads and well maintained.
- 2. The equity mapping data should be organized so that it can be applied to programs identified in the Portfolio of Actions.
- 3. Develop data collection framework to track demographic information of program participants.

For City Light programs to meet the minimum for CETA compliance, program data should be collected in a manner that indicates what portion of the program will serve Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations. This data would be collected and maintained by Program Leads and provided to the CETA Equity Coordinator at least annually to inform Indicators. This data should include, at a minimum:

- 1. Geographic location of program participation and their mapping (i.e., connection) to Highly Impacted Community or Vulnerable Population
- 2. Program expenditures and their mapping to Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations
- 3. Program implementation timing
- 4. If possible, benefits and costs for program participants in Highly Impacted Communities or Vulnerable Populations as it relates to the equity indicators. This will be program specific and could include factors like realized reduction in energy burden, improvement in living conditions, positive environmental attributes, or increased reliability of service. The measurable effects of certain programs or projects could also have a negative effect on Highly Impacted Communities or Vulnerable Populations and, if this is the case, these also should be reported. These impacts should be identified initially as part of the RET process.

For equity indicators that are only indirectly impacted by City Light programs or informed by third party data, for example Indicators related to Air Quality or Greenhouse Gas Emissions, the CETA Equity Coordinator should:

- 1. Establish an internal process to clearly identify the primary external data source for equity indicator tracking.
- 2. Establish a process to compile and archive any external data and ensure correct mapping with Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations.
- 3. Work with Program Leads to collect any relevant data that might indirectly contribute to these indicators.

8.3.3 Performing Evaluations for City Light Equity Outcomes and Program Equity Targets

City Light's equity outcomes represent the end goal of the Equity Impacts Assessment Framework; to this end, the CETA Equity Coordinator should regularly evaluate if these outcomes are being achieved and use equity indicators as outlined in Section 5 to determine if positive progress is being made to achieve equity outcomes. If progress is not being made on certain equity outcomes, the CETA Equity Coordinator should re-evaluate program targets, tweak existing actions, or recommend development of new actions.

Evaluation of Program Equity Targets should occur in tandem with Equity Outcome Evaluation. Program Leads should work with the CETA Equity Coordinator to determine if achievement or lack of achievement of equity outcomes is being driven by program performance. If program performance is limiting progress of equity outcomes, then Program Leads should work with the CETA Equity Coordinator to determine what barriers to success may be occurring and develop an action plan to adjust the program strategies accordingly.

If certain equity outcomes are not being achieved because existing programs are insufficient, then the CETA Equity Coordinator should identify this as an equity opportunity for new program development. Examples of strategies to enhance energy benefits to realize equity outcomes through existing programs can be found in Appendix C.

9 Implementation Plan

9.1 Ongoing Process Improvement

Implementation of the CEEP recognizes the living nature of the plan and the evolving understanding of fostering equity while transitioning to a clean energy future. During the development of the CEEP, several challenges were identified that will take time and effort to address. To not lose sight of these challenges while beginning to undertake equitable actions, they are captured below for continued dialog and process improvement as the plan is implemented. The Equity Coordinator will help facilitate addressing these issues as the CEIP is carried out over the next four years.

Focal Area	Challenge or Issue
Indicators	Measurement development for indicators; aligning CETA equity
	metrics with (internal) annual goals, metrics, and dashboards.
Indicators	Burden (Cost) to Participate: Cost needs to be better defined in future iterations of the plan. Cost can mean more than just dollar such as time requirements to participate. However, the indicators were developed with dollars as the primary barrier to entry in program participation.

Table 10 – Challenges or issues to be worked on during CEIP implementation

Sept. 2021 - Clean Energy Equity Plan

Outreach	Expanding outreach including co-creation of indicators, community priorities, what can be achieve over time and meeting expectation, building relationships
Reporting	Collecting the right data to report to the state and then reporting to the state
Staffing	Adequately staffing this effort, particularly around the equity coordinator, RET support, and outreach
Utilities	Aligning with PSE (shared territory_=) and neighboring utilities on equity metrics; shared/common approaches

9.2 Scope of Implementation

In order to meet the intent of CETA, City Light program managers in Customer and Energy Solutions and other Program Leads will implement the framework described in Section 8: Protocols and implementation schedule in Figure 5. For each of the programs identified in the Portfolio of Actions (Section 6), program managers will complete a racial equity analysis using the RET and set annual equity targets that will yield benefits to Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations. Additionally, program managers, assisted by Communications staff, will engage with Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations to enhance City Light's likelihood of achieving equity outcomes. Staff will endeavor to remove barriers to engagement to minimize burdens for public participation. Finally, program managers will develop strategies to address equity targets and achieve equity outcomes.

Elevating Equity

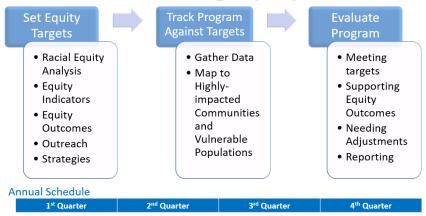


Figure 6 Implementation Schedule for Elevating Equity

As programs are carried out, program managers will gather data to track performance against the established equity targets. These data should be mapped or connected to the affected Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations. Annually, programs will be reviewed by Customer Care and Energy Solutions managers and supervisors to see if progress is being made toward the targets and that the implemented strategies are supporting the intended equity outcomes. If progress is off target, adjustments will be made to program design and execution to elevate equity (Figure 5). Implementation for expanding the portfolios of actions to areas outside the City Light service territory will require future work developed with the Equity Coordinator and City Light leadership.

9.3 Responsible Parties, Schedule, and Budget

Each Program Manager for the programs listed in the Portfolio of Actions (Section 6) will be responsible for implementing equity in their program following the implementation framework described in Section 10.1 and Figure 5. Equity targets will be set in the first quarter of each year with performance tracking occurring throughout the year. Regular program evaluation will occur to initiate programmatic adjustments. The Equity Coordinator (described in Section 8.2) will assist in target setting and program evaluation. Once hired, the Outreach Coordinator will be responsible for building enduring community relationships and facilitating community engagement related to the portfolio of actions and clean energy transformation.

Implementing and evaluating actions to elevate equity and engaging with customers may incur additional programmatic costs. These anticipated costs will be incorporated in each program manager's annual budget.

9.4 Reviews and Reporting

The Equity Coordinator will be responsible for performing a review of programs in the Portfolio of Actions biennially starting the first quarter of the third year following implementation. This review will focus on each program's processes for elevating equity as well as its effectiveness at meeting equity outcomes. The Equity Coordinator will provide this feedback to program managers and City Light's Executive Team. Each program's progress will be compiled by the Equity Coordinator and reported to DOC and others as required. Reporting to the DOC will be provided at end of each 4-year period (2021-2025) aligned with the CEIP, starting in 2026.



10 Resources

Title of Resource	Brief Resource Description	Author(s) and/or Contributor(s)	Resource Date	Access
Internal Seattle	City Light Resources		•	
Energy Transformation Projects (ETPs) – White Paper	This document analyzes Washington State's Clean Energy Transformation Act (CETA) to understand its jurisdictions and limitations regarding ETPs and their use for compliance by City Light.	Trevor Lessard, Seattle City Light	2020	Contact Annette Pearson to obtain a copy of this document.
Local Resources	(City, County, and/or Region)			
	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Seattle City Light Transportation Electrification Strategic Investment Plan	This plan describes how the utility is using strategic investments and previous analyses to achieve an equitable, carbon-neutral, modernized, and future-enabled vision for the community. This plan is a result of the Washington legislature's 2019 passage of House Bill 1512 which seeks to enable electric utilities to incorporate	Seattle City Light	2020	Document live link: <u>TESIP.pdf</u> (seattle.gov)

	transportation electrification into utility modernization.			
Equity & Environment Agenda	The Equity & Environment Initiative was launched in 2015 and is jointly owned by the City of Seattle and the community. The Equity & Environment Agenda was created to provide goals and strategies that can serve as a roadmap for sectors to collaborate on efforts to advance environmental equity in Seattle.	Community Partners Steering Committee for the Seattle Equity & Environment Initiative, Seattle Office of Sustainability & Environment	2015/2016	Website link: Equity & Environment Initiative - Environment seattle.gov Document live link: SeattleEquityAgenda. pdf
Racial Equity Toolkit	"The Racial Equity Toolkit lays out a process and a set of questions to guide the development, implementation and evaluation of policies, initiatives, programs, and budget issues to address the impacts on racial equity."	Seattle Race and Social Justice Initiative, Seattle Office for Civil Rights	Unknown	Resource live link: <u>Racial Equity</u> <u>Toolkit FINAL August</u> <u>2012 with new cncl</u> <u>districts(0).pdf</u> <u>(seattle.gov)</u>
Seattle Strategic Climate Action Plan (SCAP)	This plan provides a "five-year blueprint for County climate action, integrating climate change into all areas of County operations and work with King County cities, partners, communities, and residents. The SCAP outlines King County's priorities and commitments for climate action to residents and partners."	King County	2020	Website: <u>2020</u> <u>Strategic Climate</u> <u>Action Plan (SCAP) -</u> <u>King County</u> Entire plan live link: <u>https://your.kingcoun</u> <u>ty.gov/dnrp/climate/</u>

