#### Items for briefing today

- 1. Revenue Stabilization Work Group Update
- 2. LEG Budget Process RES
- 3. LEG Fiscal Transparency Program ORD
- 4. LEG Wage Equity Policy ORD
- 5. LEG Water Tax Repeal ORD
- 6. LEG Capital Gains Excise Tax ORD

#### Up next:

- Amendment deadline for items discussed today: 5pm Thursday November 16
- <u>Discussion and possible vote at committee:</u> November 30



## **Revenue Stabilization Work Group - Update**

ALY PENNUCCI, DEPUTY DIRECTOR AND ERIC MCCONAGHY, ANALYST

SELECT BUDGET COMMITTEE NOVEMBER 15, 2023

#### Statement of Legislative Intent (SLI) FG-002-B-001 (2022)

- Expressed the City Council's commitment to work with the Mayor to identify options for making Seattle's tax structure more equitable and generating new revenue for city priorities
- The SLI requested that this work include empaneling a task force of community experts to develop a report listing progressive revenue options

### Revenue Stabilization Work Group (RSWG)

- Established in October 2022 in response to SLI FG-002-B-2022
- Included 13 members and two co-chairs who met nine times between October 2022 and August 2023.
- After considering a list of 63 different revenue ideas, the Workgroup created a short list of nine review options for further consideration by the Council and the Mayor:
  - 1. Changes to the JumpStart Payroll Expense Tax
  - 2. City-level Capital Gains Tax
  - 3. High CEO Pay Ratio Tax
  - 4. Vacancy Tax
  - 5. Progressive Real Estate Excise Tax

- 6. Estate Tax
- 7. Inheritance Tax
- 8. Congestion Tax
- 9. Income Tax

#### **RSWG** continued

- Final report was released in August 2023
- Finance and Housing Committee briefing on the final report August 10, 2023.
- At that meeting, Central Staff noted that:
  - Changes to the JumpStart tax and a City-level capital gains tax had legislation ready,
    making them best positioned to be considered on a shorter timeframe
  - A High CEO Pay Ratio tax may be the other option technically most ready to pursue
  - Chair Mosqueda requested Central Staff prepare for potential consideration of RSW
    Options 1-3, during the 2023 budget deliberations:
    - 1. Changes to the JumpStart Payroll Expense Tax
    - 2. City-level Capital Gains Tax
    - 3. High CEO Pay Ratio Tax

#### **High CEO Pay Ratio**

- Central Staff began analysis to understand options for a Seattle High CEO Pay Ratio Tax
- Areas of inquiry include:
  - Review of similar taxes enacted in other cities: Portland and San Francisco
  - Review data available to help implement and administer the tax
  - Consider options for how to structure a local tax:
    - Surtax on the JumpStart Payroll Expense Tax
    - New stand-alone tax structure with a unique nexus to business activity in Seattle
    - Adapt B&O tax, which requires processes unique to Washington State

#### **Portland's Pay Ratio Surtax**

- Applies to publicly traded companies subject to SEC CEO Pay Ratio disclosure
- <u>Surtax as a percentage of the business tax amount</u> in addition to Portland's business tax and other taxes
- Business tax rate is 2.6% of adjusted net income
- 10% of business tax amount for companies with CEO-to-median compensation pay ratio of at least 100:1 but less than 250:1
- 25% of business tax amount for companies with CEO-to-median compensation pay ratio of 250:1 or greater

## San Francisco's Overpaid Executive Gross Receipts Tax

- <u>Tax on gross receipts attributable to San Francisco (SF)</u> that scales with Executive Pay Ratio in steps that is additional to SF's Gross Receipts Tax and other taxes
- "Executive Pay Ratio" is the ratio of the compensation paid to the Highest Paid Managerial Employee to the median employee compensation
- Highest Paid Managerial Employee is the individual with managerial responsibility in a business function, within or outside SF, who received the most compensation for a tax year
- For calculating the median compensation, an employee is "based in the City" if total working hours in SF exceed the total working hours in any other local jurisdiction
- Rates step with ratio increments of 100:1, example: "greater than 100:1 but less than 200:1"

Ratio	Rate
100:1 to 200:1	0.10%
200:1 to 300:1	0.20%
300:1 to 400:1	0.30%
400:1 to 500:1	0.40%
500:1 to 600:1	0.50%
Greater than 600:1	0.60%

#### **Next Steps**

- Continue exploring options to implement a Seattle High CEO Pay Ratio Tax
- Consider the Capital Gains proposal at the November 30 Select Budget Committee meeting (1<sup>st</sup> briefing up later today)
- Work with the next Council and the Mayor to consider other options identified by the RSWG

# Questions?