	Section II: Sustainable & Resilient Frontline Communities addresses those communities that are hit first and the hardest by climate change impacts.			documents/scap- 2020- approved/2020-king- county-strategic- climate-action- plan.pdf Section II: Sustainable & Resilient frontline Communities live link: 2020-scap- sustainable-and-
				resilient-frontline- communities- section.pdf
				(kingcounty.gov)
Duwamish Valley Action Plan	Promotes a city-community shared vision to guide City investment and planning in the Duwamish Valley. Its objective is to identify near-, mid-, and long-term actions that the City can take to promote community health and well-being.	Office of Sustainability & Environment (OSE) and the Office of Planning & Community Development (OPCD)	2018	Plan live link: <u>DuwamishValleyActio</u> <u>nPlan_June2018.pdf</u> (<u>seattle.gov</u>)
City of Tacoma Equity Index	The Equity Index is an interactive tool to highlight disparities in the city of Tacoma to help City staff and partners ensure they are	City of Tacoma	Unknown	<u>Equity Index - City of</u> <u>Tacoma</u>

Washington Stat	making data-informed decisions that benefit their community. The site offers additional resources and presentations on the index.			
Washington Stat		I	1	
Clean Energy Transformation Act (CETA) SSB 5116	Washington law passed on May 7, 2019 by Governor Jay Inslee which commits Washington to an electricity supply free of greenhouse gas emissions by 2045.	Washington State Legislature	May 2019	Brief overview: <u>CETA</u> <u>Overview (wa.gov)</u> <u>Chapter 19.405 RCW:</u>
				WASHINGTON CLEAN ENERGY TRANSFORMATION ACT
				Live link: https://lawfilesext.leg. wa.gov/biennium/201 9- 20/Pdf/Bills/Session% 20Laws/Senate/5116- S2.SL.pdf
Washington Department of Commerce Rules and	The Washington Dept. of Commerce rules apply to public and District 9 utilities. Additionally, there is draft guidance for	Washington Department of Commerce	December 2020	<u>CETA-Adopted-</u> <u>Rules-Combined-</u> <u>File.pdf (wa.gov)</u>

Section 4(8) Guidance	implementing RCW 19.405.040(8), the equity requirement.			
2021 State Energy Strategy – Chapter A	A draft blueprint for eliminating the use of fossil fuels with an overarching equity focus laid out in Chapter A.	Washington Department of Commerce	2021	2021 State Energy Strategy - Washington State Department of Commerce
Dismantle Poverty in Washington	An organization dedicated to reducing poverty and inequality in Washington state. They have identified 8 strategies and 60 recommendations for poverty reduction. They also have a 10-year Plan Action Toolkit to assist organizations.	Dismantle Poverty in Washington, Poverty Reduction Work Group	N/A	Website: Poverty Reduction Work Group Dismantle Poverty in Washington 10-Year Plan: Final10yearPlan.pdf (dismantlepovertyinw a.com) Action Toolkit: ActionToolkit.pdf (dismantlepovertyinw a.com)

Reducing	The Poverty Reduction Work Group (PRWG)	Poverty Reduction	January 2020	Informational
Reducing Poverty & Inequality in Washington State: 10-Year Plan for the Future	The Poverty Reduction Work Group (PRWG) was formed in 2017 by the departments of Commerce, Employment Security, and Social & Health Services as a result of a directive by Governor Inslee. The plan is a culmination of first-hand experiences and evidence-based solutions. They prioritize a commitment to equity, particularly racial equity.	Work Group	(coordinating draft)	PowerPoint: Welcome (wa.gov) Executive Summary: 2020 Jan 21 PRWG 1 0 year plan EXECUTI VE SUMMARY.pdf (dismantlepovertyinw a.com) Coordinating Draft live link: 2020 Jan 21 PRWG 1 0 year plan COORDI NATING DRAFT.pdf (dismantlepovertyinw
Environmental Justice Task Force: Recommendati ons for Prioritizing EJ in Washington	The Environmental Justice Task Force (EJTF) created a blueprint for a shared vision of environmental justice in Washington state including measurable goals, model policy, environmental health disparities map, and community engagement.	Environmental Justice Task Force	November 2020	a.com) Document live link: <u>COMMUNITY</u> <u>ENGAGEMENT PLAN</u> <u>GUIDANCE (wa.gov)</u>

State				
Government				
Community Report on Environmental Justice	Builds on the recommendations presented in the November 2020 'Environmental Justice Task Force: Recommendations for Prioritizing EJ in Washington State Government'. Explores and presents themes that went into forming the Task Force, which provides a deeper understanding of Washington's environmental health disparities and their causes.	Front and Centered	2020/2021	Document live link: <u>Front and Centered -</u> <u>EJ TF Community</u> <u>Report</u>
Washington Environmental Health Disparities Map	A tool to assess multiple, combined environmental risks in Washington state. A collaborative effort among University of Washington Department of Environmental & Occupational Health Sciences (DEOHS), Front and Centered, Washington State Department of Health (DOH), Washington State Department of Ecology (ECY) and the Puget Sound Clean Air Agency (PSCAA).	University of Washington Department of Environmental & Occupational Health Sciences	2019	WA state link: <u>Washington</u> <u>Environmental Health</u> <u>Disparities Map ::</u> <u>Washington State</u> <u>Department of Health</u> <u>UW DEOHS link:</u> <u>Washington</u> <u>Environmental Health</u> <u>Disparities Map</u> <u>Project </u> <u>Environmental &</u> <u>Occupational Health</u> <u>Sciences</u>

				Document link: <u>Washington_Environ</u> <u>mental_Health_Dispar</u> <u>ities_Map.pdf</u>
				Interactive Map: <u>Information by</u> <u>Location </u> <u>Washington Tracking</u> <u>Network (WTN)</u>
Washington Department of Health (DOH) COVID-19 Data Dashboard	Interactive COVID-19 data dashboard with maps and information about how COVID- 19 has impacted Washington state.	Washington Department of Health	2020	<u>COVID-19 Data</u> <u>Dashboard ::</u> <u>Washington State</u> <u>Department of Health</u>
National Resour	ces		·	
Low-Income Energy Affordability Data (LEAD) Tool	Uses 2018 state census data to visualize energy burden and cost across different areas of the United States at the state, county, census tract, and city levels.	Department of Energy, Office of Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy	Unknown	LEAD Tool Department of Energy

Lifting the	An analysis on energy burden in cities	American Council	April 2016	Document live link:
High Energy	across the U.S. with a focus on "high home	for an Energy-		u1602.pdf (aceee.org)
Burden in	energy burdens faced by select groups in	Efficient Economy		
America's	major metropolitan areas." The report			
Largest Cities:	analyzes data from the US Census Bureau's			
How Energy	2011 and 2013 American Housing Survey			
Efficiency Can	and discusses strategies to alleviate high			
Improve	energy burdens in specific households.			
Income and				
Underserved				
Communities				
A Guidebook	A guidebook that "introduces a process and	Prepared by The	September 2018	Document live link: <u>A</u>
on Equitable	principles that local governments and their	Cadmus Group for		Guidebook on
Clean Energy	partners can use to design equitable clean	the Urban		Equitable Clean
Program	energy programs in their communities."	Sustainability		Energy Program
Design for	Centers equity in its clean energy design	Directors Network		Design for Local
Local	and planning.			Governments and
Governments				Partners - September
and Partners				<u>2018</u>
				(cadmusgroup.com)
Solving the	"Provides a roadmap for Congress to build	House Select	June 2020	Website link: <u>Solving</u>
Climate Crisis:	a prosperous, clean energy economy that	Committee on the		the Climate Crisis:
The	values workers, advances environmental	Climate Crisis,		The Congressional
Congressional	justice, and is prepared to meet the	Majority Staff		Action Plan for a
Action Plan for	challenges of the climate crisis." It	Report		Clean Energy
a Clean Energy	establishes a goal of reaching net-zero			Economy and a
Economy and				Healthy and Just
a Healthy,				America Select

Resilient, and Just America	greenhouse gas emissions in the U.S. by no later than 2050.	116 th Congress		<u>Committee on</u> <u>Climate Crisis</u> (house.gov)
				Report live link: <u>Climate Crisis Action</u> <u>Plan.pdf (house.gov)</u>
				One-pager live link: <u>SCCC summary.pdf</u> (house.gov)
Energy Democracy Scoreboard and Flipbook	"This flipbook offers communities a guide to find out where they are on the energy spectrum and provides an opportunity to envision what energy democracy could look like in their community. This flipbook can be used by communities to share with their elected officials what they are experiencing and what would be necessary in order to transition to energy democracy. This flipbook provides an education tool, an assessment, and an accountability mechanism."	Emerald Cities Collaborative	January 2020	Document live link: <u>FINAL Flipbook.indd</u> (nnjcf.org)

The State of	This document explores current discourse	Carlos Martin, The	September 2019	Document link: <u>The</u>
Equity Measurement:	around equity and provides definitions and measurement schemes for equity in service	Urban Institute		<u>State of Equity</u> <u>Measurement Urban</u>
A Review for	fields beyond energy-efficiency.			<u>Institute</u>
Energy- Efficiency		Jamal Lewis, Green & Healthy Homes		
Programs		Initiative		
		Metropolitan Housing and		
		Communities		
		Policy Center		
Greenlink Equity Map (GEM)	GEM is a product of Greenlink Analytics, an energy research and consulting non-profit that offers data and industry knowledge on clean energy. GEM was created with the	Greenlink Analytics	2020	<u>Home GEM</u> (equitymap.org)
	intention of helping communities create and visualize equity-related issues using maps and data.			
Local and	A national network of governments	GARE, Race	N/A	Website: <u>Government</u>
Regional Government	"working to achieve racial equity and advance opportunities for all." They have	Forward, Othering and Belonging		Alliance on Race and Equity
Alliance on	tools and resources, and host events and	Institute at UC		<u>(racialequityalliance.o</u>
Race & Equity (GARE)	trainings.	Berkeley		<u>rg)</u>
Race & Equity				-

				Tools and resources page: <u>Tools &</u> <u>Resources </u> <u>Government Alliance</u> <u>on Race and Equity</u> (racialequityalliance.o rg)
Other Resources	5	I	L	
SEE Supporting A Just Transition	SSE plc is a UK-listed energy company that operates throughout the UK and Ireland. This document outlines SSE's strategy to support energy transition in a "socially just and fair way".	SSE: <u>We power</u> change SSE	November 2020	Document link: <u>sse-just-transition-</u> <u>strategy-final.pdf</u> <u>(ssethermal.com)</u>



APPENDICES

Appendix A

City Light's Clean Energy Transformation Act Project Data Portal

A City Light web-based Geographic Information System (GIS) viewer is available to support the CETA project, with analysis, communication, or reporting. The viewer combines internal City Light and City data such as transmission lines, service territories, hydroelectric dams with a variety of categorically themed data from city, local, county, regional, state, and federal sources.

The viewer is intended to compliment other GIS resources such as the <u>Washington Tracking Network</u> (WTN) to assist in the identification of Highly Impacted Communities (HIC). WTN data is also available in the viewer to allow program managers to interactively explore and identify the characteristics of Highly Impacted Communities within and beyond City Light's service territory by neighborhood and census tract to discover key indicators such as languages spoken, poverty rates or proximity to hazardous waste sites.

Current categorical GIS data themes include:

• Administrative

Includes a variety of boundary data such as zip codes, neighborhood city limits, and county boundaries.

• Census

Data sources includes both decennial census and <u>American Community Survey data</u>. <u>King County</u> <u>census data</u> is also leveraged.

• Equity Data/WA Tracking Network data

19 indicators from The Washington Tracking Network are included in the GIS viewer to visualize City light data alongside the WTN data. <u>"The Washington Environmental Health Disparities Map</u> <u>depicts cumulative health impact as a ranking from 1 to 10, with 10 indicating the highest impact.</u> <u>These rankings reflect the risk each community faces from multiple environmental hazards and</u> <u>the degree to which a community is more vulnerable to those hazards because of</u> <u>sociodemographic factors."</u>

• Equity Data/City Light Equity Matrix

This data is based on <u>Table 1</u>: Highly Impacted Communities (HIC) & Vulnerable Populations (VP) By Census Tract.

• Hydrography

Streams and water bodies for reference.

• Property

Assessor parcels and City Light owned properties and easements.

Transportation

Roads, streets, and transportation networks for reference.

• Utility Data Utility assets such as transmission towers, lines, and dams.

Types of data used in Viewer:

The viewer can consume a variety of source data from file-based formats that are published to internal City Light servers, to direct connections to rest-end services hosted and managed by external agencies.

The viewer data library will evolve as new and refreshed data becomes available. Demographic based data is primarily based on 2010 Census and American Community Survey data.

As of May 2021 (excluding base and administrative boundaries) the viewer contains over 40 layers that have an equity and or census theme. Much of the census data uses the 2010 decennial Census; however, some metadata does not provide a published date. Additional research or outreach to the agencies that host this data will be required to definitively assess these date(s). Washington Tracking Network Data published dates can be assessed from this link.

List of Viewer Data:

•	Theme 🔽	Category	Name
		Administrative	Cities (Detailed)
		Administrative	
			City and UGA Boundaries
			County Boundary
			FERC Boundary (Skagit Project - G2T)
			FERC Project Boundary (SCL- P2144)
			Municipal Boundary (WSDOT)
			SCL Service Area
			State
			Tribal Lands
			Zip_Codes
	🗏 Census	Census	2018 Housing Affordability by ZIP Code
			Census Tract (2010)
		City of Seattle	All City by Race
		King County Demographics	Percent American Indian or Alaskan Native
			Percent Asian
			Percent Black or African American
			Percent Hispanic or Latino
			Percent Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander
			Percent People of Color
			Percent speak Chinese
			Percent speak English less than very well
			Percent speak Korean
			Percent speak Russian
			Percent speak Spanish
			Percent speak Vietnamese
			Percent Two or more Races
			Percent White
	🗏 Equity Data	🗏 Equity Data	Census Tracts by Displacement Risk and Access to Opportunity type
			Racial and Social Equity Composite Index Current
		Puget Sound Regional Council	Displacement Risk
			Opportunity_Region
			Opportunity_UGA
		SCL Equity Matrix	Displacement Risk
		o bee equity matrix	Duwamish
			EHD Rank
			RSJI
+			TESIP (Yes/No per neighborhood)
-			TESIP Neighborhood Name
+		WA Tracking Network	ACS Limited English Proficiency
1			Death from Cardiovascular Disease
1			Diesel_Emissions
			Environmental Health Disparities
			Heavy_Traffic
			Lead_Risk_from_Housing
			Low_Birth_Weight
			No_High_School_Diploma
			Ozone_Concentration
			People_of_Color
			PM25_Concentration
			Population Unemployed
			Population_Living_in_Poverty
			Proximity to Hazardous Waste Treatment Storage and Disposal Facilities (TSDFs)
			Proximity to National Priorities List Facilities (Superfund Sites)
			Proximity to National Phonties List Facilities (Superiorid Sites)
			Socioeconomic Factors Ranking
			2
			Toxic Releases from Facilities (RSEI Model)
			Transportation Expense
			Tribal
			Unaffordable Housing (>30% of Income)
L			Wastewater Discharge
	Hydrography	🗏 Hydro	River/Stream (Principal)
			Water Bodies (Principal)
	Property	King County Assesor	King Co Assessor Parcels (Service Area)
		SCL - Real Property	SCL Current Easement Property Rights
			SCL Current Fee Property Rights
	Transportation	= Census	Primary Roads
			Primary Roads Labels
			Secondary Roads
			Secondary Roads Labels
		Transportation	Freight Network
ł			Heavy Haul Network
ŀ	- 1 Inillian		Transit Classification
ŀ	Utility Assets	Utility Assets	Dams
			SCL Hydro Projects
			Transmission - Support Structures
			Transmission Lines

Viewer Access:

Viewer access can be shared withing City Light (not accessible by other city departments or general public) by forwarding a URL to desired recipients. The recipient must be connected to City Light's network on premise or via VPN.

The URL is unique in that it reflects the extent of the map and the GIS layers that are added to the table of contents. This can be a particularly useful functionality to focus the user's attention on a particular geography and theme.

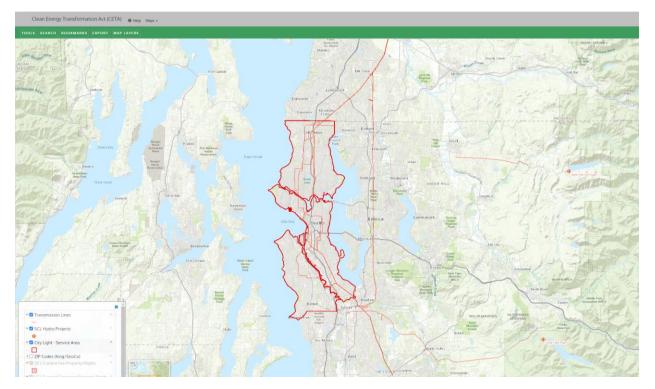
This viewer is compatible with many web browsers provisioned by Seattle IT with the exception of Internet Explorer.

Examples of custom URLs:

Each URL below opens the CETA viewer in a specific geographical areas with custom data in the legend.

- http://sclellgisd/ELL_CETA/#11/47.6008/-122.1844/fc93a5ef9419e78fd48aa440d4f9
- http://sclellgisd/ELL_CETA/#18/47.53312/-122.31910/fc93a5ef9419d4f9
- <u>http://sclellgisd/ELL_CETA/#15/47.5371/-122.2974/</u>

This image shows City Lights service territory.



Functionality:

Some examples of the functionality of the tool are demonstrated below.

• **Tools** – Includes common measurement and annotation tools



• Search – There are two search options: By Address.

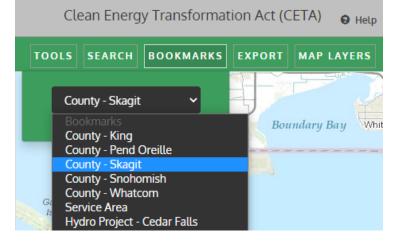
Clean Energy Transformat	ion Act (CETA)	\varTheta Help 🛛 Maps 🚽
TOOLS SEARCH BOOKMARKS	EXPORT MAP LA	YERS
Address Features		
৭ 1001 4th Ave Seattle	100 A	
ARCGIS GEOCODE	1.4.19	Port An
1001 4th Ave, Seattle, WA, 98185, USA		
1001 4th Ave, Seattle, WA, 98104, USA	E CA	23 181
4th Ave, Seattle, WA, 98101, USA	mal - 1	La rahand In
4th Ave, Seattle, WA, 98121, USA	78 200	6027 ft
4th Ave, Seattle, WA, 98161, USA	Lake	4.5

<u>By Feature.</u> Most GIS layers can be made searchable by specific attributes, i.e., ZIP Code, Census Tract or Parcel number. The comma separated popup displays the currently searchable features.

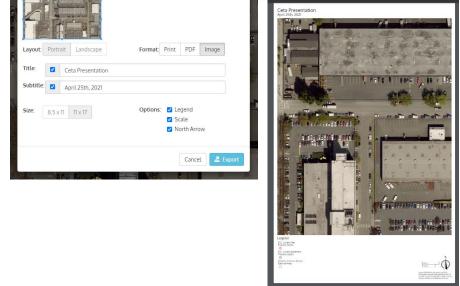
Clean Energy Transformation	on Act (CETA) 👩 Help Maps 🗸	
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• **Export** – Maps can be exported to PDF or JPEG file formats or sent directly to printer.



• **Map Layers** – This menu allows the user to change the default basemap and add GIS data to the map.

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GIS data can be explored interactively by clicking on a map feature. The intersected layers will display the feature attributes via a 'pop-up' table.

Help – An extensive help menu is available at the URL below.
 <u>http://sclellgisd/VIEWER_APPLICATION_CORE_CODE/help.htm</u>

Appendix B Indicators Scoring Analysis

Table B-1 - Ten (10) Selected Indicators Scoring Matrix

				Equity Area	(0=unsure	, 1=indirect, 2	=direct)			Rac	ial Equity Oppo	ortunities (l	L=1, M=2, H=3)	
	Indicator	Energy Benefits	Non-energy Benefits	Reduction of Energy Burdens	Public Health	Environment	Reduction of Cost	Energy Security	Resilience	Education	Community Development	Health	Environment	Jobs	Total
1	Expenditures of existing and planned community energy projects	2	1	0	1		1	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	16
2	Locations of existing and planned community energy projects	2	1		1		1	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	16
3	Awareness of programs	1	1	2			2	1	1	3	2	1	1	1	16
4	Public energy education	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	20
5	Jobs		1	0			1		1	1	1	2	1	3	11
6	Burden (cost) to program participation	2		2			2	1		2	2	1	1	1	14
7	Accessibility to multi-family residents	2	1	1			2	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	17
8	Outdoor air quality (Concentration of diesel particulate matter in air and reduction of greenhouse gas emissions)		1	1	2	2	0			1	2	3	2	1	15
	Feeder outages (causes, number, locations, average duration, average response time) by census tract	2	1	1	1		1	2	2	1	3	1	1	2	18
10	Response time to outages	2	1	1	1		1	2	2	1	3	1	1	2	18
_	Total	27	36	23	28	13	26	26	29	36	65	47	39	37	

The ten (10) indicators that were selected to serve as the baseline metrics and will further evaluated through the public input process. Blue indicators represent the highest scores in the analysis. Orange represents indicators that while not the highest scored, are important to equitable distribution of benefits over time. The full scoring analysis can be found in Table B-2: Thirty-Three (33) Indicators Scoring Matrix.

Note: Indicator No. 5: Jobs was changed to Career Development for the final selection and discussion in Section 5: *Indicators* as this is more representative of long-term equitability in economic pathways, rather than jobs which are often finite and lack opportunity for growth. Indicator No. 8: Outdoor Air Quality is a combination of No. 24: Outdoor Air Quality, and No. 26: Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions in the full scoring matrix in Table B-2: Thirty-Three (33) Indicators Scoring Matrix. These indicators were similar and shared the desired outcome of Healthy Planet, Healthy Lives.

Table B-2 - Thirty-Three	e (33) Indicators	Scoring Matrix
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			ennig m		(0=unsure	, 1=indirect, 2:	=direct)		7	Rac	ial Equity Opp	ortunities (L=1, M=2, H=3	3)	
	Indicator		Non-energy Benefits	Reduction of Energy Burdens	Public Health	Environment	Reduction of Cost	Energy Security	Resilience	Education	Community Development	Health	Environment	Jobs	Total
1	Expenditures of existing and planned community energy projects	2	1	0	1		1	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	16
2	Locations of existing and planned community energy projects	2	1		1		1	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	16
3	Renewables in portfolio	1	1		1	2		0	0	1	2	1	2	1	12
4	Conservation programs in portfolio	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	18
5	Amount of investment financed	2	1	2			2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	15
6	Awareness of programs	1	1	2			2	1	1	3	2	1	1	1	16
7	Public energy education	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	20
8	Public participation in planning	1	1	1	1		1	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	16
9	Avoided displacement		2		1				1	1	3	1	1	1	11
10	1% for Art		2		1					1	2	1	1	1	9
11	Improved housing stock	4	1	1	-		1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	11
12	Economic development activity	1	2		1			1	1	1	2	1	1	2	13
13	lobs		1	0			1		1	1	1	2	1	3	11
14	Burden (cost) to program participation	2		2			2	1		2	2	1	1	1	14
15	Accessibility to multi-family residents	2	1	1			2	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	17 0
10	Household factors Affordable and healthy food		1		2				1	1	2	3	1	1	12
18	Incidents of accidents caused by energy infrastructure or appliances		2		2				1	1	2	3	1	1	12
10	Reduced flood exposure		1		1	2	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	13
	Heart Disease Rate per 100,000		1		1	1				1	1	2	2	1	10
21	Lung Cancer Death Rate Per 100,000		1		1	1				1	1	2	2	1	10
22	Childhood (0-17) Asthma Hospitalization Rate per 100,000		1		1	1				1	1	2	2	1	10
23	Reduction in noise (think freight electrification)		1		1	1				1	2	1	1	1	9
24	Outdoor air quality (Concentration of diesel particulate matter in air and reduction of greenhouse gas emissions)		1	1	2	2	0			1	2	3	2	1	15
25	Indoor air quality	0	1	1	2	1	1	0		1	2	3	2	1	15
26	Reduced greenhouse gas emissions	1	2	0	2	2				1	2	3	3	1	17
27	Energy and cost savings for customers in aggregate	2	2	2	1		2		1	1	2	1	1	1	16
28	Participation and attrition rate of programs, locations and monetary benefits received		1	1			2		1	1	2	2	1	1	12
29	Feeder outages (causes, number, locations, average duration, average response time) by census tract	2	1	1	1		1	2	2	1	3	1	1	2	18
30	Redundant energy sources	2	1	1	1		1	2	2	1	3	1	1	2	18
31	Response time to outages	2	1	1	1		1	2	2	1	3	1	1	2	18
32	End-user focused strategies	2	2	2	1		2	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	18
33	Geographic or demographic distribution of customer service complaints		1	1			1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	11
	Total	28	38	23	30	15	26	26	29	37	67	50	42	38	

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No.	INDICATOR	DESCRIPTION	DATA SOURCES (NEEDS AND CURRENT PROGRAMS)
	Expenditures of existing and		
	planned community energy	Amount of money expended on existing and planned	
1	projects	community energy projects.	
	Locations of existing and		
	planned community energy	Location of money expended on existing and planned	
2	projects	community energy projects.	
		The fraction of renewables in a utilities portfolio of energy	
3	Renewables in portfolio	supply, as compared to fossil fuel sources.	
	Conservation programs in	The fraction of a utilities portfolio of energy resources covered	
4	portfolio	by conservations (i.e., not using energy)	
5	Amount of investment financed	Amount of money in energy investments that is financed	
	Autoropose of programs	Awareness of programs provided by City (e.g., utility discount	JD Power corporate citizenship indicators "Aware of utility
6	Awareness of programs	program)	effort to impact environment" "Aware of utility programs"
	Dublic energy education	Providing education to public on energy: planning, projects,	Determine what education to track, # of info campaigns,
7	Public energy education	personal choices, safety.	website views, etc
	Dublic continication in alconica	Amount of public participation in planning by the utility, such as	
8	Public participation in planning	IRP	
	Avoided displacement	Avoided displacement of people from their communities -	
9	Avoided displacement	supporting thriving in place	
10	1% for Art	Funding from projects that support art	
		Providing housing stock for diversity of needs, such as low	
11	Improved housing stock	income	KC Assessor/Bldg Condition, SDCI
12	Economic development activity	Amount of economic development occurring in neighborhoods	
13	Career development	Advances local, good paying jobs.	
	Durade a (es et) te sere evene		This requires customer feedback, no one source of data,
	Burden (cost) to program		J.D Power survey has awareness of programs could
14	participation	Challenges to participating in programs - how easy is it?	monitor % of "yes-but not participating"
		Accessibility to alternative energy sources such as solar or net	
	Accessibility to non-single-	metering programs that are difficult for non-single-family	CCES Salesforce Platform (Powerpath), CCB, Solar
15	family homeowners	households to implement	generation lists, type of renewable programs

		Factors tied to households, such as income, marital status,	
16	Household factors	heating type, race.	Washington Tracking Network
			Potentially leverage KC assessor data for land use to
			identify supermarkets. Food delivery is going to
			complicate this. Washington Tracking Network has
			Indicator of Limited Access to Healthy Food mRFEI,
			https://www.ers.usda.gov/data-products/food-access-
17	Affordable and healthy food	Access to affordable and healthy food	research-atlas/go-to-the-atlas.aspx
		Incidents such as power surges, carbon monoxide poisoning	
	Incidents of accidents caused by	from using BBQs, gas stoves, generators indoors during weather	
	energy infrastructure or	events, oil heating issues, lack of air conditioning during warm	https://lni.wa.gov/safety-health/preventing-injuries-
18	appliances	weather events.	illnesses/workplace-injuries-fatalities/
		Investments and related projects that mitigate flood hazard	
		threats to energy infrastructure (such as relocating distribution	
19	Reduced flood exposure	lines out of flood zones).	https://msc.fema.gov/portal/home
			Washington Tracking Network-Cardiovascular Disease
		identifies trends and patterns in the occurrence of heart disease	Mortality - Age Adjusted Rate per 100,000 (census tract,
20	Heart Disease Rate per 100,000	in populations. Normalized by 100,000 population.	data lagged back to 2018)
		identifies trends and patterns in the occurrence of asthma	
	Lung Cancer Death Rate Per	hospitalization in populations. Normalized by 100,000	Washington Tracking Network-Lung Cancer Rate (zipcode
21	100,000	population.	data, data reflects 10 yr increments, lagged to 2010)
		This indicator can be used to identify trends and patterns in the	
		occurrence of asthma hospitalizations across time and space.	
		Asthma is one of the most common long-term diseases of	
		children, but adults can have asthma, too. Asthma affects all	
		races, ages, and genders. Asthma attacks can happen when you	
		are exposed to asthma triggers. We don't know all the things	
		that can cause asthma, but we do know that genetic,	Washington Tracking Network-Asthma Hospitalization
	Childhood (0-17) Asthma	environmental, and occupational factors have been linked to	Age-Adjusted Rate per 10,000 (zipcode data, data is
22	Hospitalization Rate per 100,000	developing asthma.	lagged too many years to see current values)
			Noise (dBA)-
	Reduction in noise (think freight	This indicator can be used to measure overall noise volume in	https://maps.dot.gov/BTS/NationalTransportationNoiseMa
23	electrification)	impacted communities due to traffic congestion.	p/ (Flight travel overwhelms noise map)

24	Outdoor air quality (Concentration of diesel particulate matter in air)	To track long-term air quality, especially along heavily trafficked corridors that impact communities. Cannot be tracked as individual City Light impacts due to multiple contributions acting as a whole.	Washington Tracking Network, https://www.epa.gov/outdoor-air-quality-data/air-data- daily-air-quality-tracker, https://epa.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.ht ml?id=5f239fd3e72f424f98ef3d5def547eb5&extent=- 146.2334,13.1913,-46.3896,56.5319
25	Indoor air quality	Indicator used to track particulate concentration that might be reduced through use of better HVAC for homes. (air conditioning, central air, purifiers)	Residential estimates based on property characteristics, fuel sources.
26	Reduced greenhouse gas emissions	To track long-term emission volume, especially along heavily trafficked corridors or industrialized areas that impact communities. Cannot be tracked as individual City Light impacts due to multiple contributions acting as a whole.	Greenhouse Gas Reporting by City Light (Kiyomi Morris). Can be used to measure Utility's performance in reducing emissions. OSE tracks EUI for large buildings (sqft) and fossil fuel consumption.
27	Energy and cost savings for customers in aggregate	Indicator to track energy usage and associated costs in aggregated communities.	Energy Burden Calculation (GEM). Will account for non- electric fuel costs.
28	Participation and attrition rate of programs, locations and monetary benefits received	Indicator to track internal program participation (green power, rebate programs, etc).	CCES Salesforce Platform (Powerpath) and CCB
29	Feeder outages (causes, number, locations, average duration, average response time) by census tract	Resiliency indicator that can be tracked using SAIDI and SAIFI metrics, worst performing feeder analyses over time.	Outage Management System (OMS)/Dispatcher Logging System General Log
30	Redundant energy sources	Resiliency indicator to track City Light investments in providing redundant energy feeds into communities (additional feeders, distributed energy, localized solar, generator programs, etc)	
31	Response time to outages	Identifies how long it takes for an outage to be resolved in communities.	Outage Management System (OMS)/Dispatcher Logging System General Log
32	End-user focused strategies	Indicator to track customer based programs .	
33	Geographic or demographic distribution of customer service complaints	Tracks customer complaints in communities/populations to determine response effectiveness of customer programs.	CCB Customer Contact data. Customer Escalations data.

Appendix C Strategies to Enhance Energy, Non-Energy and Assistance Benefits

Coding Key for Opportunities & Strategies Energy Benefit Non-Energy Benefit		Color
		Green Blue
	ce Benefit (Rates or Credits)	Orange
Program Brief Description Affordability		Equity Opportunities/Strategies
Utility Discount Program (<70% SMI)	Rate assistance program, applied to a customer's bills going forward (60% reduction in City Light bill, 50% reduction for SPU bills). This program is available for income qualifying customers, tiered by household size.	 Improve consistency in income eligibility Incorporate age of children eligibility. Should meet the criteria: consistent, updated annually, and include additional considerations for geographic region, family composition, and age of children Expand outreach and education about programs Reach out to community action agency to inform and help with outreach Streamline eligibility and signup with other programs – make it easier (cross programs) Create simpler pathways to participate. There are many families that qualify but don't participate due to bureaucracy, language barriers, distrust of government Make it easier to requalify

Emergency Low Income Assistance (ELIA) and Project Share (<80% SMI)	<u>ELIA</u> Customers who have past due balances of \$250 or more, may receive assistance up to 100% of their bill, up to a maximum of \$500. For 2021, assistance is available twice in a 12-month period. <u>Project Share</u> Funds which are entirely donations from the public, are used for customers currently enrolled in the UDP and have also received the ELIA benefit to help them achieve a zero balance on their active electric account. The program provides one-time per year assistance pledges up to \$500 (with a match required above \$250) towards a customer's City Light bill.	 Enhance contributions to Project Share (credit) Increase the funding thresholds (Project Share) Assess the effectiveness of the use of languages and improve Map and target ELIA and Project Share to Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations by leveraging outreach and qualification Leverage City influence and power to elevate ELIA and Project Share through both donating and applying Highlight positive stories, for example: campaign to donate your federal tax return, assist local community members. Create a program matrix to assist community members in identifying programs for which they qualify Complete an equity analysis on ELIA and Project Share. Tell the equity story as part of outreach campaigns
Budget Billing Program	Billing plan that allows customers to spread energy costs evenly throughout the year. This provides certainty to each bill and assists customers in avoiding high bills during peak demand.	 Assess Budget Billing Program effectiveness and adjust to help community members avoid surprises Complete a survey of participants to help evaluate program effectiveness Make budget billing an opt out. Require everyone to participate
Rate Pilot (<70%	Suite of wrap-around benefits for a maximum of 300 income-qualified customers with high energy burdens that reside within the city	 This pilot is time limited and may be exited. Due to COVID restrictions, there have been only limited opportunities for energy efficiency upgrades and/or weatherization NOTE – this pilot might be exiting

	limits of Seattle: a reduced rate for electrical consumption; energy efficiency upgrades and weatherization projects (depending upon housing type and ownership or renter status); and a balance forgiveness program (balance management arrangement) upon successful completion of agreed upon payments that fit household budgets.		
Reliability			
Demand Response	This new pilot is scheduled to launch in 2022 and is expected to last at least 18 months. Pending pilot outcomes, City Light may develop a portfolio of demand response offerings.	•	Invest in DR pilots in Highly Impacted Communities
Miller Community Center microgrid	City Light partnered with Seattle Parks and Recreation to implement a microgrid project at Miller Community Center, located in the Capitol Hill neighborhood. The project includes installation of a battery energy storage system, solar panels and microgrid controls.	•	Invest in portfolio of microgrid projects in Highly Impacted Communities
Energy Efficiency			
HomeWise	Weatherization services to income eligible households, by decreasing their energy bills and increasing	•	Streamline eligibility and signup with other programs Use existing income data to bypass red-tape in qualifying; increase convenience

	their comfort and safety. Administered by Seattle Office of Housing. Funding provided by federal, state, and utility sources.	 Develop robust social media marketing campaign Complete a racial equity analysis for HomeWise. Identify what Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations are missing? Evaluate how these communities overlap with our equity and program maps HomeWise should be provided in multiple language and outreach should be completed through trusted community groups Develop a HomeWise campaign to target renters
Direct Install Services Program (Powerful Neighborhoods)	Provides free energy efficiency improvements for individual units and multifamily building common areas. Items include complimentary installation of LED light bulbs and efficient showerheads and/or faucet aerators.	 Assess what opportunities are left in multi-family sector and transition move to other customers within Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations Utilize the success of this program as model for other programs. Develop a roadshow to highlight the success and demonstrate the strategies that worked for this program Overhaul Direct Install to go beyond Energy Efficiency. Develop innovative program to include alternative local energy generation such as renewables, batteries, demand response, etc.) Ensure Direct Install is completed by crews that speak different languages and coordinate the appropriate crew to the community language need for each project
Commercial and Industrial (C&I) Retrofit Programs	Provides retrofits measures for HVAC, weatherization, and lighting in existing commercial, industrial, and multifamily buildings.	 For commercial buildings, ensure the upgrades improve the environment for the workforce (health) Play up health benefits of all the programs Higher comfort, lower asthma.

Built Smart	Encourages developers of new multifamily buildings to surpass the standard energy code and develop additional electricity savings through financial incentives.	•	Leverage the program goals that include a target of 50% signed agreements with affordable housing projects. Develop outreach campaign to target Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations
Renewable Energ	y		
Green Up Community	Incentivizes new solar development hosted by affordable housing and other low-income service providers through the purchase of renewable energy credits (RECs) acquired by Green Up participants.	•	Develop innovative marketing campaign to incorporate outreach to more low income providers Invest in Green Up projects in Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations areas shown on the maps
	City Light has three main renewabl		All of these contracts come with either renewable energy, RECs, or both, and offer compliance options for I-937, which is the Washington Portfolio Standard legislation introduced in 2006
Renewable Purchased Power Agreements	energy purchased power agreements: Columbia Ridge Landfill Gas, Stateline Wind, and King County Wastewater Treatment Plant; and various smaller contracts for renewable energy credits (RECs).	•	Develop pathway to purchase from Women- and Minority-owned Business Enterprises (WMBE) Evaluate and report on how these developments have impacted their local Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations Analyze the racial makeup of the LOCAL communities impacted by Renewable Purchased Power Agreements Require Power Purchase Agreement bidders to have diverse workforce

Virtual Net Metering Transportation E	Net metering allows our customers, with solar installations, to "bank" their generated electricity to be used when needed instead of during the period it was generated, which encourages on-site generation and distributed generation.	•	Leverage current development of Virtual Net Metering in at City Light to help facilitate more equitable benefits to tenants of multifamily buildings. This provides the ability to share excess generation across multiple accounts, allowing excess generation at multifamily buildings to be credited to the tenant accounts Develop portfolio of projects and commit to investment to implement
Public Charging Stations	Public charging stations serve populations living in multifamily building that need public charging options. The City Light public charging pilot will distribute 26 DC fast chargers across the service territory to demonstrate access to charging to current and future EV owners.	•	Stakeholder and community outreach has been conducted, prior to install, using neighborhood associations, with the intention of determining cost- effective, equitable, and accessible station locations Focused effort for the 'last mile' Take advantage of the Climate Commitment Act, Low Carbon Fuels Standards and similar legislation for flexibility in spending/projects
		• • •	Develop near- and at- home charging solutions Partner with Seattle organizations to develop policy to leverage changes in building codes for new construction Develop data collection program to analyze demographic usage data Leverage ongoing opportunity study on personal mobility - including multifamily
Large Transit Projects	King County Metro, Washington State Ferries, and Port of Seattle electrification projects. Public transit has been identified as high priority in TESIP.	•	Invest in power reliability projects in Highly Impacted Communities to reduce risks from outages that impact large scale transit Invest in large scale transit projects that will have environmental benefits for South Seattle and Duwamish communities Locate projects where health benefits are maximized such as along highly trafficked corridors that have high localized diesel emissions

Facilitate more thorough awareness

Appendix D

Definitions

General

- **Clean Energy Transformation Act (CETA):** Washington law that applies to all electric utilities serving retail customers in Washington and sets specific milestones to reach the required 100% clean electricity supply. CETA includes safeguards to protect consumers from excessive rates or unreliable service.
- **Equitable Clean Energy Just Transition Principles:** City Light's guiding principles to ensure an equitable and just transition to a clean energy future for Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations. The components of the equity assessment framework should support these principles.
- **Racial Equity Toolkit (RET):** Toolkit to assess policies, initiatives, services, programs, and budget issues and help set outcomes and weigh potential impacts on racial inequity.

Section 4 – Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable

Populations

- **Highly Impacted Communities:** Communities designated by the DOH based on the cumulative impact analyses in Section 24 of CETA or a community located in census tracts that are fully or partially on "Indian country" (as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151).
- **Vulnerable Populations:** Populations that experience a disproportionate cumulative risk from environmental burdens due to adverse socioeconomic factors.
- **Washington Tracking Network:** Program implemented by the Washington State Department of DOH to develop tools to make public health data accessible.
- **Environmental Health Disparities Index (EHD):** Index created for CETA by the Washington State DOH. A Highly Impacted Community is defined as any census tract with a EHD index value of 9 or 10 or any census tract with tribal lands.
- **Racial and Social Equity Composite Index:** Index created by the Citye which combines information on race, ethnicity, and related demographics with data on socioeconomic and health disadvantages to identify census tract where priority populations make up relatively large proportions of neighborhood residents.
- **PSRC Displacement Risk Index:** Index created by the Puget Sound Regional Council to measure the conditions that force residents to move and measure displacement risk by census tract.

Section 5 - Indicators

Equity Outcomes: Equity Outcomes are the results of utility actions where it is assumed all communities and populations do not start with equal opportunities to participate in or benefit from programs and investments. Therefore Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations must be specifically, but not exclusively, identified and targeted for utility investments to bring all communities to a place of equal benefit.

- **Equity Indicator:** Indicator is an attribute, either quantitative or qualitative, of a condition, resource, program, or related distribution investment that is tracked for the purpose of evaluating change over time in the CEIP; indicators associated with: energy benefits, nonenergy benefits, reduction of burdens, public health, environment, reduction in cost, energy security, or resiliency; develop through public process. CETA requires City Light to set metrics to track the impacts of City Light's actions on Highly Impacted Communities and Vulnerable Populations. Indicators help determine if equity outcomes are being achieved and per CETA should be informed by a public input process.
- **Energy Equity Areas:** Eight Energy Equity Areas are required by CETA for the purpose of developing measurable indicators that track the equitable distribution of utility action outcomes. These areas include the following: energy benefits, non-energy benefits, reduction of burdens, public health, environment, reduction of cost, energy security, and resiliency.
- **Racial Equity Opportunity Areas:** Five Racial Equity Opportunity Areas are provisions for enhancing the benefits provided by projects in which investments are made and to address historical racism and make reparations towards disparities in the distribution of those benefits. The opportunity areas include the following: education, community development, health, environment, and jobs.
- **System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI):** Index of average duration of interruption in the power supply, in minutes per customer.
- **System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI):** Index of average frequency of interruptions in power supply, in number of interruptions per customer.
- **Equitable Distribution -** A fair and just, but not necessarily equal, allocation intended to mitigate disparities in benefits and burdens, and based on current conditions, including existing legacy and cumulative impacts, which are informed by the assessment described in RCW 19.280.030(1)(k) from the most recent integrated resource plan (The Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission).

Section 6 - Portfolio of Actions

- **Portfolio of Actions:** As require by CETA, City Light identified a portfolio of actions as a subset of City Light offerings, mostly customer-facing, which staff have identified as having the strongest links to CETA-defined equity. This portfolio is dynamic, and program offerings can be added or removed over time to reflect evolving policies, customer preferences, utility needs, and Equity Outcomes.
- **Utility Discount Program (UDP):** A rate assistance program applied to a customer's bills going forward (60% reduction in City Light bill, 50% reduction for SPU bills). This program is available for income qualifying customers, tiered by household size.
- **Emergency Low Income Assistance (ELIA):** ELIA participants, who have received at least a 10day shutoff notice on balances of \$250 or more, may receive assistance up to 100% of their bill, up to a maximum of \$500. For 2021, assistance is available twice in a 12-month period and the program is not conditional on shutoff notices, it applies to customers with balances of \$250 or more.

- **Project Share:** Funded by customer donations, this one-time per year assistance up to \$500 towards a customer's City Light bill.
- **Budget Billing:** A monthly billing plan option that enables customers to spread energy costs evenly throughout the year. This provides certainty to each bill and assists customers in avoiding high bills during peak demand.
- **Energy Equity Rate Pilot (EERP):** A rate pilot offering a suite of wrap-around benefits for income-qualified customers with high energy burdens that reside within the city limits of Seattle.
- **HomeWise:** Energy efficiency program which offers weatherization services to income eligible households, with the aim of decreasing each participating household's energy bills while also increasing comfort and safety.
- **Powerful Neighborhoods:** City Light's direct install program providing free energy efficiency improvements for individual units and multifamily building common areas. These free improvements include LED light bulbs, efficient showerheads and/or faucet aerators.
- **Commercial and Industrial (C&I) Retrofit:** Provides a wide range of retrofit energy efficiency solutions for capital improvement, operations & maintenance, and behavioral improvements, across existing commercial, industrial, and multifamily buildings.
- **Built Smart:** Energy efficiency program encouraging developers of new multifamily buildings to reach beyond standard energy code and develop additional electricity savings through financial incentives.
- **Green Up:** City Light's voluntary green power program that allows utility customers to commit to a small dollar amount (as low as \$1 per month or a percentage-based match of consumption) to purchase Renewable Energy Credits from renewable resources both regionally and within City Light's service territory.
- **Renewable Purchased Power Agreements**: A contractual agreement to source renewable electricity from a qualified third-party facility. These are generally large, utility scale renewable electricity purchases.
- **Renewable Energy Credits (RECs):** A tradable certificate of proof of one megawatt-hour of an eligible renewable resource. The certificate includes all of the nonpower attributes associated with that one megawatt-hour of electricity and the certificate is verified by a renewable energy credit tracking system per RCW 19.285.030.
- **I-937:** The Energy Independence Act (EIA), or Initiative 937 (I-937), requires electric utilities serving at least 25,000 retail customers to use certain amounts of renewable energy and energy conservation.
- **Virtual Net Metering:** Virtual net metering will enable customers with solar installations to "bank" their generated electricity, and then apply that bank of generated electricity to the billing period needed instead of during the period it was generated, which encourages on-site generation and distributed generation.
- **Transportation Electrification Strategic Investment Plan (TESIP):** A plan describing how the utility is using strategic investments and building upon previous analyses shaped by a values framework to achieve a vision of the healthy future that the region depends on: equitable, carbon-neutral, modernized, and future-enabled. The Plan is a result of the Washington state legislature's 2019 passage of House Bill 1512, which enables electric utilities to incorporate transportation electrification into utility modernization.

Section 7 - Protocols

- **Program Equity Targets**: Yearly goals for individual City Light programs that enable the achievement of desired Equity Outcomes. The targets should be measurable and linked to Equity Indicators for Equity Evaluation (refer to Section 5).
- **Program Leads and Program Data**: Customer Care and Energy Solutions should set annual Program Equity Targets with Equity Outcomes and Equity Indicators in mind. This can leverage two existing internal processes: 1) City Light Customer Care and Energy Solutions' Program Portfolio management structure, which sets annual programmatic goals that are tracked monthly or yearly and 2) the City's Racial Equity Toolkit (RET) process. Data from programs should be collected to align with Equity Indicators.
- **Program Equity Evaluation**: Programs should be holistically evaluated against their program targets and equity outcomes and indicators. If equity outcomes are not being achieved, then program targets should be adjusted, or new programs may need to be created or added to the Portfolio of Actions.

SUMMARY and FISCAL NOTE*

Department:	Dept. Contact/Phone:	CBO Contact/Phone:
City Light	Robert Cromwell/	Greg Shiring/206-386-4085
	206-684-3856	

* Note that the Summary and Fiscal Note describes the version of the bill or resolution as introduced; final legislation including amendments may not be fully described.

1. BILL SUMMARY

Legislation Title:

A RESOLUTION relating to the City Light Department; affirming the City Light Department's Clean Energy Implementation Plan as required under Washington State's Clean Energy Transformation Act.

Summary and background of the Legislation:

The Clean Energy Transformation Act (CETA) adopted into law in 2019 seeks to decarbonize the economy of Washington state. CETA requires utilities like City Light to plan for that outcome and to seek their governing body's approval of four and ten year plans for doing so. This first Clean Energy Implementation Plan (CEIP) for City Light addresses the following three critical requirements:

- Explains the steps City Light is taking over the next four years (2022 through 2025) to make progress towards serving customers with 100% non-emitting or renewable resources no later than 2045;
- Develops the foundation to measure and ensure equitable access to clean energy; and
- Describes our outreach to our customer-owners that has informed this plan.

For additional background and information on City Light's CETA compliance, please see the Attachment 1 to the proposed resolution (Clean Energy Implementation Plan Report).

This proposed resolution is the vehicle in which City Light shows state regulators, including the Department of Commerce, that our local governing body (City Council) approves our CETA CEIP.

2. CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

Does this legislation create, fund, or amend a CIP Project?	Yes <u>X_</u> No
If yes, please fill out the table below and attach a new (if creating a project) or marked-up (if amending) CIP	Page to the Council Bill.
Please include the spending plan as part of the attached CIP Page. If no, please delete the table.	

3. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Does this legislation amend the Adopted Budget?

____ Yes <u>_X</u>_ No

Does the legislation have other financial impacts to The City of Seattle that are not reflected in the above, including direct or indirect, short-term or long-term costs? No, this legislation does not have fiscal impacts on 2021 or 2022 budget. There are long-term indirect cost impacts that relate to our continued commitment to providing customers clean and non-emitting resources. As our most recent IRP has indicated, we will have future resource needs starting in 2026. To maximize efficiencies and to continue the City's values and commitments in meeting our emissions targets, future resource acquisitions will be procured based on need as well as based on CETA compliance value. With that, there will most likely be a long-term financial impact to City Light customers through future resource acquisitions to meet our needs and CETA compliance requirements.

Is there financial cost or other impacts of *not* implementing the legislation?

There are financial consequences based on the statute (RCW 19.405.090) for not complying with CETA. The law requires us to gain local regulatory body approval for the utility's Clean Energy Implementation Plan (RCW 19.405.060(2)(b)).

4. OTHER IMPLICATIONS

- **a.** Does this legislation affect any departments besides the originating department? No.
- **b.** Is a public hearing required for this legislation? No, however, a public meeting is preferable as we are required to engage with the public prior and during adoption of the plan.
- **c.** Is publication of notice with *The Daily Journal of Commerce* and/or *The Seattle Times* required for this legislation? No.
- **d. Does this legislation affect a piece of property?** No.
- e. Please describe any perceived implication for the principles of the Race and Social Justice Initiative. Does this legislation impact vulnerable or historically disadvantaged communities? What is the Language Access plan for any communications to the public? CETA requires City Light to identify those communities that have been impacted by our operations as well as populations that may be vulnerable as a result of our actions or other factors, and better serve these communities than we may have done in the past. City Light developed Attachment 1 Exhibit B to the Resolution (Clean Energy Equity Plan) to guide the utility's integration of equity into its planning, programs, and projects.

For additional information on this topic please see the Attachment 1 to the proposed Resolution (Clean Energy Implementation Plan Report).

f. Climate Change Implications

1. Emissions: Is this legislation likely to increase or decrease carbon emissions in a material way?

This legislation provides a plan for meeting our Clean Energy Transformation Act requirements through the required Clean Energy Implementation Plan. Included in the plan are steps for continuing City Light and the City's commitment to reducing carbon emissions. As this is a *plan*, there is no direct increase or decrease in carbon emissions, however, City Light's CEIP will over time help illustrate actionable items and projects that will continue to help reduce carbon emissions associated with our operations.

2. Resiliency: Will the action(s) proposed by this legislation increase or decrease Seattle's resiliency (or ability to adapt) to climate change in a material way? If so, explain. If it is likely to decrease resiliency in a material way, describe what will or could be done to mitigate the effects.

This legislation will not increase or decrease Seattle's resiliency to climate change. City Light is committed to continuing our commitment to be a greenhouse neutral utility while also taking affirmative steps towards addressing climate change. The CETA CEIP will act as an additional vehicle for outlining and showcasing the utility's plans for continuing our commitments to environmental stewardship and addressing the effects of climate change through resiliency and adaptation.

g. If this legislation includes a new initiative or a major programmatic expansion: What are the specific long-term and measurable goal(s) of the program? How will this legislation help achieve the program's desired goal(s)?

This legislation does not approve a new initiative or major programmatic expansion. This legislation approves City Light's first CEIP as required by CETA.

List attachments/exhibits below: N/A.

Clean Energy Implementation Plan Economic Development, Technology & City Light Committee January 26, 2022 How Hand Marker Land



WE POWER SEATTLE

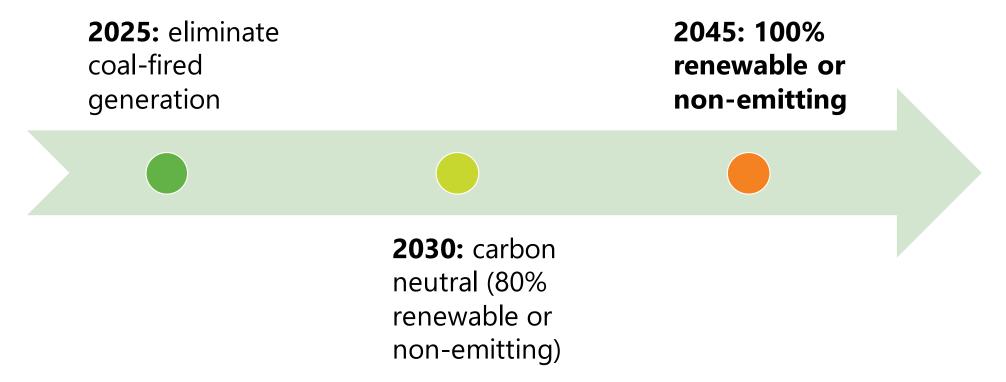
Background and Current State

- Net-zero carbon neutral since 2005
- Energy supply mix: >90% carbon free for nearly two decades

2019 POWER MIX

Clean Energy Transformation Act (CETA)

 Legislature and Governor Jay Inslee enacted CETA in 2019 thus setting an aggressive timeline for 100% clean power in Washington State



Other CETA Provisions

• Clean Energy Implementation Plan (CEIP): City Light requests City Council approval, and will every 4 years until 2045



• A CEIP Includes:



2022-2025 targets and actions towards 2045 goal (100% non-emitting or renewable)

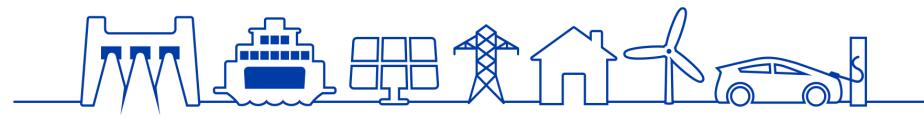
Public Participation

Plan and metrics for equitable benefits

• **Equitable** distribution of energy and non-energy benefits as we transition to clean energy for all

Actions to Achieve Timeline Goals

- Four-year targets for:
 - Equity
 - Renewable Resources
 - SCL to invest in ~140 aMW 2026-2027
 - Energy Efficiency
 - Demand Response
 - Actions to demonstrate progress towards meeting 2030 and 2045 goals



Interim target: Percentage of retail load to be served using renewable and nonemitting resources (WAC 194-40-200(2))

Resource	2022	2023	2024	2025	4-year Period	
Renewable	92.2%	92.3%	92.5%	92.5%	92.3%	
Nonemitting	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	
Total	96.9%	97.0%	97.2%	97.2%	97.0%	

Equitable Transformation to a Clean Energy Future

SCL Values

• CETA: All customers benefit from clean energy transformation.



CUSTOMERS FIRST



EQUITABLE COMMUNITY CONNECTIONS



CETA Definitions

Highly Impacted Communities: Communities designated by the Department of Health based on cumulative impact analyses or a community located in census tract fully or partially identified as being on "Indian country".



Vulnerable Populations: Communities that experience disproportionate cumulative risk from environmental burdens due to adverse socioeconomic factors and sensitivity factors.

Public Input: Clean Energy Future Survey

- Targeted questions sent to 180,000 residential customers; overall responses - 4522
- Questions informed by CETA equity indicators

	Total	BIPOC	Hispanic/Latino	Renters	Household income <\$50k
Number of responses	4522	633	175	1328	417
Confidence level	95%	95%	95%	95%	95%
Margin of error	+/-1%	+/-4%	+/-7%	+/-3%	+/-5%

Public Input: Clean Energy Future Survey

- 94% concerned about climate change
- 80% of customers not aware that City Light is carbon neutral or has a 90% clean energy portfolio

Most Important Benefits

- 1. 100% clean energy economy and reducing climate change impacts
- 2. Decreased reliance on fossil fuels
- 3. Reduced environmental impacts

Greatest Concerns

- 1. Bill increases
- 2. Negative impacts of clean energy technology
- 3. Risk to reliability.

CEIP Consistent with City Goals and Plans

- Consistent with:
 - Seattle City Light Strategic Plan
 - Race and Social Justice Initiative
 - Green New Deal
 - Climate Commitment Act
 - Greenhouse Gas Commitment Resolution
 - Mayoral Executive Orders
 - Environmental Equity Initiative
 - COP26



Future Considerations

- Changes to greenhouse gas offset inventory and emissions
- New Bonneville Power Administration (BPA) Contract opportunity
- Resource Adequacy (reliability)
- Extreme weather events
- Regional Transmission Organization

ENERGY RESOURCES

- Owned Hydro
- Treaty Rights From British Columbia
- Long-Term Hydro Contracts (CBH is the Columbia Basin Hydropower)
- Other Long-Term Contracts



THANK YOU

